The Gaelic Revival Association of Ottawa.

UACHDARAN:

The Rev. Dr. O'Boyle, O.M.I.

VICE-PRESIDENTS:

John J. McGee. E. P. Stanton.

RUNAIRE-CISTEOIR:

T. J. Tobin.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY:

J. Martin O'Gara.

The association has elected the above named officers and holds its weekly meetings regularly. It is obligatory on each member in after class work to give an address, have a paper, or read the folk lore in connection with the movement.

On Monday, Feb. 2nd. great interest was manifested when Mr. McGee consented to give an address on the Gaelic movement itself.

He went on to say after giving sketch of the inception of the Gaelic Revival movement.

"It is said that the 19th century was the century of the United States, and it is also said that the 20th century is the century of Canada in the prospective development of its great wheat fields of Saskatchewan and Alberta through which I travelled last summer. and was amazed at the possibilities. I say further that the 20th century will be Ireland's century with the Gaelic Revival and judging from the way events are shaping themselves since the advent of the Liberal Party in England especially when the Right Hon. Mr. Bryce said in the House of Commons "that Home Rule had no terrors for him." Many people ask in this utilitarian age of dollars and cents what's the use studying Irish. I may answer by asking what's the use of Algebra, how much do we know now of surds, fluctions, Calculus, Euclid, Conic Sections, Ingonometry and so on. The study of Irish language, like the study of Latin, Greek and other languages develops the mind by comparative philology. It promotes a love for Irish history, literature, legendary and folk-lore. All of whichengenders feelings of pride, self respect and love of country. We,