QUEEN'S OWN RIFLEMEN WON GILLESPIE TROPHY

Borden Match Goes to Pte. Copping and Caron Cup to the 43rd.

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—This morning was an ideal day for shooting, and the men took full advantage of the weather conditions when the Borden match was called, and they had to shoot without any aids to sight. The shooting was much in advance of last year, and four possibles were made, the men shooting off for the cup and medallion, and dividing the cash prizes. The winner turned up in Pte. Copping, 3rd V.R.C., who put on 24, against 25 by Pte. J. Goudie, the other tie men having 23 and 22. The Barlow tyro team prizes, shot in connection with the Ross match, resulted in the teams of the 77th and 48th Highlanders being tied for fourth place with 175 each, and conditions are that the highest scorers —Pte. Milligan, 48th, and Piper Lush, 77th —have to shoot off for the team prize.

The Caron Cup match, for tyro teams of five men in the Barlow, Bankers, Macdougall, and Dominion matches, at 500 and 600 yards, was won by the 43rd D.C.O.R. first team, with 530 points. The next teams in order were: 43rd (second team), 622; 5th R.G.R. (Halifax), 320.

The Gillespie Challenge Cup match was won by the Queen's Own Rifles, with a score of 708. Lieut. R. A. Robertson of the 12th secured the medal for the highest individual score in the competition, making 130 points.

Teams next in order were: 13th, 704; 77th, 689; 48th Highlanders (second team), 681; 43rd D.C.O.R. (first team), 680; 43rd (second team), 677.

The Kirkpatrick Challenge Cup, presented for the team of a bona-fide militia unit or rifle association making the highest aggregate in the Walker and Dominion matches, was won this morning by the 12th Regiment, which scored 707 points. Next on the list were: Manitoba Rifle Association, 706; 43rd D.C.O.R. (first team), 704; British Columbia Rifle Association, 694; 48th Highlanders, 638.

Borden Match Scores.

H. L. Borden match; range, 500 yards; rounds, seven; use of orthoptics or any aid to sight other than clear spectacles, is prohibited:

Cup, medallion and $16.25—Pte Copping, 3rd VRC, 35.

$16.25—Pte J Goudie, 8th RR, 35.

$16.25—Lance-Corp C E Phillips, 10th R G, 35.

$16.25—Lieut R H Ryan, RO, 35.

$11—Pte J Drysdale, 3rd VRC, 34.

$11—Pte G Milligan, 77th, 34.

$10—Gr E Boutellier, 1st CA, 34; Lieut J W Day, 93rd, 34.

$8—Staff-Sergt G H Blair, 78th, 34; Capt H Graham, 36th, 34; Sergt C McDermid, 43rd, 34.

$7—Sergt W Gould, 30th, 34; Major W P Moore, 20th, 34; Color-Sergt J Moscrop, 6th DCOR, 34; Sergt-Major F Richardson, 5th CA, 34.

$6 each—Sergt-Major S J Huggins, 13th, 33; Staff-Sergt J Huton, 4th Hussars, 33; Pte W F Graham, 77th, 33; QMS A Young, RCR, 33; Pte Veary 3rd VRC, 33.

$5.50 each—Lieut A Maclean, 13th, 33; Pte. L Shetz, 29th, 33.

$5 each—Capt T Mitchell, R.L., 33; Pte W A Elliott, 48th, 33; Staff-Sergt H J Fenes, 6th DCOR, 33; Pte G Lacy, 43rd, 33; Sergt H Hudson, RCGA, 33; Capt E Stewart, 4th CA, 33; Sergt H Haydon, 30th, 33; Pte G W Russell, GGFG, 33; Pte E H E'mes, 13th, 33; Pte A H Irving, 29th, 33; Pte G Meade, 48th, 33, Pte G Durrand, 10th, 33; Capt O W Wetmore, 74th, 33; Capt D C Munro, 44th, 33; Capt Van Leon, 37th, 33; Capt A A Cameron, 50th, 33; Major C L MacAdam, RO, 32; Captain J L Liniput, 29th, 32; Mr. G A Thompson, Montagne RC, 32; Staff-Sergt T Gandin, 1st PWF, 32; Staff-Sergt W D Davidson, 48th, 32; Pte W Short, GGFG, 32; Lieut M E Sutherland, 78th, 32; Capt W C King, 46th, 32.

$4 each—Pte S Dawson, GGFG, 32; Capt A D Cartwright, 10th RG, 32; Capt Duff Stuart, 6th, DCOR, 32; Corporal R McGregor, GGFG, 32; Lieut W P Anderson, RO, 32; Capt J N Jones, 82nd, 32; Pte S G McConnell, 43rd, 32; Gunner T J Clark, 1st C A, 32; Sergt W Sadler, 8th R R, 32; Piper S Luske, 48th, 32; Trooper L Pinard, 1st FLDG, 32; Mr Gourlay, Montreal, RC, 32; Sergt J Caven, 5th CA, 32; Capt H C Blair, 78th, 32; Corp H S Morrison, 13th, 32; Pte Rowe, 10th RG, 32; Mr W Forrest, VRA, 32; Pte H Hayarcd, 32; Pte F Daubney, 43rd, 32; Major Davidson, 8th RR, 32; Pte Semple, 78th, 32; Sergt J G Murray, 5th RCR, 32; Capt A A Smith, 59th, 32; Capt McMicking, RL, 32; Color Sergt Snowball, 43rd, 32; Sergt Simpson, 10th, 32; Pte Mills, 3rd Vics, 32; Pte Elliot, 43rd, 32; QMS Mumford, 63rd, 31; Sergt T S Bayles, 10th RG, 31.

Tyros—Sergt W Kelly, 10th RG, 31; Corp W J Mason, 43rd, 31; Lance-Corporal Clark, 10th RG, 31; Pte Rankin, 56th, 31; Sergt-Major Dougherty, CMF, 31; Dr Trenholme, RMLI, 31; Gunner Labadie, 63th, 31; Sergt Lloyd, RMLI, 31; Pte D Gerrais, 43rd, 31; Corp L H Hartley, 5th RGR, 31; Staff-Sergt W Dymond, RSM, 31; Sergt J W Davison, AMC, 31; Sergt T H Bird, 5th RS, 31; Pte Barteaux, 69th, 31; Mr A Kennedy, Bellview RC, 31.

Barlow team prizes, $48, 3rd Vics, 195; $40, Governor-General's Foot Guards, 187; $32, 48th Highlanders, 180; $24, 77th and 48th Highlanders, 175 each; ties to be shot off.

The Ross Match.

The Ross match, 500 and 1000 yards, was shot off this afternoon under very favorable weather conditions. The prizes to the amount of $500 were won as follows:

$25—Pte W F Graham, 77th, 129.

$20—Corp J H Hollis, GGFG, 121.

$15—Pte F W Allen, 7th, 119.

$12—Sergt W A Smith, Ottawa Engineers, 113; Capt. A A Smith, 59th, 112.

$10—Sergt A H Stone, 13th, 111; Sergt J H Simpson, 10th RG, 111; Pte C B Oliver, 21st, 110; Gunner P H Hallett, HMS, Ariadne, 110; Major J T Hart, RO, 110.

$8—Major M S Mercer, QOR, 110; Sergt S Brecker, 48th, 109; Sergt A. Wilson, 43rd DCOR, 109; Pte D McNaughton, 5th RS, 108; Capt J M Jones, 82nd, 108; Sergt-Major F Richardson, 5th CA, 107; Pte S Dawson, GGFG, 105.

$6 prizes—Pte I J Parry, 6th DCOR, 105; Col-Sgt Cunningham, 6th DCOR, 105; Sgt W D Davidson, 48th Highlanders, 105; Pte C L Morrice, 1st PWF, 104; Sgt G W Sharpe, 2nd CA, 104; Lieut M McPherson, 77th, 104; Pte F Stewart, 74th, 104; Sergt W F Stevens, 1st PYF, 103; Sergt H A Chandler, 74th, 103; Mr J F Moore, Perth Rifle Club, 102; Sergt-Major M Docherty, C M.R., 102; Corp F Kerrick, RE, 102; Staff-Sergt H Kerr, 48th Highlanders, 101; Sergt W Sadler, 8th, RR, 101; Pte W Master, 1st PWF, 101; Lieut A Hayne, 13th, 101; Lieut W L Ross, 13th, 100; Mr. E S Farren, St John's Rifle Club, 100; Lieut A F Zimmerman, 13th, 100; Capt W C King, 46th, 99; Pte A Scheurer, IOR, 99; Sergt-Major S J Huggins, 13th, 99; Pte W G Jeffries, 48th Highlanders, 99; Lieut.-Col W P Anderson, RO, 99; Corp J P White, I OR, 99; Staff-Sgt Ghadin, 1st PWF, 98; Sergt N Medhurst, RCD, 97; Pte G Milligan, 77th, 97; Pte G Durrand, 90th, 97; Capt McCrimmon, 7th, 97; Lieut T V Andersen, 13th, 97; Capt W E Stewart, 4th CA, 97.

84 prizes—Pte. H Warner, 56th, 97; Sergt John Caven, 5th CA, 96; Captain A D Cartwright, 10th RG, Lieutenant A Robertson, 77th, 96; Corp H W Patterson, 43rd DCOR, 96; Corp W C Mason, 43rd DCOR, 95; Sergt G H Blair, 78th, 95; Lieut W E Forbes, 73rd, 95; Pte L N Christie, 78th, 95; Pte J W Marks, 1st PWF, 95; Pte A Connors, IOR, 95; Corp W Grant, 6th DCOR, 95; Sergt W H Allan, 56th, 94; Capt W Hart-McMarl, 9th DCOR, 94; Pte P Armstrong, 13th, 94; Sergt C Brooks, 48th High, 94; Mr W H Forrest, VRA, 94; Capt E J Pelletier, 65th, 94; Sergt I V Williams, 6th DCOR, 93; Capt J B Miller, RO, 93; Capt A Wilson, 33rd, 93; Pte C S C Scott, 43rd DCOR, 93; Sergt T Mitchell, 13th, 93; Pte R Doherty, IOR, 92; Sergt J J Bell, 2nd CA, 92; Capt T Mitchell, RL, 92; Capt P Jardine, 29th, 92; Capt S Y Wilson, 63rd, 92; Sergt R W Longuell, 63rd, 92; Color-Sergt C Emery, 43rd DCOR, 92; Capt D A Cameron, 56th, 92; Lieut M E Sutherland, 78th, 92; Pte W Hilton, 57th, 92; Surg-Major J Ross, 77th, 91; Pte E C O'Brien, 30th, 91.

Scores of 91 counted out.

Judging Distance.

In the judging distance competition, conducted late this afternoon, Lieuts. T. F. Elmitt and J. S. Stevenson, both of the 43rd D.C.O.R., tied for the first two places. The tie will be decided to-morrow. The remaining prizes were:

Clock donated by Col. Tilton, $20.

$15—QMA Young, RSM, 7.

$10—Drill-Sergt Blake-Forster, RCR, 6.

$8—Major W H Davidson, 8th RR, 5; Gr C T Burns, 1st CA, 5.

$5—Sergt G Brooks, 48th, 5; Capt J M Davison, QOR, 5.

$4.50—Mr F H Senshner, 4; Capt G A McMicking, RL, 4.

$4 prizes—Sergt Medhurst, RCD, 4; Pte H Tyers, 10th RG, 4; Sergt G Mortimer, 10th RG, 4; Major M S Mercer, QOR, 4; Pte H Motton, Australia, 4.

CANADA'S NEW LITERARY LIGHT.

Arthur Stringer, Ontario Fruit Farmer and New York Novelist.

A poet of almost heroic build is Arthur Stringer. There are six feet and an inch of him. Also he is more or less good to look at. An English recruiting sergeant would scan him with longing eyes. Seeing him in a crowd you might pick him out for a champion athlete or, by his smooth face, for a matinee idol. There's nothing about him to suggest the poet—save his poetry. Neither does he seem to have the poetic temperament. He is no dreamer, no idler. His mental poise seems to be as sound and as well balanced as his physical carriage, which is saying a good deal.

Canada is rather proud of having produced such a poet, and with good cause. London, Ontario, is his birthplace. His years are about thirty. He comes from a fine old English family in which there's an earldom or something of the sort, but Mr. Stringer carefully keeps this fact in the background. He stands on his own feet.

You may see by glancing at his picture that he needs no coat-of-arms background to proclaim his nobility.

He studied and played football at Toronto University and at Oxford. If they gave him any degrees he has forgotten it. Before he was twenty-five he had published two volumes of verse in Canada. They were slim little volumes which brought him small fame and less money. Yet it was poetry, good poetry. The Canadians, however, prefer to wait until "The States" discover their geniuses before showing their own appreciation. So Mr. Stringer sailed down into New York, prepared to starve in a hall bedroom. But he didn't. The New York magazine editors—who are much maligned, you know—promptly discovered that his poetry was good and paid him well for his verses. Since then, both by short stories and verse, he has been winning wide recognition and the rewards which accompany the same.

Just now, while his new book of poems is being praised by the London critics, while the publishers are issuing his first novel, "The Silver Poppy," reviewed in this number, Mr. Stringer is up in Ontario, on the shores of Lake Erie, looking after his fruit farm, working in blue shirt and overalls and enjoying himself hugely. Next fall, when his melons and pears and grapes have all been gathered and sold, he will pack his trunks and typewriting machine and start either for New York or London, where he will settle down for a winter's hard work.

Mr. Stringer's novel is likely to receive an extraordinary amount of attention in the newspapers on account of the identity of the well-known writer who figures in the book as Cordelia Vaughn. Mr. Stringer first met the lady in the manner described in the book, and his experiences of this "yellow vampire" are faithfully described. Every writer in New York will know the original of Mr. Stringer's heroine, and few will dispute the truth of his portrayal of her character. It is more than likely that Cordelia Vaughn's real name will soon be suggested in the newspapers.—The Reader.

Almost Has a Monopoly.

Judge Winchester will open the sessions of the peace for the County of York on Tuesday. A remarkable feature of the session is the fact that of about forty cases to be tried 26 defendants have picked upon T. C. Robinette, K.C., to defend them. Assault, perjury, highway robbery, non-support, seduction, forgery, malicious injury, intimidation, keeping gambling house, shooting with intent, receiving stolen property, assaulting police, false pretences and indecent assault, are among the offences for which his clients have been indicted.

Chicago Motorists Here.

At the Arlington Hotel three millionaire citizens of the State of Illinois are spending a few days, having come thru in their motor vehicles to see Canada's Great Fair. They are L. L. Borden, a wealthy ranch owner of Tonti; A. W. Church and J. S. Joslyn of Rockford. Mr. Borden was in Toronto a couple of weeks ago on his way to Montreal, and returned yesterday. The others have a French car of the latest pattern, which is capable of making 45 to 50 miles an hour. They report having had an extremely disagreeable ride owing to the bad condition of the roads.

Theological Conference.

The eighth annual theological conference of Victoria University opens in the college chapel on Tuesday next, Sept. 8. It is expected that a large gathering of preachers and laymen will enjoy the program. The sessions continue until Friday evening, Sept. 11, on which evening the annual lecture of the Theological Union will be given by Rev. J. H. Stevenson, M.A., Ph.D., of Vanderbilt University, on "The Catholicity of the Prophets."

Unknown Man Struck.

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—An unknown man was struck on the Canada Atlantic near Alexandria to-night. He was walking along the track when struck.

TOLD SECOND HAND

An Interesting True Tale of Feeding

A bright young woman of Coin, Iowa, who keeps her eyes open, tells an interesting and true story of her chum's experience with food.

She says: "She had nervous dyspepsia for several years and when an attack came on she would go to a physician and get some relief up to last year, when she had the grip, which left her very weak, and then her stomach collapsed and refused to retain anything but the very simplest foods. Soon she could not eat even those and for seven days she had no nourishment but raw egg and milk and she was told by a physician that a change of air and scene might restore her to partial health, but she would never again be well and would probably die of consumption of the bowels.

"She always complained of terrible distress after eating, which was soon followed by vomiting, yet she was so hungry all the time that she would try to eat. One day she read an article about Grape-Nuts and asked her father to get some, and he went out and bought a package. She took a tablespoonful moistened with a little milk. The taste was delicious and satisfying, and to everyone's surprise there was absolutely no pain or trouble in her stomach after eating it.

"After a couple of hours she called for some more Grape-Nuts and this time the amount was doubled, and soon after eating it she fell into a sound, natural sleep, sleeping for several hours, something she had not done since her illness without the aid of morphine. She continued to use Grape-Nuts alone for one week, improving rapidly all the time, and then began to increase her diet as her returning strength and appetite made this possible.

"Four months from the time she first commenced the use of Grape-Nuts she became a comparatively healthy girl, quite strong and vigorous, eating, sleeping and working much better than she had done for years. She and her friends feel that she owes her life to the scientific food Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Manufactures at the Fair "Made-in-Canada" Brands

Development of Industrial Enterprise Illustrated by Placing of Large Order for Woollens by British Trade Delegates—More Than 200 Lines of Manufacture Represented.

The tremendous industrial force of the Dominion is effectively illustrated by the display of finished goods in the manufactures building. Everything necessary to the comfort of the individual or the utility of modern civilization is exhibited here. "Made in Canada" is a motto that means more to a Canadian after he has inspected this huge structure. It represents all that is best in the development of the native manufacturing art. These are the things that require the good red blood and thought and energy and capital of the men of affairs in the nation. Mechanical genius and natural resources require the daring captains of industry to make them actual potential factors. Canadian commerce in the making, therefore, receives its best example in this aggregation. If the patriotic pride of a citizen of the Dominion is not stimulated by this display of his country's greatness in the field of manufacture his constitution is defective. In spite of meagre protection afforded its infant industries in competition with the established agencies of the Old World the contrast shows British North America to advantage.

The manufacturing centre of the world is England and the cry of other nations seeking a market for its manufacturing products is some effective measure of protection against the giant of the industrial age, yet from the exhibit of woollens in this building yesterday the representative of one of the largest blanket manufacturers in England ordered a consignment of stock. Imagine the significance of this transaction! Canadian manufacturers of woollens shipping stock into the London market in actual competition with manufacturers of that centre of industrial development! This is a fact, as curiously out of place as it may appear. William Maude of Bradford, England, and Whiteley Horsfall of Halifax, England, delegates to the Imperial Trades Congress, both representatives of large woollen manufacturers of England, inspected the woollen exhibits, and the latter placed the order mentioned. It is for a quantity of blankets—the finest the trade commands. In addition both these gentlemen requested that samples of the stock in blankets be at once forwarded their firms. Each pronounced the designs and workmanship the finest they had ever seen. The machinery used for this particular line, they asserted, was superior to that used by their houses and Mr. Horsfall took the address of the manufacturer with the avowed purpose of securing some of this machinery. And every article in the woollen exhibit is of Canadian manufacture, made from material produced in Canada, by Canadian-born labor, designed by Canadian artists and manufactured largely from machinery invented and perfected in Canada by Canadians, all promoted and developed by Canadian capital! Does this sound as if the Dominion's destiny is to be confined to the production of the raw materials for other nations to be turned into finished articles for the enriching of the artisans of other sections of the world? This order was placed with a Kingsville, Ont., firm.

Here is to be seen an exhibition of the products of nineteen Canadian woollen mills. Many delegates of the Imperial Trades Congress unhesitatingly asserted that much of the suitings could not be distinguished by an expert from the imported article. The knit goods displayed in one section are labeled, "From the largest knitting mills in the world." The largest in the world, employing the largest number of operatives in the world, and the company is a Canadian organization doing business in four big mills in as many different portions of Canada, with headquarters at Paris, Ont. And yet the Dominion is referred to as the "Granary of the Empire" only! This is a lesson for the schoolchildren of all Canada to learn. Apparently the Dominion's capacity for producing the raw products has been more broadly advertised than her extraordinary industrial facilities. With her position so firmly established as the empire's granary and her growing manufacturing importance who will undertake to place a limit on the possibilities of the Dominion?

There are more than two hundred separate lines of manufacture represented, and so practical is the arrangement that any given booth may be found as readily as a street number. From A to S the blocks are numbered, and Supt. Scott asserts that the exhibit is more complete than during any previous fair. He says the exhibitors, too, are well satisfied with the arrangements and the number of people daily inspecting the two acres of showroom. The fire protection is complete and with three stand pipes in the centre aisle and three hose concealed beneath the floor, Supt. Scott says three streams can be playing on any given portion within fourteen seconds after an alarm. Because of the fine light and ventilation the throng that visits the building is on the increase. Yesterday the crowds were so large as to make the work of inspection difficult. The three big doors thru which entrance from the north is accomplished are duplicated on the south side, affording a splendid view of the lake. At each end are other doors and the booths are in the double column thru the entire building. Of iron and stone the structure in which the manufactures are housed at the Fair is as nearly fireproof as a building can be made.

Food products are well represented here in a finished state and the live stock and agricultural by-products are shown in greatest profusion. The musical instruments occupy a fine space and the catalog shows the Canadian stock in this line is being shipped to all parts of the world. A big display of elderdown articles for women and children, the first ever produced by a Canadian manufacturer, is to be seen here. American manufacturers of agricultural and live stock products are in the field and offer to compete with the Canadian article at every turn, but the comparison ought to give the home-made goods a big preference. In metal and jewelry lines the native product is displayed most attractively. The big stores of Toronto have exhibits here showing their different departments, and the fur stocks shown are being favorably mentioned in comparison with those of Paris and New York.

Not a foot of space in the big building has been wasted. There were applications for more floor space than the huge proportions afforded some time before the show opened. As it is 250 separate exhibits are housed. This means another storey to the structure some day. The upper portion at present is being devoted to lounging room for tired mothers, and it is very popular. Porter.

MAY THEIR TRIBE INCREASE.

Do you observe occasionally the old fashioned family that attend the Fair? They come for a good time and they have it. If they are aware of the curious eyes upon them and the mirth they provoke they do not exhibit the fact. They are too much absorbed with the new sights. Usually they are from a section remote from city life and there is a charm for them even in the big colored signs. Usually the father carries a big basket full of good things from the farm and mother has a black bag in which is the money they propose to spend. They have a big family and all stay close together. The party is at the gates by times wondering why town folk don't begin business early. When they get in they inspect everything closely. They take solid comfort out of everything and the children are not afraid to ask questions. The jokes of the fakirs along the Midway amuse them immensely and they laugh at them. They can't understand when the joke men in front of the tents ask everybody to step up closer why they should not be accommodating. They enjoy the painted chap made up as a Rube and declare him fine. The children wear patched clothes usually of home design. You can't tell whether the boys are going from you or coming toward you by looking at their trousers, but they are all healthy and smiling and their happiness and their homely phrases remind you of the old days before your family began to scatter. Perhaps toward noon the mother selects a green spot down by the lake and the capacious lunch basket is opened. The generous proportions of the food supply would make a town boy frantic. There is usually a whole boiled ham with some spice stuck here and there in the pink meat, a couple of baked chickens and a brown crock of butter with a white cloth tied over it. The pickles and the cheese and the cold boiled eggs and the wilderness of pies and cakes and brown bread dwindle rapidly as the hungry children wade into it. Each child has a big piece of food in each hand and tries to eat and talk at the same time. A stranger who glances hungrily at the family circle is hospitably invited to have a bite. When every child has finished the mother sends the eldest down to the lake with one of the tins for some water and with a towel taken from a secret recess wipes the grease from the face of the baby and perhaps a few others of her flock, the father lights a pipe and away they go to the grand stand. The clowns make them laugh furiously and if the youngest can't hear the jokes the mother repeats them. Then they all laugh again.

The Carnations would like to arrange a game for next Saturday at Island Park, Robertsons, Osgoodes, Cook's Church or any factory team preferred. Address H. Rosenthal, secretary, 20 Catherine-street.

20 Years of Vile Catarrh

Wonderful Testimony to the Curative Powers of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

Chas. O. Brown, journalist, of Duluth, Minn., writes: "I have been a sufferer from Throat and Nasal Catarrh for over 20 years, during which time my head has been stopped up and my condition truly miserable. Within 15 minutes after using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I obtained relief. Three bottles have almost, if not entirely, cured me."

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves piles instantly.

CALLS HIMSELF A MURDERER,

But Local Police Think 'Tis But an Alcoholic Delusion.

The man who walked into the Police Court yesterday afternoon and requested that he be locked up, as he was guilty of murder, had his desires gratified and is still resting behind the bars. Deputy Chief Stuart is of the opinion that as soon as he sobers up he will regret his conduct and contradict his sensational statements.

He gives his name as Richard Carsberg, age 35, London, England. Some twenty years ago, he says, he, in company with two other men, was riding in a railway carriage on the Metropolitan road when a fight arose between his two companions, one drawing a revolver. In the scuffle that ensued he declares he accidentally touched the trigger of the revolver, discharging it and mortally wounding the other. His surviving companion was accused of murder, tried and hanged, while Carsberg fled.

The man yesterday, in variable moods of mirth and sadness, explained that he had been roaming all over the world trying to forget his experience of long ago. The police take no stock in his story.

LOCAL BREVITIES

A. Finney retained possession of a dog in dispute.

Charles H. Butcher, a C.P.R. cafe car conductor, appropriated $100, intending to return it, and was given 60 days in yesterday's Police Court.

Inspector Hughes called a meeting of school principals yesterday afternoon to adjust any difficulties that might arise out of the promotions in the various grades.

H. R. Ranks, 445 West Queen-street, had his overcoat stolen some days ago, and advised the police. A warrant was sworn out for William Murrow, and yesterday P. C. Newton arrested Murrow with the coat on him.

The Island Aquatic Association will hold an invitation dance at their club house at Centre Island on Friday evening at 8.30. Invitations can be got from the secretary or any of the committee. There will be a late boat for the convenience of the guests from the city.

The Ontario Christian Endeavor will hold a convention at Stratford from Sept. 29 to Oct. 1, inclusive. Every young people's society in the province will send delegates. Rev. A. L. Geggie, Rev. Elmore Harris, Rev. A. Elsler, Rev. T. A. Moore and Rev. R. Whiting, Toronto, will deliver addresses.

Rev. E. K. Warner of Three Oaks, Mich., who is acting as transportation secretary for the great Jerusalem convention, to be held next spring, has written the local Sunday School Association. He says that more delegates can be accommodated than was estimated last March, when file offers of a goodly number from this city were set aside. The contingent from this continent will leave by boat on March 8, 1904, and will return May 18.

PERSONAL MENTION

Dr. and Mrs. Bingham have just returned from a two-weeks' fishing trip up the Saguenay.

Mr. and Mrs. John Mitchell, Watford, called on Premier Ross at the Parliament Buildings yesterday.

Dr. and Mrs. Bedford Richardson of 10 Carlton-street, have returned to the city after a month's holiday in Muskoka.

George B. Wylie, traveling passenger agent of the Illinois Central Railroad, Buffalo, N.Y., is in town in the interests of his road.

R. F. Stupart, chief of the Meteorological Surveys, has returned from a six weeks' trip to the east, where he has made an inspection of the stations. He will recommend that the number of signal stations be increased along the Atlantic and gulf coasts. Speaking of the forecasts, he says that they are the best and most accurate of any in America.

The Elms will practise at Hanlon's Point Thursday and Friday of this week. There will be a meeting after practice on Thursday evening. All the players are requested to turn out.

EXHIBITION RECEIPTS AHEAD

this fact was impressed upon one and all by the display of the "Made in Canada" sign card.

Made in Canada.

W. K. George, Ontario vice-president of the Manufacturers' Association, spoke in their behalf, owing to the regrettable absence of the president and vice-president on business trips.

Canada, he said, had every reason to be proud of her achievements in the manufacturing world. There was no country on the globe, with 5,000,000 of population, which had the same extensive range of products as Canada, nor which had products of as pure a quality.

R. J. Younge, secretary of C. M. A., said Canadian manufacurers in the past had had by no means an easy road to travel, but they had surmounted difficulties enough to discourage the stoutest hearts at times, and were now out upon the smoother road, where it was much easier to get along, and where faster time could be made. The great opposition from the people across the line had nerved Canadians onward till they could not now be surpassed anywhere.

J. P. Murray thanked the association board for their inauguration of the process building. He felt it was a move in the right direction, and prophesied a brilliant future for this department of the Exhibition.

Mr. Murray was loudly applauded when, in stating that, taking the imports to Canada at $163,000,000 annually, for the past four years (the figures are those of 1899), they had increased to $180,000,000, and he thought that $180,000,000 should have been made in Canada.

Germany's Loss Our Gain.

Harry McGee of the T. Eaton Co. spoke of the manufacturing done by this firm.

Five years ago they imported from Germany between $50,000 and $80,000, mostly in mantles; now the imports would total nearly $5000. They employed from 2000 to 2500 hands yearly.

R. A. Donald styled the Exhibition as the Ontario University of Industrial Progress, and, as such, was doing as great an educational work as any institution in the country.

Sanford Evans pressed the manufacturers to pay more attention to the Fair in Winnipeg. Up there, he said, American goods had the preference, because Canadian firms were apathetic to the Western needs.

At the Dairy Building.

An interesting exhibition of butter and cheese making was given in the dairy building yesterday morning. The work was done by R. W. Burns of Havelock, N.B., and J. Bouchard of St. Hyacinthe, Que., who made 14 pounds of butter from 60 pounds of cream. The cheese was made by J. H. Kerr of Belleville. Two vats of milk were set at different times in order to allow the spectators to see the cheese-making process in different stages.

In the afternoon G. G. Publow, Chief Inspector of the Dairy Section of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, gave an address on the system of dairy instruction in Eastern Ontario.

The first step toward proper instruction in cheese making, said Mr. Publow, was grouping together of the cheese factories in groups numbering not over 30 in each section. An instructor was appointed by the government for each group. The government's object in this grouping was to insure better quality and a higher excellence in the dairy product. A uniformity of cheese was being striven for, and it was thought that this was the best method of its accomplishment.

The duties of these instructors were outlined by Mr. Publow. He said they visited the factories for the purpose of ascertaining whether the maker was treating the people from whom he received the milk in a fair and honest manner; to see if he was handling their milk to the best advantage; whether he made the best of what he received, and so forth. Upon the inspection of cheese should it be found in any way defective or poor in quality, he had to find, if possible, the cause for the defects, and endeavor so far as in him lay to remedy the trouble by advising the maker of his errors.

It might be, tho, that the fault lay with the milk. In this case the instructor called upon the farmer and inspected his method of collecting and handling the milk. In many cases, too, meetings of the farmers in the community were called and addresses of instruction given. These meetings were held by the farmer as being most instructive in every way.

To Improve Cheese Standard.

Sometimes defects in cheese were caused by the condition of the factory, unsanitary or not modern machinery. In such cases the instructor called the attention of the owner or syndicate conducting the factory, and, tho having no power to enforce any regulations, he may, if his advice is not heeded, see the farmers who support the factory and acquaint them with the facts. The cheese factories, for the benefit of the uninformed, are now all owned by the farmer practically. He sends his milk to the factory and in return gets so much cheese, allowing in paying the maker so much for manufacture.

In advising the farmer, Mr. Publow says the first duty is to see that his milk is the very best he can produce, milk that will produce the greatest amount of cheese, then when he had done that, he must look to the factory for the best results obtainable. He should also be sure that the factory is suitable in every respect, and that the manager or boss of the factory is a competent cheese maker. If all this were done, the standard of Canadian cheese need never suffer from competitors.

"The cheese exhibit this year is exceptionally good," Mr. Publow told The World after his talk. "We have more cheese than we expected. It has taken two days to judge, and we are not thru yet."

Over 24 medals have been awarded to cheese over 94 per cent. pure. The cheese judges are G. G. Publow, J. A. Reddick, chief of the Dairy Division of the Agricultural Department, Ottawa, and G. H. Barr, chief of the dairy division in the West.

Rush Has Started Early.

Railway men are inclined to shake hands with themselves over the prospect of being freed this year from the usual tremendously heavy press of business during the last few days of the Fair. An official said yesterday that passenger traffic has not all been inward; many people have already seen the show and are going home, but will come back again. These are people for the most part who live within a short distance of Toronto and who find it more convenient to take several trips to the city than to stay in town for a more lengthy visit. It is expected that there will be a steady flow of traffic both in and out and that there will not be the congestion of other years, when people poured in until the last days of the Fair, and then all wanted to get home at the same time.

Yesterday at the depot was hardly as busy and the number of arrivals not so great as on Tuesday. Considerable complaint was made by visitors about the lack of an information bureau at the depot. This is the spot where a proper guiding spirit is most necessary and the city should do something to remedy the matter.

Cattle Judging Schedule.

Some splendid beef grade cattle were shown in the judging ring. Judge J. M. Gardhouse sometimes was troubled to make his choices, the animals were so evenly matched. The final results were as follows:

Class 202, Section 1—James Leaske, 1; J. Fried & Son, 2.

Sec. 2—Jas. Leaske, 1; J. Fried & Son, 2.

Sec. 3—R. & S. Nicholsoh, 1; Leaske, 2; J. Fried & Son, 3.

Sec. 4—Haining Bros., 1; Leaske, 2; Fried & Son, 3.

Sec. 5—Leaske, 1; David Hill, 2.

Sec. 6—Leaske, 1; Fried & Son, 2.

Sec. 7, sweepstake—Leaske won.

It is a noticeable fact that among the cattlemen and live stock exhibitors The World is seen sticking out of the coat pockets. They all take The World for true reports of cattle markets and doings generally. The dates for judging cattle and sheep have been decided. They are:

Cattle, Thursday, Sept. 3, 9.30 a.m.—Herefords, Aberdeen Angus, Galloways.

Friday, Sept. 4, 9.30 a.m.—Ayrshires, Jerseys, Guernseys, Holsteins.

Monday, Sept. 7, 10 a.m.—Shorthorns.

Sheep, Friday, Sept. 4, 9.30 a.m.—Cotswolds, Shropshires, Hampshires and Suffolk Downs, Southdowns, fat sheep.

Saturday, Sept. 5, 9.30 a.m.—Leicesters, Lincolns, Oxford Downs, Dorset horn.

Tuesday, Sept. 8—Judging competition.

Tuesday, Sept. 8, 2 p.m.—Sheep shearing.

Swine, Thursday, Sept. 3, 9.30 a.m.—Chesters, Duroc Jerseys, A. O. V.

Saturday, Sept. 5, 2 p.m.—Bacon hogs.

Tuesday, Sept. 8—Judging competition.

Class 201—Dairy Grade Cattle.

Sec. 1—Wilson & Sons 1, Leask 2, Freid & Son 3.

Sec. 2—Leask 1 and 2, A. Wales 3.

Sec. 3—Leask 1 and 2, A. Wales 3.

Sec. 4—J. & H. Russell 1.

Sec. 5—Leask 1, Freid 2.

Judge, T. O. Robson.

Canadian Girl's Success.

Very few of the thousands of people who have already witnessed the spectacle before the grand stand know that the prima donna of the production is a Canadian girl, and a charming one, too. Miss Agnes Macdonald is her name, and she owns Orillia as her native town, and she is a connection of the family of the late Sir John A. Macdonald. Miss Macdonald studied music and pantomime in Italy for five years, and, from being under-

study to the noted Mdme. Blondelli, with Kiralfy's productions, graduated into the proud position of "leading lady." Miss Macdonald has also had prominent roles in some of the big New York musical shows, where her vivacious manners and highly cultured voice have won her considerable notice. Miss Macdonald has bewitching eyes, and it's a pity the distance twixt grand stand and stage is so great as to render the maid from Orillia little opportunity to properly distinguish herself here. Miss Macdonald also directs the performance of the girls with the bells, whose unique playing of "The Maple Leaf" and other patriotic airs is one of the features of the spectacle.

Cat Show is Opened.

The cat show was announced to open at 10 o'clock yesterday, but owing to some misunderstanding the doors were not open for visitors till the afternoon. All morning the express company drivers were busy landing small cages, baskets and other small receptacles in which were stowed away behind bars and beneath perforated covers, all kinds, shades and sizes of the feline family. There were pussies galore. Cats with large bushy tails, cats with no tails at all and cats with just the ordinary sized tail were very much in evidence, and when all were congregated in their cages at the show the music of the meows was not altogether lovely.

The show is a splendid one, tho, some really fine specimens of the Angora, Persian and Manx cats being shown. Wee little white kittens with blue ribbons, coal black ones with gold bands about their necks, and others that, to the uninitiated, look like the ordinary back-yard-fence sleep-destroyers, make up an excellent collection.

"Little Mothers" Cooking.

"Little mothers" were demonstrating in the domestic science department of the women's building in the afternoon. It was a pretty sight to witness 12 little girls neatly dressed in pinafores, sleevelets and tiny white lace caps. The little ladies, under the direction of Miss Porter, late of the Drexell Institute, Philadelphia, and now of the Lillian Massey School, and who was ably assisted by Miss Little, made some dainty tea biscuits and pots of cocoa, which were sampled by the spectators and pronounced to be fine. Miss Laird of the Lillian Massey School gave the little ones a short talk on the hygiene of good cooking, and afterwards the ladies of the W. C. T. U. rendered a fine musical program. In the morning a class of small boys were working in the manual training department and did some really fine carpentering work.

The demonstrations will be carried on to-day, both morning and afternoon.

Woman's Historical Society.

The meeting in the woman's building to-day at 4 is under the auspices of the Woman's Canadian Historical Society, when Mrs. Mortimer Clark, honorary president, will be welcomed. There will be a musical program, and Frank Yeigh will give a talk on "Historical Places in Eastern Canada." A large attendance is expected.

They're All Welcome.

Callers at The World office press bureau, Exhibition grounds, yesterday were: W. D. Garwood, Hanlan's Point; S. Solman, Toronto; M. Dice, Milton; G. B. Wyllie, Buffalo; M. L. Dack, Chicago; Jos. Dillabough, Chicago; Daniel J. Day, Buffalo; "The Elk of moose

**The Most Certain