

they are familiar to those in the habit of seeing bronchoceles. However, in some of our hospital museums the preparations themselves show how hopeless are all means of cure when once the trachea is grasped by the tumour. I had long thought over the matter, and came to the conclusion that the only remedy in such cases was to remove or divide that portion of the bronchocele which was in contact with the trachea itself—namely, the isthmus,—*before* it had commenced either to encircle the tube or had become too firmly adherent to it. This last summer the opportunity was afforded me to have this practice tried, and I am happy to say with the best results. The symptom that was the most urgent was dyspnœa, owing to the pressure of the enlarged isthmus, which had formed a distinct tumour over the trachea nearly the size of a walnut. This was adherent to the deep fascia over the trachea, and moved up and down with the tube and thyroid cartilage in the act of swallowing. Great distress and discomfort, and feelings of the most miserable and desponding nature were almost constantly present, invariably aggravated by attacks of recurrent dyspnœa. I was satisfied the lateral lobes were dipping backwards, and in a few weeks or months would have irretrievably compressed the trachea, as in the case of the young Oxford man. The details are briefly these:—

Margaret H——, aged twenty-nine, from Shropshire, a cook some years in London, was sent to me on April 27th, 1874, complaining of great discomfort and tension about the neck, and dyspnœa, from the presence of an enlarged thyroid gland, that had been enlarging on both sides of the neck for two years, but especially so on the right side. She described the feeling about the neck as a smarting one, and the swelling she said “draws the neck”—i. e., made the neck feel very tense, as if tied round with something. This had caused nausea and vomiting for some ten days. She was most desponding, quite pallid, and had changed from a stout to a thin girl. The goitre was distinctly prominent on the right side, and not so visible on the left, but the