

When Allowance Shall Commence

22. (1) An allowance shall be payable in arrears from the first day of the month following the month in which the recipient attains the age of twenty-one years or from the first day of the month following the month in which his application is approved, whichever is the later.

(2) Where an application is approved after the last day of the month in which it was received by the provincial authority, and delay in such approval resulted from circumstances wholly beyond the control of the recipient, the provincial authority may, in its discretion, declare that such approval shall be effective as of an earlier date which shall be a date after the recipient attains the age of twenty-one years and which shall in no case be earlier than the date of the receipt of the application by the provincial authority or a date not more than three months prior to that on which approval is given, whichever is the later; provided, however, that in any case where delay in such approval is attributable to the fact that the recipient is resident in a part of Canada that is accessible only at a certain time or times of the year or to delay in the receipt by the provincial authority of the certificate required by subsection (3) of section 6 and section 7, the period of three months herein mentioned may be extended to not more than six months;

(3) Where an allowance is suspended at the request of a recipient the same shall not be reinstated prior to the date on which the provincial authority is requested in writing by such recipient to do so.

(4) Except in the case of the Northwest Territories, no recipient shall be paid an allowance for any period exceeding one month during which such recipient receives direct relief out of moneys paid in whole or in part by the Government of Canada.

Manner Payable

23. An allowance shall be paid by cheque or other instrument in a form approved by the province.

Incapacity of Recipient

24. (1) Where a recipient is incapacitated through infirmity, illness or any other cause, and is unable to look after his own affairs or, if the provincial authority considers that the recipient is using or is likely to use his allowance otherwise than for his own benefit, the provincial authority may pay the allowance to a trustee appointed by such provincial authority to be expended for the benefit of the recipient.

(2) Any such trustee may be removed by the provincial authority or may resign and the provincial authority may appoint another trustee in his place.

(3) Any trustee so appointed shall, when required by the provincial authority, make returns showing the amount of the allowance received, the amount that has been expended for the benefit of the recipient and the balance remaining in the hands of the trustee.

(4) Subject to subsection (1), where the trustee so appointed is an officer or employee of an institution in which a recipient is being maintained, the provincial authority may authorize the trustee to pay to such institution such proportion of the allowance as is considered by the provincial authority to be a reasonable sum for the maintenance of the recipient, but shall require the trustee to make available to the recipient an amount which it considers reasonable for his personal use.