was no question but great good come if they all pulled together. ew Blygh awakened the proceed- his humorous way and said he ed here eight years and had the of his convictions, though he n called a newcomer. He touch- the Tourist association and told messenger boy had alone escorted ction of visiting newspapermen parliament buildings. He spoke astically amidst rounds of ap- on what should be done in the ning of the visitors on the 24th nd particularly suggested an nce of music. He wanted the to get down to business and thing.

The Tourist Work

ert Cuthbert in reply hated to he veracity of the previous speak- denied that the visitors were not entertained. It was a piece le cloth. Taking up the work Tourist association he claimed had been instrumental in pro- clubs like the 150,000 club in e. The remarks that had been bout the association by previous s told him that the work was ated. He quoted from the an- port of 1905, and took up the of advertising. The words t association" does not conve k it has done. He said that if uld get better men the execu- uld step down and out. What anted was more unity of effort lity of enthusiasm. It was only ion of providing funds to do more Everything that belonged to the association was free to the pub-

Include Whole Island

am Blakemore was next called he keynote of his speech was to the whole island. He cited the of the island of Cape Breton y it had forged ahead through ious boost. No less than $50, had been expended on the isi- ing the last 10 years. 4,000,000 coal were being shipped, and d still an iron works at Sydney any in Pittsburg, which em- over 5,000 men. Next he spoke on's efforts to obtain popula- rough advertising and the popu- ad been increased within a year 0 people. Nelson was now on of a legitimate boom. He sai ncouver island had more poten- lth than the island of Cape Bre- ter coal and better iron ore, that oped would make it a second Britain. He spoke of the possi- of the expansion of the Oriental nd the production of iron and r that market. The raw mater- on hand to establish a steel in- of the highest order. He wound plendid address amidst loud ap-

ert Kent then introduced the g resolution which was second- . H. Lugrin. Mr. Lugrin told fter he had just received from n. Wm. Templeman asking for ons as to the work of surveying r Narrows for the purpose of ing the island with the main- His announcement was received eers. He also took occasion to the remarks made by Mr. Nel- the Times and the Colonist rep- ive for co-operation. The reso- moved by Herbert Kent and d by C. H. Lugrin was as fol-

t the work of the Booster Club carried on to the best advantage algamating with the tourist ass- n, and that a committee be ap- to meet the committee of that ation and prepare constitution ort to an adjourned public meet-

chairman was about to put the on when an amendment was by W. Blakemore, seconded by n, as follows:

t a committee of twelve be ap- to confer and report to a pub- ing to be held on Tuesday even- t, as to the best means of car- ut the purpose for which this was convened."

putting the amendment it was without a dissenting vote, and inal motion thereby lost.

inging the meeting to a close rship said:

the dead past bury its dead, and e no more knocking. Un- itizens work harmoniously little bstantial nature will be accomp- (Cheers). The chairman he attention of those present neeting was to be held tonight at hail to arrange a programme ublic send-off to the troops sta- t Work Point barracks and ex n invitation for as many to be as could conveniently do so. moved the adjournment of the

Morley, in reply to the tele- m Thomas Kitchin of Nanaimo, follows: "Committee appoint- ublic meeting tonight will take tion of making club include isl-

LOOD UMORS

ES CHES TIONS HWORMS RS

Many an otherwise beautiful and attractive face is sadly marred by unseemly Blotches, Pimples, Eruptions, Fleshworms and Humors, and various other blood diseases.

presence is a source of embarrass- those afflicted, as well as pain and o their friends.

a cheek and brow—cast in the f grace and beauty—have been sadly their attractiveness lost, and their r rendered unhappy for years.

then, consent to rest under this embarrassment?

is an effectual remedy for all these it is,

BURDOCK LOOD BITTERS

medy will drive out all the impuri- m the blood and leave the com- healthy and clear.

Annie Tobin, Madoc, Ont., writes: great pleasure in recommending rdock Blood Bitters to any one who troubled with pimples on the face. ut money to doctors, but could not d, and was almost discouraged, and d of ever getting rid of them. I I would give B.B.B. a trial, so got tles, and before I had taken them ompletely cured and have had no pimples since."

ock Blood Bitters has been manu- d by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, 30 years, and has cured thousands time. Do not accept a substitute nscrupulous dealers say is "just as "It can't be."

YUKON GRAFT IS STILL EXPLOITED

Senior Member For Ottawa City Follows in Sifton's Footsteps.

SHARES IN A CONCESSION

Secures Extension of Time and Gets $100,000 in Shares.

OTTAWA, April 10.—(Special.)—A great part of the day was taken up discussing the position of Belcourt, the member for Ottawa, who was charged with having been given stock to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars in a Yukon concession in order to secure an extension of time from the department. Then one of the most serious charges of the session came up. It was the outcome of reports that have been current for some time connecting the senior member for Ottawa, Mr. Belcourt, with certain mining deals in the Yukon, a suit being in progress between J. B. Tyrell, a well known mining expert of Dawson, and his associates of the Bronson and Ray concession. Tyrell claimed $18,000 due him for work and money advanced. Mr. Sifton was nearly cancelling the concession when the services of Belcourt were invoked to save the claim. Belcourt's consideration for this was shares to the extent of a hundred thousand dollars. Mr. Foster strongly condemned Belcourt's trafficing in mining shares for his influence with the government department. Belcourt in reply denied that anything was wrong in his association with Bronson and Ray, claiming that his firm had been given the stock in consideration for legal services. He read a statement from his clients in support of this. Although the house had to accept the statement, it left a very unfavorable impression on everyone who heard it.

A CIVIC SQUABBLE.

Aldermen and Police Commissioners Differ as to Expenditure.

The question as to who will pay for the installation of the telephone system to be used exclusively by the police force is expected to prove a very interesting one before it is finally settled. The installation of this system is held by the commissioners to be necessary to the better protection of life and property in this city, while those opposed to it claim that as during the last few months there has been a considerable reduction of crime it is unnecessary.

The question of finances is also bothering the board of aldermen. The board at the time the estimates were considered gave an appropriation to the police department and they hold that the commissioners had no right to award tenders for anything over this appropriation. Several of the aldermen were decidedly against the expenditure and could not see the necessity of the system being installed, while others were perfectly agreeable to seeing the system secured, provided, however, the commissioners did not exceed the appropriation set aside for their use during the early part of the year.

At the meeting on Monday evening it was not known whether the proposed expenditure was to come out of the appropriation or not, but it is understood that it is an extra that has been asked for by the commissioners.

Several of the aldermen claim that the commissioners have not the right to spend money outside of the appropriation, but if the amount is to be taken from the regular appropriation it is not necessary for the commissioners to submit this expenditure to the council for approval.

It is also claimed by the commissioners that their body is as representative as the school trustees, which would mean that the city would have to raise all the money required for their demands.

On the other hand, the aldermen claim that they do not possess this right, but that it is only necessary for the council to allow them an appropriation according to their estimates which was presented at the opening sessions of the council.

At present the question has been submitted to the city solicitor for a report on the question as to whether the commissioners have the right to expend money other than that appropriated to them.

No matter what the outcome is, there are some on the council board who are opposed to the installation of the phones on principal, and they will oppose the vote whether the commissioners have the right or not to expend more than was set aside for their use.

The report of the city solicitor is expected to be handed in at the next meeting of the council and a warm debate is anticipated.

RUSSIAN EMPEROR'S DILEMMA.

Count Witte Forces Czar to Choose Between Himself and Durnovo.

St. Petersburg, April 10.—Rumors of a complete re-organization of the cabinet are current tonight. Many well informed persons believe that the fight between Premier Witte and Interior Minister Durnovo will result in the retirement of both, but that no change will take place until the pending loan negotiations have been concluded. Finance Minister Shipoff and Minister of Commerce Federoff are also said to be slated to go. M. Yermoloff, former minister of agriculture who also holds extremely liberal views, is regarded as the most likely man to be appointed as Count Witte's successor in the premiership.

That the result of the elections had prepitated a crisis involving the immediate downfall of Premier Witte, or Interior Minister Durnovo, was absolutely confirmed.

The former conferred over two hours with his majority last night and pointing out how important would be the government itself before a hostile party with M. Durnovo in the cabinet. The Emperor, as usual in such a crisis is vacillating. Irrespectively of his personal feelings toward the premier, he in power, yet he hesitates to dismiss Durnovo who he praises as having saved Russia from a revolution. Gen. Trepoff and Gen. Ignatieff, the most proficient of the reactionary courtiers are constantly signing Durnovo's praise.

Count Witte has cleverly seized the moment to force an issue between himself and his rival when in addition to the verdict of the people at the polls against the government's repressive policy, the question of the big foreign loan hangs in the balance. Count Witte realizes fully that much of the confidence in Russia's solvency among financiers abroad is due to the fact that he is at the helm. But that if he goes out of office the loan will vanish in thin air.

The Emperor is hypnotised with the idea that Witte alone is capable of securing a loan abroad. For this reason, if for no other he does not dare to allow him to depart.

THE CHEMICAL INDUSTRY.

Professor Lang of Toronto Writes Interestingly About Local Works.

Prof. W. R. Lang, of the University of Toronto, writing in the April number of Industrial Canada, says: "In Victoria, Vancouver island—the natural limit of one's western travels—there is an excellent plant for the preparation of sulphuric acid. The lead chamber process was in full swing at the time of my visit, and a large experimental plant for preparing sulphur trioxide by the "contact" process was just in progress of demolition, to be set up again on the large scale. The manager there expressed himself as perfectly satisfied with the results of their experiments, extending over a number of months and looked forward to a successful working of the new process commercially. To hear that Canadian sulphur was not used in making the acid was somewhat of a surprise, but the receipt of a few figures relative to the comparative cost of native sulphur imported by sailing ships from islands in the Pacific, and the expense alone of bringing the sulphur—if it was recovered from the sulphide ores there, even—from the Kootenay district, served to shatter at once the long cherished idea that all the materials necessary for the production of even this one "chemical" could be obtained readily in the Dominion. In time, no doubt, importation of sulphur will be unnecessary, but at present the five hundred odd miles of rail and water between Victoria and the Kootenay mines effectually prevent any use being made on the coast of the sulphur they might produce. At the parliament buildings in Victoria, Mr. R. E. Gosnell kindly supplied me with literature and much information regarding the mineral industries."

RAILROAD MAN'S DEATH.

Passing of Frank N. Risteen, a Prominent Canadian, in Kansas.

George Risteen, the popular C. P. R. passenger train conductor running out of Vancouver, has just received word of the death of his brother of Topeka, Kansas. Deceased was known in railroad circles throughout the entire west. He was fifty years old and had worked his way to the high position he held from the very foot of the ladder in the mechanical branch of railroading. He was born in the province of New Brunswick, on May 24, 1856. He started work when a boy as a machinist's apprentice in the New Brunswick shops of Canadian Pacific railway. After working at this for two and a half years he went to work as a locomotive fireman, which position he held for three years. Then he worked for two years in the construction department and for the next four years served as a locomotive engineer. He held a similar position for five years with the Northern Pacific railway and was then made road foreman of engineers, which position he held for seven years, until 1895, when he was promoted to the position of master mechanic with headquarters at Fargo, N. D. He left the Northern Pacific to take the position of assistant superintendent of motive power with the Chicago Great Western Railway company, and he was in this position when he was chosen by the officials of the Santa Fe for the place of mechanical superintendent of the eastern grand division of the system with headquarters at Topeka. During his residence there, Mr. Risteen made a host of friends. He was exceedingly popular with the men under him and had the respect and confidence of his superiors. He was considered by them to be one of the most efficient men in the service.

Mr. Risteen is survived by his widow and four children, three daughters and a son.

THE YORK COUNTY LOAN.

Compendious Methods of Money-Making Fully Revealed.

Toronto, April 10.—Evidence regarding the general mixing up of selling pianos, soliciting of life insurance, conducting a teaming business, the publication of two magazines and the carrying on of the affairs of the York Loan was given in the investigation of the conspiracy charge against Joseph Phillips today.

Thomas Clarke, a teamster, said he had secured an advance amounting altogether to $2,950 from the loan company. He drew $400 at a time and with the amounts bought horses and wagons. He used to drive Phillips and also drove Miss Georgina and Miss Lillian Hudson on two occasions. For the $2,950 he gave no security. He used to retain a third of the profits and hand two thirds over to Miss Lillian Hudson. He drew $15 a week in addition. The advances he used to draw from Mr. Linn on an order from Phillips.

Charles F. Broadhurst, now an insurance agent in the Sun Life Company, and previously for ten years with the York Loan, said he was first agent, next superintendent, and then an inspector. He only sold one piano and it was for $325. His commission was 15 per cent. He also wrote life insurance, his average being from $2,000 to $5,000. This was done while he was in the pay of the York Loan, who also paid his hotel expenses in addition.

Miss Alexander testified to working for the York Loan, the National Monthly and the Home Magazine all at the same time.

CARNEGIE PENSION FUND.

Widows of Professors May Participate in Benefits of Foundation.

New York, April 10.—The announcement that the widows of college professors may be pensioned under the terms of the $10,000,000 gift of Andrew Carnegie foundation was made by the trustees of the foundation. A pension not to exceed one half the pension of a professor may be paid to his widow, but it will be required that she must have been the wife of a professor during ten years of his active service. The pension is to cease on her remarriage. It was also announced today that no pension shall be given to a professor who retired from active service before April 16, 1905. This was the date upon which Mr. Carnegie introduced the pension fund.

VICTIMS OF VESUVIUS NOW NUMBER OVER NINE HUNDRED

Large Market Building in Naples Collapses Under Load of Cinders and Ashes, Crushing to Death Hundreds of Refugees Huddled Together for Shelter Under its Roof.

HEARTRENDING SCENES RECOVERING VICTIMS

Rescue Party Find Roads Blocked, and in Blackness of Night Panic Follows Among Large Party of Children Who Disappear in Darkness and Are Lost.

Rome, April 10.---A despatch from Naples to the "Tribuna" reports that 500 persons have perished in the district between Ottajano and San Guieseppe.

NAPLES, April 10.—When morning broke today the outlook was prominent for an amelioration of the volcano's activity. The hopefulness of the populace, however, was short lived and the Neapoltans were plunged into a condition bordering on frenzy by the collapse of the Mount Olive market which covered an area of ground six hundred feet square. The structure fell upon two hundred or more persons, many of whom were crushed and mangled beyond recognition. The scenes in the vicinity of the ruins were most agonizing, relatives of the victims clamoring to be allowed to go to their rescue and only by the firm intervention of the police and carbineers was it possible to keep back the crowd from overwhelming those who were engaged in the work of rescue.

While early in the day the volcanic activity of Mount Vesuvius appeared to have diminished as night approached, the prospect of immediate relief faded and the

Fate of Villages and Towns

grouped around the volcano seemed more hopeless. Instead of decreasing, the fall of stones and ashes emitted from the crater increased. Even with the sun shining high in the heavens the light was a dim yellow, in the midst of which the few people who remained in the stricken towns, their clothing, hair and beards covered with ashes, moved about in the awful stillness of desolation like gray ghosts. The case of Torre Del Greco is typical. For thirty hours the place has been practically deserted but amid the ruins and in semi-darkness, illuminated from time to time by vivid flashes of lightning, the inhabitants go about.

Hungry and With Throats Parched

with smoke and dust, seemingly unable to tear themselves away from the ruins of what so recently were their homes. The communication by rail or tramway with Torre Del Greco and Torre Annunziata is impossible, owing to the cinders, sand and ash deposits. Railway travel to and from Naples is much hampered by the same conditions and a collision today resulted in the injuring of 12 passengers. Telegraphic communication with the towns furthest in the danger zones also is interrupted. The throw of lava from the volcano which had almost ceased during the night resumed early today and the fall of volcanic ejected in the Vesuvian communities had engulfed the buildings in the towns.

King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena have forwarded Premier Sonnini, who is here, $20,000, to be applied towards the relief of the sufferers by the volcano. The prefect has removed the mayor of San Guiseppe from office because in the face of danger

He Left His Village

without informing his superiors.

Cardinal Prisco, archbishop of Naples, who today visited the people wounded by the fall of the Mount Olivet market, brought to these unfortunates the benediction of the pope.

The Duchess of Oosta was today a veritable goddess of mercy to those wounded in the market disaster. She visited the hospital and as she bent over a cot giving a drink to a child who was bruised and battered from head to foot, she felt a kiss imprinted on her hand. Looking down the Duchess' eyes met those of a woman kneeling at her feet, who said: "Your excellency, she (pointing to the suffering child) is all I have. I am a widow.

May God Reward You"

The troops on duty in the volcanic zone are utilizing the railway carriages at different localities and camp hospitals. The red cross society has established a hospital in the vicinity of San Guiseppe.

The number of dead taken from the market at San Guiseppe, which collapsed yesterday, in which a congregation of about 200 persons were attending mass, is 26. There were 79 severely injured.

The stream of lava which started anew in the direction of Torres Annuncent, reached the cemetery near that town and then turned towards Pompeii.

The troops are carrying provisions, surgical instruments and medicine to be used in aiding the wounded in the vicinity of Ottajano and the work of rescue is being actively proceeded. A violent storm of sulphurous rain occurred today at San Guieseppe. The volcano is resuming activity, especially at Cercola.

Most Horrible Scenes

The scenes at Ottajano, when the first victims were unearthed there, were most horrible. The positions of the bodies showed that the victims had died while in a state of great terror, the faces being convulsed with fear. The bodies were found in a confessional of one of the fallen churches.

One body was that of an old woman who was sitting with her right arm raised as though to ward off the advancing danger. The second was that of a child about 8 years old. It was found dead in a position which would indicate that it had fallen asleep with a little dog close to it, and had died with one arm raised across its face to protect itself from the crumbling ruins. The third body, that of a woman, was reduced to

An Unrecognizable Mass

These three victims were reverently laid side by side while a procession of friends and relatives offered up prayers beside them.

Other bodies which were found later caused such an impression among the already frantic population that the authorities did not deem it advisable to permit any more bodies to be identified for the present.

Forty-nine bodies already have been taken out of one of the churches at Ottajano.

The fate of many children at Ottajano is unknown. When the military carts arrived at the scene of the disaster last night the soldiers arranged to have the

Children and Aged People

get into the carts, to which they thankfully acceded, but when the vehicles had gone a few hundred feet it was found that although there were four horses harnessed to each wagon they could not pull their loads through the deep ashes, in spite of several desperate efforts made to do so. This caused a panic among the children, who expected to be buried in the same ashes from the volcano, and they fled in all directions in the darkness and blinding rain, and have not since been heard of. Searching parties went after the children, but in spite of continuous shouting and calling, no trace was found of them, and it is feared that the children have been smothered in the ashes.

King Edward's Sympathy

Messina, Sicily, April 10.—King Edward, who is here on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, has telegraphed to King Victor Emmanuel his profound regret at the volcanic disaster and his sympathy with the sufferers.

EDUCATION BILL WILL CAUSE STORMY DEBATE

In Spite of Cabinet's Proposal to Stand Firm Measure Will Be Modified.

LONDON, April 10.—The Educational bill which yesterday passed the House of Commons on its formal first reading, is destined to have a stormy passage through parliament. Although it is asserted that the government will stand firm, it is not unlikely that the bill will be somewhat modified.

The Conservative papers this morning condemn the bill as a concession to non conformist, upon whose support the life of the government depends. The church party will endeavor to get it modified.

The proposition recently discussed to hold a great international exhibition in London in 1908 was received coldly in the House of Commons today by Premier Campbell-Bannerman, who declared that at present the government was not prepared to give it promise of support. He was not at all sure that the commercial interests would aid such an exhibition.

The Second Peace Conference

Now that the United States has drawn the attention of the European powers to her objection to the date set by Emperor Nicholas for the second peace conference at the Hague, the diplomats here are discussing the treatment of the United States by Russia in not consulting her regarding the date. It is pointed out that the President initiated the call for the conference, but courteously gave way to the Emperor, who called the first peace conference. In view of this call the diplomats think that the President should have been consulted before the date was fixed. It is not believed that any power will object to the reasonable request of the United States for a postponment of the conference.

General Booth's Birthday

From every country of the civilized world messages conveying congratulations and good wishes poured in today upon General Booth, founder and head of the Salvation Army, on the occasion of his seventy-seventh birthday. Though in the early part of his career General Booth was the butt of ridicule and insult and not infrequently was pelted with rubbish when he appeared in the street, no Englishman has been more signally honored than has the head of the Salvation Army in late years. He has been patronized by King Edward, received in audience by the rulers of many countries, and on his return from Palestine last year he was granted the freedom of the city of London "in recognition of his great work for the moral and social elevation of the people," an honor which the city of London has been accustomed to bestow only on members of the royal families, military and naval heroes or statesmen of marked pre-eminence.

COAL IN ALBERTA.

Ottawa, April 10.—(Special.)—The Commons today elicited the information that A. C. Caldwell has submitted 210 applications for coal mining lands in Alberta and had paid preliminary fees amounting to $1,050. Most of the applicants are bell boys and "chair borders" at the Russell House, who for a dollar each immediately assigned their rights back to Caldwell.

Mr. Borden was told by Premier Laurier that information regarding the tenders for the N. T. R. will be given out not later than Thursday.

LAWYER PATRICK'S TRIAL.

New York, April 10.—Corp. Alexander Stanberry of the Thirteenth United States Infantry was a witness today in Albert T. Patrick's hearing for a new trial for the death of William Marsh Rice, the Texas millionaire. Stanberry was brought here from the Philippines to be a witness for Patrick. Under direction of Recorder Goff, the witness agreed to produce in court tomorrow a diary which District Attorney Jerome said contained a record of his transactions in 1901 with those interested in breaking the will made by Rice.

BLOW TO MONTREAL.

Report That C. P. R. Will Make Quebec Atlantic Terminus.

Quebec, April 10.—It is learned that the Canadian Pacific railway authorities have decided to adopt the port of Quebec not only for the terminus of their passenger steamship service but the whole of the Liverpool service as well. The great series of improvements decided on by the company have been commenced within the past few days and now several hundred workmen are engaged in making the roadway for the new railway tracks on the north embankment wall of Louise docks, constructing crib stringers and driving piles in the river St. Charles for trestle work, etc. The company expect to complete the big undertaking apparently for the accommodation of their steamship service by the first week of August. In the meantime the Pointe Carey wharf with its large freight shed and the Great Northern grain elevator will be placed at the company's disposal, together with the breakwater landing and sheds until their own accommodation is ready.

SLAYER OF IDA AHERN ARRESTED AT MONTREAL

Police Believe They Have Secured Perpetrator of the Inhuman Crime.

MONTREAL, April 10.—Detective department is of the opinion that it now has laid its hands upon the man who murdered little Ida Ahern. His name is James Hackett, and he is a married man, residing on Grand Trunk street and employed by the Montreal steel works. Already he has been identified by four people who saw him either in the company of the little girl or around the scene of the murder. Two employees of the Montreal steel works first acquainted the police with the story that Hackett was the guilty man. They were returning from work on the day of the murder about 6:30 when they met Hackett near the scene of the crime. After the discovery of the murder, it occurred to them that Hackett bore a strong resemblance to the description given of the supposed murderer and they communicated the news to Captain Coleman.

Hackett Was Arrested

and brought down to the city hall and there he was identified positively by several witnesses as the man they had seen with the little girl on Tuesday last. Hackett worked at night in the steel works and failed to turn up Tuesday night. When questioned by the police, he explained that he had spent the afternoon in question, loafing around the neighborhood where he lives and visiting a cousin. He returned home about half past five, had supper and went to bed. The cousin in question denies that Hackett was at her house as he alleges, but his wife says that he was at home at half past five. Mrs. Hackett weakened her story, however, by swearing positively as to the hour on this day, but being unable to say at what time he returned home on the day before or the day after. Hackett's reputation is none too good.

PRINCE OF WALES' RETURN.

Corfu, April 9.—The Prince and Princess of Wales, returning from their visit to India, arrived here today. They were greeted by King George of Greece in person.

SIR W. VAN HORNE RETURNS.

New York, April 10.—Sir William C. Van Horne, of the board of directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, was a passenger on the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm, arriving here today.

SASKATCHEWAN LEGISLATURE.

Address in Reply Voted and House Rises for Easter Recess.

Regina, April 10.—The debate on the address in reply came to an end this afternoon when Premier Scott asked for a vote, but Mr. Haultain immediately interposed and said that so far as the opposition was concerned, the motion would be unanimous. The latter had introduced an amendment in order to put members on record, and had no intention of voting against the address in reply. The house then adjourned for a fortnight over Easter, the long cessation of business being necessary in order to permit of members living in the northern districts getting back to their homes. The government expects to conclude the session within three weeks or at the outside of a month of the reassembling of the house.

DOWIE MAKES PAUSE.

John Alexander Consults Lawyers Before Attacking Zion.

Chicago, April 10.—John Alexander Dowie will not advance on the "Hosts of Zion" as suddenly as expected. Tonight, after a long consultation with his legal advisor, Emil Wetten, Dowie gave out the statement that it might be several days before he saw fit to enter the city he had founded. Just what means will be taken to re-instate the "First Apostle," in Zion City were not definitely stated, but Dowie did say most emphatically, that there would be no compromise with Voliva, and that John Alexander Dowie must be the leader of Zion or nothing at all.

Tonight at a conference of the business committee of twelve appointed by Voliva some time ago, it was decided to send all branches of the church throughout the world the following order:

"Officers, members of Christian Catholic Apostolic church are directed not to send any more money for Mexican land warrants."

Regarding the order, W. H. Piper, one of the overseers said: "The step was taken because of a desire to completely block Dowie's Mexican scheme and at the same time remove all chances of his access to funds. The Mexican contributions are the last resort, control of them being in the hands of Deacons John A. Lowis and Fielding H. Willit, Dowie's friends, who are officers of the Plantation association."

WEDDED IN QUEBEC.

Seattle Physician Marries Society Belle in the East.

Quebec, April 10.—A wedding of social note here today was that of Miss Elsie Fry, daughter of Hon. E. C. Fry, and Dr. Arthur Edwards of Seattle.

IMMIGRANTS OVERFLOW TOWN OF EDMONTON

Record Rush of Settlers Tax the Facilities of the Land Offices.

EDMONTON, April 10.—Although 587 homeseekers entered last month and broke all previous records in that time at the Edmonton office, the number of actual settlers coming into the country is greater than ever before, and indications are that April will be another record-breaker and overshadow March to a large extent. Settlers are pouring into Edmonton at the present time in a way not being realized even by the people of the city. Charles Sutter, Dominion immigration officer, stated today that no less than 56 men started out before 10 o'clock this morning looking for land. Nearly every one of these was an arrival of Saturday or Sunday night, and many of them represented other parties to follow. One party of eight from Illinois, who came Saturday night, represent 20 families already on the way. The rush is keeping immigration and land office officials busy handling the crowd. So great has been the demand for information that both offices are run out of maps altogether except for a few German maps left at the immigration office, and on Saturday the land office ran out of township plans. Down at the exhibition building, which the government has been fixing up for

The Accommodation of Settlers,

there are 50 beds, and more are being added all the time. At the immigration office on Jasper street there is accommodation for somewhere between 80 and 100 people. Notwithstanding that settlers are going right out as soon as they get their bearings, there has not been a single night for the past ten days when both these places were not filled to capacity, and at the same time every hotel in town is turning people away. On several occasions during the past week arrivals by late trains, sometimes to the number of nearly 100, have had to sit up until morning, until somebody would move out, so that they could get a room. As the season advances the

Influx Seems to Be Increasing

from day to day, and now every train which comes in from either south or east is crowded. Down along the line of the Canadian Northern Railway passengers say there are cars of settlers' effects standing on the railway tracks. At Manville there were seven cars received in two days last week. At Vermillion and Vegreville the cars of settlers' effects are arriving every day. A traveler who reached Edmonton yesterday said he had been traveling from Winnipeg to the mountains for fifteen years and had never seen the trains and towns so crowded with strangers as they have been for the past two weeks. He left Winnipeg two weeks ago and in that time has slept but five nights in an orthodox bed; the rest of the time a shake-down was thought lucky. All other travelers tell much the same story.

Alberta College baseball team went to Strathcona Saturday afternoon and defeated the Strathcona high school team by 12 to 11.

STILL HUNTING FOR MURDERER.

Arrests are being made all over the country of men on suspicion of being the murderer of little Ida Ahern. One man arrested in Massina Springs, N. Y., was brought here this evening, but Dowling, the man who helped the little girl across the bridge while she was in the company of her supposed murdered, declared positively that he was not the man wanted. Dowling still remains doubtful if Bradley is the murderer. He knew Bradley at one time and says if it had been him he would have recognized him.

HAPPENINGS ON PACIFIC COAST

Strange Case of Asphyxiation of Mother and Son at Los Angeles.

STRENUOUS RAILROADING

Some of the Smuggled Goods From Battleship Oregon are Recovered.

LOS ANGELES, April 10.—(Special)—The fourteen year old son of Mrs. Kate P. Raymond was found dead from asphyxiation at Hollywood, a suburb of this city, and his brother was discovered unconscious in the same room this afternoon. The latter will probably recover. The report came to the police that they had been murdered. The husband is said to be a government employee at Washington, D. C. Officers have not yet decided whether it is murder or accident.

After the Smuggled Goods

San Francisco, April 10.—(Special.)—The first seizure of goods smuggled ashore from the battleship Oregon was made today by customs officers at the local freight shed. The lot included some valuable silks and curious. Other seizures are expected soon.

Many Horses Burned

Pendleton, Ore., April 10.—(Special.)—Sixteen valuable horses were lost in a fire that destroyed the large stables here early this morning. Several mules were also burned. The employees escaped.

Strenuous Railroad Building

Portland, April 10.—(Special.)—According to the Oregonian today, hostilities are likely to begin at any moment between construction gangs employed by the Columbia Valley and Portland & Seattle railroads, two rival roads now being built down the north bank of the Columbia river by Harriman and Hill interests. The first overt act of hostility began yesterday, when the Harriman graders began shoveling off four feet from the top of the Portland and Seattle grade, a little distance below La Camas, Wash., in order to get down to the Columbia Valley grade. The property at the point is

Claimed by the Harriman Road

and they declare that the Hill road has never secured a title to the right of way and is a trespasser. The proposed lines will cross and recross many times in the 200 miles they lie beside each other. At points there is room for only one track and at other places it will be necessary for the rival companies to operate through common tunnels. In view of the sharp contest in the interests involved, there is probability of application of almost endless number of injunctions and other blocking litigation.

Trolley Line to Olympia

Tacoma, April 10.—(Special.)—Manager Dimmock of the Tacoma Railway and Power company which owns local street car system, announced today that his company will at once, build a trolley line to Olympia. The company has had the matter under consideration for some time.

BOOKS FOR EASTER.

Two Publications Just Issued by Toronto Firm.

Two books which are published at this Eastertide and which will make appropriate Easter gifts are "The Sovereignty of Character — Lessons From the Life of Jesus," by Dr. A. J. Watson; and "Sankey's Story of the Gospel Hymns," by Ira D. Sankey himself. Before looking into the first, one immediately thinks of "Ian Maclaren," from the similarity of the author's name with that of Rev. Dr. Watson, the popular author of "The Bonnie Brier Bush" and whose name is much before the public at present in a series of character sketches appearing in many American newspapers. The reader, however, has only to dip into the pages of "The Sovereignty of Character" to find that its author is a man of altogether different a stamp to the Liverpool divine; and while there are many good practical lessons in the Christian life to be learned from this work, still it would have appealed more to the public had it been relieved by some of the wealth of illustration which has made the author's namesake's books so popular.

A feature of the book, however, which will appeal to many at this particular time is a chapter devoted to each day of the final week before the Crucifixion and ending with Easter Sunday and the Ascension.

"Sankey's Story of the Gospel Hymns" is a book that will appeal to many, both in the old country and in the new. Those who remember the visits of Moody and Sankey to the old country will find much to interest them, and it will be to those of the American continent still more interesting. It opens with Sankey's story of his own life, which is interesting in itself, but most of the work is taken up with the author's "Story of the Gospel Hymns," being story and incident attached to all of the hymns connected with Sankey's name. The book contains speaking portraits of both Sankey and Moody and is illustrated by a picture of Sankey in Spurgeon's Tabernacle, London, and the music is given to three of the author's latest favorite songs.

Both books are from the publishing house of William Briggs, Toronto, beautifully bound in cloth, while the letterpress is clear and distinct, being printed on toned paper.

FOR MAN OR BEAST.

On the Canadian Prairie Nerviline Is Used in Every Home.

Nowhere is the value of a good household liniment so apparent as in the country. The aid of a doctor is not easily to be had, so "Nerviline" is kept handy and serves in many an emergency. Mrs. D. W. Daly, of Macoun, Sask., says: "I consider that Nerviline is the most widely used liniment in the West. On a farm or in a livery it is invaluable. For all human pains or aches it can't be surpassed. For cramps or colic in horses, or in distemper I have heard veterinaries say it could not be surpassed. I recommend Nerviline to all my friends."