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SATURDAY MORNING MAY 6 1916—SIXTEEN PAGES

NCHE IS POSTPONED BREAK WITH UNITED STATES Royal Highlanders of Montreal Gallantly Retake Crater

Col. Cantley Stoutly Denies That Outside Influence Was Employed.

COMMISSIONS PAID

Col. Watts Disappointed Because Fuses Were Not Canadian Made

By a Staff Reporter. OTTAWA, Ont., May 5 .- Two more

members of the old shell committee now under investigation by the royal commission, took the stand today, and both emphatically denied any knowledge of any commission or rakeoffs being paid to anybody in connection with the contracts let. Col. Cantley, asked if any undue influence was brought to bear on him in making the awards, emphatically answered: "Certainly not." Col. Watts replied in the negative to the questions of Mr. Hellmuth as to any knowledge of corruption and as to whether Gen. Sir Sam Hughes, minister of militia, had discussed with them or attempt-

ed to influence the committee in let- ment late tonightting its contracts. Col. Watts Tried Hard. From Col. Watts' evidence, it appears that he was most active in trying to keep the manufacture of fuses in Canada. He was evidently conada the first orders must go to the American concerns because of the urgency. It was to him T. A. Russell and Lloyd Harris first made complaint. and he immediately took it up with Gen. Bertram. Col. Watts informed the commission that it was Gen. Pease of the British War Office who first informed the members of the shell commission that they were paying too much for fuses.

(Centinued on Page 5, Column 1.) ANOTHER BRITISH SHIP SUNK.

LONDON, May 5, 11.10 p.m.—The British steamer Ruabon, 2000 tons, has been sunk by a submarine, according to Lloyd's. The crew was picked up by the Italian steamer Misurara.

FOE LOSES TWO AEROPLANES IN STRUGGLE WITH BRITISH

Machines Driven Down Behind Own Lines, One Being Wrecked---Several Mines Sprung by Germans Without Doing Damage.

LONDON. May 5, 11.27 p.m.—The British official statement on the campaign in the west, issued tonight, follows: "The enemy sprang mines last night near Neuville St. Vaast, and one today east of Albert, without effecting any alteration in the situation. During the night there was considerable artillery activity on the banks of the Somme, opposite Hulluch and west of Ypres. Today there is nothing to report. The artillery was less active than usual.

"Yesterday, as a result of air combats, we drove two enemy machines down behind the German lines. One was wrecked and the pilot of our aeroplane fired on the occupants after the landing and then returned safely to our lines. The other enemy machine was damaged. During the day one of our aeroplanes was lost, being brought down within the enemy's lines."

UNITED STATES WILL RESORT TO WATCHFUL WAITING AGAIN

Germany to Be Given Opportunity to Show Intent to In the house of commons this after-Carry Out New Promises, Tho Reply is Admitted to Be Disappointing.

washington, May 5.—Germany's be in favor of leaving the situation in note has postponed, if it actually has not averted, a diplomatic break with dent, and while they uniformly refused

the United States. to discuss it, they reflected the view that a break had been avoided; that President Wilson will make the decision after he has read the official text which reached the state department late tonight.

that a break had been avoided; that a break had been avoided be accorded the text of time, notwith-standing the references to the action Germany expects the United States.

It was stated authoritatively after to take against Great Britain's the cabinet meeting today that if the official text bore out the unofficial text bore out the unofficial version transmitted in today's Beropinion on what constitutes a peaceofficial text bore out the unonicial full reasons what constitutes a peace opinion on what constitutes a peace opinion of international law and of the project of the proje vinced, however, that altho fuses and cartridge cases could be made in Canada the first orders must go to the cartridge cases could be made in Canada the first orders must go to the cartridge cases could be made in Canada the first orders must go to the fulfilment of her latest promises. the fulfilment of her latest promises.
In such case the United States might not reply to the note, and would await evidence of the actual abandonment of Germany's present practices of submarine warfare which

declared In Wilson's Hands. The German embassy view is that the note gives all President Wilson asked for; that it signalizes a return to "cruiser warfare"—the use of submarines as regular naval cruisers intercepting commerce with visit and search—and that inasmuch as it makes o mention of the armed ship question that perplexing feature of the controversy is not involved.

Congress took the note juietly and

altho a variety of views were express-ed, the general sentiment seemed to

Carvell's Motion Negatived by Forty-Six to Nineteen Votes.

LIBERALS IN A TRAP

Meighen's Declaration Aroused Enthusiasm Among Government Supporters

By a Staff Reporter.

OTTAWA, May 5 .- The effort by the Liberals to obtain a more open inquiry into the transactions of the shell committee by the Meredith-Duff Commission was not crowned with success.

noon Mr. Carvell's motion to adjourn the house was negatived by a party vote, yeas 19, nays 46.

Broadly speaking the debate was listless and unconvincing. The only speaker who attempted to get up speed was Hon. Arthur Meighen, who said was Hon. Arthur Meighen, who said the Grits were caught in a humiliating position and were trying to escape in a cloud of dust. Messrs. Carvell, Pugs-ley and Macdonald presented the case for the Liberals fairly enough and the prime minister answered with pains

taking care and deliberation.

Status of Commission.

Part of the afternoon was occupied ity of constituting the royal commis sion into a court, under section 1 of the B. N. A. Act, which authorizes par-liament to organize federal courts for the enforcement of federal laws. The government contended that the only purpose to be accomplished by making the commission a court would be to facilitate the taking of testimony in the United States, but contended that as a matter of fact, every witness who

could throw any light on the subject was already in Ottawa.

Carvell's Argument.

Mr. Carvell in opening said that it was important to find out whether the

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3).

HE PAID HIS BET



J. A. Bartlett, 26 Mechanics avenu

GOOD SPORT PAYS BET

'Toby" Bartlett Quits the Postoffice to Handle Gun at

J. A. Bartlett, 26 Mechanics avenue, who made a bet that he was not the man referred to in a letter written to The Sunday World by "Hazel" paid the bet Sunday World by "Hazel" paid the bet last night by going to the recruiting depot at the armories and offering himself for overseas service with the 204th Beavers Battalion. His name was sent in as a likely recruit for the Bantams, but he is to tall, being 5 feet 8 inches. But he made conditions with the Beavers. He offered to enlist with them on condition that they would give a man to the Bantams. He even went farther and promised to enlist a Bantam himself.

self.

On being examined he failed to come up to the chest measurement. So persistent was be, however, in wanting to fulfil his bet, that he was taken on for home service and sent to Welland for guard duty.

Bartlett is well known in Toronto. He is employed in the postoffice, and has "worked" nearly every route in the city. He is known as "Toby." He's a good sport.

CANADIANS BEAT GERMANS IN STRUGGLES WITH

Which Fell Into Saloniki

Harbor.

NAVAL GUNS SURE

While Scouting Off

Schleswig Coast.

particulars of the destruction of two

zeppelins; one near Saloniki and the

other off Schleswic coast, as follows:

oniki and when passing over the har-

bor she was fired on heavily. She was

hit by the fleet and came down absaze

near the mouth of the Vardar river.

There were no survivors.

SEYMOUR COMPANIES

Order-in-Cou.cil Has Been Pass-

ed Transferring Control to

Commission.

Seymour Company.

The interests comprise twenty-two companies and were purchased for \$8,350,000.

Agents of Former Company

Give Official Confirmation

of Report.

MONTREAL, May 5.—Official confirmation of the story published a few days ago that the Cunard Steamship

Co. was about to take over the steamers controlled by the C. N. R. Co. was given tonight by The Hobart Reford Co., Ltd., Canadian agents of the Cu-

nard Line, Liverpool, in a statement handed out for publication. The steam-

ers in question are those which before the war were running from Avonmouth

STEAMSHIPS OF C. N. R.

CUNARD LINE ACQUIRES

Hon. Howard G. Ferguson, minister

Huns Made Vain Advances To Irishmen in Trenches

Irish Air and Rule Britannia Played on Mouth Organs Answer to Overtures.

LONDON, May 5.—Immediately after the outbreak of the Irish revolution German soldiers in trenches opposite the Irish division, fighting on the western front, put up signs inviting Irishmen to join the Germans, according to news received by John E. Redmond, the Irish Nationalist, from his brother, Capt. William H. K. Redmond, now at the front. One notice read: "Irishmen in Ireland are in revolution. English guns are firing on your wives and children. Sir Roger Casement persecuted. Throw your arms away. We give you hearty welcome."

Another sign read: "We are Saxons and if you don't fire, we won't." The Irishmen replied by playing an Irish air and "Rule Britannia," on mouth organs.

SUBMARINE FIGHT

Two Hun Craft in Bay of Biscay.

ONE BELIEVED SUNK

at Range of Fifty

LONDON, May 5, 5 p.m.-The British liner Clan MacFadyen has arrived in Gravesend from Africa somewhat damaged by the gunfire of two German submarines. The steamer returned the fire and it was believed on

board that one of the submarines was destroyed. The steamer reports that the first attack on her was made in the Bay of Biscay, when a submarine fired sixty shots at her at a range of fifty yards. The steamer immediately

brought her big gun into action and hit the submarine several times, and, it is believed destroyed it. Three hours later another submaring fired a torpedo, but missed the Clan MacFadyen by a few feet.

ALLEGED FORGERS PASS THRU TORONTO

Police Say Bob Flannigan. Mamie Russell and Amy Grant Got Big Sum by Cheques.

"Bob" Flannigan, alias Russell, Mamie Russell and Amy Grant, arrested at Sudbury May 4 on a charge of issuing forged militia department cheques on storekeepers in cities and towns thruout Ontario, were brought to Toronto yesterday afternoon by Inspector Parkinson of the Dominion police and Inspector Reynolds of the immigration department and lodged at detective headquarters in the city hall until 8.30 last night, when they left on the Grand Trunk train for Kingston, where they will be tried. According to the police, the gang has cleaned up probably \$2,000 since beginning operations.

ENEMY TORPEDO BOAT SUNK BY FRENCH SUB.

Exploit in Lower Adriatic-Foe Bombed Hospital at Brindist.

ROME, via Paris, May 5, 11.40 p.m. "The French submarine Bernouille sank an enemy torpedo boat in the lower Adriatic Sea yesterday," says an official communication issued this

evening. "Five enemy aeroplanes raided Brindisi the same day. Bombs fell on a hospital and four patient were killed and five injured."

CANADIANS PRAISED FOR GALLANTRY IN GALLIPOL

Several More Officers Mentioned in Sir Ian Hamilton's Despatches.

clated Press Cable. LONDON, May 5 .-- The following ad-Do maintained between Canada and ports in the United Kingdom and on the fire step. Instantly Lance Corp. The Capt. C. G. Carruthers, Dublin Fusiliers, graduate of R. M. C., Kingston, whose award of the Military Cross was gazetted last week.

Do maintained between Canada and ports in the United Kingdom and on the fire step. Instantly Lance Corp. The continent. The various Canadian services of the Cunard Line and the C. N. R. system will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. R. system will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. R. system will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. R. system will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. R. system will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. R. system will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. R. system will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. R. system will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. R. system will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. R. system will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. E. System will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the Dominion and Canada and the C. N. E. System will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between Europe and the C. N. E. System will, in effect, become a single transportation unit between the company of the ditional names are mentioned in Sir lan Hamilton's despatch covering that Sallipoli operations: Lieut.-Col. E. Etherington, Lieut.-Col. McKee, Major Street, Constant of the Continent. The various Canadian services of the Cunard Line and the Street, Constant of the Continent.

Stubborn Resistance and Yielded Him No Results --- Many Officers and Men Win Distinction.

Enemy's Attacks Made

Against Craters Met With

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS, IN FRANCE (via London, May 5) .- Warm and bright weather marked the closing week of April. Under favorable conditions aviators were unusually active. German and British machines hovered constantly over the Canadian lines and aerial combats were frequent. From time to time artillery duels developed on each section of our front. At various points bombing attacks were attempted by the enemy. One such assault was delivered against a battalion of the Royal Highlanders of Canada. Late in the afternoon the front and support lines of this unit were subjected to a bombardment of heavy shells, mortar bombs and rifle Clan MacFadyen Beats Off No Survivors of Dirigible srenades. Steady retaliation by our field batteries and howitzers failed to check the enemy's fire, which gradu-

ally increased in severity. Foe Rushes Crater. Finally it became concentrated on a narrow section of the front line and the zone immediately behind it. Two hours after sunset a party of Germans Submersible Hit by Big Gun Zeppelin Was Brought Down rushed a crater held as an advance post by the Montrealers. High explo sive shells had incapacitated the majority of the garrison and buried its LONDON, May 5, 7.50 p.m.—British official statements tonight give further

ricial statements tonight give further particulars of the destruction of two reppelins; one near Saloniki and the other off Schleswic coast, as follows:

"Vice-Admirai De Robeck reports

"Vice-Admirai De Robeck reports

"Vice-Admirai De Robeck reports of the coast that about 2.80 o'clock this (Friday) flares and under the impression morning, a zeppelin approached Salthis was a signal for further reinforcements, Privates Gill and Woods abandoned the unequal struggle and retired on their battalions. Pte. Mordy, who was badly wounded in the face by a bomb, succeeded in making his way unaided to one of our dressins stations.

ing stations. "The commander-in-chief of the Opened Fire on Germans As soon as definite information was received at battalion headquarters, as grand fleet has reported that the ships which destroyed a zeppelin yesterday to what had occurred, our artillery and were the H.M.S. Galatea, Commodore trench mortar batteries opened an in-Edwyn S. Alexander-Sinclair, and tense fire on the German trenches and H.M.S. Phaeton, Captain John E. Camon the space between them and the

eron. The zeppelin apparently was employed in scoutins duty when she was destroyed by the gunfire of these two vessels.

Cater.

Lieut. B. M. Giveen, bombing officer of the battalion, went out with four of his men to investigate the situation. Tonight's French official statement says:

"On the night of May 4-5, about two o'clock in the morning, a zeppelin which was hovering over Saloniki was brought down by the artillery of the brought down by the artillery of the swept by the hostile artillery to reinforce the garrisons of the from trenches, On reaching the crater our men found it abandoned by the enemy, who had left in it one of his number, as sentries. says:
"On the night of May 4-5, about allies' fleet. The zeppelin fell in flames at the mouth of the Vardar river." dead. Posting his bombers as sentries, Lieut. Giveen returned for reinforce-ments and when a fresh garrison had been brought up the work of restoring the entrenchments and recovering our dead was undertaken. PASS TO THE HYDRO

In the course of the hostile bombardment on this occasion, Capt. F. W. Peterman was wounded in the head and had several teeth knocked out by shrapnel. Nevertheless he remained at his post until relieved three hours later. later. Lieut. F. J. Rowan was struck in tho

Hon. Howard G. Ferguson, minister of lands, forests and mines, announced yesterday that an order-in-council has just been passed authorizing the transfer of control and operation of the Seymour Company's interests in the Trent Valley district, to the Hydro commission. On the closing day of the last session of the Ontario legislature a bill was passed providing for the purchase of the chain of power plants owned and operated by the Seymour Company.

The interests comprise twenty-two companies and were purchased for \$8.350.000.

onto the trenches of a western cavalry battalion. Between two and six o'clock in the afternoon over 2000 shells were flung into this area, causing considerable havor and damage to our defensive system. Undismayed by the intensity of the fire, our men clung to their trenches, and with admirable fortitude held on, even to the most advanced positions. Opposite to them the fierce retaliation of our artillery was wrecking the German transless and there is little doubt but trenches, and there is little doubt but that the stubborn tenacity of the bat-

that the stubborn tenacity of the battalion, coupled with the splendid work of the artillery, prevented the delivery of an impending attack.

Bravery of Peacey.

Later in the week the battalion was complimented by the commander in chief in person on its steadiness under this trying ordeal. During the bombardment a large minenwerfer shell bardment a large minenwerfer shell pitched into a trench close to one of our machine guns. It creates

*WAR SUMMARY *

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

against merchantmen should cease, in the following words: 'Unless the imperial government should now and immediately declare and effect an abandonment of its present methods of submarine warfare against passenger and freight-carrying vessels, the government of the United States can have no choice but to sever diplomatic relations with the German Empire altogether." The note also recited particulars of the methods practiced by Germany on the high seas, and it said that the use of submarines for the destruction of humanity, the long established and incontrovertible rights of neutrals, and the sacred immunities of non-combatants.

Altho Germany was requested to give an immediate answer to the United States, and it was intimated that two or three days should be sufficient for a response, she studiously took nearly three weeks, and her note is only expected to reach Washington today. The gist at the cabinet meeting, it was stated of her answer, as cabled from Berlin, is the following: "As the the president would not reach his de-(German) Government (has) repeatedly declared, it cannot dis- cision before next week. pense with the conduct of warfare against enemy trade." In respect to concessions the note says that German haval forces have clear. received "an order that merchant vessels both within and without that "mistakes" of submarine commanders are not admissible; that they warning, without saving human lives, unless the ships attempt to escape or offer resistance."

The tone of the note is of studied insolence, but the nature of cessions at all, for Germany has all along maintained that her subed to ram the submarine, and that it sank her in self-defence. But the truth later came out that the submarine which sank the Arabic was itself sunk almost immediately afterwards, and that the German Government made its contention without having ever received a report from the commander of that craft. Thanks to the British censorship, the German Government did not know that the piratical

(Continued on Page 2, Columns 1 and 2.)

O EVENTEEN days ago President Wilson of the United States sent an ultimatum to Germany demanding that submarine warfare of enemy's commerce was utterly incompatible with the principles

the promised concessions, if examined, shows that they are no conmarine commanders had instructions to see to the safety of ships' passengers and crews. It will be recalled that in the case of the the assurances were all that had been Arabic, amongst others, Germany asserted that this steamer attemptsubmarine had been sunk by a British patrol boat, and as a result the allies were able directly to convict that government of plain ly-

Cannot Tolerate Errors. Out of it all two things were made They were that the U. S.

must continue to regard a discussion of the conduct of other belligerents as irrelevant to its discussion of Germany's conduct.

While the tone of the German note was said to be disappointing, most officials expressed the view that after

To Scrutinize Orders.

how Germany's new instructions to submarine commanders compare with

previous instructions, which were given

The newest orders, however, appar-

ently are regarded as meeting the pres-

ident's demand for a declaration of an abandonment of the present prac-

an abandonment only could be answered by time.

The United States only recently de-

and provided for the condition under

which Germany charges British mer-

Negotiations With Britain.

the United States fail to pre-

vail upon Great Britain to bring her

practices into conformity with interna-

been and now is conducting diplomatic

correspondence with Great Britain on

of the negotiations and Germany's

consequent action, must necessarily re-

of officials feel the threatened break will not come at this time; another set

is convinced that Germany's apparent

of her promise conditional upon the

with Great Britain warrants the sever-

At the state department after the

ance of diplomatic relations.

that it was practically certain

Under such circumstances one

main for the future.

vessels in attacking submarines.

"The United States does not know

THE DAILY CALENDER.

MAY 6, 1814.—British and Canadian force capture fortress at Oswego.

Men's Hat Day at Dineen's. Saturday is men's hat day at Di-neen's. All the best makes of English stiff and soft felt hats—as well as the cloth caps that are most particularly suited for wear in rough weather. Dineen's, men's hatters, 140 Yonge street, corner Temperance street.

Secretary Lansing stated today that it was possible the state department might ask for official copies of the old tices of submarine warfare. Officials seem agreed that the president's demand that Germany also "effect" such claring its views on the rights of mer-chant ships on the high seas recognized admiralty, actually are acting as naval Germany in her notes reserves complete liberty of decision" should tional law. The official view is that the United States for some time has that subject and the success or failure

who offered to enlist last night with the 204th Beavers Battalion on condi-tion that they give a recruit to the success of the president's negotiations Santams, in payment of a bet he made that he was not the man referred to in a letter published in The Sunday situation had been thoroly discussed World.

J. A. B. DONS THE KHAKI

Welland Canal.