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was, at the same time, a fugitive from justice, for a "true bill" had already been found against him by the grand jury in his own province as one of the murderers of Thomas Scott. Riel was thus an outlaw, and debarred from taking his seat in Parliament. A motion was therefore passed expelling him from the House. Riel fled the country. Lepine, however, was tried for the murder of Scott and sentenced to death, but in answer to petitions which were presented for his reprieve, the Governor-General changed the sentence to imprisonment, and subsequent banishment from the country; and Riel and others were included in the decree of banishment. In this year the Hon. John Crawford, Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, died at Toronto, and was succeeded by the Hon. Donald A. Macdonald.

18. The events of 1876 show further progress. Part of the territory lying near Manitoba was erected into a new government, called the District of Keewaydin, and placed under a Lieutenant-Governor and Council. ties had previously been made with the Indians of this new country, by which they surrendered their lands, and came under the protection of the Canadian Government. A large force of Mounted Police was established throughout the District, as well as throughout the North West generally, for the maintenance of order. year, the Intercolonial Railway running along the southern banks of the St. Lawrence was completed, and opened for traffic But the greatest evidence of the advancement of the Dominion was the display of its products at the World's Fair, held this year at Philadelphia, where, one hundred years before, the thirteen colonies had declared their independence. At this exhibition, Ontario excelled the other provinces in her educational department, which was the most admired of all, and received high praid

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