brought to Europe, was valued by the Connoisseurs at 50 s. per Ounce.

There are three inconsiderable Rivers, and a small Harbour or two, betwixt this and St. John's River, which lies about 18 Leagues down the Bay, on the North Side. This is by far the finest River in the whole Province. Its Channel stretching near 40 Leagues into the Heart of the Country, there spreads itself into three Branches, which range up into so many Places near the Borders of the Canada River, into which the Indians, by Means of some Carriage-Places*, make a Shift to pass this Way in their Canoes.

Each of these Branches is navigable by small Crast for 20 or 30 Leagues from the main Channel, which (at 40 Leagues Distance from the Mouth) opens to the Width of half a Mile, with Water enough to carry large Ships all the Way, and running with a gentle Current through a pleasant Country, affords an easy and safe Navigation down, very near to its Entrance; but there

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^{*} This is the Name which the Indians give them. They are Spaces of Land lying between the Spring-Heads of two Rivers, over which they convey their Canoes not without a good deal of Trouble, these Places being often 8, 10, and sometimes 12 Miles across. However, by this Means, they traverse the Country from the Bay of Fundy up this River, to Quebec, the capital City of Canada.