

England, &c.

LONDON, October 16. We stated yesterday, that many interesting matters were before us...

October 19. His Majesty's health.—Great anxiety has been naturally excited in connection with His Majesty's health...

Spain has just recognized Don Miguel as the legitimate sovereign of Portugal.

India.—Persons connected with our eastern empire are in a state of extreme anxiety, on account of the known dissatisfaction of all ranks of officers in the Company's service...

London.—The Senate of Hamburg indicted, early this month, an exemplary punishment on two persons convicted of fraud upon the underwriters at Lloyd's.

Yan Diemen's Land Papers to the 30th May received this morning, give dreadful accounts of murders committed by the native blacks on the settlers.

Parliament has been prorogued to Thursday the 10th October.

Urgent application has, it is understood, been made to our Government, by the agent of Don Miguel in this country, to obtain the recognition of his master's title to the throne of Portugal.

At the Quarterly Meeting of Legationiers held last week at Birmingham, the increasing depression of that important article of commerce was evinced by a further reduction of 5s. per ton upon pig, and 10s. upon bar iron.

There is a good deal of discussion among both the Continental and British Journalists respecting the nature and tendency of the late Treaty, some of them considering it as the foundation of a long continued peace, and others as the source of new and extended wars.

There are some surmises that neither the British nor the French Government is altogether satisfied with the arrangements in the East, and more especially with the secret articles of the Treaty, which are yet matter of conjecture with the public.

If we are to consider the money market as a criterion of public opinion, it certainly is in favour of a general and long continued peace.

London, October 20. We (Cassier) have received the Paris Journal of Sunday. The Marquis has published the following Manifesto, in which the Emperor Nicholas announces the conclusion of peace to his subjects...

By the grace of God, we, Nicholas the First, Emperor and Autocrat of all the Russias, do hereby announce to our subjects that, in consequence of the Treaty of perpetual peace between Russia and the Ottoman Porte, concluded and signed at Adrianople, on the 24th (14th) of September, by the respective Plenipotentiaries of the two Empires...

Our intrepid warriors have given both to Europe and to Asia, by sea and by land, new proofs of their heroic valour. They have triumphed once over the obstacles presented by nature, and the desperate resistance of the enemy. Hastening from victory to victory, they have crossed the chain of the Caucasus mountains. They saw the smoke of a halibut's fire before them, and have stopped only at the very gates of Constantinople.

A NEW PARAGRA FOR OUR DISTRESS.—An alteration in the value of the coinage, if not the best possible proceeding, is the best which circumstances will allow us to adopt.

Such are the fundamental bases of a project which has happily terminated a sanguinary and obstinate war.

Refugees of the Russian—Records of the Commanders. St. Petersburg, Oct. 7. In the afternoon, the following testimonies to the author of all Good, for the series of brilliant successes of the Russian armies during the late war with the Porte, were happily terminated by a glorious peace.

By an order of the day of the 4th, His Majesty has conferred additional honours on many of the Generals employed in the late campaign.

GENERAL DIEBITSCH.—He is short, brown, and walks with his head down; he appears to be old, but his eye is fiery, and continually occupied; his forehead is high, like that of Napoleon, and his back is bent somewhat crooked.

There are no farther accounts from Constantinople or Roumelia. In the mean time a Manifesto has been issued by the Emperor of all the Russias, which in one set of journals is eulogised as a fine specimen, and actual proof, of Imperial moderation.

Independently of the interest attached to the point at issue in the Court-Martial upon Captain Dickenson, the evidence has incidentally brought to light some particulars concerning the late movements of Capt. Buxton of the Genoa, which we are sure our readers will be pleased to see collected, from the disjointed details scattered throughout the evidence, into a short connected narrative.

The battle of Navarino commenced about two o'clock on the 20th of October. Captain Buxton brought his ship, the Genoa, into a position parallel, head and stern, with the Turkish seventy-four which he was ordered to engage, and began the action in a style which afterwards drew from the Vice-Admiral the warmest expressions of approbation.

Nelson's death was not more heroic than this. He died after a course of victory which had already destroyed him to his country, in a situation which shed more lustre upon his name, and which will place his fame with posterity incomparably higher.

It is gratifying to perceive that the demand for manufactured articles is becoming more brisk, and generally going the rounds of the manufacturing districts.

THE FORTNELL ESTATE.—This property, so renowned from so many and concurring events, and which, only three short years ago, caused a sensation throughout England, which we believe, has no parallel, is again most unexpectedly to be subjected to the hazard and uncertainty of public competition.

DECLINE OF MAHOMEDANISM.—Mr. MacFarlane has just published an Appendix, in which, after noticing the loss of Greece to the Porte, and the general discontent even in Asia, says—The religious mind will find pleasure in the belief that other than merely mortal energies conduct even the temporal affairs of the inferior world, and we cannot but be struck with the conviction that there is a strong under current in the world's affairs which eludes the eye, or mocks the calculation or direction of human politics.

SCOTLAND.—His Majesty has been pleased to nominate the Rev. John Patterson to be minister of the parish of Falkirk; and it gives us most sincere pleasure to have in our power to record the liberal and enlightened conduct of Mr. Peel, His Majesty's responsible adviser on this occasion.

DEPRECIATION OF LANDED PROPERTY.—How great a change has occurred in the value of property since the peace, may be conjectured from a late sale at Lanark. The property consists of eight acres of excellent land, bounded on the north by the estate of Baronald.

WEAVING IN SCOTLAND.—The hand-loom weavers who were so judicious as to leave the ill-paid loom for the labours of the harvest, have nearly all returned, and are highly pleased with their success.

It is gratifying to be able to state, that the extensive iron works at Carron, are feeling one of the general depression which at present pervades the manufacturing districts.

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SCIENTIFIC EXPEDITION.—His Majesty's ship Blossom, commanded by Captain Richard Owen, has been directed by the Admiralty to complete the surveys of the different parts of the West Indies which have been left undone by the Spaniards, and the late admiralty surveyor in that quarter, Mr. De Mayne. Capt. Owen, it is understood, will be principally employed on the Bahamas, and the coasts between Carthagena and Ucaia, more particularly to examine the dangerous shores of the latter place, and to ascertain correctly the meridian distances between the principal points in the West Indies chronometrically.

THE BEER DUTY.—Government receives an additional duty of no less than 150 per cent. rather more, on every barrel of malt manufactured in the metropolis.

EXECUTION.—On Monday morning, Edw. and Reed was executed at Chester Jail for the murder of his wife by poisoning her. Immediately after his conviction he made an ample confession of his guilt, by which it appeared, that for the sake of the trifling sum of £50. 0d. which he became entitled to on the death of his wife, he committed the horrid deed for which he has paid the forfeit of his life.

THE TOTAL NUMBER OF SLAVES actually imported into the Foreign Slave Colonies since the peace, has been estimated at 600,000, a number very far from the amount of the whole slave population of the British West India Colonies.

AN ALLEGED MURDER.—The public may recollect an advertisement appearing in some of the papers about six months ago respecting a young lady who disappeared from her friends, and of whom nothing was heard for a considerable time, except a letter from her brother, stating that she was well, but in confinement, and unable to describe where or by whom detained.

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