TWO BRITISH VICTORIES

Fierce and Prolonged Struggles at Glencoe Camp and Ladysmith

Boers Admit That in a Battle North of Mafeking Their Casualties Were 70 Killed and Wounded-British Camp Sacked After Severe Fighting-Boers Blown Up by Sunken Mines

posted, and which was gallantly stormed by the (rish Fusilize and the first Fusilize and th casualties in the battle between Glence dby the Irish Fusiiers and the English Royal Rifles in face of a heavy from the general commanding in Naritle-fire by the Boers, is variously desc. itself as Glencoe hill, Dundee hill, each Telana hill. It is about two and a half miles east of the Glencoe hill.

The Standard's correspondent at the Glencoe camp says that the attacking force was led by Commandant-General wounded in the leg.

force was led by Commandant-General
Joubert. Nobody but General Symons
and his staff were aware that the
B. ers intended to attack though the Boers intended to attack, though they were known to be advancing southward.

Unusual precautions were taken over night to guard against surprise. The correspondent adds that the Boer artillerymen judged the range badly, and that the quality of their ammunition was very poor. Scarcely six shells burst within the British lines.

The absence of details regarding the British losses in the engagement at Glencoe camp causes the deepest anx-icty, and the War Office is again bed by relatives and friends of those making up the force that took part in

che fight.

General Symons at 7.30 ordered a general advance of the infantry b igade, which he accompanied. The men had been exercised for weeks past in taking advantage of cover, and the results the rough. they carried out the tactics thorough-

A terrific fire from three British batteries at a range of 2,500 yards covered the advance. Several of the Boer guns were silenced before the Fusiliers began to climb the hill, and by the time the infantry were within a thousand yards of the crest the Boer artillers was corrected.

cillery was completely silenced by the excellent British practice.

The Boers meanwhile kept up a heavy rifle fire, which thinned the British ranks considerably. The correspondent continues:

respondent continues:—
"By nime o'clock the Irish Fusiliers and Royal Rifles had swarmed over the hall, and the Boers were on the run. Meantime the Eighteenth Hussars, all the colonial and Imperial mounted infantry, and the Leicestershire regiment, had been moved north and extra ment, had been moved north and e

ment, had been moved north and east. This practically out off the Boers' main line of retreat.

"The enemy were caught between two fires, and lost heavily. At noon the fighting was still going on, but the defeat of the enemy was already complete and crushing. It looks as though faw would exceed though few would escape.

SHOT IN THE THIGH.

troops pursued and overtook them.

The enemy were in a sheltered position, while our men were in the open, and therefore much exposed. Volley firing was started at 900 yards, and spon became hot on both sides, A number of our men were wounded, while many riderless Boer horses while many riderless Boer horses. The Boer guns, although often temptropy on the control of the control

A despatch from London, Saturday, says:—The first serious action between the British and the Boers was fought in the immediate neighbourhood of the British camp at Glencoe on Friday, and resulted in a victory for the British.

The British commander is now dying from a wound received in the engagement.

The battle is declared in his successor's despatch to the War Office to have been an "important success," and the London papers describe the victory as britliant.

The hill where the Boer artillery was posted, and which was gallantly stormed by the (frish Fusitiers and the Feed by the firsh Fusitiers and the Boers was fought in the occurrence of the enemy are now arriving by train. Beside Boers, we have many Hollanders, Germans, and other prisoners of mixed by the accuracy of our fire.

"A second armoured train was despatched from Mafeking, together with chartered police, and a fierce general fight followed. Ultimately the Boers, the Boers, we have many Hollanders, Germans, and other prisoners of mixed by the secundary of our from London, says:—The Secretary of State for War, the Martin Boers, we have many Hollanders, Germans, and other prisoners of mixed by the secundary of our fire.

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"A despatch from London, says:—The Secretary of State for War, the Martin Boers of Lansdowne, has received the following message from the Queen,—"My heart bleeds for these dread-ful some sagain to-day. It is a great fire deed heavy loss as a suited over their victory. Our loss was 2 killed and 14 wounded."

HEAVY LOSS IN OFFICERS.

The War Office has issued a list of casualties in the battle between Glen-

The War Office on Sundayl afternoon published the following despatch to the Secretary of State for War, the Marquis of Lansdowne, from the general in command in Natal, Sir George Stewart White, regarding the engagement on Saturday at Elandslaagte, between Giencoe and Ladysmith, when the British, under Gen. French, routed the Transvaal forces, under Gen. the British, under Gen. French, routed the Transvaal forces, under Gen. Jan H. M. Kock, second in command in the Transvaal army, who was himself wounded and captured, and has since died:—

"White, commander in Natal, to the Secretary of State for War. Filed Ladysmith, IOctober 22, 10.30 a,m. "In the action at Elandslaagte yesterday the troops engaged were the following:

following:—
"Cavalry—Fifth Lancers, a squadron of the Fifth Dragoon Guards, the Imperial Light Horse and two squadrons of Natal carbineers.
"Artillery—Twenty-first Field Battery—Twenty-first Field Battery—Twent

tery, Forty-second Field Battery, and the Natal Field Battery.

"Infantry—The Devonshire Regiment, half a battalion of the Gordon ment, half a battalion of the Gordon Highlanders, and the Manchester Re-

The whole force was under Gen.

Gen. Symons was shot in the thigh during the action. It was at first thought that the wound, while severe, was not serious, but later it was found to be mortal.

ATTACK ON MAFEKING.

The Mafeking correspondent of the London Daily Mail, writing on Saturday, says:—'I am handing this to my orderly with instructions to take it to kusman, 200 m. les away, where he will adaysmith, the real action did not be-

day, says:—I am handing this to my orderly with instructions to take it to Kusman, 200 m.les away, where he will hand it to native runners, who will be instructed to reach Mooptown, to the south-west of kimoerley, avoiding that place as much as possible, owing to Boer investment.

"The Borr began the investment of Maleking in real earnest at six olok Saturiay morning. For some days they have been skirting the town in small bodies but have begun to mass in or e on the Transvaniside.

"Endow Power arriving from Ladysmith, the real action did not begin until 3.30 p.m. At that hour the Boers held a position of very exceptional strength, consisting of a rocky bill about a mile and a half southeast of Elandshaagte station.

"At 3.30 p.m., our guns took a position on a ridge 4,100 yards from the Boers, whose guns at once opened fire. This tire was generally well directed but somewhat high. Contrary to previous experiences, their shells burst well.

small bodies but have begun to mass in or e on the Transval side.

"to: Baden-Powell ordered an armoured train and a part of the Bechuanian Protectorate regiment to go out against them and see if they could break up the strongest force.

"They went out a distance of four miles, and directly they came in range opened fire with Maxims, scattering the Boers. The enemy at once rode off in hor haste further into the veldt, and away from the railway, but the troops pursued and overtook them.

goon Guards charged thrice through the retreating Boers in the dark, doing considerable execution.

"We captured the Boer camp with tents, waggons, horses and also two guns. The Boer losses were very considerable, including a number of wounded and unwounded prisoners. Among the former are Gen. Jan Kock and Piet Joubert, nephew of Commandant-General Joubert. One goods train with supplies for the regiment was recovered.

overed.

"Our loss, I regret to say, was heavy, It is roughly computed at 150 killed and wounded. The collection of the wounded over a large area in the dark, and the arrangements for sending them in, have thus far occupied our time and attention. A full list will go to you later.

to you later. "Our wounded and those of the our wounded and those of the enemy are now arriving by train. Beside Boers, we have many Hollanders, Germans, and other prisoners of mixed nationalities.

"The behaviour of our troops and of the colonial troops was admirable."

THE OUTER'S HEADT DIFFIS

to fered heavy loss. The British returnal ed to Markking exalted over their visual ed to Markeling exalted over their visual editory. Our loss was 2 killed and 14 wonded."

May office has issued a 1st of casualties in the battle between Glencoc and Dundes received in a despatch from London, says.—The War Office has a business of the fallen and wounded, and my admiration of the conduct of those to the casualties in the battle between Glencoc eard Dundes received in a despatch from London, says.—The War Office has a natural at list of the conduct of those tal, Sir George Stewart White.

Says.—Ihe New Zealand contingent, and in the stomach; Col. C. E. Beckett, and the stomach; Col. C. E. Beckett, a

A despatch to the Daily News from ape Town, states that the defenders

river, the former north and the latter south of Kimberlev.

The Hon. J. W. E. Douglas Scott-Montagu, M.P., who is well acquainted with Mafeking, ridioules the report that the Boers have cut off the water supply of that place. He says that besides the supply from the Molopo river, there are several excellent wells in the town.

BOER TACTICS FAIL.

Bennet! Burieigh, the London Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Ladysmith, says no newspaper representa-tives are allowed to proceed from there, either to Bester's station or Acton Homes, and adds that General Joubert's forces are moving against Glencos and Bester's station, on the Harrismith-Linch line.

According to the same authority, some volunteers who had just come into Ladysmith from Bester's station and Acton Homes before the despatch and Acton Homes before the despatch was sent reported that 300 Boers had tried ineffectually to cut off small parties of British troops, but the Natal men were too wary to be caught, and retired firing. The enemy, as usual, hid themselves behind hills and rocks, and in gullies, but were unable to advance. They used cannon against the British riflemen, who, nevertheless, maintained a stout resistance. The firing was very heavy.

firing was very heavy.

The country about Acton Homes being more open, the British mounted volunteers there are retiring upon The country about Acton Homes being more open, the British mounted volunteers there are retiring upon Dew Drop. Two thousand Boers were engaged at Acton Homes and rather fewer at Bester's station. It is reported that the enemy there is hemmed in, and suffering severely.

A despatch to the Daily Mail from Durban reports that the Natal Boers are designing to cut the railway between Durban and Pietermaritzburg. This has necessitated the patrolling of the line.

while many riderless Boer horses rushed across the plain.

"Our fire soon scattered the enemy, but at that moment, their general, whom we believed to be Cronje, pushed up large reinforcements, and a hot engagement occurred. Our men behaved superbly. Reinforcements were harried up by Col. Baden-Powell from Mafeking, consisting of the rest of the Protectorate regiment, the Diamond Felds' Horse, under Col. Hore, with

right of General Sir George Stewart
White's position and will be able either to attack him at an advantage or to move down into Natal behind him.
The Daily News points this out, and seems to think that if the Boers loop their way through Zulu territory or Basutoland, the natives ought to be permitted to exact respect for their own territory.

300 WOUNDED BOERS:
A despatch from Cape Town says:

A despatch from Cape Town says:—
A refugee who has reached Grahamstown from the Rand states that a train arrived at Johannesburg on Monday, from Klerksdorp with 300 wounded burghers. Every available conveyance, the refugee says, was called into requisition to take the wounded men to the hospital.

The Daily Mail suggests that these wounded were from Mafeking. Klerksdorp is about 100 miles from Mafeking.

Vryburg surrendered Sunday. Thursday night's despatches from Kuruman, 90 miles west by south of Vryburg, thate that, the police having withdrawn from Vryburg, the town surrendered to the Boers, the inhabitants fleeing in all directions, mostly toward Kuruman. When the police withdrew, the Cope Boers notified the fact to the enemy, thus inviting them to take possession. There was a fearful panic. The British are widdly indignant at this scutting.

tling.
RISING AGAINST THE BOERS.

The Volkssten adds that "success has thus far everywhere attended the burghers," although it admits that, in the various skirmishes near Mafeking

A despatch to the Daily News ...

Cape Town, states that the defenders of Mafeking, after repulsing an attack, pursued the enemy. The British then feinted a retreat, whereupon the enemy rallied and pursued them. The Boers were thus led over mines charged with lyddite, which were exploded killing and wounding 1,500 of the enemy.

Another Cape Town despatch to the News says that an eccentric person in News says that an eccentric person in MAAXIMS STOPPED BOER RUSHES.

A despatch from Pietermaritzburg,

Another Cape Town despatch to the News says that an eccentric person in Pretoria known as Baron de Guinsberg, who was suspected of being a British spy, was court-martialled and shot. It is stated that he possessed plans of the forts at Pretoria.

The Boers have blown up the bridges at Fourteen streams, and the Modder river, the former north and the latter river, the former north and the latter south of Kimberley.

A special despatch from Pretoria dated Saturday, by way of Delagoa

dated Saturday, by way of Delagar, Bay, says:—

"A cyclist despatch was received here from Ottoshoep, near Malmani, at six o'clock Saturday evening, asserting that heavy fighting had been in progress all day long north of Mafeking. The British troops on board an armoured train acted as a covering king. The British troops on board an armoured train acted as a covering force to military engineers engaged in repairing the track. A Maxim on the train kept up a continuous fire. "Consicuous bravery was displayed on both sides, but it soon became apparent that the rifles of the burghers were ineffective against an armoured train.

oured train.

"The latter, however, was once force

A Kimberley despatch says:-"A re-

port was brought here by despatch riders by way of Vryburg that Colonel Baden-Powell made a sortie in force at Mafeking and attacked and defeated the Boers. The Boers suffered heavily, and 18 English soldiers were killed." the Boers. The Boers suffered neavily and 18 English soldiers were killed."
BOERS THRICE REPULSED.

Boer artillery was being brought to but it had not been placed in po

Boer artillery was being brought up, but it had not been placed in position.

According to these advices, the British have blown up the Hopetown railway bridge over the Orange river, with a view of checking the Boer advance southward.

From Colesburg come persistent reiterations of the report that the Boers have attacked Mafeking, being thrice repulsed with heavy losses. From other towns on the border similar reports are received.

SKIRMISH NEAR KIMBERLEY.

SKIRMISH NEAR KIMBERLEY.

A despatch from London, says:—An armoured train, while reconnoitring near Spyfontein, twenty miles south of Kimberley, engaged the Boers, several of the enemy being killed.

The skirmish was quite lively. The armoured train, with a detachment of the Lancashires, approached unmolested until within range, when the Boers opened fire. The Maxims were instantly set to work, and did great execution among the burghers. The latter also used artillery, but ineffectively. The armoured train returned to Kimberley unharmed.

The crew of the armoured train say the Boers fired thirteen shells, but their aim was wretched, and not a single shot struck the train, which then made bold to approach nearer and open fire with the Maxims. The burghers replied with heavy rifles, again shooting wildly. Only three or four bullets struck the train.

FIVE BOERS KILLED.

FIVE BOERS KILLED. Subsequently the crew learned that five Boers and two Boer horses were killed, while several Boers and horses were wounded. Not a member of the British force was so much as touched. BRITAIN TO SEND 70,000 TROOPS.

British force was so much as touched.

BRITAIN TO SEND 70,000 TROOPS.

A despatch from London says:—
When the army corps reaches South Africa the British troops there will number over 70,000 men. Many weeks will elapse, however, before this large force is at the front, as not only the troops but vast quantities of stores must be conveyed across the sea and then over a hundred miles into a country which will be, generally speaking, destitute of the necessaries of life.

Ir is estimated that 35,000 Boers are now in the field, but little reliance can be placed on these figures, as there are said to be 24,000 now within the borders of Natal. The Boers of the Transvaal and Orange Free State probably number 50,000.

Beginning next Friday, six transports will leave Southampton daily. This means the despatch of over 50,000 troops in six days. It would be beyond the power of any other European country, for the troops will carry with them everything necessary for a lengthy campaign.

The war is expected to last until April, and it is expected that it will cos 200,000,000. The Government will ask Parliament to vote immediately a credit for \$50,00,000 or \$75,00,000.

BOERS AFTER CECIL RHODES.

A despatch to the London Daily

BOERS AFTER CECIL RHODES. A despatch to the London Daily Mail from Cape Town Sunday evening says that the Boers have cut the railway at Belmont, 56 miles south of Kimberley, and also at a point 12 miles to the southward of Kimberley. The strong defending force at Modder bridge, which is 24 miles south of Kimberley, and between the places where the line is cut, is likely to be attacked. attacked.

The Boers have seized the railway station at Spyfontein, which is near Kimberley, and fortified it with earthworks. The object of their energetic operation is believed to be the capture of Mr. Ceoil Rhodes.

OMINOUS SIGNS AT CAPE TOWN. Ominous signs are already seen here, The Dutch population of Cape Colony are likely to develop a strong anti-British feeling at the first report of a British reverse. When the report reached here that the Ninth Lancers had been driven back by gales they said: "Already God fights on the Boer side." The Free State Boers now see a chance to satisfy their rankling longing to retake Kimberley, their Alsace-Lorraine. Ominous signs are already seen here, a chance longing to retake Kind. Alsace-Lorraine. MAFEKING COMPLETELY ISO-LATED.

Mafeking is now completely isolated. The Boers are raiding Zulu cat

A large number of newspaper correspondents in Cape Town are unable to get into the interior. It is reported that Gen. Joubert positively refuses to allow any war correspondents of English newspapers to follow the Boel army, claiming that they cannot but injure the cause of the Transvaal bu-giving information to the British.

FAREWELL TO GUARDS.

tuke and Duchess of Connaught Bie Them Good Speed.

'A despatch from London, says :-"The latter, however, was once forced to retreat before a particularly strong assault, but it soon returned, accompanied by a British mounted contingent, and the fighting was renewed tiercely. Fighting still continues, the Boers holding their positions well. A dozen Boers were killed or wounded, but the British casualties cannot be ascertained.

"Heavy firing can be heard south of Maieking, where General Cronje's commando is operating."

A corps of experienced Continental engineers, former officers, has left Pretoria for the south-western borders, accompanied by the Duchese and their daughters, inspected the Scots Guards on Friday morning at Chelsea barracks, after which he addressed the men on behalf of her Majesty, congratulating them upon their splendid appearance, and wishing them a short campaign and a safe return to England. Col. Arthur Paget replied, and called for cheers for her Majesty and of the Duke and Duchese and their daughters, inspected the Scots Guards on Friday morning at Chelsea barracks, after which he addressed the men on behalf of her Majesty, congratulating them upon their salver campaign and a safe return to England. Col. Arthur Paget replied, and called for cheers for her Majesty and for the Duke and Duchese and their daughters, inspected the Scots Guards on Friday morning at Chelsea barracks, after which he addressed the men on behalf of her Majesty, congratulating them upon their salver campaign and a safe return to England. Col. Arthur Paget replied, and called for cheers for her Majesty, congratulating them upon their salver, and their daughters, inspected the Scots Guards on Friday morning at Chelsea barracks, after which he addressed the men on behalf of her Majesty, congratulating them upon their daughters, inspected the Scots Guards on Friday morning at Chelsea barracks, after which he addressed the men on behalf of her Majesty, congratulating them upon their daughters, inspected the Scots Guards on Friday morning at Chelsea barracks, after which he addressed the men on behalf o His Royal Highness the Duke of Con-

Lumber Merchant at Guelph Has to Pay \$500 to an Enjured Workman

A despatch from Guelph says :- As the assizes on Thursday, Thomas Sale, 21 years of age, sued Robert Stewart, lumber merchant, for the loss of three and 18 English soldiers were killed."

BOERS THRICE REPULSED.

A despatch from Cape Town says:

A special despatch from Mafeking says that all was intact there up to Saturday night. At that time the saw awarded the plaintiff.