

EXPENDITURE.

Salaries,	£1372	
Books, Apparatus, and Incidental Expenses,	415	1787
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EDUCATION.

It is a source of much gratification to the Committee that they can record the marked progress of general education within the Province, and that it has attained such momentum as that it is confidently believed no obstacles can arrest. The people direct the attention of their legislators to the subject in terms not to be trifled with, and the candidates for popular suffrage feel that it is a point which they dare not overlook in their addresses. The Government Superintendent of Education, with an energy, a perseverance, and a tact deserving of the highest praise, impels education with all the force with which the "Act" provides him, and the different denominations seem to co-operate with him in the most cordial manner. Thus the general cause is advanced, and the fruits of knowledge diffused throughout the land. The Committee feel, however, that a large amount of credit is due to the Society for this desirable aspect. For many years, when there was no Government system, and the School Act was inoperative, the Society sought out the destitute places of the land, and dotted the moral wilderness with more than twenty green spots where the waters of life and knowledge flowed freely, and the fruits and flowers of a diligent cultivation flourished abundantly. Besides those schools which had been established by the Society, and had become self-supporting, there were often more than seventy schools aided by the Society, and under the charge of its Superintendent; and to this day their beneficial effects are seen and felt.

NORMAL SCHOOL.

The Normal School—the root of sound education—is carried on satisfactorily by the McGill Normal School authorities, and has attracted the attention and praise of all who take an interest in the education of the young. The students pass in rotation through the Society's Model School, where they are guided and taught by Mr. Burt, who has been appointed by the Committee