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London Advertiser

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PETER KARAGEOREGEVITCH ELECTED KING OF SERVIA

The Servian Parliament in Session at Belgrade Over Alexander's Throne.

POWERS NOT LIKELY TO INTERFERE WITH CHOICE

Belgrade, June 15. — Prince Peter Karageorgevitch at 12:15 p.m. was unanimously elected King of Servia by the Senate and Skupschtina in joint session.

MINISTERS WILL REMAIN

The Powers Will Abide By Decision of Parliament.

Paris, June 15.—It is said in official quarters that the negotiations between the Powers regarding their attitude towards Servia have now eventuated in an agreement that the ministers of the various powers shall remain at Belgrade in order to look after the current interests of their governments, each minister receiving practically identical instructions to recognize the decision of the Servian Parliament, if the latter has full liberty of action during the choice of a king. The agreement to retain the ministers at Belgrade appears to have met with strong objection on the part of some of the powers. The British Government first made known its desire to withdraw the British minister from Belgrade, but later concurred with the other powers. The ministers, however, will not be considered to have relations with the present Servian regime until the Parliament at Belgrade freely expresses its will.

The French Foreign Office considered that the Skupschtina's selection of Prince Peter Karageorgevitch as king was practically certain, so the agreement of the powers to accept the decision of the Skupschtina appears to assure in advance the powers' recognition of King Peter. The officials say the agreement did not include any conditions relative to the punishment of the parties responsible for the assassinations.

PARTISAN STREET FIGHTS.

Geneva, June 15.—King Peter received at 2 o'clock this afternoon a telegram from Belgrade announcing that a sharp fight had taken place in the streets between the partisans of the new king and those of Milan, the legitimatized son of the former King Milan, father of the murdered King Alexander. Young Milan had recently been living in Constantinople. His partisans posted a proclamation on the walls of Belgrade, and it was torn down by King Peter's supporters, after a free fight.

EMIGRATION STOPPED.

Belgrade, June 15.—Lieutenant Lazar Jovanovics, of the Sixth Infantry, shot and killed himself yesterday evening because his fellow-officers did not permit him to participate in carrying out the plot against the late King Alexander and Queen Draga.

The Provisional Government has refused the necessary permission to several Belgrade families who wanted to emigrate, saying that until normal conditions are restored such permits will not be granted.

Geneva, June 15.—Prince Peter Karageorgevitch, and his cousin, M. Nevadovics, remained in close consultation until 4 o'clock this morning. Late last night Prince Peter telegraphed to a friend at Vienna asking him if it would be wiser to traverse Vienna secretly or to announce his arrival.

Prince Peter is prepared to start for Belgrade immediately on receipt of the announcement of his election to the throne of Servia.

GREAT BRITAIN'S STAND

Will Not Recognize Assassins If Elected to Office.

London, June 15.—The British Foreign Office received the following news of the election of King Peter from the Associated Press: The officials said that before any definite action they would await King Peter's assumption of the throne and the constitution of the new cabinet. It was frankly added that if the new king's cabinet included those who were concerned in the assassinations it would be impossible for Great Britain to continue diplomatic relations with it. The question of King Peter's enforcement of the punishment of the murderers was left in abeyance.

London, June 15.—The subject was brought up by a question of Gibson Bowles (Conservative), who inquired if the Government proposed to continue diplomatic relations with those concerned in the assassination of the King and Queen of Servia, who had now assumed the government of Servia, what attitude the Government intended to assume, having recent events and whether any communications were passing between the powers with a view to concerted action.

Mr. Balfour replied that he could only say at present that the matter was under consideration. So far as diplomatic relations were concerned these came to an end with the death of King Alexander. The British representative was only accredited to the late king.

The Premier added that his answer would probably be considered adequate and intimated that if Mr. Bowles placed his question on paper, in the regular way, he might be able to give additional information tomorrow.

LATER.

London, June 15.—The Servian minister in London received official notification of the election of King Peter at 2:40 o'clock this afternoon. The telegram was signed by M. Kalievics, foreign minister, in the provisional cabinet.

The telegram instructed the minister to announce the fact to the British foreign office.

The Servian minister drew attention to what he considered to be an important fact, namely that the national representatives had not decided to offer the crown to Prince Peter, but had actually proclaimed him king, thus leaving him no choice of a refusal in case any power had advised him not to accept the throne. It was of course possible, said the minister, that the suggestion might have been made that the King should pass on the crown to his son. The minister considered the action of the Servian Parliament to have been wise, since it shut the door to all intrigues. Probably the King's first act would be to request the provisional government to remain in power until his arrival.

Geneva, June 15.—Prince Peter Karageorgevitch has telegraphed his acceptance of the Servian throne. King Peter received calmly, but with evident satisfaction, the telegraphic notification of his election as king.

BELGRADE IS ORDERLY

Election of New King Absorbs Attention of Europe.

Belgrade, June 14.—Complete order prevailed in Belgrade last night, and absolute quiet is still reported this afternoon throughout Servia. The streets of this capital bear an animated appearance, being crowded with officers, ladies and large numbers of students, who have arrived from abroad, it is believed, with the object of demonstrating in favor of Prince Peter as king. Some republican tendencies are noticeable among the students who have studied in France and Switzerland. The students, however, are quite overshadowed by the opinion of the majority, and there seems to be no doubt that the National Assembly will tomorrow pronounce in favor of a monarchy and elect Prince Karageorgevitch. The newspapers continue to point out the impossibility of the establishments of a republic, and advocate the election of the prince in order to assure a brighter epoch in Servian politics. The foreign diplomats in Belgrade continue to maintain an attitude of strict reserve. Peter Velimirovitch, one of the oldest and most prominent members of the Radical party, and a former minister of state, has been appointed president of the Senate, in succession of M. Marinkovitch, who has resigned. He will take the chair at the joint meeting of the Senate and the Skupschtina tomorrow, on the occasion of the election of the new king. The announced programme is that after the election of the King tomorrow the Skupschtina will draw up a programme of procedure for the new sovereign, and will then adjourn until the arrival of the King at Belgrade. The King will then form a new ministry and dissolve the Skupschtina.

The provisional government yesterday pardoned all persons imprisoned for political and press offenses, and ordered their immediately release. No arrests have taken place, nor have any sentences been passed since the tragic events of Thursday. The court of cassation and the appeal court suspended their sittings from that time.

Prince Karageorgevitch is little known to the public here. His photographs are not exhibited in the shop windows, but he seems to have caught the public fancy, and his election will evidently be a popular one.

Former Queen Natalie has telegraphed to her former lady-in-waiting to make inquiries whether she will be permitted to come to Servia and visit her son's grave.

Lieut.-Col. Milislav Zivanovics, of the general staff, shot and killed himself Friday. It is understood that he took his life because among the late King's papers was found a letter from Zivanovics informing the King of the plot against his life. The newspapers, however, attempt to make out the suicide to be the result of money troubles.

THE SEA SERPENT HAS APPEARED

It Is One Hundred Feet Long, Dragoon-Like, and Has the Sharks All Scared.

Philadelphia, June 15.—Second Mate Gray, of the steamer Tresco, which arrived at Port Richmond from Santiago Saturday, with a cargo of iron ore, reports having seen a sea serpent of a particularly atrocious kind. He is backed up by Capt. W. H. Bartlett, the other officers and the crew, all of whom are prepared to make affidavits. Mate Gray saw the monster first, but Capt. Bartlett told the story. He said they were ninety miles north of Hatteras, and added: "Mr. Gray saw a school of sharks running wildly. Behind them seemed to be a derelict. We steamed up. It raised up out of the water and the thing horrified us. Supported on a neck that rose above the water fifteen feet was the head of a dragon with two monster tusks. It was 100 feet long, with a body like a snake, tapering to a dragon-shaped tail. It looked at us and made off. It left a stifling odor."

BIG ALLAN LINER FAST AGROUND

The S. S. Norwegian Goes Ashore Near Cape Ray.

WAS DUE TO THE DENSE FOGS

The Cattle Are Being Towed Ashore and There Are Hopes of Saving Entire Cargo.

Halifax, N. S., June 15.—A special dispatch from St. Johns, Nfld., says an agent has just returned there from the wreck of the steamer Norwegian, at Larkin's Point, at the mouth of the Little Codroy River, eight miles from Cape Ray light. The steamer went ashore at daylight on Saturday in a dense fog. The steamer is now in an upright position with considerable water in the forehold and engine room. The Glencoe proceeded from Port-aux-Basque to the Norwegian and was requested by the captain to stand by the ship. While proceeding to discharge the cargo to lighten the steamer 220 head of cattle were put overboard and towed by boats to the shore, a distance of 400 yards, and the steamer Glencoe was partly loaded with general cargo. Four schooners from Channel are also alongside the Norwegian receiving goods. The balance of the cattle, over 400 head, will be landed on Monday if the weather permits.

The steamers Viking and Harlow, from Halifax, have just arrived alongside the Norwegian, and every effort will be made to float the ship at present, as it is very calm. Pumps were forwarded from St. Johns by train yesterday, and will arrive at the steamer tonight, and Captain White believes that with the assistance of steamers and pumps and unloading the cargo into the steamers and schooners and the weather remaining favorable there is a chance of floating the steamer. If it come on a blow from the northwest the steamer will quickly break up.

The steamer Glencoe just arrived back at Port Aux Basque with cargo reports the captain of the Norwegian making ready to abandon the steamer, but hopes to make one effort to get the steamer off.

They have rigged a wire rope from the steamer to the shore, and are sending cargo ashore on a trolley. The Glencoe proceeds to North Sydney to return to the wreck, and if the pumps are working, hope, with the Harlow and Viking, the Norwegian will be pulled off. This depends on the sea keeping calm. Two ocean steamers passing out of the gulf, were seen by the Norwegian's crew, but they were unable to draw the steamers' attention to render assistance. When the Glencoe left the Norwegian there were seven feet of water fore and aft.

SUBWAY CAVE-IN

Narrow Escape of Italians From Being Entomed.

New York, June 15.—Twenty Italians narrowly escaped being entombed in the subway, 40 feet under ground early today. At One Hundred and Fourth street between Broadway and Amsterdan avenue, some of the shoring timbers were reported to be sagging, when a foeman shouted to the workmen to run. They started for a shaft, and as they reached the mouth of the excavation 50 feet of the roof caved in and tons of rock crashed into the tunnel. Ambulances were summoned, but all the workmen had escaped without injuries. It will take several days to clear away the debris and replace the shoring to the roof and sides.

REIGN OF TERROR IN KENTUCKY

Hotel and Home of a Murder Witness Destroyed by Fire.

THE WORK OF MOUNTAINEERS

Who Are Determined That Jett and White Shall Not Come to Justice—Jackson Terror-Stricken.

Jackson, Ky., June 15.—The burning of Ewen's Hotel Sunday morning it not only considered as incendiary, but also as accessory to other acts of intimidation in connection with the pending trial of those accused of the murder of J. B. Marcum, who was an attorney of the contestants for county offices, now held by leaders of the faction with which the defendants were identified. It has openly been predicted that arson would go along with assassination, as disciplinary measures might be needed in Breathitt County. It is now stated that other witnesses for the commonwealth are not property-owners, but that the jurors, who are farmers, and witnesses who could not be found when detachments of troops were trying to bring them into court, are property-owners. The burning of Ewen's property not only has caused renewed fear for both life and property, but also has increased the general doubt of conviction of either of the prisoners.

Capt. B. J. Ewen was the chief witness of the presecution in the pending trials of Courtis Jett and Tom White. He testified that he saw Jett as he advanced with pistol in hand to fire the last shot into Marcum's prostrate body, as it lay in the court house doorway. Through fears for his own safety he testified that he did not dare to allow Sheriff Callahan and County Judge Hargis to know what he had seen. When it did become known, he was first a prisoner in his home and then he fled the county until he could secure protection of the officers. His house had been under the guard of soldiers for several weeks and as a more stringent precaution against assassination, he slept in camp at the provost marshal's headquarters.

Several days ago a man visited him at his home and made him a proposition that, if he would repudiate what he had related on the witness stand, saying that he testified to what was not true, because of the excitement which he was under, he would be given $5,000 by a certain prominent citizen, and that if he did not accept this offer he would be assassinated.

He encouraged his visitor to return in the afternoon and stationed two witnesses in a closet who overheard a repetition of the proposition and the threat which was acompanied by the notes. No one has doubted that Ewen was an actual danger, but few were prepared for a step so desperate as that which came today, and it is believed generally that the incendiary fire was due to the statement made to State Inspector Hines, about the attempted bribery, as well as to Ewen's testimony.

POLICY PLAYER MURDERS

Negro Kills Chas. McFarland of Anti-Policy Society.

New York, June 15.—Charles F. McFarland, of the Anti-Policy Society, was shot and killed today on the general sessions floor of the criminal court building by William Spencer, a negro, who was to have been placed on trial today on the charge of violating the anti-policy law. McFarland was shot just as he left the elevator, the bullet striking him in the head. He died a few moments later. A detective witnessed the shooting, and knocking the revolver from Spencer's hand, placed him under arrest.

Escaped the Hurricane.

Manila, June 15.—The United States transport Samshu, which, June 5, was reported to have been wrecked during the hurricane which swept over the Philippine Islands, has arrived here safely.

Pressmen Convene.

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 15.—There was a full attendance of the 300 delegates here today at the opening of the 50th annual convention of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants Union, which continues all week. The first session was devoted to addresses of welcome and responses and the receiving of credentials.

WEATHER BULLETIN

Monday, June 15.

Sun rises..4:35 a.m. Moon rises..11:21 a.m.
Sun sets...8:00 p.m. Moon sets....9:47 a.m.

Tomorrow—Fair.

Toronto, June 14, 8 p.m.—The disturbance which on Friday evening was centered over Eastern Ontario has since followed a most unusual course, circling westward over Ontario and passing over Lake Erie to New York, where it is situated this evening. Local showers have occurred today in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 50—70; Kamloops, 52—78; Calgary, 48—66; Qu'Appelle, 48—68; Winnipeg, 42—70; Port Arthur, 52—80; Parry Sound, 48—66; Toronto, 50—60; Ottawa, 52—66; Montreal, 54—68; Quebec, 52—60; Halifax, 50—68.

Monday, June 15—8 a.m.

FORECASTS.

Today—Moderate winds; fair and a little warmer.

Tuesday—Moderate, variable winds; fair.

Temperatures.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	44	40	Fair
Winnipeg	48	34	Clear
Parry Sound	56	48	Cloudy
Toronto	60	50	Clear
Ottawa	64	52	Fair
Montreal	56	60	Cloudy
Quebec	52	48	Cloudy
Father Point	42	40	Rain

WEATHER NOTES.

Rain is falling in Eastern Quebec and throughout the Maritime Provinces, but the weather has cleared in Western Quebec and Ontario, and present indications are for fair and rather cool weather. A fairly general rain has occurred in the Northwest Territories, but the weather is now likely to be fine and warm.

Local temperatures: Saturday—Highest, 50.5°; lowest, 46°. Sunday—Highest, 65°; lowest, 49°.

PLUNDERING BAZOUKS

1,500 Bulgarian Refugees Arrive at Sofia.

Sofia, June 15.—Fully 1,500 Bulgarian refugees arrived in the Burgas district Friday from Pirogu, Kuli, Kovatchaz and neighboring villages. They report that a reign of terror exists in the vilayet of Adrianople. Turkish regulars and Bashi-Bazouks are said to be pillaging the whole region, under the pretext of searching for arms, and are arresting and maltreating the dwellers in the conutryside. The panic-stricken people are fleeing in a body, men, women and children taking with them their carts, cattle and all their movable possessions. The refugees say the population of whole villages farther from the frontier are following in their wake.

A NIGHT SESSION OF THE COMMONS

A Long and Fruitless Debate Over Census Item Prolonged Until the Morning.

Ottawa, June 15.—The House of Commons sat all night and did not rise until 6:20 Saturday morning. The trouble was over the item of $35,000 for the census bureau for the coming year. The Opposition discussed this item for a time and then asked that it should stand. The item of $150,000 for exhibitions was then passed after some explanations by Hon. Sydney Fisher as to the Government's plans for the St. Louis Exposition. Then the Opposition reverted to the census item and kept up the debate upon it until long after dawn. The item failed to pass, but before adjourning an appropriation of $220,000 for the dairy service was agreed to. Mr. Clancy did most of the talking on behalf of the Opposition. Three Ministers stayed out the night, Messrs. Fielding, Fisher and Sutherland. It was a very tired and sleepy-looking house that separated when Dr. Macdonald, the deputy speaker, declared the proceedings adjourned Saturday morning.

UNIONISTS DON'T WANT ELECTIONS

Not Yet Prepared to Appeal to Country.

WILL STUDY THE QUESTIONS

Protection and Old Age Pensions Should Be Looked Into by Masses Says Chamberlain.

London, June 15. — A week's reflection has served to put an end to the sensational talk of the immediate resignation of the present Government and a general election based on the issue of protection as against free trade. Even should circumstances arise which would render necessary the partial reorganization of the cabinet, it is no part of the purpose of either wing of the Unionist party to seek a verdict from the country upon the question within the next few months.

Colonial Secretary Chamberlain meant precisely what he said when he advocated a deliberate study of the question by the politicians and the masses before they attempt to reach a decision. His opponents, including even Chancellor of the Exchequer Ritchie, accept this suggestion. It is a safe inference that while public opinion is still entirely confused upon the subject, a systematc campagn will tend greatly to strengthen Mr. Chamberlain's support.

The indications are still that support from the masses must be based upon the intrinsic strength of Mr. Chamberlain's scheme rather than on the old age pension addenda, which is not likely to prove an effective inducement.

SOLDIERS LEFT CHURCH

Did Not Like Some Remarks by Dr. Sowerby.

There are some soldiers at present in this city who will probably not visit the Talbot Street Baptist Church again, at least judging by their action last night in leaving the church. The soldiers were from the camp and took offense at a reference which Rev. Dr. Sowerby made to that institution.

Dr. Sowerby complained that the papers had made a considerable "howl" to get the camp to this city, as if it was a good thing. He didn't want to see the camp come here. He was speaking of the traps that were laid at the present time for people, old and young, and referred especially to the camp and the circus which had a deteriorating effect on the churches, drawing the people away from them.

The soldiers took the references and the manner in which they were given, as an insult evidently, as they arose and left the church. Dr. Sowerby took no notice of the incident, but proceeded with his subject. This morning when asked by The Advertiser in reference to the matter, Rev. Dr. Sowerby would not make any remark upon the subject.

THE KWANGSI TROUBLES

The Reports of Widespread Rebellion Are Untrue.

Shanghai, June 15.—Marshal Su, lately commander-in-chief of the forces in Kwangsi, who has been relieved of his command in consequence of friction with Governor Wang Chih chun, is now at Shanghai, proceeding to an audience at the capital. He states that although marauding bands are still active in the remote districts, the reports of widespread rebellion are not justified. He estimates the number of armed outlaws at 6,000, and is prepared to undertake the complete pacification of the province in twelve months, if given a free hand.

SENSATION IN ST. THOMAS ELGIN LOAN CO. SUSPENDS

Manager George Rowley Leaves the City Suddenly—Had Lost in Stock Speculations.

THE DEFALCATIONS BETWEEN $30,000 AND $50,000

[Special to The Advertiser.]

St. Thomas, June 15. — Great excitement was caused this morning by the announcement that the Elgin Loan Company had suspended payment.

The manager, George Rowley, left the city last night, leaving no word as to his destination. He turned over his personal assets to the company.

Rowley has been playing the stock market, and it is supposed that he used the company's funds to the extent of $40,000 or $50,000.

The company's securities are as good as gold, and the depositors will be absolutely safe. The amount on deposit is $193,000. The company has $406,000 in mortgages besides a portion of unpaid stock which is in the hands of very good men.

Rowley's method, apparently, was to take in deposits and not enter them in the books. It has been found that one man who deposited a check for $2,500 on Saturday has only $400 placed to his credit in the books.

The extent of the defalcations is not yet known, but it is believed that it runs from $30,000 to $50,000—probably less than the latter sum. Rowley had access only to the cash. He could not negotiate any of the securities without the signature of the president, Mr. John Baird, who signed nothing of the kind.

The city is in a state of great excitement, amounting to a panic among those who have money on deposit. There was not only a run on the savings banks, but many people withdrew their deposits from the chartered banks and deposited them in the post-office bank.

Rowley's personal estate is valued at about $10,000.

CLOSED TO BRITAIN

List of Countries That Refuse Favored Nation Clause.

London, June 15.—When asked in the House of Commons today to name the countries which denied to British imports complete most favored nation treatment, the parliamentary secretary of the board of trade, Mr. Law, said the United States and Portugal were the only ones, besides the Central and South American republics.

Premier Balfour announced in the House of Commons today that the future diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Servia were under considerations.

A UTOPIAN COLONY

One To Be Established on the Italian Frontier.

Geneva, June 15. — About 100 persons, 30 of them women, have settled at Ascona, on the Swiss-Italian frontier, intending to found a community modeled upon Sir Thomas Moore's Utopia.

The members are to have individual liberty of action and of thought, but are pledged to live in the most frugal way. They are vegetarians, their dress is to be of the simplest character and no hats or caps are to be worn. All belong to the educated classes.

The laws, they say, are those of nature and they acknowledge no other. Their sole amusement is music, by preference that of Wagner, whom they call nature's musician. The founder of the colony is a Belgian, but among the members are Swiss, Italians, French, Germans, Russians and one South American.

A committee is trying to invent a language which will be their own. They are trying to buy land enough to devote themselves to agriculture for their own support. They differ from the Tolstoists in that their desire is not to help others, but only to live a quiet "natural" life away from the world.

THE SUBWAY STRIKE

Representatives of Powers Protest to Porte.

New York, June 15.—Official announcement has been made at the weekly meeting of the Central Federated Union of the abandoning of the strike in the subway by the excavators. his means that over 20,000 men will apply for work unconditionally.

The letter stated that the union would be built up and intimated that at some time its demands, which it failed to enforce this time, will be submitted again.

The strike has been in force several weeks and greatly delayed work in the uncompleted portions of the Rapid Transit Tunnel.

MURDERER BESIEGED

Lynching Party Corner Him in a House.

Pittsfield, Ill., June 15. — As a result of a double-killing committed here yesterday, Fred Mink, aged 21 years, is besieged in a deserted house on the edge of the town, while a mob bent on lynching and a sheriff's posse are seeking to effect his capture.

Mink shot and killed Newton W. Harris, a farmer, and then killed his stepmother. Rage over the refusal of Harris to allow him to pay attentions to his daughter is thought to have inspired one killing, but the death of Mrs. Mink is not explained.

KURDS ON THE WARPATH

The Men Give In But Hint at Future Trouble.

Cologne, June 15.—The Kurds are taking up arms in Kurdistan, according to a dispatch to the Cologne Gazette from Constantinople. The dispatch adds that the United States Minister, British Ambassador and German Charge D'Affaires have made representations to the Porte regarding recent occurences at Kkarput, where the arest of Armenian teachers and domiciliary visits to the houses of Armenians have caused a panic.

JAMAICA TURNS TO THE DOMINION

She Is Looking to Canada as a Market to Replace the United States.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Ont., June 15.—G. E. Burke, Canadian agent at Kingston, Jamaica, in a report to the Department of Trade and Commerce, refers to the recent visit to Ottawa to Son. Sidney Olivier, colonial secretary of Jamaica, saying that his excellency, Sir Augustus Hemming and Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, are both keenly desirous of closer trade relations between Jamaica and Canada. Mr. Burke adds that there has been an 82 per cent increase in exports of Jamaica fruits to Canada and says that sugar planters on the island are looking to Canada for a market in view of the probable loss of the United States as a customer.

THIRTY-YEAR-LONG VENDETTA ENDS IN A HORRIBLE MURDER

Armenian Trails His Brother's Slayer Through Many Different Lands.

Berlin, June 15. — An extraordinary case of a long-delayed vendetta has been brought to light by the murder of an Armenian named Hadsi Ibraim, at Askabad, on the Trans-Caucasian Railway.

Thirty years ago Ibraim killed another Armenian named Dshalalaw, at Van, in Asia Minor, when he was a youth of 18.

Dshalalow's two brothers swore an oath to avenge his murder, and devoted the rest of their lives to the search for his slayer. One of them died, but the other continued the hunt, journeying all through Asiatic and European Turkey, Persia, the Caucasus, and parts of Arabia and Central Asia. Finally, after more than a quarter of a century, he found Ibraim at Askabad, and killed him promptly, hacking his body to pieces.

He has been arrested, but the influential Armenians of the district are trying to save him, averring that it was his duty to fulfill the oath he swore over the dead body of his murdered brother.

A New Profession.

London, June 15.—The demand for snake poison by medical men in Australia has created the new profession of snake-catching and the collection of their venom.

It is a very profitable profession, snake venom being quoted in Sydney at $28,000 per pound Troy, or $5 per grain.

The Japs Prepare.

Yokohama, June 15.—The Russian War Minister, Gen. Kuropatkin, is being extensively feeted at Tokio, where he arived Friday last. A noticeable fact, however, is that simultaneously with the festivities at the Capital Baron Yamamoto, the Japanese minister of marine, is inspecting all the naval ports and testing their efficiency in case of war.

Balloonists Lost.

Marseilles, June 15.—A balloon with four aeronauts was carried out to sea yesterday afternoon. The fate of the four men is not known.

THE MISSING PRINCE RUDOLPH TURNS UP IN WISCONSIN STATE

Was Only Bruised.

Berlin, June 15. — Adolf Stallmann, a roof-tinner, of Kalkfuss, Prussia, was struck on the head by a flying brick from a chimney above him.

He fell off the roof on to a passing van laden with broken glass, and with just strength enough he jumped out, only to be knocked down by a passing motor car. He was "only slightly bruised."

BELGIAN SHIP CAPSIZES

Captain, Mate and Nine Men Meet Death.

Christiana, Norway, June 15. — The Belgian steamer Rubenz, bound from Sunderland, England, for Pillau, East Prussia, capsized and sank June 10. The captain, mate and six men were drowned. Seven other members of the crew drifted in a small boat for 22 hours, during which time three of them died from exposure. The others were picked up.

A Sensational Story About the Heir to Austrian Throne Supposed.

Marinette, Wis., June 15.—The Marinette Star is authority for a story to the effect that Prof. Hoffman, who recently resigned from the faculty of the University of Iowa, is Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria, who was supposed to have killed himself fifteen years ago. Hoffman's resignation at the university was requested because he refused to reveal his identity, after admitting that he was going under an assumed name. At the time that it was reported the Crown Prince had killed himself in Austria, it is asserted that a corpse resembling him was made use of at the funeral, while the Prince disappeared from the empire, and that he is none other than Hoffman, professor of medicine. The Crown Prince was considered one of the leading physicians of Austria. The story in part is confirmed by Dr. Redetings, of this city, and Attorney B. J. Brown, of Menominee. Circumstances in connection with Hoffman's stay here also tend to confirm the story.