upe of beingra ed esiwexil lliw anoliquexe eAPPENDIX 'C' ment and materials in transit through Cambodian territory and destined for other countries receiving military aid from the United States Countries Military Assistance Missions 20th June, 1955.

From

The General Commander-in-Chief of the travention of Article 7 mantail for curr arluqued Cessation of Hostilities in Cambodia which says, "the Royal Government of Cambodia will not join in any agreement with other State of it

The Chairman of the International Commission int into a m.sibodmsolnislorinoo bns noisivrequelino the principles of the Charter of the United Nations or with the principles of the Agreement on the Cessation of Hostilities, or, as long as

its security is not threatened, the obligatio, naminal birmin

Recently the Royal Government of Cambodia has signed with the Government of the United States of America a military aid agreement. With a view to consolidate peace in Indochina, and in conformity with the policy of good neighbourhood between the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and the Kingdom of Cambodia, and as a signatory party to the Agreement on Cessation of Hostilities in Cambodia with the High Command of the Khmer National Armed Forces, we deem it necessary to present our point of view concerning the USA-Cambodia Agreement.

to notineva May we note a certain number of points as follows:-

Conference, Kingdom of Cambodia hereby confirms that it has agreed to make, consistent with its political and economic stability, the full contribution permitted by its manpower, resources, facilities and general economic condition to the development and main-tenance of its own defensive strength and the defensive strength The execution of the Geneva A."blrow earlneath foce,

independence and sovereignty to the fre of the As regards the members of the American military personnel, Point 2 states, "they will be accorded all facilities and full authority to enable them to follow the execution of the programme of assistance, including the utilization of the assistance furnished, and to report thereon, on a continuous Cambodia is not menaced .sisad the USA, when the Kingdom o

Agreement oversteps the lim According to Point 7, "if this equipment is no longer required for the purpose for which it was originally furnished, the Government of Cambodia will return it to the United States or dispose of it in accordance with the wishes of the Government of the United States

Indo-China According to Point 9, the Government of Cambodia will, by mutual agreement, furnish to the Government of the United States or to any other governments such equipment, materials, services and other assistance as may be mutually agreed upon in order to increase their capacity for individual or collective defence, or to facilitate their effective participation in the Collective Security system"

According to Point 2 of Annexe A, "the Government of Cambodia will authorize importation and exportation, free of duty and of any other internal taxation, for all objects, equipment, or materials, imported into Cambodia for its use or for the use of the Government of the United States in connection with the present Agreement: Democratic Republic of Vietnam as well as that of other neigh

countries of Cambodia.