The News Record

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450

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CITY PLANNING PAYMENTS

This eity will, before many years have elapsed, put into effect certain street extensions and widenings and opening of new thoroughfares, under the plan ratified the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board.

When ready to do so those at the head of affairs might well consider the question of paying the bills for city ing and adopt a method which will be fair to all

Were this not to be done the municipality as a whole would probably be called upon to bear the major propor-

tion of the expense involved. In 1912, Nelson Lewis, Chief Engineer of the New York Board of Estimates, read a paper on this subject at Boston, in which he advocated a new plan, the kernel I which is that the sections of a city immediately benefitting should in some instances bear the whole and in stance a goodly part of the cost.

City planning undertakings are not self-sustaining They consist for the most part of the correction of defects, due to a lack of planning. The property affected pre-sumably bore the whole cost when they were originally made. He claims that the widening and rearrangements of streets in built up sections, will, however, improve ditions and increase values, and a considerable share of the expense should therefore be placed on the property benefitted.

In new or unoccupied districts, which is to be improved the properties affected will not have been assessed or improvements and consequently the construction of new streets can properly be assessed upon adjoining propery according to benefit, such cost representing entire cost, in the case of local streets and a portion cost in case of thoroughfares of general benefit.

Mr. Lewis urges growing communities to avoid the om of issuing general debentures, over long periods, to meet such expenses. Frequently the bonds thus issued are spread over a longer period of time than the life of provement. A city which pays for its betterments from errnings, or assessments, is on a sound basis. Commending the interest which is being awakened

to the value of city planning, he holds that a desire for ething which involves no direct cost upon those benetted is not an intelligent interest. The public is learning that the improvement of their cities pays. This is a hopeful sign. Real progress will be made when the resints of an area to be improved want them badly enough to pay for them.

He gave an interesting illustration in connection with building of the first Rapid Transit Subway in New rk. The cost of this subway, passing through a certain trict, was \$13,000,000. As a result of its construction erty values increased within seven years, \$80,500,000 Had the section of the city benefitted been called upon to bear its share of the subway, its owners would have tted a neat profit of \$67.500.000. As it was the city ed bonds to meet its cost. The illustration was given to impress the point that local areas derive the principal ofit from improvements.

Dealing with streets, he would have local areas bear the whole cost where they do not exceed 60 feet in width. In case of wider streets, he recommends that they bear the whole cost up to 60 feet and 25 per cent. of the additional width. Inasmuch as property fronting a wide street is more valuable, it would, in his opinion, be unfair to adopt a plan which would result in making the cost of a seventy or eighty foot street less to the abutting owner than would have been the cost of a street sixty feet wide. Under his method, the abutting properties would

On	8	60	foot	street,	100		cent.
		70			89.3	**	**
		80		**	81.25	**	44
44	**	95	44	**	75		**
		100			70	**	
**		120	**		62.5	**	**

In the case of street widening involving the destruction of buildings, it is suggested that the same general principles be adopted as in the case of new streets, but that they be applied to land values only.

If the street were less than sixty feet wide, the proportion of the expense for additional land, in order to make

THE NEWS RECORD

Comparisons of Canada's total national riches with that of other countries is interesting. Mr. Coats gives that of Australia as \$8,000,000,000; for the United States (in 1912), \$187,000.000,000. Sir Leo Chiozza. Money estimated that of Great Britain at \$70,000,000,000 in 1908, while the national wealth of France in the same year was placed at \$55,000,000,000 and of Germany between \$70,000,000,000 and \$75,000,000,000.

The principal items in the estimated wealth of Canada are as follows: \$5.209.117.000 Fishing-total capital invested 47,143,125 Mines'-capital invested, metalliferous..... 168,000,000 215.000.000 Non-metalliferous . Manufacturers-plant and working capital 2,700,000,000 2,000,000,000 Railways . Street railways 160,000,000 123,000,000 Canais .. Shipping 35.000,000 10.000.000 Telegraphs Telephones . 95,000,000 Real estate and buildings in cities and

towns based on assessments of 140 3,500,000,000 localities 800,000,000 Clothing, furniture and personal effects Coin and bullion ... 208,500,000 250,000,000 Imported merchandise in store... Current production 3,536,028,000

BY THE WAY

The market for Canadian bonds is, in the United States, very brisk. Our well to do neighbors have a particular liking for Victory bond issues.

Trade credits, totalling \$50,000,000, have been arranged in Canada for the benefit of France and Belgium. This sum will be expended for raw materials and manu-factured goods. It is confidetly expected that both of these countries will, later on, arrange to get foodstuff crédits in the Dominion.

Senator Pringle of the Canadian Senate, has raised the point that the Dominion prohibition measure, when it interferes with trade between the two provinces, conflicts with the British North America Act. He claims to be cortain of his ground.

A white blackbird has come to view. It is remarkable in these days of advancing costs and prices. An announcement is made that the prices of automobile tires are to be reduced. Pity they could not be, like frankfurtcooked and eaten.

Otto H. Kahn, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., New York, in a communication to Secretary of Labor Wm. B. Wilson, Washington, expresses the firm belief that prices will not be materially lowered for a number of years, if at all, and that for all practical purposes at least the war has brought a new level of prices, the existence of which must be recognized.

WAIT A MINUTE

JEWS OBSERVE PENTECOST

Wherever there is a family of Jews, preparations are in progress for the celebration of Shaduoth, the Jewish cost, or Fast of Weeks, which begins at sundown this evening. The name of the holiday is derived from the fact that it is celebrated fifty days after the Passover. The festival lasts for seven days in the reform gues and for eight in the orthodoz.

That the feast was originally of an agricultural nature is clearly indicated by all of the biblical injunctions as to how it should be observed. It was a festival of thanksgiving for the first harvests of the year that the fields had yielded beginning with the barley harvest at Passover and extending to the wheat harvest at the beginning of Summer. The ceremonial offerings prescribed symbolic of the garnered gifts of the soil.

A new significance was given to this feast in postbiblical times, when it began to be observed as the anniversary of the birth of Judaism with the promulgation of the divine law at Sinai. On this "day of givgation of the law" as it was called by the rabbis, the reading of the Ten Commandments constituted part of the Scriptural reading in the synagogues. The non-agricultural life that the Jews, were forced to lead for centures brought the emphasis to bear upon this his-torical significance of the feast.

With the introduction of the rite of confirmation by the reform synagogue the Pentecost, because of its tion with the ancient revelation, was selected for chargining the Jewish boys and girls, through an impressive public ceremony, with the mean-ing of the Jewish faith and with the duty of leading a high religious and moral life. In the reform synagogue this rite has become important replacing the former cere mony of Barmitzvah.

The relation of the festival to the garnered grains, Was

INDIGESTION AND Wednesday

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Rochon, P.Q. Rocmos, P. Q. "I suffered for many years with terrible Indigestion and Constipation. A neighbor advised me to try "Frwit-a-tives". I did so and to the surprise of my doctor, I began to improve and he advised me to go on with "Fruit-a-tives". I consider that I owe my life to

"Fruit-a-tives" and I want to say to those who suffer from Indigestion, Constipation or Headaches - try "Fruit-a-tives" and you will get well". CORINE GAUDREAU.

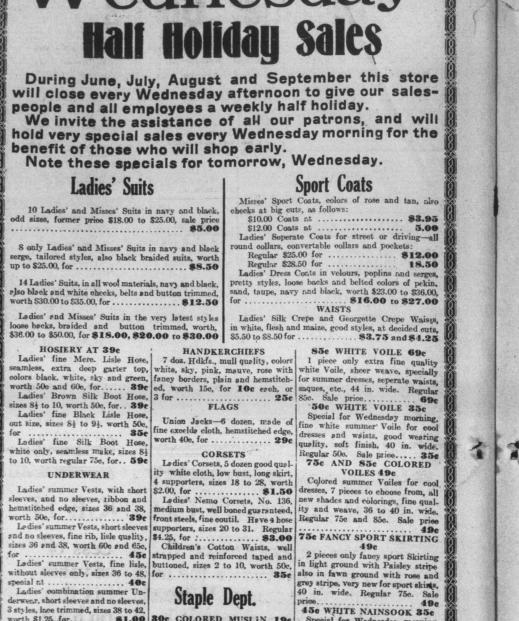
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

JUGO-SLAVS OPPOSE DAL-MATIAN DECISION PARIS, June 1.—The council of four of the peace conference did not meet to-day, but the representatives of the great powers continued their examination of the German counter-terms of the peace conditions. The answer of the allies and associated powers will probably be delivered at the end of the present week. On the program for to-morrow is the presentation of the peace terms to the Austrian delegation at St. Germain. Only the political tarritorial and military clauses of the Meaty will be communicated to the Austrians, the financial clauses being withheld for later presentation. Regarding the Adriatic problem, La Liberte says that its solution is being delayed by the oppositon of the turns of the Dalmatian settlement. To-day's session was held in the foreign office, and was largely attented. It developed a spitited discussion. Premier Bratiano, of Roumania; M. TrAubitch, of Serbiia; Premier Venizelos, of Greece and the Czecho-Slovak delegation pre-NEARLY EVERY GIRL CAN

NEARLY EVERY GIRL CAN MAKE HERSELF PRETTY AND ATTRACTIVE

AND ATTRACTIVE Some Wholesome Truths Every Girl Should Think About Probably you now just such a girl. Perhaps she is sixteen—good to look at, and pretty—quite interest-ing because she reflects the graces and charm that give promise of hap-piness to herself and others. But she is not strong. The color in her cheeks, once so rosy, has faded away— —her eyes are listles—the buoyancy of spirit nd vigor she once possessed are sadly lacking. Parents, friends, this girl needs Ferrozone—needs if that her blood may be renewed— meeds it to restore the nerve force that growth, study and the develop-ment of her fresh youth have ex-hausted. This girl will become a queen with Ferrozone which will restore her color—bring back her old time energy—give brightness to her eyes and vivacity to her spirits. In Ferrozone every girl finds strength— then she chn do things. In Ferro-zone there is endurance—that drives away morning tiredness and languor. For the girl or woman that wants to be happy, healthy, winning—who

Smaller Powers Regarded. President Wilson also made President Wilson also made a con-ciliatory speech, saying that the al-lies had borne the chief responsi-bility, and had fully considered the intersts of the smaller powers. The rights of the minorities on questions of race, language and re-light were objected to by the small powers, which maintained that this was an infringemet of their sover-eignty. M. Clemenceau assured them

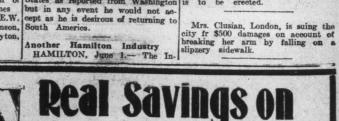


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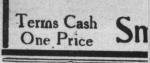
36 inch plain Tussah Silks, e grey, old rose, copen., black, n pink, fawn, very special at

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36 inch Silk Poplins, colors tau navy, alice, black, special price

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same

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wheat.

shred

milk

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2000

ILSON'

A cigar that

eavy-me

clear Havana leaf

all'STER

xty feet, would be assessed upon the half block on each side; while for all excess over 60 feet the same rule, suggested in the foregoing table could be applied.

For instance, if a street, fifty feet wide were to be ened to 80 feet, involving the acquisition of 30 feet of additional land, the benefitted properties on each side, would pay for ten feet of the land and 25 per cent. of the other 5 feet.

Where the expense involved in removing buildings, in whole or part, were not excessive and the benefits purely local, the area benefitted would be expected to bear it. When the improvement was of general benefit, as in the case of a main thoroughfare, the city, he contends, should bear the expense in connection with the removal or alteration of buildings.

The problem of determining whether or not there is a seral benefit, and the proportion of the cost repre-ting such benefit, will present difficulties. It will call for an impartial body, which, providing it is just, will win public favor.

Mr. Lewis' suggestions are of a practical character. Were they to find favor here, the city occupies the ad-vantageous position that it can adopt them before any ge city planning work is undertaken. Otherwise and for instance, a street widening work is undertaken. Otherwise and proclaimed to be of city-wide advantage and the com-munity ask to shoulder the bulk of the cost, whereas the benefits were principally load one of the cost. benefits were principally local ones. Later, when another like improvement was under-

aken, it would be deemed necessary to follow the course aken in the first instance, and the ratepayers in general called upon to bear an unduly heavy proportion of the cost of improvements where local areas were the chie bene-

The idea is to make streets benefitted bear their full on of the expense of improvements.

CANADA'S WEALTH ESTIMATED AT SEVENTEEN BILLION

Canada's national wealth is estimated at \$17,000,000, 000, by Mr. R. H. Coats, Dominion Statisticiaa. It is necessarily an estimate based on more or less indefinite information at some points, but Mr. Coats' explanation ives the impression that he has thought it out carefully, and that this is likely to be as near right as any estimate an be. The national income of Canada he places at be. The national out \$2,500,000,000.

however was not forgo customary to decorate the home and synagogue with plants and flowers.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES

1769-Astronomers took observations of the transit of Vensus over the sun's disc.

- 1808-Jefferson Davis, President of the Conederate States of America, born in Christian County Ky. Died in New Orleans, Dec. 6 1889.
- 1844-Garret A. Hobart, twenty-fourth Vice President of the United States, born at Long Branch N.J., Nov. 21 1899.
- 1876-Game of lacrosse first introduced into England
- by twelve members of the Montreal Club. 1889-New harbor at Calais, France, opened by President Carnot.
- 1896-Gen. Primo-Rivera, Captain-General of Madrid assassinated.
- 1915-Turks surrendered Amara, on the Tigris, to the itish.
- 1916-Canadians regained positions near Ypres after perare fighting. 1917-British made gains south of Souchez River on

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR Allies checked foe drive between the Ourcq and the

Marne. British airplanes bombed railway stations at St. Quentin, Douai and Luxemberg.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS

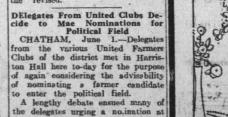
Raymond B. Fosdick, selected as one of the perman ent American officials in the League of Nations born

at Buffalo N.Y., 36 years ago today. Dr. James Brown Scott one of the technical advisers to the United States delegation at the Peace Conference, born in Bruce County Ontario, 53 years ago today. Rt. Rev. Charles M. Beekwith, Episcopal bishop of Alabama bora in Prince George County Va., 68 year

Alabama out in the transformer in biological chem-ago today. Laurence J. Henderson, professor in biological chem-istry at Harvard University, born at Lynn, Mass., 41 years ago today. Sam Bernard one of the best known comedians of the American stage, born at Birmingham, Ala, 56 years

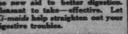
eignty. M. Clemenceau assured them that they would be considered by the council of four before the treaty was presented and an agreement thereupon was reached to proceed with the presentation of the treaty on Monday, except the finance and reparations sections, and, perhaps, the revised.

9



the delegates urging a no, ination at that meeting. The matter was brought to a head by passing a re-solution that the meetingbe considered a preliminary nomination meeting and that the names of five suggested nominees be referred back





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