THE FRANCO-GERMAN DIFFICULTY. THE TENTION NOW EXTREME BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES AN APPEAL TO THE ALSATIANS GERMAN NEWS PAPERS ON THE SITUA-

TION. LONDON, Feb. 3. -A despatch from Berlin to the Standard says: The tension between Gormany and France is extreme, and a solution must come very shortly."

THE STOCK MARKETS.

The stock markets to-day, after large fluctuitions, closed firm with a moderate rise. English bayers continued to take advantage of the low level of foreign stock. On the Paris bourse there was a marked recovery and the settlement was effected with less difficulty than was feared. Three per centrates rose I franc 50 contines. On the Berlin hourse a better tone prevailed. Large realizing by operators for a fall caused a strong close, but the selling movement was not sufficient to allow the market to recover from yesterday's decline.

THE DUTY OF ALSACE LORRAINE. Minister Von Roffman, secretary of state for Alsace-Lorraine, in an address to the Alsace National committee, contends that the vast majority of the population of Alsace-Lorraine do not desire that France should go to war for the reconquest of those provinces. He urges the people of Alsace-Lorraine to elect members to the Reichstag who will show that these are their sentiments, and says such an expression of their feelings will make a profound impression on France. The Melzer Zeilung says four regiments of infantry are about to be sent to reinforce the garrison at

NEWSPAPER TALK. grall the newspapers here, except the North German Guzette, are discussing the Berlin Post's recent article on the situation in France. The Vossissche Zeitung condemns the article as offering wanton provocation to France. The Tagbiatt reminds the public that a sensational article in the Post in 1875. headed "War in sight," was disavowed by Prince Bismarck in the Reichstag. The Freisinnige declares that the article was especially designed to play apon the fears of the German electors. The National reproduces it without criticism beyond affirming that Germany continues a solid rampart for European peace, and that in rightly judging the situation it is necessary to recall the words of Bismarck that Germany would not take the responsibility of attacking France. Berlin, Feb. 2.—The National Gazetts states that the French ambassador in a re-

Boulanger's position and intention. PARIS, Feb. 2.—The Temp. refuses to regard as serious the attacks of the German papers upon France. It says they are due to an electoral game, the issue of which will be the triumph of imperialism or of parliament-

eent interview with Prince Biamarck tried to

cassure the chancellor regarding General

HUNGARY'S WAR CREDIT.

PESTH, Feb. 2.—It is officially stated removing stumps. that the military credit to be submitted to the Hungarian delegation by the Government is for 25,000,000 florins. The exportation of horses from Hungary will be prohibited after

AN IMMESSE CREDIT ASKED.

Baussels, Feb. 2.—It is reported that the Government has decided to ask Parlia men. for a credit of 50,000,000 france for war armaments and for fortifying Antwerp and the country between the Sambie and the Meuse riv€rs.

ITALIAN TROOPS ANNIHILATED.

HE SENSATION CAUSED IN THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES BY THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE DEFEAT OF THE ITALIAN TROOPS IN THE

Rome, Feb. 1 .- Premier Depretia informed the Italian Chamber of Deputies day that there had recently been severe ighting in that part of the S:udan, the coupation of which was being attempted by Italy on an understanding with Eng-and. He said this fighting has resulted a almost complete disester to the Italian forces engaged in conjunction with the Abysinian troops in the work of attempting to eliove Kassala, which has been beseiged by costile: Araba ever since the beginning of the Soudan war by the late El Madi. Going into letails, the Premier said that Ros Alouls, the eneral commanding the Abyssinian troops, locompanied by a small hand of Italian oldiers, attacked Saati on January A hotly fought battle enued. It lasted three hours, and the army of Ros Aloula was repulsed. The Italian loss was trifling, and that of Abyssinian was un-known. Next day three companies of Italian roops left Monkullo to carry provisions to Saati. The Abyssinians again made an attack, and a desperate tattle was waged. The Abyssinians were defeated and the Italian troops were simply annihilated, but 0 wounded reached Massowah after the

This statement made a profound sensation ironically at this.

Massowah. The Chamber at once approved the bill by an almost unanimous vote. Some radicals having cheered sarcastically in allusion to the valor of the Abyssinian troops, the whole House rose and cherred the Government. The Radicals cried out, "We must retire." The majority rejuised with clien of "never," "cowards," etc. The city is to night in a high state of excitement ordering on frenzy over the news from the oudan.

ROME, February 2 -It transpires that the fighting at Saati near Massowah on January 25th and 26th was not between Arabs and talians, but between the Italians and Abys-The newspapers this morning, in commenting upon the situation, urge calmness in dealing with the matter. They say there no question of war with Abyssinia, but mly a question of the defence of Massowah. The Opposition press denounce Count Di Roilant, foreign minister, and Signor Ricotti, minister of war.

NAPLES, Feb. 2 .- Eight hundred troops mbarked to-day for Massawah to reinforce the Italian army there. Assecond detachment if reinforcements will be sent on Monday. Rome, Feb. 2.-A crowd of people hooted he ministers and deputies when they left the Chamber this evening.

A JUDGE IN PERIL.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2 .- An attempt was hade last night to assassinate Judge James W. Fitzgerald of the police court by some one who shot at the judge as he opened his front door. The attempt upon the life of Judge Fitzgerald has produced a profound feeling. The judge has for a long time been the terror of evil doers, but no one has ever ventured to charge him with any feeling but a desire to him to the long the second of the long to the long to the long the long to the long the long to the long time.

FARM AND GARDEN

... PIGS AND CHARCOAL.

A correspondent of the Indiana Farmer recomends giving pige burned cube, ext n-guicking them when fully charred and before they are reduced to asher. This is not a new idea. Reeding charcoal to pige is healthful and should be practiced by all pork rangers.
As a general rule, farmers who burn wood for fuel will find coal among the ashes to serve the purpose, and their frequent use by putting with the feed should be practiced. It is inexpensive and occasions but little trouble in the use.

CARNIOLANS PREFERRED.

J. B. Mason rays in the Bee-Keepers' Magatine that his Carniolians breed truer tuan Italians, Cyprians, Syrians or Holy Lauds. They are energetic workers, good comb-builders, and cap their honey with snowy whiteness; protect their hives well, are the gentlest bees he over saw, and they winter Mix, then strain, bottle, and cork down with best of all races tried yet. - Country Gentleman.

ALSIKE-CLOVER AND BARK HONEY.

In answer to the question, " Does abikeclover make dark-clored honey?" several correspondents of the Bee Journal says it does not; others say it makes a honey slightly darker than that from white clover, but not as dark as buckwheat honey. One reply the grated poel of one lemon; when the gelasars alsike-clover honey has a pinkish color; time has dissolved put in a coffee cap of white another that it is every way equal to wniteclover honey, -Country Gentleman.

SALTPETRE AND STUMPS.

A correspondent in the Country Gentleman writes:—Let me answer the question about salspatre for removing stamps. Having two large chestnut stamps in a field, I put my trust in the statement that so completely went the rounds of the agricultural press, and started to the field with an auger. I bored fourteen boles in one big stump at three-quarters of compressed yeast. Liave different depths, some 7, 8, 9 and even 12 the remainder of the flour against the sides in hes; plugged in the sultpetre, and in the of the pau, cover with a cloth, and set following apring I set them on fire, but they in a warm place for three-quarters of are would not burn. I read in one paper that after removing the plug in the epring coal oil should be poured into the holes, and then the stump will be consumed in a few minutes. The coal oil wason had just been at the house that day, and I filled the fivegallon can with the best headlight oil, and to be certain in my experiment, I carried the whole five gallons to the field, and poured into those holes till every drop was out of the can. I was confident now that I should see no more of that stump. As soon as the match was applied, up went the blaze, soared the horses in the plow team, roared like Niagara, and when the oil was consumed I had simply blackened the stumps, and left them hard ad dry, and no mo: burned than the shade of the lamp by which I am writing this experience is affected by the oil within it. Not to be defeated, I had the can refilled and tried five galloas more with the same success as before. This is what I know about holes and saltpetre for DIBBLINGS.

A common hoe, straightened out by a blacksmith, makes a cheap and excellent implement for chopping roots for stock.

When you want to fatten poultry, select the short-legged fowls, as they fatten much quicker than the long-legged ones do.

Land ploughed when it is too wet becomes cloddy, and may be injured to such a degree that years of sod will not effect restoration.

Whether prices be up or down, prime mut ton sheep are always salable, and at good prices. The markets are never supplied with choice mutton. Never set trees in sod or among wheat or

other sowed grain. Clover is the worst of all. The whole surface of the ground should be clean and well stirred.

For diphtheritic roup, wash the bird's mouth and head thoroughly three times a day with milk and water, and give a teaspoonful of glycerine and sulphur mixed.

Don't feed the laying tens entirely on ocra ; it is too fattening; give them mixed gruin, beef scraps, ground bone, oyster shells, eto, if you would get the largest number of

eggs. The simplest means of preventing roup spreading among the flock by their drinking water, is to prepare some tar water by stirring about one pound of tar in two gallins of water.

Plow the heavy land and leave it in the rough condition so that the frost our pene-trate and render it fine. There is no better agency for pulverizing tough so is than frost. It will also at the same time destroy the cutworm.

Save the corn fodder before it is injured by frost. When cut before frost it is green and nutritious, full of starch and sugar Frost tends to change these to woody fiber. This portion of the corn crop is often equal to the grain.

There is no doubt about the bright future of the Wyandottes, if their breeders show so n the Chamber. Premier Depretis then much zeal and good common sense in improving that the Italian commander recalled ing their useful qualities along with their he troops from the advance and concentrated plumage, as the breeders of Plymouth Rocks them at Massowah. The Radicals laughed and light Brahmas have shown. A decade will clapse before the Wyandotte breeds true The Government now proposes a bill for an appropriation of \$1,000,000 with which to send Italian reinforcements to purchased them without any regard to their standard qualities, and accepted them jovfully on the strength of their name and growing popularity.

COMSUM TION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchius, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Dability and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human auffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for proparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noves, 149 Power's Block, Rochester, N.Y. [11—19Jow] :

INFERNAL MACHINE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2 -Tng fuse of the infernal machine which was placed on board the steamer Coyandote was found in the cabin of the vessel yesterday. It was identified as something patterned after the infernal machine which Mezzeroff has claimed so pereistently as an invention of his own and a sample of which, according to Capt. Phelan, who was stubbed in Rossa's office in 1885, was put aboard the national steamship Queen by an Irish dynamiter in 1883.

The man who likes an ale to brace himself ers with a rail before long.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

بمغفارة (Specially prepared for THE POST and TRUE WITSESS.)

The Editress is prepared to answer all questions on natters connected with this Department

HONEY WINE.

Honey, twenty pounds; cider, twelve galons; put in a forty gullon cask and let zerment. Then add-rum, halfagallon; brandy, half a gallou: red or white tarter dissolved six ounces; bitter almonds and cloves, each one-quarter of an ounce. Mix well together, let set twenty-four hours, then bottle.

GINGER BEER.

Bruised ginger, two ounces; water, five gallons; boil for an hour, then add, when sufficiently cool, loaf sugar, three pounds; cream of tertar, one and a half ounce; essence i lemon, one drachm; yeast, half a pint cord if for immediate use, but if to be kept for a time then secure with wire. If the beer is liked stronger, make in the proportion of two pounds of augur and one ounce of ginger to each gallon of water.

VELVET CREAM. Dissolve half a box of gelatine in a coffee cup of wine over the fire; add the juice and sugar. Let it cook slowly, strain and aid 14 picts of rich milk; stir until it is cool and then pour into a mould previously wetted.

VIENNA BREAD. Sift in a tin pan four pounds flour; bank it up against the sides; pour in one quart of milk and water, and mix into it flour enough to make a thin butter; then quickly and lightly add one pint of milk, in which is dissolved one ounce of salt and an ounce and hour, then mix in the rest of the flour until the dough will leave the bottom and sides of the pan, and let this stand two hours and a half. Finally, divide the mass into one pound pieces, to be cut in turn into twelve pieces each. This gives square pieces about three inches and a half thick, each corner of which is taken up and folded over to the centre, and then the rolls are laid on a bread heard to rise for half an hour, when they are put into a hot oven that bakes them in ten minutes.

DOMINION SAUCE.

Bring the juice poured off from the can of peaches to builing point. Dissolve one table spoonful of corn starch in half a teacupful of cold water, add to the juice and boil two minutes. Then add a small teacupful o sugar, and, if wine is not objected to, one glass of sherry or Madeira. The sauc may be strained, but does not require it. In all cases where wine is men tioned as flavoring it is of course optional many persons regarding its use as sinful Education or conviction will govern here a elsewhere. In most rules where wine i specified as flavoring the juice and grated rind of a lemon will be, so far as sweet sauces are concerned, a pleasant substitute.

TEA CAKES.

Dry before the fire a quart of fine flour and rub into it a quarter of a pound of butter; then beating up a couple of eggs with two teaspoorfule of moist or powdered loaf sugar, and a tablespoonful of yeast, pour the whole into the centre of the flour, and keep mixing it well with a pint of warm new mick. Beat it up with the hand till it comes off without sticking, and set it, covered with a cloth, to rise before the fire. After it has remained shout half an hour, make it up in round cakes about an inch thick ; put them on a tin plate, set them before the fire to rise a little for ten minutes, and, having baked them in a slow oven, butter them and eat them hot.

PLAIN PLUM CAK

Four pounds of flour, one pound of drip ping, the same of good moist augur, three pounds of sultana raisins, a quarter of a pound of candied pael, one teaspoonsful of mixed spice, two small teaspoonfuls of bioar-bonate of soda, one quart of sour milk or buttermilk and a small pinch of salt; rub the dripping well but lightly into the flour, then throw in the sugar, raisine, peel and spices and mix all well together; dissolve the soda in a tablespoonful of water and add it to the huttermilk just before wetting the cake with it, which must not be until you are quite ready to put it in the oven; have your time well grassed with good butter and half fill them with your cake mixture; bake as usual. Cikes made after this recipe will be found very light and wholesome. Carraway seeds or current; may be substituted for the raisins.

BAKED SWEET POTATOES. Wash a quart of smooth sweet potatoes of even siz, put them over the fire in sufficient cold water to cover them, for twenty minutes; then drain them, scrape off the akins, sprinkle them with sait and pepper, put them into a dripping-pan with a tablespoonful of butter, and set them in a very hot oven for about ten minutes, or until they are tender enough to be easily pierced with a fork; serve them as soon as they are tender, pour ing over them any butter that may remain in

BREAD OR BISCUIT (SELF RAISING FLOUR). Take in the proportion of one quart of milk or cold water to three pounds of flour; mix as little as possible—just enough to wat through and form a slack dough. Immediately bake in a deep pan, about helt full, in on oven well heated, to be ready when you commence mixing. If a shallow pan be used, cover it, but not so as to press on the dough and injure its rising, thus promoting the bread from being burned or crust-bound, which would deter its full expansion. Use no salt. Weigh the flour and measure the water to secure accuracy, which is very important.

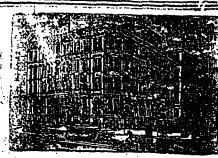
LEMON CUDDING.

For this the crumb only of stale bread must be used. Half fill a small baking dish with it, remove it to a basin and pour over it just enough hot milk to make it soft. Grate into this the rind of a large lemon, add the juice, strained from the pipes, sweeten it to taste and mix it all well together. Beat up an egg with as much milk as necessary to fill up the dish, pour this over the bread, mix well, and having buttered the dish, pour the preparation into it; put little bits of outter on top of the pudding and round the edges of the dish, and bake it for about an hour, cr until a nice brown color. Strew a little praceitd augar over the top and serva. This mixtaes ar be baked within a crust of pastry.

An exchange says that we awe much to foreigners. This is as it should be. It is much more agreeable to owe a foreigner than a man who lives just around the corner.

WANTED-A FIRST-CLASS ORGANIST to take charge of Comments to take charge of Organ and concuct the Choir of St. Mary's Cathedral, Kiogs on. A good salary given. Applicants must send testimonials of character, experience and caravindicate the law and to punish and prevent up is pretty likely to be bracing up his trous-prime.

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DISEASES OF thousands of cases of those diseases peculiar to WOMEN

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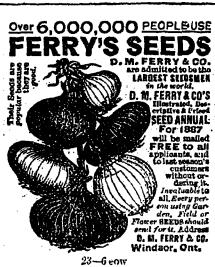
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Insolvent Act of 1875 and Amending Acts. PROVINCE OF QUEREC, DISTRIT OF MOSTRE 1L-

PROVINCE OF QUEREC, DISTRITUR AUGINESSAUPERIOR COURT -14 the matter of Martin O'fozhila,
of Montreal, traier, an Insolvent, and Arliur h.
Parkins, Assignee. On Wednesday, the minth day of
durch next, the undersigned will apply to the said
Court for his discharge under said Acts.
MARTIN O'LOGHLIN, By Cruicksbank & Murray, his attornoys ad litera. Montreal, 25th January, 1887.

Marvellous Memory DISCOVERY.

Wholly unlike Mnemonies—Cure of Mind Wander-ing—Any book learned in one reading. Prospectus, with opinions of Mr. Phocroz, the Astronomier, Hons, W. W. Astoz, Judan P. Benjamin, Drs. Minos, Wood, Stouyhurri College and others, sent post Press, p. PROF. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Avenue. 237 Fifth Avenue, 27-DD

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC — DISTRICT OF MONTHEAL, Superior Court. No. 774. Notice is hereby given that Dame Mary Ann Mackay, of Montreal, wife of Rosert, Galt, has instituted an action for separation as to property against her said husband.

Nontreal, 26th January, 1887.
T. C. DELORIMIER,
Autorney for Plaintiff. DROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, Superior Court, No 2488, No ice is hereby given that Dame Louisa Chamberlain, wife of William G. Tempkins, of Montreal, inconstituted an action for separation as to property free lower and bushand.

militied an action to.

or said headand

monorest, 27th January, 1887.

T. C. DE LONIMIER,

Attorney for Plaintiff. PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. Superior Court. No. 82.
Notice is hereby given that Dame Philomena Laurent dit Lortic, of Lachtne, wife of hisphen St. D'nie, of the same place, has hestituted an action for separation as to property against her said husband.

Montreal, 20th January, 1867.

T. C. DE LORIMIER.

26 5 Attorney for Plainith.

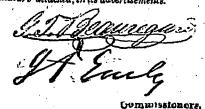
CANADA, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.
District of Montreal. Superior Court,
No. 248. Malvina Beauchamp, of the City and District
of Montreal, wife of Gustave Arthur Lamontagne,
merchant, of same place, Plaintiff, vs. thosaid Gustave
Arthur Lamontagne, Defendant
An action for separation of property has been this
day instituted by Plaintiff.
Montreal, January 19th, 1887.

ADAM & DUHAMEL,
25 5

Attorneys for Plaintiff.



We do hereby estify that we supervise the arrange mante for all the Honthly and Semi-Annual Drainings of the Louistana State Lottery Company, and in ferson manae and control the Drawings themselves, one that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with far-similes of our signalus e attached, in its advertisements.



We the undersigned Banks and Barvers will pay a rises drawn in The Louisiana State - teries which ma e presented at our counters. J. H. OGLESBY, Pres. Louiste in Nat'l Bank. P. LANAPY Pres. Louiste in Nat'l Bank. P. LANAPA, Pres. Sinte Antional Rauk. A. BALDWAN, Pres. New Or Trus Nat'l Bank.

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Capital Prize, \$150,060. Wholec.-Tickets are Ten Dollars only.

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	L	ST OF PRIZES				
1	CAPITAI PRIZ	ZE OF	150,000	\$150,C00		
1	GRAND PRIZE	OF	50,000	60,000		
11	GRAND PRIZE	OF	20,000	20,000		
. 5	LARGE PRIZE	8 OF	10,000	20,000		
	LARGE PRIZE	3 or	5,000	20,000		
20	PRIZES OF		1,000	20,000		
50	68		500	25,000		
100	13		800	80,000		
20C	44		200	40,00g		
600	16		100	59,000		
1,000	•		50	60,000		
Approximation prizes.						
100	Approx.mation	Prizes of	\$300	903,083		
100	"	44	206	20,000		
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fernivian	3.400	" John France.
Nova Scotia	n3.360	" R. H. Hughes
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Carthaginian	1 4 600	Capt. A. Macnicol.
Siberian	4.600	" R. P. Moore.
Norweging .	3.531	J. G. Stephen.
Hibernian	3.440	" John Brown.
Austrian	2.700	J. Ambury.
Nestorian	2.700	W. Dalziel.
l'ruseian	3.000	Alex.McDoug
Scandinaviar	a 3.600	John Park,
Buenos Arre	308 E. au	James Scott.
Corean	4.00P	J. C. Menzies,
Grecian	3.7060	" C. E. LeGalla
Manitoban	3.150	" R. Carrothers.
Canadian	2.600	" John Kerr.
l'homician	2.800	" D. McKillop,
Waldensian.	2 600	" D. J. James.
Lucerne	2.200	" W. S. Main,
Newfoundlar	d1.500	" C. J. Myline.
Acadian	1.350	" F. McGrath.
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