

STRENGTH

Builds Strong, Healthy, Sturdy Youngsters.

To serve—heat in oven, pour hot milk over it and salt to taste. Sold by all grocers, 13c. a carton; two for 25c.

WHEAT

WARD HELD ACCOUNTABLE

(Continued from Page One.)

After much cross-examining by Mr. McKillop, witness said he formed the opinion at the time that it was Ward who made this statement.

Wassell Spence.

Wassell Spence called next, saw Ward on Saturday at the Morkin House at five minutes to six. Ward went out, and met Ward who was coming in. Ward said, "If you want to fight now, you'll get it." Ward struck Ward with the head with his open hand. Then Ward went down. Witness and Morkin got Ward's arms off Ward's legs. Ward went on into the hotel, and Mr. Morkin followed. Then Ward went in. Witness went in also, and stood on the stairway. Ward walked around by the head of the stairway leading to the basement. Ward was about three feet away. Ward spoke to Ward, but witness did not know what was said.

Laid Hands on Him.

Ward told Ward to "shut up," and laid his hands on his chest. "How did he put them on?" asked Mr. McKillop. "In a mannerly, light way," said witness, "it would not hurt him." "What happened then?" "I heard someone say, 'Look out for the stairs.'" "Never mind that," said the crown attorney. "What happened?" "Ward went down the stairway." "Why did you deliberately keep this important point back so long?" asked Mr. McKillop. "The witness did not know." "Did you show the detectives how Ward put his hands on Ward?" "Yes." "And it was in the mannerly way you described?" "Yes."

Ward Left the Place.

"Well, we will let it go at that," said Mr. McKillop. "After Ward went down what did Ward do?" "He came right out and went down King street with the man with whom he had gone in." A jurymen asked: "Did you have your eyes open, and were you in your sober senses, and tell me or other jurymen that when Ward put his hands on Ward he did nothing else?" "Yes," replied Spence. "And this witness went in the box and swore to tell the whole truth," said Mr. McKillop. "The jury can certainly draw its own conclusions," said the corner. "I wish," said Mr. McEvoy, "the jury would go and see the place."

The Post-Mortem.

Dr. W. J. Teasdale, who with Dr. H. A. Kingsmill made the post-mortem, stated that death was due to injuries of the skull and brain, there being a fracture of the occipital bone, much effusion of men on the brain, and of both temporal bones. There was hemorrhage of the base of the brain. All the organs of the body were normal. From the nature of the wounds deceased had fallen more on the left side than on the right.

Joseph Slater.

Joseph Slater was also in the Morkin House on Saturday evening. He was with Ward, who went out, and witness did not see him again until after the accident. Witness could not see Ward, but looked around, and just before seeing Ward in the basement he heard a shuffling in the hallway, at the head of the stairs and saw someone's arm shoot out in the direction of the door. Witness heard someone fall and went at once to the door, and found that it was Ward who had fallen. Edward Morkin testified that Ward had been in the hotel on Saturday afternoon, and that he was in the basement shortly before 6 o'clock and heard someone call, "Look out for the stairs," and right away heard Ward falling down the stairs. This concluded the evidence.

Order your carriages for weddings in advance. Hueston's Livery.

Gentlemen Who Are Bald

Investigate and see for yourself the art covering in wigs and toupees. Professor Dorenwald patent toupees are now worn on over 90,000 heads by all classes in all stations of life. In this particular structure the ventilation is perfect; as light as a feather; is securely adjusted to the head; can be combed just as your own hair; they make any man look ten years younger, besides the protection you get from catarrh, colds, neuralgia, etc. Call and see them at City Hotel, London, Thursday, Friday, April 15, 16. 580 281-217, 8, 15, 16.

ALL DISTRESS FROM STOMACH AND INDIGESTION IS ENDED FOREVER

ALL MISERY IN THE STOMACH WILL BE RELIEVED FIVE MINUTES AFTER TAKING DIAPEPSIN.

Why not start now—today, and forever rid yourself of Stomach trouble and indigestion? A dieted stomach gets the blues and grumbles. Give it a good eat, then take Pape's Diapepsin to start the digestive juices working. There will be no dyspepsia, or belching of gas or eructations of undigested food; no feeling like a lump of lead in the stomach or heartburn, sick headache and dizziness, and your food will not ferment and poison your breath with nauseous odors. Pape's Diapepsin costs only 50 cents for a large case at any drug store.

HOUSE DIVIDES

(Continued from Page One.)

are to be given, Mr. Mackay (Grey) held that for these short distances the Government should not mix up money and land grants, but should adopt the proper principle and cut out the land grant and make the aid a straight cash subsidy. He announced that he would move to amend the act in that way.

The Three-Fifths Clause.

Mr. Proudfoot (Centre Huron), in moving the second reading of his bill to amend the liquor license act, explained in detail the measures leading up to the present local option law. He advocated the repeal of the three-fifths clause, which, he held, was a serious handicap to the temperance movement. In adopting the three-fifths clause in the voting on local option bylaws, the Government at the time held that such a provision was necessary in order that there might be an assurance that there was sufficient temperance sentiment behind local option to insure the enforcement of the law in the localities. He said that the only a precautionary measure, and the intention was given by the provincial secretary that if it were shown that the desire for such a prohibitory measure was not strong in the province as to warrant its adequate enforcement, then the Government might see fit to return to the straight party majority principle. The prevalence of this opinion had materially aided the Government in the last election. Mr. Proudfoot then reviewed the history of local option contests in the province, and contended that the vote in Ontario showed that the sentiment was preponderantly in favor of the law. He pointed out that some 1,600 petitions had been received from various societies in the province, asking the Government to repeal the three-fifths clause in the act.

Hon. Mr. Hanna's Views.

Hon. Mr. Hanna said that it was not his intention to make any extended reply, as the arguments advanced by the member for Centre Huron had been heard repeatedly, both in this House and in the country. In answer to Mr. Proudfoot's statement that the three-fifths clause had not been made an issue in the last election, he related what had occurred in his own riding (West Lambton), when it had been made an issue wherever it could be used to the advantage of the Liberal candidate, who had first taken the temperance candidate, and got that organization to endorse him, although he was president of the Liberal Association in the riding. After canvassing for two weeks as a temperance candidate, he then in a canny manner had the Liberal convention endorse his candidature. The scheme did not work, however, as the temperance people had declared that if they could not agree with the three-fifths clause, it was a small matter in comparison with the administration of the liquor license act under the old Liberal Government. Some people made much of the fact that the 66 men on one side, and 101 on the other, the law could not be carried by the latter. They seemed to forget that among those 66 men there would be found many zealous temperance men. The Provincial Secretary quoted the words of Mr. Asquith in the British Parliament in dealing with the local option, when he said it was not the intention that after the end of fourteen years that existing bylaws could be defeated by a bare majority in Scotland. The three-fifths principle now prevails. Hon. Mr. Hanna said that the Government had been in receipt of many letters from prominent temperance men expressing approval in declaring that the enforcement of the act had made local option possible. It would not be the respectability force it was today if it had not been for the rigid manner in which the law in local option since the division was taken shortly after 11 o'clock, and a majority of 51 was recorded against it. Messrs. Lucas, Belsville, April 7.—William Babcock is under arrest charged with assault on Joseph Bolster. The latter is quite badly injured and it is alleged that in a drunken row Babcock struck him with an axe, cutting one of his ears nearly off. He is in the hospital.

CUT OFF AN EAR.

Bellefonte, April 7.—William Babcock is under arrest charged with assault on Joseph Bolster. The latter is quite badly injured and it is alleged that in a drunken row Babcock struck him with an axe, cutting one of his ears nearly off. He is in the hospital.

MANY BALLOTS.

Burlington, April 7.—After perhaps the most remarkable contest ever held in the State of Vermont, the deadlock over the choice of a president in the Burlington Board of Aldermen was broken tonight on the 28th ballot, after more than eighteen hours of voting. C. P. Dion, Republican, was elected as presiding officer of the body.

here, and will relieve the most obstinate case of indigestion and upset stomach in five minutes.

There is nothing else better to take gas from stomach and cleanse the stomach and intestines, and besides one tripartite will digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood all your food the same as a sound, healthy stomach would do it.

When Diapepsin works, your stomach rests—gets itself in order, cleans up—and then you feel like eating when you come to the table, and what you eat will do you good. Absolute relief from all stomach misery is waiting for you as soon as you decide to begin taking Diapepsin. Tell your druggist that you want Pape's Diapepsin, because you want to be thoroughly cured of indigestion.

No. 71

April 8, 1909

VALUE, ONE VOTE.

EUROPEAN TRIP CONTEST OF THE LONDON ADVERTISER

This Vote is Cast For

(Name of Candidate.)

As the most popular lady in District No. of The London Advertiser European Trip Contest.

VOID AFTER 15 DAYS FROM DATE.

CHURCH UNION WAS DISCUSSED

By Congregationalists at Their Meeting in First Church in London.

GENESIS CONTROVERSY

Also Came in For Much Notice—Rev. Mr. Gerrie Speaks of the Jackson-Garman Episod.

At the morning meeting of the Western Association of Congregational Churches, now in session in the First Congregational Church here, Rev. Charles S. Pedley gave a report of the great missionary congress recently held in Toronto. Mr. Pedley dealt particularly with the meetings of the Congregational section, and of their plans for the extension of the work in the Northwest.

Rev. W. T. Gunn also spoke on the same subject, and mentioned particularly the western work, and the enthusiasm of the western section of the Congregational section over the prospect of an increasingly energetic campaign to meet the needs of the great west.

Officers Elected. The principal work of the afternoon session was the election of the officers of the association for the ensuing year. The officers were as follows: President—Rev. Edwin Hobbes, B.D. Secretary—Rev. H. G. Rice, M.A. Treasurer—Rev. W. H. A. Claris. Home Mission President—Rev. M. Kelly.

Chairman of Credentials Committee—Rev. P. P. Gerrie.

Keeping Track of Members. A very strong resolution was passed, urging upon the pastors the necessity of keeping track of the members and adherents of the church when they moved to a different locality. It was urged that when a member moved from one congregation to another city, that the pastor of the church advise the pastor of the church in the city to which the mover is going. And to urge upon the mover the obligation of joining themselves to the Congregational cause in that place. Especially in the cases of those who were moving to the Northwest.

Want the Young Men.

It was also moved by Rev. C. S. Pedley that the association, being deeply sensible to the importance of the development of a force of young men in the midst of the churches, who will be available for evangelistic work, that the ranks recruits might be drawn from the work of the regular ministry. That the churches be urged to provide a roll of such young men.

Church Union.

Late in the afternoon there was a discussion on the question of church union. Both sides of the question found their champions. Finally a resolution was passed addressed to the central board of the Congregational Church, urging the careful consideration of that body of the general basis adopted as a basis by the representatives of the three denominations concerned. Supper was served to the delegates and their friends at the conclusion of this service in the schoolroom.

Interesting Addresses.

The evening session was given up to two interesting addresses. Rev. E. B. Silcox, editor of the Congregationalist, spoke on the subject of "Denominational Loyalty."

"While the Congregational Church," he said, "could not boast of being as large as some of the other great denominations in Canada, yet it had a history that no church need be ashamed of. It was a fact to be proud of that the first church in this part of the country, in the year 1817, was a Congregational church. As a church, we have been in the forefront of the teaching of Christ, and though, as the world holds success, perhaps we have not been as successful as we might have been, yet our church has not been without its influence, and the great principles for which we, as a church, stand, have more and more been finding their way into the government of all the great evangelical denominations."

Missionary Operations.

"As for church union, with regard to our missionary operations, both home and foreign, and our college, we ought to go forward as though the question had never been mooted. It is no time to be standing still and waiting for the outcome of the deliberations, when there is so much to be done. There is an abundance of work for our cautious manner with the Genesis controversy, and it is our duty to unite for increased activity in that line. It behooves us to see that the Lord's treasury is full, and to put ourselves into the work and our faith in Him."

In concluding Mr. Silcox made a strong appeal to the sympathetic support of all Congregationalists for the denominational publications.

The Genesis Controversy.

Rev. J. P. Gerrie was the next speaker, and dealt in a most thorough manner with the Genesis controversy. In speaking of Rev. Mr. Jackson, around whom the controversy had centered, Mr. Gerrie spoke of his personal acquaintance with him.

"I had thought of him," he said, "as the last man to seek notoriety. He

has a most delightful personality, and no one could know him without feeling the benefit of the acquaintance."

In turning to the subject Mr. Gerrie said: "We should realize the fact that literalisms are often pushed to extremes, and in the case of the Old Testament this danger is very great. We have these myths, traditions, allegories and legends. Let us not become so wedded to these words, as to believe they were the enemies of the gospel, for they are the medium of the highest religious thought. God can speak through a myth and his voice can be heard through a legend, as well as through an historic fact. The literal mind dealt largely in the pictorial, and if we will only recognize this pictorial element will be saved from many difficulties."

What Science Has Done.

"Many of the statements of the early chapters have been proved scientifically incorrect, but it still teaches its lesson just as forcibly of the beginning, and the greater lesson of God behind the beginning. There are certain difficulties that cannot be met by a too literal interpretation. But if we take it as a pictorial story, it has a great message and inspiration, and is a great spiritual lesson, and skepticism and infidelity are not the enemies of the church in the story of the garden. We were glad to see the happy termination of the dispute in our sister church. And there are no more difficulties. The church is broad enough to reach out and enfold both types of thought."

The Proper Attitude.

"This is the proper attitude to take. The danger is not too enthusiastic adherence to either side of the dispute, and the proper spirit is to be able to recognize the fact that there may be two views, and accept the fact, not only with a spirit of tolerance, but with a spirit of love. There is no need to ride roughshod over those who do not think as we think, nor to ostracize those who cannot agree with our views. My father did not see God as I see him, but yet take my father's hand, while he can hold God's hand above, with nothing of antagonism to keep us far apart. And so I want to enter my protest against both the intolerance of the liberal standpoint, and the intolerance of the conservative. We must have a spirit of tolerance, and grant to every man the right to his own thoughts."

During the evening Rev. Mr. Silcox sang several selections from the new Gypsy Smith hymn book.

THE RIDEAU RISING.

Ottawa, April 7.—Considerable uneasiness prevails along the Rideau River to-night owing to the rapid rise of the waters.

This morning at Billings' Bridge the river was about two feet and a half higher than it was yesterday, and there is a great rush from upstream owing to a break in the dam at Black Rapids. Gangs are watching the big dam at Hog's Back, and are anxious to get it up. If this should give the break at Black Rapids dam grow to serious proportions the people in the lower suburb of Ottawa would be in a bad way.

Deadly Consumption

Starts from Catarrh

THOUSANDS THINK CATARRH IS COLD, NEGLECT IT AND DIE.

Last year forty per cent of all deaths were from consumption. These people all had catarrh in the first place, but neglected it.

Can't you realize the awful, horrible mistake of not curing catarrh now? To thoroughly root out all taints of catarrh, nothing can act so beneficially as "Catarrhazone," which is acknowledged by all doctors to be a specific for all forms of catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, throat, nose and chest ailments.

The reasons why Catarrhazone cures when other remedies fail are very simple. In the first place Catarrhazone reaches the true source of the trouble, the mucous membrane, and cleanses the mucous membrane. If any of the ordinary cures can do this, Catarrhazone is carried along with the air you breathe through the mouth, throat and bronchial tubes. Its antiseptic vapor at once kills any germs that may be lurking in these air passages. No matter how remote these germs may be they can't possibly escape Catarrhazone. The strong point about Catarrhazone is its ability to go direct to the spot where the catarrh germ is working. Every breath through the inhaler means instant death to the microbes, and gives the sufferer relief from the gnawing, destructive action of these parasites. It must be remembered, also, that Catarrhazone is a marvelous healer. It soothes the inflamed membrane, and removes the little sore spots, and removes the sensitive, tender feeling from the nose and throat. Of course, the discharge of mucus stops at once. Catarrhazone prevents this entirely.

Another nasty symptom that quickly disappears is the dropping of vile mucus from the throat into the stomach. Catarrhazone clears out the nose, so that you don't have to breathe through the mouth. Hawking and spitting stop because the discharge is cleared up. The blinding headache that is caused by nothing else than catarrh is also lifted from your burden, and life begins to look happy once more.

Complete treatment, including beautifully polished hard rubber inhaler and extra supply of liquid, costs \$1. and is guaranteed to cure or your money back. Smaller sizes 25 cents and 50 cents. At all druggists, or by mail from The Catarrhazone Company, Kingston, Ont.

THURSDAY,
WEATHER
PROBS:
FINE.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

LIMITED

DUNDAS
AND
RICHMOND
STREETS.

YOUR EASTER SHOPPING---SEE TO IT TODAY

Come Down Early---Store Closes at Six.
Tomorrow, Good Friday, Store Will Be Closed.

We are ready today—Ready as never before to serve you and to serve you well. The experience and knowledge gained year by year during the past thirty-one years of merchandising enable us better each year to know your wants and to meet them, and our stocks have been so thoroughly put in order during the past few months that we believe we are offering you now the largest and best-chosen stock of fresh merchandise that we have ever had. Come now. Come down this morning—Our store service will assist you. SEE FRIDAY'S PAPER FOR ADDITIONAL SATURDAY STORE NEWS.

Easter Whitewear Specials

The two garments illustrated are fair examples of the values we have now spread for your inspection. The Gown at \$1.00, and the skirt at \$1.25 each. The other lines mentioned, with many others are equally attractive.

Dainty Slipover Gown, as represented here with round embroidery yoke, edged with lace and beading. Short sleeve trimmed to match. Extra full width, at, each, only, \$1.00

Also a very dainty style with fine pin-tucked yoke, set with valenciennes insertion and edged with beading and lace; elbow sleeve; good full width. Each\$1.25

Corset Covers, 50c

SPECIAL VALUE — A very dainty style, made of good quality Cambric, with yoke of lace beading and embroidery insertion. Fastens with pearl buttons. Special, each 50c

SPECIAL 39c DRAWERS—These are made of Fine Cotton, with flounce of embroidery and cluster of tucks. Very special. While they last, per pair 39c

Ladies' Special White Underskirts

This dainty style, as illustration shows, has deep lawn flounce trimmed with wide embroidery and groups of pin tucks over foundation of self, and is exceptional value at this price \$1.25

We also mention a special line now showing in good quality Cotton, with three quarter-inch tucks and flounce of embroidery over foundation of self. Good width. Special, each 75c

Blouse Distenders, made of Fine Lawn, with three ruffles of lawn and lace edging, at, each 45c

Also dainty style with four ruffles of Fine Swiss Embroidery, finished with lace beading and ribbon, at, each 75c

Another finer quality embroidery at, each 85c

WHITEWEAR—THIRD FLOOR—TAKE ELEVATOR.

BIG SHIPS FOR AUSTRIA

She Will Build Three to Aid Her Teutonic Ally.

London, April 7.—The Berlin correspondent of the Standard, says that Austria has decided to lay down almost immediately three Dreadnoughts. The naval estimates for the past financial year were \$12,000,000, but will amount to upwards of \$22,000,000 this year.

This expansion is regarded in political circles in Berlin as an extremely important factor in international politics. The German-Austria alliance is so close that the Austrian Dreadnoughts can be counted for practical purposes as auxiliaries of the German navy, and it is suggested that Austria's decision to build these vessels can be compared with the offer of British overseas states to build battleships for the mother country. German experts are of the opinion that Great Britain will now be compelled to lay down more than eight Dreadnoughts.

THE ORIGIN OF POKER

The Great American Pastime Is Really French.

Paris, April 7.—A writer in the Figaro has discovered that poker is not an American game, but an old French game revived. The news gets a conspicuous place on the first page, for the game of draw under the Gallicized title of "poker," is highly popular in fashionable circles. Indeed, at the clubs, when bacarrat is not the game, card-players are never so happy as when talking of the "bloor" and the "fool-howe."

The writer says he made the discovery in a little Normandy village, where, after a day in the fields with an aged worthy of the locality, he was invited to a game of cards for repose. "What shall we play?" he asked, and was somewhat surprised to hear the old man ask:

"Do you know the game of poker?" But astonishment grew when his friend proceeded to explain the principles of "poker," and it was found that they were almost identical with the fashionable "poker," imported, as had been supposed, from America.

"It's a very old game in Normandy," said the friend, who was noted for his knowledge of the lore of that region. To prove it he produced two ancient volumes, one entitled "L'Academie Universelle des Jeux," and printed in Paris by Theodore Le Gras, bookseller at the Croix de la Vierge, 225, was found a description of the game of "poker."

"One can play the game of poker," so runs the ancient account, "with from three to six persons. Each one is dealt six cards. After looking at the hand to find out a poker, that is to say, two or three or four aces or cards of lower denomination, the ace counting the highest, the first player says, 'I

poker a chip' (bet), or two or more, as he wishes. The other can also place a jeton on the table or can advance the play (raise, as we would say), or can throw down his hand, in which case the player who has won need not show his hand, but takes all the jetons. Any player has a right to say, 'I put all I have,' and if no one else has a better hand, he wins. During the evening Mayor Grant, on behalf of the company, presented Dr. Colter with a very fine alligator-skin bag. While this function was being held at the Hotel, in honor of Dr. Charles W. McKillop, who left this morning to locate in Calgary, Alberta. During the evening Capt. McKillop was presented with a handsome travelling bag, the presentation being made by ex-Mayor A. C. Edwards. The Methodist young men also held a banquet in their church club-rooms last night.

PARENTAL DEVOTION

Mother for Twelve Years Secretly Cares for Leprosous Sons.

Galveston, Texas, April 8.—A pitiful case of parental devotion and self-sacrifice has been brought to light by the discovery of two cases of leprosy in this city. The victims are brothers, one 31 years of age, and the other 18 years, and they are the sons of Mr. and Mrs. James Younger, who for nearly twelve years have kept the secret of their sons' affliction from the public, and have practically kept them prisoners in their home.

Twelve years ago the family was comfortably well to do, when the eldest son contracted the loathsome disease and became a prisoner in the home. The parents cared for him, and secretly guarded their secret. Five years ago the other son was stricken. Both are declared to be beyond cure.

The expense of caring for the two lepers was a constant drain upon the resources of the family, and their last place of property, the homestead, is about to be sold for taxes. With the discovery of the lepers by the authorities, the aged parents, realizing their hopeless fight, are willing to have them sent to any institution for treatment. But the city authorities are confronted with a serious dilemma because Texas makes no provision for lepers, although it is conceded there are at least 500 known lepers in Texas. There is a federal law prohibiting the transportation of lepers from one state to another, even though the Louisiana leper colony offers to care for the unfortunates if sent there.

FESTIVITIES IN PETROLEA

Banquets and Presentations Appear To Be the Vogue.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Petroleum, April 7.—Banquets and presentations have been somewhat the order of the day in Petrolea this week. On Monday night Fire Chief Fletcher was the guest of honor at an informal smoker given by the wagon works fire brigade, and during the evening he was presented with a handsome gold-mounted umbrella. Last night some 60 or more friends of Dr. C. F. Colter met at the Fletcher House, and tendered him a farewell banquet prior to his de-

