(5) OTHER PATHOLOGICAL PLATES.   From various contributors.

(Tacked up on the walls of the Museum).

DI. Fungus hæmatodes of leg (oil painting No. 60 Old Univ. Cat.)
DII.   "   "   of the lower part of the abdomen.
DIII. Gangrene of leg.
DIV. Pericarditis, unorganized lymph.
DV. Pericarditis deposition of lymph extensively on the heart and pericardium.
DVI. Pericarditis with deposit of lymph.
DVII. Dry pericarditis—organized lymph on heart and pericardium.
DVIII. Dry pericarditis.
DIX. Dry pleuritis.
DX. Acute emphysema with markings of ribs on surface of lung.
DXI. Acute emphysema.
DXII. Secondary fistulæ in pneumothorax.
DXIII. Plate illustrating a theory regarding conversion of lymph into tubercle.
DXIV. Pulmonary tubercle with cavities, some of these gangrenous.
DXV. Cavities in lung.
DXVI. Sections of ditto.
DXVII. Pulmonary tubercle.
DXVIII. Cirrhosis of lung.
DXIX. Caries of ribs and abscess of lung.
DXX.   "   "   in empyema.
DXXI.
DXXII. Aneurism of the descending aorta and a second behind the ventricular valve and between it and the heart.
DXXIII. Aneurism of the ascending aorta.
DXXIV. Dissecting aneurism of the aorta.
DXXV. Aneurism between the heart and its internal lining.
DXXVI.
DL. Idiopathic inflammation of the stomach.
DLI.
DLV. (*a*) Portion of liver and a section of gall bladder—with bile ducts shown ; (*b*) a greenish body representing a gall stone or contracted gall bladder.
DLXIV. Bubo.
DLXV.-VI.-VII.-VIII. Four plates showing syphilitic affections of the mouth.
DLXX. Purpura hæmorrhagica.
DLXXX. Ascites.
LXXXI.   do.
DLXXXII. Congenital inversion of the bladder.
DC. Epithelioma of the lip.

(6) SURGERY.

DCV. Tumor of cheek.
DCVI. Face after removal of ditto.
DCX–XVII. Eight plates by Gensoul on some grave diseases of the maxillary tissues and infra-maxillary bone.