

The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

FORTIETH YEAR.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 16 1897.

VOLUME XL. NO. 28



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WESTMINSTER, B.C.
nd by Act of Parliament, 1893

ntial College for both sexes will
n Wednesday, Sept. 15-1897.

new staff of teachers has been
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n Arts, Law, Civil Engineering,
eology and Provincial Teachers'

lege Course including Music and
Theological Course; also a Course
ncluding Practical Chemistry,
Blow Pipe Analysis,
Particulars and prospectus, ap-

W. H. EASTON, M.A.,
Principal.

HAND TO HAND FIGHT.

Cubans Met Stubborn Resistance in Capturing Victoria de Las Tunas.

Spaniards Claim Insurgents Bombed the Hospital and Killed the Sick.

HAVANA, Sept. 13.—Further official details of the capture of Victoria de Las Tunas, province of Santiago de Cuba, say that the insurgents, after capturing the town, killed with the machete 40 guerrillas, for having made a stubborn resistance to the enemy. It is expected that the Spanish hoisted the red cross flag over the hospital at Victoria de Las Tunas, and that the insurgents, mistaking it for a flag of truce, sent an officer in that direction. But in spite of this, the Spaniards claimed that the insurgent commander, Gen. Calisto Garcia, did not respect the flag, sent an officer to bombard the building, killing or wounding fifty sick men. The latest advices from Spanish sources say the insurgents lost 200 killed during the fighting about Victoria de Las Tunas, and that among them was General Menocato.

YELLOW FEVER.

Five Additional Cases Announced in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 14.—At noon today the board of health announced five additional suspected cases of yellow fever. Reports from Ocean Springs say there have been four new cases.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Sept. 14.—Surgeon-General Wyman to-day received a despatch from Dr. Guiteras, the government expert at Mobile, Ala., concerning the yellow fever situation there. He reports two cases as suspicious and one as yellow fever. Dr. Guiteras reports one new case at Berkeley. The surgeon-general ordered 200 wall tents to be shipped immediately from St. Louis to Surgeon Young, at Memphis, Tenn., there to be held till further orders.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 14.—The people here have continued to be greatly excited over the fever outbreak. During the last night and to-day people continue to leave the city. The chief interest centered in Adams, twenty miles distant, where Dr. Parnell, the fever expert, last night reported three suspected cases out of a total of thirty. The city is surrounded on all sides by an armed militia and the utmost vigilance prevails.

SULPHUR CREEK NOW.

Word of Another Rich Strike Comes from the Yukon.

SEATTLE, Sept. 13.—The Sulphur creek branch of Dominion creek, a tributary to Indian river, is now the scene of the gold excitement in the Klondyke brought down by the schooner South Coast it seems that the new diggings rival even the famous Bonanza and Eldorado. Gold is found below the surface running \$24 to the pan. Two men took out \$800 in a day when simply prospecting for claims. A stampede followed the report of the new finds, which reached Dawson City on August 15. In a week 500 men had crossed the mountains between Eldorado creek and Dominion creek. They travelled day and night, and in two weeks the whole stream was staked off.

EX SHIP BALMORE

60 bbls. English Linseed Oil,
65c. PER GALLON
IN 4-GALLON LOTS.
Elephant White Lead, . . .
\$5.50 PER 100 LBS.
Pure White Lead, . . .
\$6.00 PER 100 LBS.
Pure Mixed Paints, . . .
\$1.50 PER GALLON.
Roof Paint, . . .
\$1.00 PER GALLON.
5 Tons Barbed Wire, . . .
4 1-2c. PER LB.
Mellor's Ready Mixed Carriage Paints
REQUIRES NO
VARNISHING, \$1.00.
Sashes and Doors, . . .
FROM \$1.25 UP.

J. W. MELLOR,
76-78 Fort Street, above Douglas.

WALL PAPERS, GLASS, PAINTS, Etc.

SPANISH BARBARITY.

Political Prisoners From Havana Tell Of Inhuman Treatment During Transportation.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The Press says: Two passengers, who reached this port on the steamship Scandia, tell tales of Spanish cruelty to prisoners. Their names are Juan Vivo and Albert Lopez. Vivo says that he and 125 others were deported on December, 1896, from Havana as political prisoners by order of General Weyler. They were to be confined on the Chafarinas islands and were shipped on a steamer for Cadiz. On the voyage, Vivo declares, the treatment they received was brutal in the extreme. They were huddled together like animals in the lower hold of the steamer and were heavily manacled. Scarcely any food, and that not fit for human beings to eat, was given them, and only two pails of water a day were allowed for the 125 prisoners. Their thirst in the hot and reeking hold was torture. One of them objected to such starvation and was beaten so severely by the guards that he died the next day and his body was immediately thrown overboard. Vivo was pardoned on the last birthday of the king of Spain and was released on August 2. He was sent to Malaga and from there made his way to Gibraltar, where generous merchants bought him passage to this city. Lopez was a suspect in Cuba, and in order to save himself from being thrown into prison he evaded the vigilance of the Spanish officers, went to Europe and reached Gibraltar, from which port he took passage for New York. He corroborates Vivo's tales of Spanish cruelty.

AN IRISH EXPLANATION.

Mr. Redmond Says That Only When the Crops Fail His Country Indulges in the Luxury of Bread.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—Mr. John E. Redmond, the Parnellite leader, in an interview on the prospects of an famine in Ireland is quoted as saying: "The failures of crops, especially the potato crops, means that a large section of the people of Ireland will shortly be on the verge of starvation. It is already reported that the inhabitants of many places in Ireland are eating bread, which in ordinary times is regarded as a luxury, and is not used except when potatoes are unavailable. Agricultural experts have forecast the worst since 1879, which was the most distressing recorded during the present generation. It is reported, beyond question the splendid availability of the Emperor in Bavaria was strikingly manifested in Nuremberg. While passing through the streets in company with the Prince Regent of Bavaria, Emperor William was verbally launched several times by persons in the crowd. One man shouted: 'We want no Prussians in Bavaria.' Arrests were made but the real culprit escaped. At Wurzburg, Bavaria, a number of persons were arrested on the charge of high treason. The prisoners included a young German-American lady, Annie Funk, of Cleveland, Ohio.

TRADES AND LABOR.

Dominion Council Opens in Hamilton—President's Address.

HAMILTON, Sept. 13.—(Special)—The Dominion Trades and Labor Council met to-day. In his address, President Carey advocated the exclusion of the Chinese by law and the establishment of a federal employment bureau. He criticized the alien labor act as not covering the ground, and as being retaliatory, and held it should apply to all outside Canada. Referring to the miners' strike, he urged workers in Canada to help in the fight. The report of the executive committee stating that the alien labor act was inoperative, and the committee has been asked for an alien labor contract act. The executive of the British Columbia council urged the passing of anti-Chinese and Japanese legislation, and making the poll tax \$500 instead of \$50.

LOUISE MICHEL.

UNITED STATES AUTHORITIES DO NOT LIKE HER APPROACHING VIET.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—Louise Michel, the notorious French anarchist, is going to the United States in October. She will be accompanied by prominent English anarchists, and they will undertake a speech-making tour in America, for the purpose of advancing the anarchist propaganda. The state department at Washington has instructed all the ministers and consuls of the United States promptly to notify the home government of the departure of anarchists for the United States. Doubts are expressed here as to whether Michel will be allowed to land.

DRAIN DEALERS COMBINE.

An Attempt Being Made to Keep Down the Price of Wheat in Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 14.—(Special)—The Tribune to-night in a lengthy article charges that a gigantic combination has been formed by the grain dealers in the province by which the dealers, millers and grain syndicates will keep down the price of wheat. The paper also charges that the banks have joined in and agreed not to assist any buyer who does not join in the syndicate.

BLOWN DOWN.

A Northern Destroys Two Texas Towns.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 13.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Houston, Tex., says information has just reached there that a severe hurricane visited the towns of Port Arthur and Sabine Pass last night and blew down all the buildings and killed a number of people. The wires are all prostrated and no particulars have yet been received.

MIGHTY MOUNTAINS.

Peaks Are Higher and Icefields Greater Than Are the Rockies Proper.

Explorations By Members of the Alpine Club North of Laggan.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 14.—(Special)—Prof. Norman Collier, F.R.S., and Mr. George P. Baker, F.R.G.S., of the famous Alpine Club, have returned from their labors this season, and passed through Winnipeg to-day on their way to England. These gentlemen with their Swiss guide, P. Sarbach, of the Zermatt valley, and other have explored a considerable geological survey, about forty miles north-west of Laggan. They discovered larger mountains, loftier peaks and more extensive ice-fields than any in the Rocky Mountains proper. The mountains form into two ranges running north, which the gentlemen in question propose to name the Freshfield and Ballour ranges respectively. The peaks in these ranges average the tremendous height of from 14,000 to 18,000 feet elevation from the sea.

THE KAISER HISSED.

Bavarians Hoot Him on the Streets of Nuremberg.

BERLIN, Sept. 11.—This week the ever-bubbling pot of German politics contained political developments for which the army manoeuvres are an excuse, although everything was done at Hamburg. The Hamburg manoeuvres are universally declared to have been a failure. In some particulars, the original plan, so far as the main strategical and the actual features are concerned, was not carried out. There were almost incessant rains and a number of cloud bursts over the manoeuvres territory, rendering the employment of cavalry, in which there was a considerable force, quite impossible and preventing the artillery from playing a decisive part. The army bicyclists in spite of the bad weather and rain, were almost without question their splendid availability for campaign purposes. The unpopularity of the Emperor in Bavaria was strikingly manifested in Nuremberg. While passing through the streets in company with the Prince Regent of Bavaria, Emperor William was verbally launched several times by persons in the crowd. One man shouted: 'We want no Prussians in Bavaria.' Arrests were made but the real culprit escaped. At Wurzburg, Bavaria, a number of persons were arrested on the charge of high treason. The prisoners included a young German-American lady, Annie Funk, of Cleveland, Ohio.

SIXTY THOUSAND MEN.

A Strong Force Ready to Pounce Upon and Punish the Rebels.

SIMLA, Sept. 14.—There are now 50,000 men and ninety maxims guns mobilized on the frontier and in the garisons. Everything is ready for the advance for the relief of the lower Mohmands, on the border, are anxious to submit on any terms, but the main body is still ready to fight. It is reported that the Mullah of Haddah has failed to raise the expected force, and will retire on Tirah. Fort Geelistan is still hard pressed by the enemy. In a sortie the garrison succeeded in capturing three standards. The column of Gen. Yeatman Biggs was due to arrive there this morning. The principal difficulty which the Mohmands put in the way of the advance was getting stores and transport to the front. The entire railway between Peshawar and Meerut is practically blocked for lack of engines. Long lines of empty trucks are waiting to be forwarded. All the trains are being used to hurry the troops to the front. Sir Porab Hinglas, Major-General of Patiala, has arrived at Peshawar.

RELIEVING GULISTAN.

How General Yeatman Biggs Drove Back the Enemy.

SIMLA, Sept. 14.—General Yeatman Biggs, advancing along the Samana ridge to the relief of Fort Gulistan, found the enemy entrenched in considerable force in the Gozra hills. The third Gurkha regiment stormed the position. One Sepoy was killed and five were wounded. General Yeatman Biggs has relieved Samana, ordered of the posts on the Samana ridge, which has been attacked. The garrison had made a sortie and captured a standard. A mounted messenger was sent on by General Yeatman Biggs to inform the garrison at Fort Gulistan that relief was coming. The commander also sent guns to the foot of the hills near Fort Gulistan which shelled the enemy, and to some extent diverted attention from the fort. The enemy is visibly strong in force at Saraghari, and it is feared that, flushed with their success in the capture of that police post, they may attack Fort Gulistan so fiercely that the garrison will be unable to hold out until General Yeatman Biggs arrives.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL.

The great pain cure. Used externally cures rheumatism, swellings, sprains, bruises, stiffness, pain and soreness of every kind. Internally used it cures croup, colds, sore throat, hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis, quinsy, etc. Price 25c., all drug-gists.

WOMEN ARE DEFIANT.

They Will March in Spite of the Deputies' Attempt to Stop Them.

The Striking Miners Are Beginning to Resume Work in Some Districts.

WILKESHAIRE, Sept. 14.—The various Lehigh and Wilkeshaire collieries on the south side and at Bolivar Creek did not resume work this morning as was anticipated. Superintendent Lalal stated that the men would resume to-morrow unless interfered with by strikers of the Yorkton colliery. General Superintendent Latrop, of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co., went to Hazelton this morning to arrange with the employees, if possible, for an adjustment of their grievances. PRUSSIAN, Sept. 14.—Work has been resumed in a number of mines, and it is expected that all will be running full on Thursday morning. The general settlement along the Wheeling collieries for the bodies of the slain persons for the miners who were arrested yesterday were released on bail and were at miners' headquarters to-day, where they took passage for New York. One of them said: "We are going to march to-morrow morning and will not let the deputies stop us."

BURYING THEIR DEAD.

A Mournful Spectacle as the Result of the Hazelton Fight.

HAZELTON, Pa., Sept. 13.—The funeral of eight of the miners shot by the deputies took place to-day. The bands which led the line beat mournful tunes, and following the hearse trudged a double file of miners. When the start to the cemetery was made the coffin containing the bodies of the slain persons were carried each by ten miners in the regalia of St. Joseph, and the line proceeded to the church. A crowd of fully five thousand jammed the streets in the immediate neighborhood, but there was no disorder of any kind. The platform originally intended for the funeral service was erected before the altar, and here the coffin were laid while Father Tust and a number of Polish priests celebrated pontifical mass. In the meantime a gang of miners in the cemetery were blasting rocks to make space for a large circular grave, in which all the bodies were to be interred. The Rev. Mr. McGee made addresses urging the miners to maintain order.

BRITISH GOODS.

Results of Inquiry as to Their Import into Colombia.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Blue books have been issued giving the replies of colonial premiers to the dispatch of Secretary of State for the Colonies Chamberlain, in 1896, with reference to the importation of British goods, which, upon this occasion, were brought into action at a range of three thousand yards, were perfectly handled. The British goods were carried by Afridis, have arrived at Jamrud with their rifles. General Blood's column is steadily advancing through the Mohmand country. Haddah Mullah is represented to be at Gondab with the gathering tribesmen. General Ellis' column of troops has reached the top of the Karpa dale, but the enemy has not been sighted in that direction.

GERMANY'S NAVY.

Its Strengthening Strongly Advocated by the Berlin Colonial Society.

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—At a meeting of the Colonial Society last night, Herr Kusserow, formerly Prussian minister at Hamburg, delivered an address advocating a strong navy for Germany. He said: "The present navy could not prevent a blockade of German harbors and the destruction of important seaports. German diplomacy will always try to avert a quarrel with England, but if such a conflict ever occurs Germany would be obliged to seek allies among powers who would estimate the value of the alliance with reference to Germany's strength as naval power. Without averting to competition with England or France, he urged the necessity of a steady development of the fleet to meet the needs of the second commercial power in the world. The society unanimously adopted a resolution in accordance with the views of Herr Kusserow, which will be forwarded to the emperor.

SETTLING GREECE.

Lord Salisbury's Proposals are Being Accepted.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The morning papers contain despatches from Constantinople asserting that all the ambassadors are now in receipt of instructions enabling them to come to a full agreement on the terms of Lord Salisbury's proposals for the constitution of an international commission representing the six powers, to assume control of the revenues which Greece guarantees in payment of the interest to the holders of bonds, as well as the payment of the indemnity.

AUSTRIA AND THE MINERS.

Will Likely Ask Particulars of the Shootings.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Vienna says that the Austrian government is waiting for more extended reports as to the conflicts with the striking miners at Hazelton, and has not yet taken action with regard to the massacre.

PRESIDENT AND KING.

Together They Review the French Army.

A GALLANT DEFENCE.

A Handful of Sikhs Hold the Fort for Hours Against Furious Attacks.

One Brave Man Killed Twenty of the Foe Before He Fell.

SIMLA, Sept. 13.—The insurgents this morning captured the Sarharigart police post. Information from the front received this afternoon shows the Afridis are attacking the Samana forts in force. General Yeatman Biggs will relieve Fort Gulistan to-night, and the simultaneous advances of Generals Blood and Ellis against the Mohmands will commence on Wednesday next. The Sagarhart post was attacked by a thousand Orakzais. A gallant defence was made by the garrison of 21 Sikhs, who for six and a half hours sustained three furious attacks. In the third assault the Orakzais forced the door. The garrison left the walls to expel the invaders and the enemy was able to escape the fort with the ladder. One Sikh defended the guardroom, killing twenty of the foe. He was finally burnt alive at his post. The signaller kept up the ammunition till the fort fell. Fort Lockhart and Fort Gulistan are still heavily besieged. The relieving force which has been sent forward consists of four guns and five squadrons. The startling news comes from Fort Lockhart that the combined bodies of the Afridis and Orakzais number 47,000. They are now all collected near Khan valley and will advance on the fortifications at Samana for attack. A reconnaissance in force from Jamrud to Allinagla has shown the Khyber Pass entirely deserted. The Afridis have entirely withdrawn into the hills. At daybreak yesterday, following the repulse of the insurgents by General Blood's brigade, who attacked the rear while moving along Samana ridge to prevent the attack from Shahukhel, the British commander dispatched a small column to receive some stores. This body of troops found the enemy in force with eighteen standards, but the tribesmen did not venture to attack the column. The Afridis are reported to be attacking all the Samana posts. Gen. Ellis is concentrating his forces at Shahik to-day, preliminary to making a final advance into the Mohmand country.

THE BRITISH IN INDIA.

Revolving Tribesmen Have Had to Give Way Upon the Advance of the Troops.

SIMLA, Sept. 15.—The operations of the Afridis in command of General Yeatman-Biggs, undertaken for the purpose of relieving the Samana posts, have been entirely successful. The police post at Saraghari has been re-occupied by British troops, carrying the position by assault. Tuesday morning, and Fort Gulistan was relieved. The Mohmands were driven back, and the British were brought into action at a range of three thousand yards, were perfectly handled. The British goods were carried by Afridis, have arrived at Jamrud with their rifles. General Blood's column is steadily advancing through the Mohmand country. Haddah Mullah is represented to be at Gondab with the gathering tribesmen. General Ellis' column of troops has reached the top of the Karpa dale, but the enemy has not been sighted in that direction.

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE.

Even Labby Has a Good Word to Say For Him.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Truth this afternoon says: "A great honor is reserved for Sir Julian Pauncefote, which was not conferred on any of his diplomatic colleagues. According to the regulations he would retire in 1898, but Lord Salisbury has extended his term of office at Washington for twelve months. It is a very great compliment to Sir Julian Pauncefote, who deserves it. He has proved altogether the right man in an especially perilous position.

SANTA FE TRAIN HORROR.

Coroner's Inquest Into the Cause of the Accident.

EMPORIA, Kas., Sept. 14.—A coroner's inquest over the bodies of the recent Santa Fe wreck was begun here yesterday. Conductor Alexander Ferguson and the trainmen on the California express testified positively that although warned to look out for orders at Lang, they saw no red light displayed, only white ones. The agent at Lang, N. B. Larson, testified that, according to orders, he displayed a red light, and was horrified when the train passed at full speed without stopping. James Woolf, a witness at Emporia, testified that Larson, corroborated Larson's testimony. An adjournment was had until Thursday.

A STRANGE PROPOSAL.

A New Idea in Asking for Privileges in the Yukon.

TORONTO, Sept. 14.—(Special)—J. K. Kerr, Q.C., left to-night for Ottawa to lay before the government a somewhat unusual proposition. Mr. Kerr represents a company of capitalists who propose to send to Klondyke a body of 100 picked men, who shall engage in mining operations, but shall, in addition, be ready at any time to assist the Northwest Mounted Police in maintaining order in the event of any disturbance. Men would be sworn in as guardians of the peace before leaving for the West, and excellent material can be secured, as is shown by the fact that many old members of the Mounted Police and members of Toronto volunteer corps have already signified their desire to join the expedition. In return for this security offered by the volunteers police force the company expect the government to grant them certain privileges in regard to lands held in reserve by the government.

U. S. S. "INDIANA."

Apparently Uncle Sam's Warships Must Be Handled Tenderly or They Will Bend.

Contractor Bowles, of the New York navy yard, who was sent to Halifax for the purpose, superintended the docking of the U.S.S. Indiana. The ship had been in dock only a short time before a bulge was observed under the forward turret and it was noticed that the keel was cutting through the oak blocks. The ends of the blocks which had been crushed were forced into the plating of the vessel about six inches. Additional blocks were put in to support the vessel, but the dock officials at Halifax say they have docked much heavier vessels than the Indiana without any trouble.

DOMINION TRADE CONGRESS.

Nanaimo Delegate Favors Government Retention of Alternate Yukon Claims.

HAZLETON, Sept. 14.—(Special)—The Trades and Labor delegates were entertained to-day by the local council. Among the notices of motion at to-day's business session was one by Ralph Smith, of Nanaimo, B.C., approving of government reservation of alternate claims on the Yukon, but objection to their disposal by auction. He will argue in favor of the government retaining and lowering these claims.

LAURIER IN NEW BRUNSWICK.

He Gets a Pleasant Reception on His Way to the Snow.

ST. JOHN, N.B., Sept. 14.—(Special)—Sir Wilfrid Laurier was greeted with enthusiasm at all stations along the line en route to open the exhibition here and a big crowd assembled. An address was given by Mayor Robertson, to which Laurier replied briefly, afterwards proceeding to the exhibition grounds, where he again spoke and declared the exhibition open.

ENGLISHMEN WIN.

New Yorkers a Long Way Behind at Cricket.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The all New York eleven were badly beaten in the match with the Englishmen, which began yesterday and finished to-day. In the second innings the Englishmen batted out 249 runs, making a total score of 445. The Americans, with 123 in their second innings, had a total of 201 runs, thus being 244 behind the Britishers. A one day's return match will be played to-morrow.

A DEFAULTER SKIPPED.

Grand Trunk Ticket Agent Runs Away.

MONTREAL, Sept. 13.—(Special)—A. J. Robilard, the absconding ticket agent of the Grand Trunk, has been traced to New York. An examination of his books was completed to-day, and shows a large shortage in his accounts. Two days before his departure he stole an express parcel containing money, shipped from Quebec to a British Columbia point. His arrest by New York police is hourly looked for.

ANOTHER FIGHT.

Sharkey and Goddard Will Punch Each Other in San Francisco.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Arrangements were completed to-day for a match between Goddard and Sharkey, to take place in San Francisco during the latter part of November next. Goddard, who is now in Ireland, will leave at once for this country. Sharkey is in San Francisco.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE.

DEAR SIR,—I must honestly say that I have tried your valuable medicine, B. H. E. for the disease called brain fever, and have found this remedy to be the wonder of the age. I took only three bottles and to my great satisfaction was completely cured. I can highly recommend it to all who suffer from any skin disease or impurity of the blood. H. A. HOLD DIX.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER.



NEWS OF THE CAPITAL

Ontario Reformers File a Request for the Reserved Claims in the Klondyke.

Mr. Sifton Not Favorably Impressed With the Idea—The Administrators Secretary.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 15.—For colossal gall, certain Ontario Liberals take the cake. To-day George Casey, M.P., and J. K. Kerr, Q.C., of Toronto, who are officers of the Ontario Reform Association, arrived, nominally to offer on behalf of a mining company the services in the Yukon district of a volunteer company to assist the Mounted Police in keeping in order the unruly miners from United States and elsewhere. The plea is put forward that there is a possibility of trouble among the miners, especially in the winter, when supplies run short at Dawson City. This company of volunteers is to be well armed, but in the opinion of keeping the miners in order they are at the same time to engage in the more congenial task of washing gravel for gold. Mr. Kerr asks the government to give his company, which are arranged to send out these men, an equivalent for their presence and services in case of emergency, a choice of the old trail through the Cariboo, which are to be held in claims. The proposition is regarded as one of the rankest descriptions and serves to confirm the fears expressed in many quarters that the alternate mining claims will go to favored friends. Mr. Kerr saw Mr. Sifton, who to his credit it is said, was the only official who disposed to accede to the proposal. John Shields, of Toronto, wanted to see Mr. Tarte to-day to urge the opening of the old trail through the Cariboo country, and went on to Montreal to urge the matter. A. J. Magura, Ottawa correspondent for the Globe, has been appointed private secretary to the administrator of Yukon, Major Walsh. Mr. Magura believes that his experiences in the Yukon country will increase his effective equipment as a Canadian journalist. President Holtermann, of the Ontario Beekeepers' Association, is in the city. The B.C. honey crop was from the Western Ontario and province of Quebec crop has been the lightest for many years.

MR. SHIELDS'S SCHEME.

The Proposition He is Urging Upon the Government at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Sept. 15.—John Shields, of Toronto, who has been for some months in British Columbia, is in the city. He came here by the request of certain parties in British Columbia to interview Hon. Mr. Sifton with a view of repairing part of the old trail from cliver Indian territory to the Klondyke. The trail extends from Quesnelle to Telegraph Creek, a distance of about 300 miles. The honey crop was from the Western Ontario and province of Quebec crop has been the lightest for many years.

INTERNATIONAL CRICKET.

New Yorkers Make a Poor Show Against the Englishmen.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—In the international cricket match to-day the Englishmen scored 196, including 15 extras. The New Yorkers did not make a very good showing, only three of them getting double figures. They were all out for 78 runs. Bull taking six wickets for 41 runs. The Englishmen were out for their second innings, and when stumps were drawn for the day had scored 33 for two wickets. Play resumes to-morrow.

POOR CAROLINA.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 14.—Carolina, ex-Empress of Mexico, is so dangerously ill that her death at any moment is feared.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

RAT PORTAGE.

DEAR SIR,—I must honestly say that I have tried your valuable medicine, B. H. E. for the disease called brain fever, and have found this remedy to be the wonder of the age. I took only three bottles and to my great satisfaction was completely cured. I can highly recommend it to all who suffer from any skin disease or impurity of the blood. H. A. HOLD DIX.

WALL PAPERS, GLASS, PAINTS, Etc.

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