

body, rather thickly haired; 15 segments, the fifth with a whitish transparent stem twice the length of the blackish subcylindric basal enlargement, the latter with a well marked, low circumfilum at the basal third and a moderately thick subapical whorl with long, stout setæ; terminal segment slightly produced, with a length a little over twice its diameter, the apex broadly and irregularly rounded. Palpi: first segment irregular, quadrate, the second a little longer, the third twice the length of the second, more slender, and the fourth a little longer than the third. Mesonotum fuscous yellowish. Scutellum reddish yellow, postscutellum reddish. Abdomen rather thickly haired, reddish brown. Wings long, slender as in *Colpodia*, the cross-vein nearly parallel with costa, the fifth vein uniting with the posterior margin at the distal third, its branch at the basal third; halteres yellowish transparent. Coxæ fuscous yellowish. Legs mostly dark straw, the three distal tarsal segments of the hind legs yellowish white; claws moderately long, strongly curved, unidentate, the pulvilli about half the length of the claws. Genitalia; basal clasp segment short, very broad, quadrate, with an irregular, fingerlike, heavily chitinized process at the internal distal angle; terminal clasp segment broad at base, tapering and curving irregularly to a slender, curved, somewhat foliate apex; dorsal and ventral plates indistinct. Harpes greatly produced, heavily chitinized, the distal free half tapering slightly to an irregularly expanded, tri-lobed, foliate appendage. Type *Cecid.* 1696.

***Harpomyia*, n. gen.**

This genus was erected for a species belonging in the *Dasyneura* series having 12 antennal segments and may be most easily recognized by the greatly produced, somewhat sickle-shaped harpes of the male. These organs have a length greater than the entire hypopygium and extend posteriorly like a pair of scissor blades. Type *H. indica*, n. sp.

***Harpomyia indica*, n. sp.**

The midges described below were labeled as having been reared from larvæ found under the lining of a felt cap, August 19, 1915, U. Bahadur.

Male.—Length 1 mm. Antennæ nearly as long as the body, thickly haired, yellowish brown; 12 segments, the fifth with a stem