### Published by Foreign Affairs Canada

To obtain more information or additional free copies of this booklet, visit your nearest Passport Office, check the Consular Affairs Web site (www.voyage.gc.ca), or write to:

#### **Enquiries Service**

Foreign Affairs Canada 125 Sussex Drive Ottawa, ON K1A 0G2

Tel.: 1 800 267-8376 (in Canada) or (613) 944-4000

E-mail: Engserv@international.gc.ca

We would like to receive your comments on this booklet. Write to us at the above address or e-mail us at **voyage@international.gc.ca**.

The information in this booklet is in the public domain and may be reproduced without permission.

#### For more information

The "For more information" section (p. 7) includes information on publications, resources and programs available from Foreign Affairs Canada, as well as from other government departments and agencies mentioned throughout the text.

This publication is available in alternative formats upon request.

Ce document est aussi disponible en français sous le titre *La double citoyenneté*.

Note: The information contained in this booklet is subject to change, Please check with our Web site or the appropriate government departments and organizations mentioned inside to ensure you have the most current information.

0 Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Canada, represented by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, 2004

Cat. No.: E2-454/2002 ISBN: 0-662-66370-5

⊕

# Dual Citizenship

## WHAT TRAVELLERS SHOULD KNOW

ual citizenship occurs when a person is the citizen of more than one country. Canadian law permits this: you can remain or become a citizen of another country and still be recognized as a Canadian.

But dual citizenship (also called dual nationality) is not legally recognized in all countries. This can lead to serious difficulties for Canadians when they are in the country of their second citizenship. It can also create problems in third countries if there is any confusion over what citizenship was used to obtain entry.

In some cases, you may not be aware that you're a citizen of another country. A second citizenship may result from:

- · an application for citizenship
- place of birth
- family connections, including place of birth of one of your parents or even grandparents
- marriage
- · extended residency

Many Canadians remain or become citizens of another country because of the advantages, including:

- employment opportunities
- entitlement to social programs, such as pensions
- property ownership
- · unrestricted residency