

THE FRANCO-GERMAN DIFFICULTY.

THE TENSION NOW EXTENDING BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES—AN APPEAL TO THE ALIENATED GERMAN NEWS-PAPERS ON THEIR SITUATION.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—A despatch from Berlin to the Standard says: "The tension between Germany and France is extreme, and a solution must come very shortly."

THE STOCK MARKETS.

The stock markets to-day, after large fluctuations, closed firm with a moderate rise. English buyers continued to take advantage of the low level of foreign stock. On the Paris bourse there was a marked recovery and the settlement was effected with less difficulty than was feared. Three per cent. rentes rose 1/16 to 50 centimes. On the Berlin bourse a better tone prevailed. Large realizations by operators for a fall caused a strong decline, but the selling movement was not sufficient to allow the market to recover from yesterday's decline.

THE DUTY OF ALSACE LORRAINE.

Minister Von Hoffman, secretary of state for Alsace-Lorraine, in an address to the Alsace-Lorraine committee, contends that the vast majority of the population of Alsace-Lorraine do not desire that France should go to war for the recovery of those provinces. He urges the people of Alsace-Lorraine to elect members to Reichstag who will show that these are their sentiments, and says such an expression of their feelings will make a profound impression on France. The Minister says four regiments of infantry are about to be sent to reinforce the garrison at Metz.

NEWSPAPER TALK.

All the newspapers here, except the North German Gazette, are discussing the Berlin Post's recent article on the situation in France. The Yossische Zeitung condemns the article as offering wanton provocation to France. The Tagblatt reminds the public that a sensational article in the Post in 1875, headed "War is sight," was discovered by Prince Bismarck in the Reichstag. The Freimivve declares that the article was especially designed to play upon the fears of the German electors. The National reproduces it without criticism beyond affirming that Germany continues a solid rampart for European peace, and that in rightly judging the situation it is necessary to recall the words of Bismarck that Germany would not take the responsibility of attacking France.

Berlin, Feb. 2.—The National Gazette states that the French ambassador in a recent interview with Prince Bismarck had reassured the chancellor regarding General Boulanger's position and location.

Paris, Feb. 2.—The Temps refuses to regard as serious the attacks of the German papers on France. It says they are due to an electoral game, the issue of which will be the triumph of imperialism or of parliamentarianism.

HUNGARY'S WAR CREDIT.

Pesth, Feb. 2.—It is officially stated that the military credit to be submitted to the Hungarian delegation by the Government is for 23,000,000 florins. The exportation of horses from Hungary will be prohibited after Saturday.

AN IMMENSE CREDIT ASKED.

Berlin, Feb. 2.—It is reported that the Government has decided to ask Parliament for a credit of 50,000,000 francs for armaments and for fortifying Antwerp and the country between the Sambre and the Meuse rivers.

ITALIAN TROOPS ANNIHILATED.

THE SENSATION CAUSED IN THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES BY THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE DEFEAT OF THE ITALIAN TROOPS IN THE SUDAN.

Rome, Feb. 1.—Premier Depretis informed the Italian Chamber of Deputies today that there had recently been severe fighting in that part of the Sudan, the occupation of which was being attempted by Italy on an understanding with England. He said this fighting has resulted in almost complete disaster to the Italian forces engaged in conjunction with the Abyssinian troops in the work of attempting to relieve Kassala, which has been besieged by the Sudanese since the beginning of the year. The Premier said that the Italian troops, accompanied by a small band of Italian soldiers, attacked Sast on January 25th last. A hotly fought battle ensued. It lasted three hours, and the army of the Sudan was repulsed. The Italian loss was trifling, and that of Abyssinia was unknown. Next day three companies of Italian troops left Monbulla to carry provisions to Sast. The Abyssinians again made an attack, and a desperate battle was waged. The Abyssinians were defeated, and the Italian troops were simply annihilated, but 300 wounded reached Massowah after the battle.

This statement made a profound sensation in the Chamber. Premier Depretis then added that the Italian commander recalled the troops from the advance and concentrated them at Massowah. The Radicals laughed ironically at this.

The Government now proposes a bill for an appropriation of \$1,000,000 with which to send Italian reinforcements to Massowah. The Chamber at once approved the bill by an almost unanimous vote. Some radicals having observed sarcastically in allusion to the valor of the Abyssinian troops, the whole House rose and cheered the Government. The Radicals cried out, "We must retire." The majority rejoined with cries of "never," "onwards," etc. The city is tonight in a high state of excitement bordering on frenzy over the news from the Sudan.

Rome, February 2.—It transpires that the fighting at Sast near Massowah on January 25th and 26th was not between Arabs and Italians, but between the Italians and Abyssinians. The newspapers this morning, in commenting upon the situation, urge calmness in dealing with the matter. They say there is no question of war with Abyssinia, but only a question of the defence of Massowah. The Opposition press denounce Count Di Robilant, foreign minister, and Signor Ricotti, minister of war.

NAPLES, Feb. 2.—Eight hundred troops embarked to-day for Massowah to reinforce the Italian army there. A second detachment of reinforcements will be sent on Monday.

Rome, Feb. 2.—A crowd of people hooted the ministers and deputies when they left the Chamber this evening.

A JUDGE IN PERIL.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2.—An attempt was made last night to assassinate Judge James W. Fitzgerald of the police court by some one who shot at the judge as he opened his front door. The attempt upon the life of Judge Fitzgerald has produced a profound feeling. The judge has for a long time been the target of evil doers, but no one has ever ventured to charge him with any feeling but a desire to vindicate the law and to punish and prevent crime.

FARM AND GARDEN.

FIGS AND CHARDON.

A correspondent of the Indiana Farmer recommends giving figs burned over, and recommends them when fully charred and before they are reduced to ash. This is not a new idea. Feeding charcoal to pigs is a healthy and should be practiced by all pork raisers. As a general rule, farmers who burn wood for fuel will find it cost among the ashes to serve the purpose, and their frequent use of putting with the feed should be practiced. It is inexpensive and occasions but little trouble in the use.

CARNIOLANS PREFERRED.

J. B. Mason says in the Bee-Keeper's Magazine that his Carniolans breed truer than Italian, Cyprian, Syrian or Holy Land. They are energetic workers, good comb-builders, and cap their honey with snowy whiteness; protect their hives well, are the gentlest bees he ever saw, and they winter best of all races tried yet.—Country Gentleman.

ALSIKE-CLOVER AND BARK HONEY.

In answer to the question, "Does alsike-clover make dark-stored honey?" several correspondents of the Bee Journal say it does not; others say it makes a honey slightly darker than that from white clover, but not as dark as buckwheat honey. One truly says alsike-clover honey has a pinkish color, and that it is every way equal to white-clover honey.—Country Gentleman.

SALTPETRE AND STUMPS.

A correspondent in the Country Gentleman writes:—Let me answer the question about saltpetre for removing stumps. Having two large chestnut stumps in a field, I put my trust in the statement that so completely went the rounds of the agricultural press, and started to the field with an auger. I bored fourteen holes in one big stump at different depths, some 7, 8, 9 and even 12 inches; plugged in the saltpetre, and in the following spring I set them on fire, but they would not burn. I read in one paper that after removing the plug in the spring coal oil should be poured into the holes, and then the stump will be consumed in a few minutes. The coal oil wagon had just been at the house that day, and I filled the five-gallon can with the best headlight oil, and to be certain in my experiment, I carried the whole five gallons to the field, and poured into those holes till every drop was out of the can. I was confident now that I should see no more of that stump. As soon as the match was applied, up went the blaze, soared the horses in the plow team, roared like Niagara, and when the oil was consumed I had simply blackened the stumps, and left them hard as dry, and no more burned than the shade of the lamp by which I am writing this experience is attested by the oil within it. Not to be defeated, I had the can refilled and tried five gallons more with the same success as before. This is what I know about holes and saltpetre for removing stumps.

DIBBLINGS.

A common hoe, straightened out by a blacksmith, makes a cheap and excellent implement for chopping roots for stock.

When you want to fatten poultry, select the short-legged fowls, as they fatten much quicker than the long-legged ones do.

Land ploughed when it is too wet becomes cloddy, and may be injured to such a degree that years of sod will not effect restoration.

Whether prices be up or down, prime mutton sheep are always salable, and at good prices. Tallow markets are never supplied with choice mutton.

Never set trees in sod or among wheat or other sowed grain. Clover is the worst of all. The whole surface of the ground should be clean and well stirred.

For diphtheritic roup, wash the bird's mouth and head thoroughly three times a day with milk and water, and give a teaspoonful of glycerine and sulphur mixed.

Don't feed the laying fowls entirely on corn; it is too fattening; give them mixed grain, beef scraps, ground bone, oyster shells, etc., if you would get the largest number of eggs.

The simplest means of preventing rosc spreading among the flock by their drinking water, is to prepare some tar water by stirring about one pound of tar in two gallons of water.

Plow the heavy land and leave it in the rough condition so that the frost can penetrate and render it fine. There is no better agency for pulverizing tough soil than frost. It will also at the same time destroy the cutworm.

Save the corn fodder before it is injured by frost. When cut before frost it is green and nutritious, full of starch and sugar. Frost tends to change these to woody fibers. This portion of the corn crop is often equal to the grain.

There is no doubt about the bright future of the Wyandottes, if their breeders show so much zeal and good common sense in improving their useful qualities along with their plumage, as the breeders of Plymouth Rocks and Light Brahmas have shown. A decade will elapse before the Wyandotte breeds true in every point; for there are many poor specimens in the hands of beginners, who purchased them without any regard to their standard qualities, and accepted them joyfully on the strength of their name and growing popularity.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French, or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N.Y. [11-1900]

INFERNAL MACHINE.

New York, Feb. 2.—The fuse of the infernal machine which was placed on board the steamer Guyandots was found in the cabin of the vessel yesterday. It was identified as something patterned after the infernal machine which Mezeroff has claimed so persistently as an invention of his own and a sample of which, according to Capt. Phelan, who was stabbed in Rosa's office in 1885, was put aboard the national steamship Queen by an Irish dynamiter in 1883.

The man who likes an ale to brace himself up is pretty likely to be bringing up his trousers with a rail before long.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

(Specially prepared for THE POST AND TRUE WITNESS.)

(The Editor is prepared to answer all questions on matters connected with this Department.)

HONEY WINE.

Honey, twenty pounds; cider, twelve gallons; put in a forty gallon cask and let ferment. Then add—rum, half a gallon; brandy, half a gallon; red or white tartar dissolved, six ounces; bitter almonds and cloves, each one-quarter of an ounce. Mix well together, let set twenty-four hours, then bottle.

GINGER BEER.

Brused ginger, two ounces; water, five gallons; boil for an hour, then add, when sufficiently cool, loaf-sugar, three pounds; cream of tartar, one and a half ounce; essence of lemon, one drachm; yeast, half a pint. Mix, then strain, bottle, and cork down with cork if for immediate use. If to be kept for a time, then secure with wire. If the beer is liked stronger, make in the proportion of two pounds of sugar and one ounce of ginger to each gallon of water.

VELVET CREAM.

Dissolve half a box of gelatine in a coffee cup of wine over the fire; add the juice and the grated peel of one lemon; when the gelatine has dissolved put in a coffee cup of white sugar. Let it cook slowly, strain and add 1 1/2 pints of rich milk; stir until it is cool and then pour into a mould previously wetted.

VIENNA BREAD.

Sift in a tin pan four pounds flour; bank it up against the sides; pour in one quart of milk and water, and mix into flour enough to make a thin batter; then quickly and lightly add one pint of milk, in which is dissolved one ounce of salt and an ounce and three-quarters of compressed yeast. Leave the remainder of the flour against the sides of the pan, cover with a cloth, and set in a warm place for three-quarters of an hour, then mix in the rest of the flour until the dough will leave the bottom and sides of the pan, and let this stand two hours and a half. Finally, divide the mass into one-pound pieces, to be put in turn into twelve pieces each. This gives square pieces about three inches and a half thick, each corner of which is taken up and folded over to the centre, and then the rolls are laid on a bread board to rise for half an hour, when they are put into a hot oven that bakes them in ten minutes.

DOMINION SAUCE.

Bring the juice poured off from the can of peaches to boiling point. Dissolve one table spoonful of corn starch in half a tea-spoonful of cold water, add to the juice and boil two minutes. Then add a small tea-spoonful of sugar, and, if wine is not objected to, one glass of sherry or Madeira. The sauce may be strained, but does not require it. In all cases where wine is mentioned as flavoring it is of course optional, many persons regarding its use as sinful. Education or conviction will govern here elsewhere. In most rules where wine is specified as flavoring the juice and grape-juice of a lemon will be, so far as sweet sauces are concerned, a pleasant substitute.

TEA CAKES.

Dry before the fire a quart of fine flour and rub into it a quarter of a pound of butter; then beating up a couple of eggs with two tea-spoonfuls of moist or powdered loaf sugar, and a table-spoonful of yeast, pour the whole into the centre of the flour, and keep mixing it well with a pint of warm milk. Beat it up with the hand till it comes off without sticking, and set it, covered with a cloth, to rise before the fire. After it has remained about half an hour, make it up in round cakes about an inch thick; put them on a tin plate, set them before the fire to rise a little for ten minutes, and, having baked them in a slow oven, butter them and eat them hot.

PLAIN FLOUR CAKE.

Four pounds of flour, one pound of dripping, the same of good moist sugar, three pounds of sultana raisins, a quarter of a pound of candied peel, one tea-spoonful of mixed spice, two small tea-spoonfuls of bicarbonate of soda, one quart of sour milk or buttermilk and a small pinch of salt; rub the dripping well but lightly into the flour, then throw in the sugar, raisins, peel and spices and mix all well together; dissolve the soda in a table-spoonful of water and add it to the butter-milk, then beat the cake with the hand till it is quite ready to put in the oven; have your tin well greased with good butter and half fill them with your cake-mixture; bake as usual. Cakes made after this recipe will be found very light and wholesome. Caraway seeds or carrawits may be substituted for the raisins.

BAKED SWEET POTATOES.

Wash a quart of smooth sweet potatoes of even size; put them over the fire in sufficient cold water to cover them, for twenty minutes, then drain them, scrape off the skin, sprinkle them with salt and pepper, put them into a dripping-pan with a table-spoonful of butter, and set them in a very hot oven for about ten minutes, or until they are tender enough to be easily pierced with a fork; serve them as soon as they are tender, pouring over them any butter that may remain in the pan.

BREAD OR BISCUIT (SELF RAISING FLOUR).

Take in the proportion of one quart of milk or cold water to three pounds of flour; mix as little as possible—just enough to wet through and form a slick dough. Immediately bake in a deep pan, about half full, in an oven well heated, to be ready when you commence mixing. If a shallow pan be used, cover it, but not so as to press on the dough and injure its rising, thus preventing the bread from being burned or crust-bound, which would detract its full expansion. Use no salt. Weigh the flour and measure the water to secure accuracy, which is very important.

LEMON PUDDING.

For this the crumb only of stale bread must be used. Half fill a small baking dish with it, remove it to a basin and pour over it just enough hot milk to make it soft. Grate into this the rind of a large lemon, add the juice, strained from the pipes, sweeten it to taste and mix it all well together. Beat up an egg with as much milk as necessary to fill up the dish, pour this over the bread, mix well, and having buttered the dish, pour the preparation into it; put little bits of butter on top of the pudding and round the edges of the dish, and bake it for about an hour, or until a nice brown color. Sprinkle a little powdered sugar over the top and serve. This pudding is baked within a crust of pastry.

An exchange says that we owe much to foreigners. This is as it should be. It is much more agreeable to owe a foreigner than a man who lives just around the corner.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS ORGANIST. One to take charge of Organ and Piano, merchant of same place, Plaintiff, vs. the said George Arthur Lamontagne, Defendant. An action for separation of property has been this day instituted by Plaintiff. ADAM & DUHAMEL, Attorneys for Plaintiff. Montreal, January 15, 1887. 26 5

Invalids' Hotel & Surgical Institute. BUFFALO, N. Y. Organized with a full staff of eighteen Experienced and Skillful Physicians and Surgeons for the treatment of all Chronic Diseases.

OUR FIELD OF SUCCESS. Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Throat and Lung Diseases, Liver and Kidney Diseases, Bladder Diseases, Diseases of Women, Blood Diseases and Nervous Debility, etc. etc. etc. Come and see us or send ten cents in stamps for our "Surgical Guide Book," which gives all particulars.

DELICATE DIETARIES. RUPTURE. PILE TUMORS and STRICTURES treated with the greatest success. Book sent for ten cents in stamps. Address: WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

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World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, BUFFALO, N. Y. SICK-HEADACHE, Bilious Headache, Rheumatic, Constipation, Nervous, Catarrh, and Bilious Attacks, promptly cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Price \$1.00, or 6 BOTTLES FOR \$5.00.

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Insolvent Act of 1875 and Amending Acts. PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. Superior Court. No. 74. Notice is hereby given that Dame Mary Ann Mackay, of Montreal, wife of George Mackay, has instituted an action for separation as to property against her said husband.

Marvellous Memory DISCOVERY. Wholly unique and scientific method of curing mental wandering. Any book learned in one reading. Progress guaranteed. With opinions of Mr. Proctor, the Astronomer, from W. W. Wood, the Bishop, from Sir Wm. Wood, Secretary of the Admiralty, and others, sent post free.

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BUREAU OF BLOOD PURIFIERS. WILL CURE OR RELIEVE: BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS, DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY, INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, JAUNDICE, APPOINTY OF THE STOMACH, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN, HEADACHE.

Canada, Province of Quebec. District of Montreal. Superior Court. No. 248. Notice is hereby given that Dame Louise Chablain, wife of Gustave Arthur Lamontagne, merchant of same place, Plaintiff, vs. the said George Arthur Lamontagne, Defendant. An action for separation of property has been this day instituted by Plaintiff. ADAM & DUHAMEL, Attorneys for Plaintiff. Montreal, January 15, 1887. 26 5

ASL CAPITAL PRIZE, \$150,000. We do hereby certify that we reserve the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in conformity with the laws of Louisiana, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

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IGURE FITS! When I say I fit I do not mean to stop for a moment that I have the measure of a radical cure. I have made the discovery of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING CONVULSIONS, and I have a remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed to cure the worst cases, send at once for a bottle and a Free Bottle of my medicine, give it and you will be cured.

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