

LYCENIDÆ.

Habrodias grunus, Boisd.—I have collected this species commonly in fall in the mountains, flying about its food-plant, *Quercus chrysolepis*, Lieb.

Attilides halesus, Cramer.—Very rare. I have only seen one specimen from this locality. The larva feeds on *Phoradendron villosum*, Nutt., with which *Quercus* is badly parasitized.

Uranotes melinus, Hubn.—Appears in late June, and is then abundant, flying about the flowers of *Brassica*, *Radix* and others. The larva lives on the flower-buds of *Malva*.

Thecla sœpium, Boisd.—Scarce, several specimens have been taken in the mountains in September.

Incisalia iroides, Boisd.—I have not examined specimens of this species closely, but I have seen several specimens collected at Alma, which I would consider as belonging to this species.

Callophrys dumetorum, Boisd. (= *affinis*, Edw., = *viridis*, Edw.).—Not rare in the foothills from April to May. The larva feeds on the buds of *Hosackia*.

Tharsalea arota, Boisd.—*Arota* flies in the mountains in late June about the flowers of *Ceanothus*. The larva feeds on *Ribes*.

Gœides xanthoides, Boisd.—Sparingly found in June and July on the blossoms of *Brassica*.

Gœides editha, Mead.—Occasionally seen, but not at all common.

Gœides gorgon, Boisd.—Rather common in the mountains in the vicinity of its food-plant, *Eriogonum*. The habits of the larva are quite similar to those of *Chrysobia mormo*. The imagoes emerge, as a rule, in early June, and the females are quite scarce.

Epidemia helloides, Boisd.—Quite common everywhere. The food-plant is *Polygonum aviculare* and others of that genus.

Cupido icarioides, Boisd.—Not rare in early spring in the foothills, flying about *Lupinus*, upon which the larva feeds.

Nomiades antiacis, Boisd., var. *Behrii*, Edw.—Usually not uncommon in the valley, flying from May to November. The food-plant is *Lupinus* of several species.

Philotēs sonorensis, Feld.—This species I have not met with myself, but Mr. Grundel has taken two at Alma, both in February. W. G. Wright (Butt. West Coast) gives Gilroy, in this county, as the extent of its northern range, and I believe it has been collected there by earlier collectors.