The Preservation of Timber. By J. W. Putnam. Scientific American Supplement, Vol. X., No. 236, July 10th, 1880, 3762-3763.

Teredo. By J. T. Cunningham. Encyclopædia Britannica, 9th Ed., Vol. XXIII., 1888, pp. 184-186.

The Teredo or Ship-worm. By R. E. C. Stearns. American Naturalist, Vol. XX., 1886, pp. 131-136.

28. Teredo Norvagica Spengler.

[Teredo, a borer; Norvagica, inhabiting Norway.]

Ship-Worm.

DISTRIBUTION. (a) General; — Cape Cod northward North European Seas.

(b) In Acadia; — "Marine slip timbers at Pictou. (Whiteaves)," Jones. Further distribution not known. As stated under T. navalis, much or most of the damage attributed to that species may be due to this.

Habits. In general similar to *Teredo navalis*. It would be extremely difficult for the untrained observer to distinguish them. Specimens should be sent to some special student of Mollusca.

Economics. Similar to T. navalis.

29 Teredo dilatata Stimpson.

[Teredo, a borer; dilatata, swellen.]

DISTRIBUTION. (a) General;—South Carolina to Cape Ann. Sable Island.

(b) In Acadia;—"Very large specimens have been received from Sable Island, taken from wrecked timbers (Willis)," Jones.

[There is a possibility that this species may be the following, but it is unlikely. It is a southern species, but many such occur on Sable Island.]

Habits. In general similar to Xylophaga dorsalis. They probably cannot be distinguished by the untrained observer. This is a small

p-worms. They sunken,

d, Mr. K.

of his has

onsists in a

numerous

ch, form a

o produce

lus edulis)

cion would e removed out not to

e of their

ethod of

is to take ers would

18 to be a.

s wharves

* streams

as comes

l against

likely to

Baum-Vol. I.] 00-410, in the

norum, and the at their Nova 82, pp.