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THIRTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 3 1893. ONE CENT

D'ALTON'S NEWER PLATFORM

HE SAYS HIS LITTLE PIECE TO THE HOUSE.

Gives Notice of a Motion Which Inclines More to a General Reduction of the Tariff Than to Preferential Trade With Great Britain—The Nova Scotia Coal Deal Again Up.

OTTAWA, March 2.—D'Alton McCarthy has at last taken action with respect to the tariff, and at a late hour to-night gives notice of a motion which is much more general in its scope than was expected and is not so directly in the direction of preferential trade with Great Britain as had been anticipated, as it rather favors a general reduction of the tariff than a special reduction in favor of Great Britain. The following is the motion:

That since the introduction of the protective system sufficient time has elapsed for the establishment and development of such manufacturing industries as under existing conditions can be successfully carried on in Canada. Moreover, many manufacturers, sheltered behind the ramparts thus erected, have formed combinations and trusts which prohibit competition and create and maintain monopolies.

That the existing tariff, defensible only as a protective measure, has proved in many instances oppressive and burdensome to the great mass of the consuming classes and especially to those engaged in agricultural pursuits, is unfair and unequal in its incidents, and has been productive of discontent verging on disloyalty among those who suffer from its injustice.

That no sufficient reason has been adduced or exists requiring investigation respecting the foregoing facts, which are notorious, nor justifying delay in the passage of remedial legislation, which is imperative.

That in the opinion of this House the tariff ought to be at once amended in respect to the matters herein indicated, and also by the substantial reduction of customs duties in favor of the United Kingdom, in whose market all Canadian products are admitted duty free, and of those nations which under treaty obligations with Great Britain would be entitled to the same advantages, graduated, however, so as not unnecessarily to prejudice the business of the country nor to do wrong to those who have imported and paid duties in accordance with its provisions;

And this House declares its readiness to make a like reduction in favor of such other portions of the empire, or with such other foreign countries, especially the United States of America, as are willing to reciprocate in matters of trade with Canada on fair and equitable terms.

Masters and Mates.

The greater part of this afternoon session was taken up with a discussion of Hon. Mr. Costigan's bill to amend the act relating to masters and mates, in which Mr. Baird and other Maritime Province members participated.

Bribery at Elections.

As was anticipated would be the case, Mr. Weldon's bill to disfranchise electors who have taken bribes, and which was so unexpectedly strangled in committee last night, was restored to the order paper by the House to-day on motion of Mr. Weldon, after a short discussion, and will come up again next week.

Foreign Agents.

In reply to Mr. McCarthy's enquiry as to what action had been taken by the Government with regard to the resolution of the House on the matter of establishment of agents at Washington and other places, Hon. Mr. Foster said that while in England he and Sir John Abbott had brought the matter to the attention of Lord Rosebery, and it was found that there were a good many difficulties in the way of carrying out the proposal. There had not been any official written communication.

The First to Go Through.

The bill to amend the Act to readjust the representation in the House of Commons, passed through Commons with some slight amendments, was read a third time and passed, being the first Government measure to go through this session. The bill is merely to correct some errors in boundaries, which had crept into the bill last year.

Toronto's Seats.

Mr. Maclean (East York) asked Sir John Thompson whether he intended adding a clause redistributing the seats of Toronto on the basis of the recent municipal division of the city into six wards. Sir John reserved the right last session, when the bill went through, of reapportioning these seats any time before the next election.

Sir John said he had done nothing as yet, but an amendment might be in order later on.

Mr. Maclean said in conversation that the constituencies, as at present defined, ran in and out and about the six new wards, and it would greatly simplify the next election if these were made the basis of the redistribution clause.

The Coal Combine.

After recess Mr. Foster moved the House into Committee of Supply, when Dr. Weldon took occasion to bring up the question of the Nova Scotia coal combine. He reviewed the question at great length, going over the subject with great minuteness, quoting from the different acts and charters to show the present position of affairs.

His argument was to the effect that the bargain made by Mr. Fielding with the Whitney syndicate was liable to be made to operate to the disadvantage of the whole Dominion, and that in the general interest of the Dominion it was the duty of the Government to step in and advise his Excellency to disallow the bill pressed by the local Government.

Sir John Thompson replied, denying the justness of Mr. Weldon's contention that the other provinces of the Dominion had the right to interfere in legislation which was wholly under the jurisdiction of the local government. He said that while personally he would not approve of the bargain made by the Government of Nova Scotia, still that Government was the duly constituted authority in the province, and as they had large majorities in both Houses it was but reasonable to suppose that they represented the majority of the people of the province.

In conclusion he said that it was not incumbent on the Dominion Ministry to advise His Excellency to disallow the legislation of the Nova Scotia Legislature.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Kenny, McNeill, Fraser and Sir Donald Smith until midnight, when the matter dropped and the House went into supply, passed a few items, and adjourned at 12.15.

Incorporations.

In the Committee on Banking and Commerce this morning the bills to incorporate the Ocean Accident Corporation, the Ocean Guarantee Corporation and the Eastern Trust Co. were passed with some slight amendments and ordered to be reported to the House.

St. Patrick's Day.

Quite a number of members of the House are receiving invitations to deliver addresses on St. Patrick's Day. Dr. Montague has been asked to go to Perth, Mr. C. R. Devlin to Toronto, and Messrs. McInerney, Adams and Bergin to Cornwall.

Divorces Reported.

In the Senate Divorce Committee this morning the Howard divorce case was concluded and ordered to be reported to the Senate. The case of Mr. Hobden against his wife, who eloped with Mr. J. S. Allan of Montreal, was then taken up and evidence was heard as to cohabitation, after which the bill was ordered to be reported.

D'Alton's Speech.

It is said that Mr. McCarthy will not make his speech on the tariff until after Sir John Thompson leaves for England, but that the Menitoba school matter will come up next week, probably on Monday, when there will be a discussion as to the action of the Government in referring the matter to the Supreme Court.

Sir John's Departure.

It is understood to be definitely settled that Sir John Thompson will leave for England on the 10th inst. He will be accompanied by Lady Thompson and his two daughters and his private secretary, Mr. Douglas Stewart.

The Soo Tolls.

Mr. Lister to-night gives notice that he will ask the Government whether it is intended to recoup those Canadian shippers who had to pay tolls at the Sault Ste. Marie Canal.

CUM GRANO SALIS.

Canadians and Australians Threatening to Go To Ireland to Fight.

BOSTON, Mass., March 2.—A special to The Journal from Montreal says: "There are 20,000 Orangemen in Canada who are even now actively, though secretly, preparing to help their brethren in Ulster should the Irish Home Rule Bill pass the Commons and the Lords. Orangemen here thoroughly believe that trouble will occur in Ireland if the measure becomes law, and a prominent member of the Orange order in Quebec states that Orangemen are prepared to assist Ulster with money or with men if necessary. The different lodges all over the Dominion are in active correspondence, and a large sum of money is already subscribed.

"Negotiations have been opened with Australia, where there is a very large body of Ulster Protestants, and a contingent is promised from there to go to Ireland. One of the steamship companies here has been asked for rates for several thousand men. The Orange official who gave the information is employed on the Canadian Pacific Railroad and he says there are hundreds of men on that road eager to strike work and go to Ireland.

"What is to prevent the Irish in the States from returning to Ireland?" he was asked. He answered, "They are no good. The Orangemen in Canada would like to get at them. Of one thing there can be no doubt—the Orangemen here are willing and prepared to go to Ireland in case of trouble."

HIPPOLYTE DETERMINED

To Crush the Revolutions in Hayti—Dominicans Expelled.

NEW YORK, March 3.—A special from Kingston, Jamaica, says: News has reached here that President Hippolyte is determined to put an end to the incipient revolutions which have broken out in various sections of the black republic.

While he does not think, and this belief is shared generally by well-informed people, the troubles at all serious, he has taken steps to stop them and pacify the republic. At the head of a well-equipped army he has started on a tour of the country, and it is probable that the riotous or revolutionists will not meet with any considerable degree of consideration at his hands should he fall foul of them.

A gunboat follows the coast line, within supporting distance of Hippolyte's column, so as to be able to give prompt assistance in case trouble arises in any of the coast cities.

The Dominicans who sought refuge in Hayti after the recent failure of the attempt to unseat President Hereaux have been expelled from Haytian territory. This is regarded as an indication that there has been a satisfactory arrangement made between Hippolyte and Hereaux.

A NEGRO EXODUS.

Black Men Leaving the South to Scatter Themselves Over the World.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 3.—A large meeting of colored men was held here Tuesday night. Reporters were excluded, but it leaked out yesterday that a scheme looking to an exodus of the negroes from the south is being worked up, headed by men prominent among the blacks, Atlanta being the focus of the operations.

Jim Easley, one of the leading spirits, said: "Already 3000 negroes have gone out of this country, and the aggregate will be swelled in a short while until the number remaining will be small. The idea does not take in any special place, but the scheme is to have the negroes scattered out all over the west on little farms of 40 acres.

"One hundred thousand negroes will leave the south in the next few months. At the meeting here 275 men paid down $2 each as the first instalment to purchase farms."

A SYSTEMATIC FRAUD.

To Hunt Monsieur Clemenceau Out of Public Life.

LONDON, March 3.—The Paris correspondent of The Times says: The recrudescence of Panama revelations shows a systematic plot to hunt M. Clemenceau out of public life. It appears now likely to succeed.

French detectives have concentrated their efforts in their search of Arton upon the movements of the Viennese music hall singer, who was his supposed mistress. The lady, when interviewed, declared she had been offered large bribes, but would not betray Arton, with whom she has been in constant communication.

Arton, she said, did not fear arrest, as he was an expert linguist and actor; was an adept at disguising himself, and had even traveled and talked with detectives who were searching for him. At the same time she expressed surprise at the anxiety to arrest, as he possessed papers which would greatly embarrass the authorities.

Dr. Fenton Recovering.

Some time ago Dr. Fenton, one of the resident staff of the General Hospital, received a small cut in the hand while performing a post mortem examination. He thought the cut to be unimportant and neglected to attend to it, but blood poisoning set in and at one time his life was despaired of.

After a lingering illness he began to slowly recover and on Wednesday was able to get up from his bed for the first time; he is now rapidly gaining strength and will soon be himself again.

No More Round Shoulders.

Shoulder braces and suspender combined. No harness, simple, unlike all others. Prevents children becoming stooped or round shouldered.

A perfect support for ladies. Physicians all recommend them. Easily adjusted and worn with comfort. Sizes for men, women, boys and girls. Cheapest and only reliable combined brace-suspender in the market. Prices, $1.25, $1.75, $2.25, $3, which includes postage.

Send circumference of chest under arms. Charles Clothe, 134 King-street west, Toronto. 4

"Clear Havana Cigars."

"La Cadena," and "La Flora." Insist upon having these brands. 136

WILL GOLDWIN GO OR STAY?

THE MEETING OF ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY TO-NIGHT.

The Motion to Expel Prof. Goldwin Smith Will Come Up for Discussion and There Promises to Be a Lively Time—What the Two Factions Have to Say About It.

Things will be lively to-night at the meeting of the St. George's Society. There will be a big attendance of members. There will probably be a good deal of debate. If there is a debate it will be seasoned with a good deal of ginger. The trouble is all over Mr. Goldwin Smith, that citizen who appears so often before the public in his manifold capacity of scholar, writer, philanthropist, politician, English gentleman and what not. Mr. Smith is one of Toronto's most prominent citizens. He is better known in England than any other Canadian. His reputation extends to almost all centres where the English tongue is spoken. St. George's Society will discuss to-night whether or not this prominent gentleman shall be expelled from their society. Mr. Smith has his opponents, who will turn out in large force at the meeting. His apologists will also be present and argue the case in his behalf. The most prominent English people of the city are taking a lively interest in the issue, and well might they, because the question is one of the most important that has been presented to them. On the one side they have the honor and integrity of their native land to defend. On the other side an English gentleman of world-wide repute is on trial, with themselves as judges. It is a very serious matter and is so regarded by the Englishmen of Toronto generally.

In order to get a fair idea of the feeling of the two sides The World yesterday called on some of those interested in the affair. The case of those who are in favor of Mr. Smith's being asked to withdraw from the society is presented in the shape of an open letter to the members of the society. The letter is from the pen of a prominent English citizen, who presents the issue against Mr. Smith about as fairly as his side of the case think it can be put.

To the Members of St. George's Society, Toronto:

GENTLEMEN,—As circumstances may prevent my being present at the meeting to-morrow night, I wish to convey to you by letter my views respecting the proposed expulsion of Mr. Goldwin Smith from our society.

Much has been written on both sides of the question. On one side are arrayed hot-headed enthusiasts ready to hang the man first and try him afterwards. On the other stand his apologists, who desire to save the brilliant Englishman from the consequences of the step he has taken in accepting the presidency of the Annexation Society. His opponents are unquestionably disinterested champions of loyalty to the British Crown, men prepared, if called upon, to stake everything, it may be assumed, as their forefathers did two hundred years ago and more on the war cry, "God and the King." His well-wishers are gentlemen inclined in his favor by consideration of the professor's literary pre-eminence and social position. He attracts some sympathy, no doubt, also by being the leader of a forlorn hope, viewed by many as only ridiculous and by having had the courage to be loyal to ally himself with an unpopular movement.

To the proposed motion of expulsion it has been objected, 1. That the society is founded for benevolent purposes only. 2. That its bylaws prevent the introduction of politics at its meetings. 3. That the society has not the power to expel a member. 4. That the best method of meeting the annexation movement is by silent contempt, whereas it would gain strength from opposition, and be elevated to undue importance.

Dealing with these seriatim:

1. Where there is a election to an association it must be presumed there must exist a question of fitness for election. Where there is fitness there must be unfitness, and even if associated for only benevolent purposes it would appear that the existing members have the power to choose associates whom they think fit. Correlatively they must have the power to dissociate themselves when so inclined.

2. Politics are generally understood in English-speaking countries to indicate the subject matter of dispute between party men. There may be two or more parties, but all are working within the constitution, and within those limits all shades of opinion are to be tolerated. It was of course desirable that the society, founded for benevolent purposes, should embrace every shade of political opinion; nobody to be debarred by reason of his politics from being a member, and nobody to be liable to be given offence by the advocacy of opinions to which he was opposed. Peace and goodwill and the objects of the society would, thought the founders, be better promoted by abstinence from political discussion. But politics have to do only with the loyal administration of the government of the country. Here they come into play only after granting the supremacy of the crown, and they depend on the crown for life and sustenance. If men attack the crown or the entirety of its sovereignty they are traitors, not politicians. And the people who oppose them are not politicians, but are acting on a higher plane. Suppose a meeting of a St. George's Society at Buffalo with every member a native-born American of English parentage. It would not be politics if the expulsion of a member who had taken the presidency of an association for the promotion of Secession were discussed. Democrats and Republicans would alike resent the intrusion of a person disloyal to the Union and bent on the dismemberment of it. Every man known to have Southern proclivities would not be tabooed, but the chairman of an association striving to make proselytes would be thought to occupy a different position. Here, if Mr. Goldwin Smith will repay an intending purchaser who wishes to supply herself with first-class goods at a moderate price.

A marvelous cure for dyspepsia—Adams' Tutti Frutti. Read the wrapper on the package carefully and see that you get the genuine.

Local Jottings.

The rush of typhoid fever cases at both the General and St. Michael's Hospitals still continues.

The house of James P. Foy, 11 Huron-street, was damaged to the extent of $25 by fire last night.

Two hundred and thirty-four patients were admitted to the General Hospital during the month of February.

The new high school at the Junction will cost $18,000. The plans have been approved. The new town hall will cost about $30,000.

The Rev. S. A. Dyke delivered a lecture on "Wedding Bells; or Before and After Marriage," in the Bonar Presbyterian Church last night.

The Royal Grenadiers will form their first squad of recruits for the present season on Tuesday, 14th inst. Any young men wishing to join may apply to the adjutant or sergeant-major at the drill shed on Thursday evening next, 9th inst.

South Parkdale citizens will interview the Mimico Electric Railway directors and ask the company to extend its line along the shore south of the Grand Trunk, through Exhibition Park and along Front-street to the centre of the city.

The pallbearers at the funeral of Mrs. Alexander Manning yesterday were Hon. Mr. Justice Hall of the Supreme Court of Quebec, Montreal; Rev. E. M. Bland of Hamilton, Thomas Hodgins, master in ordinary, Osgoode Hall; Messrs. Adam Warnock of Galt, William Cooke and Henry Totten of the Ontario License Department. Canon DuMoulin conducted the religious services.

L.O.L. No. 412 gave a concert last night in the County Orange Hall, Queen-street. There was a large audience, the hall being crowded to the doors. The artists who took part were: Mrs. Shaver, Miss Tennie James, who made a decided hit; and Messrs. Harry Rich, V. J. Cavers, Fisher, Stevenson, E. Piggott, W. Piggott and W. Shaver, assisted by the Toronto Ideal Banjo Club and the Orlando Quartet.

The funeral of the late P. C. George Congalton, from 60 Venauley-street, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery yesterday, was attended by a large number of members of the force. The pallbearers were six former comrades of the deceased, the sad duty being performed by P. C.'s Rutherford, Kerr, Leonard, D. Loughead, Egan and Townsend. Rev. Mr. Turnbull of West Presbyterian Church conducted the religious services.

Dick & Wickson, architects, 170 Yonge-street. 246

Continued on Second Page.

PROF. BUMPTIOUS BEN.

The President Has Accepted a Constitutional Law Chair In the Leland Stanford University.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—President Harrison this evening accepted a professorship in the Leland Stanford University of California. He will deliver a series of lectures on constitutional law, commencing in October next.

A SOCIETY SENSATION.

Lady Walden Charged With Breaking Her Marriage Vows.

LONDON, March 2.—The De Walden divorce case came up to-day in the Divorce Court before Justice Jeune. It is regarded as the cause celebre of the year. Lady Howard De Walden brings the action for the divorce and her husband has answered by a cross suit. Lord Howard is a man of very large wealth and is one of the great ground landlords of London.

London aristocratic society has always taken a lively interest in the rather startling domestic differences of the De Waldens, and popular sympathy has oscillated between them.

His Lordship accuses Lady De Walden of adultery with Count Jean De Madre and with Captain Winter, and her ladyship seeks a separation on the ground of alleged cruelties on the part of her husband.

In his opening address for her ladyship Sir Henry James detailed various acts of cruelty which Lady De Walden charges against her husband. Sir Henry stated that his lordship had frequently abused his wife's parents and had accused her of theft. He had twisted her arm and forced her on her knees and thrown a heavy book at her in the presence of Major Graham, who intercepted the missile.

His Lordship had also struck his wife with a hair brush, drawing blood. He had also struck her with his fists, locked the doors upon her and threatened to shoot her. He frequently returned home drunk and vomited in bed, and developed filthy and hoggish habits, preventing Lady Blanche from sleeping with him.

In June, 1888, the pair mutually agreed to separate, his lordship agreeing to make an allowance to her ladyship of £300 yearly. His Lordship afterward gradually withdrew their son, Thomas Evelyn, born in 1880, from the control of her ladyship, and withdrew the allowance in April, 1891.

A WHITE HOUSE DINNER.

Harrison Will Entertain Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland Friday Evening.

NEW YORK, March 2.—A despatch from Washington says that outside of the usual formal interchange of personal courtesies between an outgoing and incoming President, Gen. Harrison will exceed all precedent by giving a dinner party at the White House on Friday evening to Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland and a few other guests. This dinner is strictly non-official and entirely personal in its character.

It is understood to be the result of certain private correspondence which has been exchanged between the President and his successor. Mr. Cleveland has been most gracious and sympathetic in private communications to the President concerning his domestic afflictions, and President Harrison has been naturally responsive.

One More Unfortunate.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Augusta Errison, a Swedish servant, 25 years old, employed by Mrs. William Carleton of Brooklyn, threw herself before an engine on the elevated road at Third-avenue and Twenty-third-street last evening and was instantly killed. Her body was ground to a shapeless mass before the engine could be stopped and the blood trickled down through the sleepers to the street. The woman had been wronged.

Talmage Will Stay.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The rumor that Dr. Talmage is about to retire from the Brooklyn Tabernacle was denied emphatically by the doctor himself last night. He said he preferred Brooklyn to any other city for a place of residence and did not expect to leave it. The Tabernacle was threatened by a most serious exigency, but he hoped and believed the trouble would be triumphantly overcome.

They Deserve Notice.

Messrs. J. & J. Lugsdin's store, 101 Yonge-street, was crowded yesterday throughout the whole day on account of their 50 per cent. reduction sale. This established firm suffered last week from the result of the fourth fire that has occurred adjoining their premises, and in consequence of which they are holding a fire sale, thereby reducing the prices of the whole of their stock.

Every goods has been damaged more or less by water and smoke, yet there is a good opportunity to purchase some excellent fur capes, fur-lined circulars, muffs and robes, which are only slightly soiled, at a price which will repay an intending purchaser who wishes to supply herself with first-class goods at a moderate price.

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Dick & Wickson, architects, 170 Yonge-street. 246

ONLY WANT HALF A MILLION

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL BOARD ASK THIS SUM FOR 1893.

A New School in Fern-Avenue—Borden-Street School Not To Be Enlarged—Rosedale Will Not Have a School This Year—Incidentally One of the Trustees is Compared to a Jackass.

Trustees Brown and Reid were the only absentees at last night's meeting of the Public School Board.

Dr. Gullen asked who had authorized The Evening Telegram to conduct examinations in the schools. She had come across a paper in dictation set by an editor of that paper which would puzzle a veteran orthoepist. Chairman McPherson replied that he was aware that Mr. Bennett, one of the editors of that paper, was visiting the schools, but had no authority to set examination papers. The matter was referred to the School Management Committee.

The Finance report was passed without discussion. It recommended that the following amounts be included in the estimates for 1893:

Salaries for the year (details appended), $311,835; insurance, $1500; rent of buildings, $6000; superannuation, $1700; water rates, $2500; Public School leaving examination, $100; scholarships, $600; miscellaneous, $2600; total, $326,835.

Clause 2 of this report recommending that Miss J. Pearse of Lansdowne-avenue school be allowed two weeks' salary during absence on account of sickness caused considerable adverse comment, and was finally struck out.

Mr. Hambly's amendment to include in the estimates $11,000 for a site for a school in Rosedale was lost.

The management report began with a recommendation that Miss A. Tuth, Jarvis School; Miss M. M. McCallum, Winchester-street School; and Miss M. Wallace, Bolton-avenue School, be granted leave of absence to attend examinations at the Woman's Medical College. This matter, which comes up as regularly as the applications, again received a thorough ventilation. It is worthy of note that since the last meeting of the board the medical profession has become more evenly divided on the subject. Dr. Gullen and Dr. Ogden, who appeared in his seat for the first time since the New Year, spoke in favor of the clause, while Drs. Thompson and Fisher preserved their usual hostile attitude on the subject. Trustee Whitesides moved that the clause be struck out. In the discussion which followed both the chairman of the board and board had risen the records of the young ladies with reference to lates, absentees and corporal punishments administered were brought up and commented on unfavorably or otherwise. After an hour's debate the motion was lost by 16 to 7.

Permanent Teachers Engaged.

The following teachers having satisfactorily served the regular six months term were on recommendation of the committee placed on the permanent staff: Misses

A. E. Johnston.	M. M. Barker,	M. S. Scott.
J. G. Wilgar.	K. Hughes.	J. M. Patterson.
T. Dunlop.	H. E. Buckle,	F. Wood.
L. Fawcett.	M. L. Pell.	E. M. Kerr.

Trustee Weston moved that the name of Miss M. V. Wallace be added to the list. E. P. Roden understood that the young lady was going to enter the ministry and suggested that she might find congenial work in evangelizing the heathen around the School Board.

Mr. Weston's motion was carried.

Enlarging the Schools.

Section 1 of the Property Committee's report requested that the Finance Committee include in its estimates for 1893 the following amounts for the purposes named: a, To complete four unfinished rooms in Lisgar-street school, $5000; b, for four rooms to Bolton-avenue School, $10,000; c, for four rooms to Borden-street School, $10,000; d, for six rooms to Givins-street School, $13,000; e, for slate blackboards, $800. With the exception of clause c, which was referred back to the committee, these estimates were passed.

Dr. Fisher's amendment to clause d, suggesting as an alternative the erection of a school in the neighborhood of Dundas-street and Coolmine-road to relieve Borden and Given-street schools, was the occasion of a lively passage of arms between Trustees Hodgson and Kent. Trustee Kent had imputed interested motives to the chairman of the Property Committee.

Mr. Hodgson: I take that as coming from a jackass.

Trustee Kent: The animal mentioned is not far off when Mr. Hodgson is present.

After this little fracas Dr. Fisher's motion was put and lost.

Eight-Room School for Fern-avenue.

For the new Fern-avenue school the committee submitted three estimates, one for an eight-room school, $19,000; another for an eight-room school, basement and four rooms completed, at $14,500; a third for a four-room school, cost $10,500. Having just passed estimates aggregating $40,000, some of the board had a spasm of economy. The four room school was suggested, but Trustee Middleton argued so strenuously in favor of the district which he represented that the second suggestion for an eight-room school at $14,500 was carried.

It was just here that Trustee Baird moved the suspension of the 11 o'clock rule. This was carried and the third item in the report, "for repairs, alterations and improvements to all the schools $18,000," was threshed out. The economists suggested $10,000, but were defeated.

The school accounts for building and general work, amounting to $420.37, were also passed.

$56,450 For the Supply Committee.

Next came the Supply Committee's request for $56,450 to be included in the estimates, of which sum $22,000 is for fuel and $10,000 for free text books. Dr. Fisher wanted the $2500 clause for new school furniture to be struck out. His motion, however, to that effect was defeated and the estimates were adopted as recommended.

The regular monthly supply accounts, aggregating $494.44, were ordered to be paid.

The estimates for the night schools were $6900. All the recalcitrants having by this time gone home, the amount passed without discussion. And then, as the hands of the clock pointed to midnight and after asking the ratepayers of Toronto for $462,685, the board adjourned.

Drink Pure Water.

It is now acknowledged by all analysts and experts that there is no purer water on this continent than the Mount Clemens Sprudel mineral water, and it is the most wonderful water in the world for biliousness, dyspepsia and kidney difficulties. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street, sole agent.

Personal.

Mr. C. Stovel of the Canada Life building has been appointed Canadian agent for the firm of Auguste Dormeuil & Cie of Paris, London and New York, one of th largest woolen houses in the world.

THE FOX AND THE GEESE.

HIS ALIBI HIS DESTRUCTION.

ANOTHER NEW YORK DEFAULTER NABBED IN TORONTO.

He Sent the Detectives To a Chum to Prove That He Was An Honest Man, and As a Result He Is Now Held On a Charge of Robbing His Employers in Brooklyn.

Detectives Davis and Cuddy arrested a stranger yesterday afternoon, whose actions they considered sufficiently suspicious to warrant them in taking this step.

Upon arrival at Headquarters he gave his name as Henry Bowman and his residence as 24 Elizabeth-street, where he stated his chum, Brown, would be found to give him a good character.

The chum, on the appearance of the detectives, denied that his name was Brown, asserting that it was Dragavinski. His accent backed up this assertion forcibly as to convince the detectives that he spoke the truth. He also stated that Bowman's real name was Moore. The ample confession he then made may have been good for his soul, but it was rather hard on his chum, inasmuch as he states that Moore is the absconding bookkeeper from the furniture store of Szwortz & Co., Broadway and Park-avenue, Brooklyn. Moore enticed him to come to Canada with him and paid his fare.

Sgt. Reburn communicated with the Brooklyn police authorities to ascertain if Moore is "wanted" by them.

Dragavinski was not detained.

THE PLAYHOUSES.

Miss Vokes At the Grand.

Since her last appearance in this city Miss Vokes has made large accessions to her company, both as to expense and artists of note. It is safe to say she has the most expensive company she has had in years. No company comparable to it visits Canada, and short of most generous patronage Miss Vokes cannot hope to be compensated.

In this delightful organization there are three stars, past, present and future, viz.: Miss Vokes, past and present; Miss Ffolliott, a pupil, and starred last season in "The Last Word," and Felix Morris, who stars next season with his own company and own repertoire.

Besides these Miss Vokes has with her three distinct types of feminine loveliness in the persons of Misses Marie Hillyer, Blanche Burton and Evangeline Irving.

George Thatcher's "Tuxedo."

George Thatcher and his refinue of funny and melodious people will appear at the Academy the first half of next week, with matinee Wednesday, in that clever union of minstrelsy and farce comedy, "Tuxedo." "Tuxedo" is prettily staged, has a lavish display of bright costumes for the young women in the cast and neat and handsome scenery to set them off. Its success throughout the country warrants the claim made by its promoters to unequalled excellence in the way of both fun and music.

Jacobs & Sparrow's.

C. N. Bertram's magnificent big production, "The Pulse of New York," with its vast wealth of scenic effects, a great cast, including Mattie Vickers, Carrie Sweeney, Walter Jones, Master Elliot and several recently added specialists, etc., will be the attraction at Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House during the week of March 6. Since its last production here, "The Pulse of New York" has been improved on to such an extent that it can now be classed with the high grade attractions.

Scotch Concert.

The concert of Scottish music to be given by Westminster Church choir in Association Hall on Tuesday, March 7, will be a very enjoyable affair. Miss Laura MacGillivray will read and there will be violin solos by Miss Jessie Hayes, while the other soloists are very finished artists.

The choir has prepared a number of choruses, Scotch melodies arranged as part songs.

Notes.

The Grand Opera House was closed last night on account of the death of Mrs. Manning. To-night, however, "A Flag of Truce" will be presented, as also at the two performances, to-morrow matinee and evening.

Ontario Land Surveyors.

The morning session of the Ontario Land Surveyors' Association was taken up with the discussion of technical papers. The reports of the Committees on Engineering and Legislation were read, discussed and adopted. The nomination and election of officers was the chief business of the afternoon session. The ballot resulted as follows: President, Elihu Stewart, O.L.S., Collingwood; vice-president, M. J. Butler, O.L.S., Napanee; secretary-treasurer, A. J. Van Nostrand, O.L.S., Toronto. In addition Capt. Gamble and H. J. Brown were appointed scrutineers to receive and count the ballots for councillors from each of the counties, to be elected hereafter.

The association then adjourned to meet next year at a place to be subsequently decided upon.

A Conquering Heroine—A Lovely, Lively Irish Girl.

A bright, crispy written story with the characteristic breeziness of the "Duchess" style in every page. The heroine, one of those lively Irish girls which the Duchess loves to depict, makes desperate havoc in the house of her English hostess, is the cause of three engagements being broken, and of the extreme wretchedness of at least half a dozen people. In the midst of universal distress she marries her cousin Terence, and the story closes to the music of marriage bells. John p. m'kenna, 80 yonge-street, bookseller. The narrative, which is a short one, is very delightful reading.

"No bay water for me," the learned judge replied. Use Adams' Tutti Frutti to allay thirst. All druggists; 5 cents.

Remember.

We are exclusively men's furnishings and that we have the largest stock of men's furnishings in the city; our prices are always the lowest; they are all marked in plain figures. Gloria silk umbrellas only $1, linen collars, four ply, 15c each, or 2 for 25c; 50 dozen turn down linen collars 10c each, or 3 for 25c; linen cuffs only 15c a pair or 2 pair for 25c; 25c will buy gent's four-in-hand ties, sold all over at 50c. Bonner's, corner Yonge and Queen-streets. 246

Toothache—When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache Gum.

WHAT THE GRANGERS ASK.

They Pass a Number of Resolutions in Favor of Tariff Reform—The Officers for 1893.

The delegates to the Dominion Grange concluded their annual session yesterday. They decided to petition the Dominion Government to remove the duty on Indian corn for feeding purposes so as to place farmers on an equal footing with distillers in the matter of stock raising. They will also ask to have the duty on coal oil reduced to three cents per gallon and the duty on agricultural machinery to 15 per cent. They are anxious to have binder twine admitted free of duty and postage on letters reduced to two cents per ounce. They will memorialize the Ontario Government to introduce at the coming session for the reduction of the number of county councillors, and will ask that the Game Law be amended so that the Cottontail rabbit may be killed as a nuisance, and that quail may not be killed, caught or sold, because it is the farmers' best friend. The Ontario Government will also be asked to refuse grants to those agricultural fairs which have side shows and balloon ascensions on the grounds.

The bicycle and its rider are looked upon by the farmer as an intolerable nuisance. Last night all sorts of propositions were brought forward for its restriction or total extinction. The resolution that finally passed was one asking the Ontario Government to declare that every cyclist must wear a registered number on his cap so that he may be held responsible in case of runaway accidents.

The officers elected for next year are: Master, Peter Hepenstall of Fordwich; Overseer, Dawson Kennedy of Peterboro; Secretary, R. Wilkie, Blenheim; Treasurer, George Hood, Sunshine; Lecturer, D. G. Mackenzie, Clinton; Chaplain, J. H. B. Moore, Sarnia; Steward, James Skeoch, Innisfil; Assistant, John Gibson of Vine; Gatekeeper, Lyman Henry of Sombra. The Executive Committee will consist of Henry Glendinning of Manilla, Jabel Robinson of Middlemarch and Master Hepenstall. The auditors are J. N. Kaiser of Raper and James Follis of Newbridge.

The members of the executive, the master and the secretary and Dawson Kennedy were appointed representatives of the order in Canada at the World's Fair.

The Grange will meet in Toronto in 1894.

What the Patrons Did Yesterday.

A deputation was appointed at the meeting of the Patrons of Industry yesterday to wait on the Ontario Government to ascertain what policy would be pursued with regard to the new binder twine industry at the Central Prison. The Patrons are anxious to know what charge the Government will impose for their manufactured article.

A committee was appointed to meet similar committees from the Grange and the Trades and Labor Council, and with them to draft a platform on which the three bodies might agree and co-operate for their common interests.

The session will be continued each day and evening this week.

TOO ILL TO RETURN.

The Suit Against the Central Bank Directors Therefore Postponed.

An order was made by the master in chambers postponing the trial of the action of Henderson v. Blain from the March Assizes to the May Chancery Sittings. This is the action against the directors of the late Central Bank for damages, and the ground of postponement was that David Blain, a party and a necessary and material witness, was in Europe. Mr. Blain is said to be too ill to come to Toronto at present for the trial, but counsel for the plaintiff contended that what was detaining Mr. Blain in Europe was not illness, but the floating of the ship railway scheme.

An Interesting Item.

We all know how far business men are capable of appreciating common sense, but the late depreciation of the head of the Health Department has at last smoothed round and the present officials can see for themselves that Dr. Allen, although he represents a simple method of book