

Republican, and was a delegate to the National Convention which nominated Gen. Grant. While attending to his private affairs, he has not been neglectful of his public duties, and probably no man has given more liberally of his time and means in improving Racine than Mr. Blake. He was one of the first trustees under the village government, and succeeded his father as treasurer of Racine County. During 1843-64 he served as provost-marshal of Racine County. He was chairman of the first finance committee, and has been a member of the city council for several terms, and at present is the president of it. In 1870 he was a member of the legislature, and secured the passage of several bills of importance to his constituents and to Racine City. His wife is an English lady, whose maiden name was Caroline Elliott. They have three children, and two are dead. He and his wife became members of the First Baptist Church of Racine in 1843. Mr. Blake is not desirous of holding office, but consents to do so, when, by so doing, good may be accomplished. He has led a laborious life, and deserves to richly enjoy the results of it.

HON. IAN B. BRUNSON.—He was born in Ohio. In 1836 he came to Prairie du Chien, Wis. He was a member of the Territorial assembly in 1837, 1838, and 1839. He has been judge of Crawford County since 1853.

FREDERICK WILLIAM COTZHAUSEN.—He was born at Cambach, an ancient castle near Aix-la-Chapelle in Peppin, Prussia, July 21, 1838. He received private tuition at home till he was ten years of age, when he entered the Gustavus-Adolphus College at Meurs, where he remained until 1853. After graduating, he removed to Cologne, and devoted himself for two years at the Academy of Arts and Commerce, especially to the study of mathematics, natural science, and modern languages. Having again graduated *cum laude*, he emigrated to the United States in 1856, and settled at Milwaukee, where he has resided ever since. He is by profession a lawyer, and confines himself closely to the pursuit of his vocation. He was a candidate for office but once, and was elected, almost without opposition, in 1872, to represent the third district in the senate. He refused a renomination. He is the public administrator in and for the city and county of Milwaukee. He was a member of the Board

of Regents of normal schools. His ancestors have always been Democratic.

JUDGE WILLIAM S. PANDY.—He was born in Carlisle, Sullivan County, Ind., Aug. 28, 1822. His father died when he was eleven years of age. Previous to this time, his opportunities were limited to subscription schools. From this time he assisted his mother, who was left with insufficient means to support a large family of children. At the age of fifteen he commenced to learn the saddler's trade, which vocation he followed for about eleven years. He came to the Territory of Wisconsin in 1845: after spending all his money in mining, he worked in Mineral Point, at his trade, for about six months. He married in Indiana, and settled in Highland, Iowa County, this State, where he remained for one year. He removed to Bad Axe, Crawford County (a portion of which now constitutes Vernon County), where he has since resided. He followed farming for ten years, when he was elected clerk of the circuit court; which position he held for eight years. He represented Crawford, Richland, and Vernon Counties in the senate for one year. While on the farm, he filled nearly all the different town offices. In 1850 he was admitted to the bar. He was elected county judge in 1860, and is now serving his second term. He was married, in 1846, to Jane E. Lemen. He has buried two children, and has two girls and six boys living. He was a member of the Whig party while it was in existence. He is now a Republican, and has always been an active politician.

HON. ENOCH CHASE, M.D.—He was born at Derby, Vt., Jan. 16, 1800. He worked on the farm till he was sixteen years of age, when he met with an accident which unfitted him for working on a farm, and caused him to study medicine. In 1821 he graduated from Dartmouth College. In July of that year he settled at Coldwater, Mich. He was appointed adjutant in the Michigan militia, in 1832, in the Black-Hawk war. He removed to Milwaukee, April 9, 1835. His family was the first to settle on the south side of Milwaukee River. He was the only practicing physician in Milwaukee till 1830. He was secretary of the first public meeting held in the place, and drew up the first memorial sent to Congress for an appropriation for a harbor. The first religious service by a Methodist was held in his house in