FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1890

A new mind reader, Dr. Onofroff, is ex iting interest in London, where he is doing eats said to exceed in difficulty those pesormed by any of his predecessors.

An Old London confectionery store give o every purchaser of a shilling's worth a cket entitling the purchaser to have one notograph of herself taken at an establish-ent up stairs.

Swallows and butterflies made of jet, ld tinsel, and beads fly across the skirts d bodices of some of the latest fashionle evening dresses of English ladies, and is predicted that the new style will drive t flowers as a trimming.

It is said that this year's maneuvers of the English navy are likely to be held in the Mediterranean, instead of about the Figlish coast, and to include an attempt to blockade the Straits and defend from attack the fortress of Gibraltar.

The first consignment of tea from Perak, Indies, has just reached the London market, and was sold readily at good prices. The outlook for the new field, which is in Eng-lish hands, is said to be very promising.

English manufacturers are said to be making good headway in the attempt compete with the Germans in toy manufacturing. The business amounts to \$10,000,-000 a year. From time immemorial Germany has been the headquarters of the toy-

The Bishop of Rochester, addressing the students of the Royal Female School of Art in London, on the occasion of the annual prize-giving, remarked: "I am struck with the lovely taste displayed in your hats, the y are so quiet and ladylike." That pleased the girls more than all the prizes.

The municipality of the town of Kherson, Russia, has decided to hold a solemn service on the 100th anniversary of the death of John Howard, the English philan-thronist, who died at Kherson on Jan. 20 consist, who died at Kherson on Jan. 20 (old style), 1790. The memory of Howard is kept alive in the town by the monument.

Methodist preacher, at a missionary meeting in Kingston, said that the continued at-tacks of the Protestant churches against Roman Catholics in Quebec were simply unifying them. Putting money into French missions was like putting it into a bag with boles in it.

It is said that the Duke and Duchess o Edinburgh went, much against their wills, to spend their winter in St. Petersburg, but that the Czar announced that he would strictly enforce the court regulation that members of the royal family must spend at least one-third of the year in Rus-sia, and threatened to cut off the allowance of his sister, the Duchess, should she neg-lect to obey.

An English militia captain, recently

woman who rejected him and married another clergyman. After Dr. Lightfoot became bishop he found his old sweetheart and her husband struggling along in a poor living in his diocese, whereupon he took every occasion to advance his rival until the latter and his family were in very comfortable circumstances.

Cayuga, Ont., Feb. 14.—Mr. Colter (Reform and Dr. Montague (Conservative) were nominated again yesterday for the representation of Haldimand in the House

San Diego, Cal., Feb. 14.—During a recess in the trial of William Mayne, charged with assault with intent to murder, Bertha Johnson, the prosecuting witness shot Mayne in the head, neck and shoulder, inflicting probably fatal wounds. The woman passed back of Mayne, drew a revolver from under her handkerchief and fired. She was arrested.

Extradition Treaties. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 14.—The United States Senate have eliminated the clause in the Russian Extradition Treaty which specifically exempted from the list of political crimes attempts upon the life of the Czar or any member of his family. In the British Extradition Treaty objection is heing made to the clauses providing extrabeing made to the clauses providing extra-dition for persons charged with man-slaughter and obtaining money under false

Business Troubles. Business Troubles.

A meeting of the creditors of Hopkins Bros., Stratford, was held Thursday afternoon, when it was decided to accept an offer of 50 cents on the dollar. Thos. Lackie, general store, Lansing, has assigned. The total liabilities of the late firm of Tait, Burch & Co. is estimated at \$190,000; of this \$65,000 is due foreign firms, \$31,000 to Canadian mills and the Molsons Bank \$90,000. The assets are Molsons Bank \$90,000. The assets are

about \$80,000.

A Tartar Among the Tars.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—The arrival of the United States steamship Enterprise in New York from Europe will be the signal for a sensation in naval circles. This vessel is under command of Commander B. H. McCall. Upwards of 70 men have deserted from time to time, unable to beart the Captain's harshness. He is said to have struck one man with his sword, injuring him severely. Ensign Kline and Chief Engineer Entwistle are now under the hatches. Kline's offense was sleeping on watch and denying it, while Entwistle remonstrated with the Captain for using anguage which he considered objection-ble.

BEECHAM'S PILLS act like magic on a weak

The Times Case Tumbled Like a House of Cards.

London Press Comment on the Par nell Commission Report.

Negotiations on the Fishery Questio and the States.

Death's Doings.

London, Feb. 14.—The Earl of Sydney i

say the troops of King Menelek of Abyssinia have had a severe battle with the force of

Moussa Bey in Limbo. CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 14 .- At the rehas imprisoned in his own palace Moussa Bey, the Kurdish chief, charged with rob-bing and outraging Christians in Armenia.

The Duke of Fife.

London, Feb. 14.—In the House of Lords vesterday the newly-created Duke of Fife took the oath on his elevation. He was ac-companied by the Prince of Wales, wearing the insignia of the Garter, and by the Dukes of Norfolk and Westminster, wearing their robes of State.

A Wedding Party Drowned. PARIS, Feb. 4.—A sad accident happened to a wedding party at Pontivy yesterday. The vehicle conveying the bride and bridegroom and a number of their friends, was groom and a number of their friends, was upset and the whole party were precipitated into the river. The bride and bridegroom and ten others of the party were drowned.

A Newfoundland Modus Vivondi.

London, Feb. 14.—In the House of Com-

nons Sir James Fergusson, Under Secretary or the Foreign Office, said the negotiation between England and France were tending to a settlement of the Newfoundland fisheries dispute. If a conclusion were not soon arrived at a modus vivendi would be arranged for a year.

A British Steamer and Seven Men Lost, London, Feb. 14.—The British steamer

Ludgate Hill, which passed Prawle Point on Wednesday, bound for here from New York, signaled that she had collided with the British steamer Deeside. A boat marked "Deeside, Aberdeen," came ashore a mile from Penzance. Later it was learned that the Deeside had sunk and that sever of her crew were drowned.

Death of Zanzibar's Sultan.

London, Feb. 13.—The Sultan of Zanzi

bar is dead. His demise was sudden.
ZANZIBAE, Feb. 13.—Seynoid Ali, the ceeds him. Dr. Charles Worth, attached ceeds him. Dr. Charles Worth, attached to the British consulate, and Dr. Martin, surgeon of the man-of-war Boadicea, examined the Sultan's body and found no external evidences that death was unnatural. The Arabs will not permit an autopsy. He will be buried to-night.

Siberian Horrors.

asked to resign on account of his age and to make room for a younger man, replied to the authorities that if they would send on a dozen of their strongest young men he would walk them for 40 miles, and then lead them to the top of the highest and steepest hills in the neighborhood. The authorities declined the challenge, and did not press for the resignation.

English churchmen are delighted over a just-told story that illustrates, they think, the goodness of the late Bishop Lightfoot. It is that in early life he fell in love with a serious resulted in the death of 41 carlies. the Siberian horror have been received and It is that in early life he fell in love with a exiles. The news of the outrages has in exiles. The news of the outrages has inspired the Nihilists with new vigor. The Czar has ordered an investigation, and has removed the director of the prison.

Perturbed Portugal.

Lisbon, Feb. 14.—All the persons ar-

rested in the disturbance on Tuesday and sent aboard the man-of-war will be brought ashore for trial on Monday next. Many students from Salamanca, Spain, have arrived at Oporto and will join in the demonstrations there. The students of the polytechnic school assembled to indulge in a manifestation. They were dispersed by the police and the leaders arrested. The Opposition papers publish the documents of the negotiations between Great Britain and Portugal. Glynn Petre, it appears from these, vouched for Consul Johnson at Mozambique as an agent knowing the plans and ideas of the Government. Negotiations for limitations of territory were therefore conducted with him, but the understanding which satisfied Lord Salisbury collapsed on account of the opposition of Scotch missionaries. rested in the disturbance on Tuesday and

The Parnell Commission's Report. LONDON, Feb. 14.—The report of Judges Hannen, Day and Smith, the special com-Hannen, Day and Smith, the special commission appointed to investigate the charges made by the Times against the Parnellite members of the House of Commons, was laid upon the table in the House yesterday by Henry Matthews, Secretary for Home Affairs. Each member of the House against whom charges were made is treated separately. The Judges find that the speeches made by many of the Parnellite members were intended to bring about the separation of Ireland from England, and that the speeches of others, in view of the state of the country, were calculated to foment crime, as the speakers must have known.

The leaders of the Opposition in the House of Commons have decided to take every opportunity that offers to renew the discussion of the forced Piccount. House of Commons have decided to take every opportunity that offers to renew the discussion of the forged Pigott's letters. Many Liberals consider that the opening of an attack upon the Government in relation to this matter, in Sir William Harcourt's motion concerning the heart of the control of the contr

to this matter, in Sir William Harcourt's motion concerning the breach of privilege, was too hurried, and that more deliberate and possibly a better planned attack will yield better results. The presentation of the report of the Commission of Inquiry will remove the Speaker's objection to the first attempt to call up the matter.

Gladstone, Morley and Asquith have backed Bannerman's bill to remove the disabilities of Roman Catholics to hold the office of Lord Chancellor of England and Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

The Commissioners' Report Criticiand

The Commissioners' Report Criticised.
London, Feb. 14.—The Telegraph says: Commenting on the Parnell Commiss port, we cannot say that the protracted and costly investigation has borne very valuable fruit—upon all the serious charges the verCANADA'S CAPITAL.

Rykert Endeavors to Explain His Little Land Job.

Language Bill.

dict is not guilty or not proven. The issues upon which the verdict is against the respondents are those as to which the majority of the English public has already promounced its own informal verdict of guilty. The Chronicle says: The report confirms the impression made upon calm observers by the violent and noisy "Parnellism and Crime" articles when they first appeared in the Times that what was new in them was not true, and what was true was not new. The Parnellites have done and said nothing more reprehensible than Salisbury and Carnarvon knew they had done when the latter negotiated with them an alliance that placed the Government in the hands of the Tories. The Times' case has tumbled down like a house of cards. The history of "Parnellism and Crime" from its birth to burial in this report is the history of the most colossal fiasco in the political journalism of the Victorian era.

The Standard says: We may say generally that while the verdict favors the accused upon a few of the most heinous charges, there are more than enough behind to substantiate all that has been generally believed of the connection between Home Rulers and conspiracies against the law, and to bring home to the respondent the moral responsibility for the worst crimes committee by the League and its agents. If Parnell condemned crime in one breath he encouraged it in another.

The Star (T. P. O'Connor's paper) claims that the report of the Parnell Commission is a triumphant acquitted all along the interpretation of the connection of the responsibility members.

The Freeman's Journal says the Parnellite members are acquitted all along the (Special to the ADVERTISER.) OTTAWA, Friday, Feb. 14. The excitement is somewhat relaxed this morning, Sir John having practically anounced last night that no division would e taken until Monday night. Still the Bleus have not yielded an inch. They persist in the demand that the Beausoleil similar amendment to the McCarthy bill be carried by the majority, which the Government control. On the other hand the Ontario members point out that they yielded last year in the Jesuit matter and claim that this time it is the of the French to face the tide of opinion in their constituencies. Mr. Charlton has the floor this afternoon, and a soothing speech is not looked for. Meantime our oldest statesmen are saying "A very little more of this and Confederation

Sir John Thompson will visit Toronto to prrow, when he will be made a member of the Toronto bar.

A Collingwood deputation is here looking after some desired improvements to the local harbon

Parnellite members.

The Freeman's Journal says the Parnellite members are acquitted all along the line. The report is virtually a verdict against their accusers.

The British Parliament. London, Feb. 14.—In the House of commons last evening Henry Howarth re-Sir Donald Smith has discovered among his papers the original agreement guarantee sumed debate on the address. He said the ing at the time of the bill of rights issued dovernment had shown every possible conby the Riel Government in Manitoba that the French language should be preserved in deration for Portugal.

Mr. Labouchere withdrew his amendment Mr. Labouchere withdrew his amendment for publication of the fullest information as to how Bismarck had induced Italy to join the Triple Alliance. He desired to know whether England was in any way bound to Italy and what assurances had been given to Bismarck as an equivalent for his action. If in case of a European war France should seize the chance to reconquer Alsace-Lorraine, was England in any way expected then to support the combination against France, desnite the general sympathy of between Prof. Bryce and Archbishop Tach n favor of the Archbi-hop.

The Railway and Public Order Committee net this morning and passed a number o minor matters.

Proceedings of the House

Ottawa, Thursday, Feb. 13.

On the orders of the day being called, Mr. Rykert rose to make his promised explanation concerning the Cypress Hills timber limit and the correspondence which has been published regarding the matter. He denied that he had acted anyway unbecoming to a member of Parliament, or that the Government had unduly favored the application he had made upon the request of Mr. John D. Adams. He supplied some letters which, he claimed, would explain the case, and endeavored to show the meaning of certain words used in the letters. The limit was applied for at a time when it was open to anyone to make application, and OTTAWA, Thursday, Feb. 13. raine, was England in any way expected then to support the combination against France, despite the general sympathy of the nation with that country? It was England's policy to keep out of such trouble, He thought it significant that all neutral nations sympathized with Portugal. Portugal would do as well under a republic as under a monarchy. He attacked the concessions given to the South African Company through the Duke of Fife and Abercorn. He did not see what right these gentlemen had to charge royal. was applied for at a time when it was open to anyone to make application, and there would have been no difficulty about it had the Canadian Pacific Railway not diverted their line in order to secure possession of their limits. It then became a matter of difficulty to secure the limit against the influence of that railway, and he had acted as solicitor for Adams. It was a business transaction, and he was not ashamed of the part he had taken in it. He was received, as he closed, in dead silence.

Fife and Abercorn. He did not see what right these gentlemen had to charge royal-ties on the products of the mines in Africa. He held that arbitration offered the best course to deal with Portugal, and thought that England should so try to keep the Zambesi open to the world.

Sir James Fergusson said negotiations on the fishery question were proceeding between England and America under favorable auspices. He denied that England was able auspices.

able auspices. He denied that England was under any obligation in regard to America beyond that in using her influence to secure a proper trial of the case against Moussa Bey and of securing better treatment for the Christians

Bey and of securing better treatment for the Christians.

Mr. Bryce trusted the Government might be able to induce Turkey to give self-gov-ernment to Crete, as the only way to avert another rebellion which would involve Greece certainly, and perhaps Europe.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION. The Boiler of a Locomotive

Bursts. One Man Killed and Four Seriously In-jured-Other Accidents.

A LATER ACCOUNT.

PITTSBUEG, Pa., Feb. 13.—About 8:30
this morning the boiler of a locomotive exploded while in motion near Douglas Station on the Pittsburg, McKeesport and Youghiogheny Railroad, killing one man and injuring four. Their names are: Killed. Charles Jenkins. flagman. Injured.

Mrs. Newton's Quartet.

Toronto Shoemakers Locked Out.

the foreman running a buttoning ma-ine. The men claimed that the principles

of the union were violated by this action and demanded that either a man be put to work on the machine or the boy paid union wages. Mr. King declined to concede to the demand and the men were locked out.

Rushing for Real Estate.

light and a large number of fights took place. The reservation for many miles westward is becoming dotted with houses in every direction. The crowd arriving by every mooming train and innumerable prairie schooners is sueadily on the increase. Fully 5,000 people camped over what a day or two ago was the home and hunting ground of the Sioux nation—to-night the home and property of those who have waited long for the day when they could take possession of the rich lands and cultivate the soil.

"BARKWELL'S BRONCHIAL BALSAM" cures all kinds of coughs and colds, croup and bronchitis. Ask for "Barkwell's," take no other.

A LATER ACCOUNT.

silence.
Sir Richard Cartwright moved that,
whereas it is expedient that the House
should have an opportunity of examining
the document published in the Toronto the document published in the Toronto Globe and Mr. Rykert's explanation of the same, the letters should be printed in the Votes and Proceedings. When the House had been fully posted on the matter he would probably have something more to say about?

would probably have something more to say about it.

Mr. Rykert expressed a desire to have certain other letters in his possession printed along with those in the Globe, and Sir Richard Cartwright's motion was de-

ferred until to-morrow.

Afr. Bowell declared that the member for Lincoln was guilty under the correspondence of representing that he had one-half of the Cabinet in his employ and the other half were working for the Canadian Pacific Railway. He protested against this singularly unfortunate use of language, and hinted that if Parliamentary usage did not forbid he could characterize the statement in stronger terms. He read a telegram from Macdonald & Tupper, of Winnipeg, the sons of their fathers, whom Mr. Rykert alleged had worked their fathers in his interests, denying that they had ever visited Ottawa in connection with the Cypress Hills limit. Mr. McCarthy disclaimed any connection with the limit except to put in an application on behalf of a constituent.

Sir John Macdonald repeated his denial of improper Government complicity in the transaction, and the matter was dropped for the day.

Mr. Mullock resumed the debate on Mr.

for the day.

Mr. Mullock resumed the debate on Mr.

Youghiogheny Railroad, killing one man and injuring four. Their names are: Killed, Charles Jenkins, flagman. Injured, John Ludwig, engineer; John Steadman, fireman: Wm. McKinley, brakeman; George Rist, conductor. All will recover but, possibly, Ludwig, who is terribly scalded. The engine had taken a construction train, on which were a large number of Italian and Hungarian section hands, to Douglas Station, and was proceeding up the road with only the caboose, when the boiler exploded with terrific force, demolishing the engine and caboose, tearing up the rails and scattering scalding water in all directions. The five men named were in the cab and caboose at the time. McCarthy's metion for the second reading of the bill to abolish official French in the Northwest Territories. He said it would probably be an easy matter to dispose of this bill if it could be restricted in every sense to the Territories, but the speeches of Mr. McCarthy both in and out of the House had complicated and enlarged the whole question. Quotting from Mr. McCarthy's speech at Stayner the phrase that, if ballots did not settle this question in this generation, bayonetswould settleit in the next, and from his favorable comments upon Lord Durham's report declaring that the French language must be stamped out, Mr. Mucba he did that, in view of those utterances, this question could not be discussed in the limited sense of being confined to the Northwest Territories but as a crusade against to the French language and French literature in all points. Mr. McCarthy's proposition was that unity of language was a requisite of a great nation. In opposition to this Mr. Mulock laid down the proposition that every nation of any note, at an earlier or later period, had been composed of more than one race, speaking more than one languages, Spanish and Basque; Switzerland, sweden, France and the Netherlands, with their four languages each; Great Britain with its Gaelic, French, Manx and Welsh; Austria, Germany and Russia with their innumerable dialects. There are only four nations in Europe that are uniform in language, and these are Italy, Portugal, Denmark and Greece, none of which could be called great, Switzerland, Swutzerland, Sugara, and these are Italy, Portugal, Denmark and Greece, none of which could be called great, Switzerland, Spain, Austria-Hungary and Great Britain all hard (in the Channel Islands), Manx (in the Isla of Man)

Changuage in the Grand Council Report was defined to the date of the Council of the Royal Templars Scottdate, Pa., Feb. 14.—Mrs. W. New-on, of Everson, gave birth yesterday to our girls. They are of ordinary size, per-ectly formed and will live. Mr. and Mrs. Newton are both of Irish birth. Toronto Shoemakers Locked Out.
Toronto, Feb. 14.—The strikers at J.
D. King & Co.'s shoe factory have made no satisfactory arrangements with their employers, and at present there is not much prospect of the men returning to work before next week. Between 125 and 130 employes are out. They asked for the "removal" of a lad who had been put to work by the foreman running a buttening men Rushing for Real Estate.

PIEREE, S. D., Feb. 14.—Boomers continued to cross the river all Wednesday night and the scene at Fort Pierre was very exciting. Building was done by lantern light and a large number of fights took more than one official language, those of Great Britain being English, French (in the Channel Islands), Manx (in the Isle of Man) and Welsh in the many Government schools in Wales. Mr. Mulock's next proposition was that unity of language does not always produce unity of nationality, and in support of this he pointed to Greece,

with its divergent Athenians, Spartans and many other citizens, and to the German Empire as brought together under Charlemagns. He thought Mr. McCarthy was proceeding in a most direct way to wreck the Confederation by threatening the French-Canadians with deprivation of their privileges. He was only making them cling more tenaciously to them, and perhaps helping to drive them from the Confederacy. Such assaults upon language were always looked opon as attacks upon religion, and this opinion once gaining possession of the minds of the people, it would be impossible to remove it. The record of the French-Canadian people was itself a refutation of a large part of Mr. McCarthy's argument. Had Mr. McCarthy introduced this measure in any tolerant spirit, limiting the case to that involved in the enacting clause, he would have done his cause infinite good and have avoided much of the bitterness imposted into this country. He would

have avoided much of the bitterness imported into this country. He would ask Mr. McCarthy to let it be known clearly where he stood and what his ulterior objects were. If his object was to obliterate the French language from Canada there should be but one answer from the people's representatives. 'We are sent here,' Mr. Mulock continued, 'to save the Union, not to destroy it. The gentleman,' said Mr. Mulock, 'desires to make this a British country, but he is adopting the worst means of making British nstitutions prominent in Canada. Such being my conclusion I cannot agree with him in the legislation he proposes, and shall therefore cast my vote, as I have have avoided much of the bitterness imbeing my conclusion I cannot agree with him in the legislation he proposes, and shall therefore cast my vote, as I have indicated, to have this matter settled by the people's representatives in the Northwest Assembly, or such other tribunal as may be suggested, after they shall have had the fullest opportunity of inquiring into all the conditions of the country, believing, as I do, that neither the Northwest Assembly nor any other tribunal to which it may be relegated will betray the trust reposed in it, but will act justly toward all the people, without fear, favor or affection." (Cheers.)

Mr. Gigault, of Rouville; Mr. Curran, of Montreal; Mr. Robillard, of Ottawa, and Mr. Dawson spoke in opposition to the bill. Sir Hector Langevin said he could not let the debate close without naving a word

Sir Hector Langevin said ne could not let the debate close without having a word to say in answer to the member for North Simcoe, who sought to legislate for half a continent. Notwithstanding his equal rights principles, that gentleman sought to deprive a large portion of the population of the Northwest of their right to use their only tongue, the French. His attempt was fanaticism in its most rigorous form.

Mr. Lavergne was studiously moderate in his utterances but vigorous in his protest against ungenerous attacks upon the French-Canadians.

The address of Mr. Mills was unassailable in its logic and generous in its sentiment. He said the preamble of the bill was such that it aimed at suppression of French for to say in answer to the member for

that it aimed at suppression of French for social or business purposes, as well as offi-cially. Mr. Mills proceeded to dwell at length upon the constitutional aspect of

rength upon the constitutional aspect of the case.

Prolonged applause came from all over the House when Mr. Mills closed.

Mr. Charlton moved the adjournment of the debate, and Sir John Macdenald moved that it be the first in order for to-morrow.

The House adjournment of the Comment. The House adjourned at 11:50.

Capital Notes.

A petition from the Typegraphical Union of Ottawa, in favor of a bill to prohibit the importation of foreign labor under contract, has been presented by Mr. Taylor.

has been presented by Mr. Taylor.

Sir John Thompson, in answer to Mr.
Brien, says there has been no application
lately on the subject of appointing a junior
judge for Essex, and the matter had not
been considered of late.

The prospect now is that there will be almost a solid French vote on the Beausoleil
amendment to McCarthy's bill, but it is still
unlikely that it will cover any actil likely.

unlikely that it will carry and still likely that the final judgment will be in favor of sending the matter on to the Northwest Assembly. It is expected that if the Beausoleil amendment is voted down another amendment will be moved and that the Havestone vill be moved, and that the House ma have to vote many times before the end is reached. The debate will go on to-morrow and is almost certain to extend into ne

said the Government had under consideration the placing of mail clerks on the Detroit,
Lake Erie and Essex Railway. They did
not contemplate placing them on the Leamington and St. Clair Road. With respect
to the establisment of a Government
office at New Canaan, Essex county, the
Inspector reported that this was only a
station on the railroad; that there was no
building suitable for a postoffice, and until
this was secured one could not be
established.

T. OF T. Meeting of the Grand Council-Reports

A Labor Candidate.

St. CATHARINES, Feb. 14.—The Labor party has decided to nominate Mr. Wm. Garson, the present member, as the labor candidate in the forthcoming Ontario election. Mr. Garson has accepted the nomination. It is likely that he will also receive the nomination of the Reform party.

No one who has Headache of any kind can afford to be without Hoffman's Harm-less Headache Powders.

EDITION WHOLE NO., 8531 ITEMS OF INTEREST PURE SPICES, BAKING POWDER,

EXTRACTS of VANILLA and LEMON.

These goods you can buy to your

Fresh Pressed Herbs.

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CURRENT CONDENSATIONS.

CANADIAN.

Major Brisbois, late registrar at Minnedosa, died at that place Thursday morning.

Hon. Mr. Mercier has not yet made his appearance in the House, his physician advising him to keep to his room.

A Dominion bankers' association has been organized by the banking magnates who assembled this week at Ottawa.

Frauds and irregularities have been discovered in the jury pay lists of Lincoln county by a committee of investigation. Russell, the 4-year-old son of Con-fectioner James Wallace, of Belleville, was drowned in the river there on Wednesday. The difficulty between the Montreal master plasterers and their workmen continues, and the men are still out on strike. Eighteen families from New Brunswick and Nova Scotia passed through Montreal for settlement in British Columbia Thurs-

on Wednesday night as James Hogan, of Inverary, was coming up the shaft in Foxton's mine, near Sydenham, he weakened and fell a distance of 90 feet, sustaining fracture of the skull, from which death resulted almost instantaneously.

A very impressive memorial service to the late Hon. John Macdonald was held in Association Hall, Toronto, Thursday night under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, of which the late Senator was past president, and at all times a warm supporter. warm supporter.

a warm supporter.

The Provincial Board of Health, having ascertained the existence of two cases of glanders in Quebec and in Lorrette, has called the attention of the Minister of Agriculture at Ottawa to the fact, asking him to immediately enforce the law respecting contagious diseases affecting animals, enacted by the Federal Government in 1886.

AMERICAN.

AMERICAN.

The four remaining defendants in the Cronin jury bribing cases pleaded guilty.

Prof. Louis J. Hast, a leading musician of Louisville, Ky., committed suicide Wednesday by cutting his throat.

The canned goods packers met Wednes-day at Indianapolis and perfected a national organization. A national convention will meet in Baltimore, May 1.

The thirteen Chicago city boodlers whether imprisoned, escaped or having compromised their cases, have been sued by the county for \$200,000 in trespass.

A Chicago dispatch says: Theodore Thomas, the great orchestral leader, will soon marry Miss Rose Fay, daughter of the late Charles Fay, an Episcopal elergyman of Cambridge, Mass.

The House Committee on Territories of the United States Congress decided to report favorably Delegate Carey's bill for the admission of the Territory of Wyoming as a State.

Calvin Clemens was fatally stabled on

Calvin Clemens was fatally stabbed on Wednesday, at Fulton, Ky., by his step-son, D. E. Brooks. Brooks was assisting an officer in taking Clemens to jail for beat-ing his wife, and Clemens acted in self-

It is said that Andrew Carnegie, having secured control of the Pittsburg and Western Railway, has turned it over to the Baltimore and Ohio Company, which will give the latter company a shorter route to Cleve and and Chicago.

THE WEATHER.

TORONTO, Feb. 13-11 p.m.-Since yester-TORONTO, Feb. 13—11 p.m.—Since yesterday the depression has moved with diminishing energy from the Northwest Territories to Lake Superior, and there is another moving northeast over the Lower Mississippi Valley. Fine, mild weather, with fresh southwest winds, has prevailed generally in Canada from the lake region east, while in the Northwest it has become colder again, with high northwest winds. Maximum temperatures to-day: Calgary colder again, with high northwest winds.
Maximum temperatures to-day: Calgary,
20°; Prince Albert, 2° below; Qu'Appelle, 14°; Winnipeg, 36°; Toronto,
38°; Montreal, 36°; Quebec, 32°; Halifax, 36°.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES YESTERDAY.

For 24 hours ending 8 p.m.—(Observations taken at 3 a.m. and 8 p.m: Highest,
37°; lowest, 21°; mean (daily), 31°.

FROBABILITIES.

PROBABILITIES.

For the next 24 hours for the lakes: Easterly winds during the day; cloudy weather; followed by rain, or in northern districts, snow, turning a little colder on Saturday.

Feb. 13— Reported at. From.
Traave: Southampton. New York
State of Nebraska New York Glasgov
State of Indiana Glasgow New York
Feb. 14.
Sritannic. New York Steamers Arrived.New York.....Liverpool

Case's Syr. Tamarac Gum cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Influenza; allays, soothes and heals all irritation of throat and lungs. Cures every time. 25 and 50 cents. Sold by Barkwell.

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