

Toronto Grocery Market.

Sugars, syrups and molasses—Local sugar is dull and unchanged. Granulated is going at 4½ and 5c, yellows at 3½ to 4½c for very dark to very bright, and raws at 3½ to 3¾c for fair samples of Porto Rico and Trinidad. The product of the Canadian beet refinery has come to hand and has been distributed among the trade: so far reports have been satisfactory; it is, of course, not to be compared with the granulated made by the other refiners from cane, but at the money the trade say good value is given; it now remains to hear what consumers say. The general situation in sugar is a firm one. Sugars—Granulated, 1 to 15 bbls, 5 cents; do, 15 bbls. and over, 4½c; grocers' A., 1 to 15 bbls, 4½c; do., 15 bbls. and over, 4½c; Paris lump, boxes, 5½ to 5¾c; extra ground bbls, 5½c; do, boxes or less than bbls, 5½c; powdered bbls 5½c; do, less than bbls, 5½ to 5¾c; refined, dark to bright, 3½ to 4½c; Trinidad, raw, 3½ to 4c; Demerara, 4½ to 4¾c. Syrups—D., 2½ to 2¾c; M., 2½ to 2¾c; B., 2½ to 2¾c; V. B., 2½ to 3c; E. V B., 3 to 3½c; ex-super, 3½ to 3¾c; X.N., 3½c to 3¾c; XXX and special, 3½ to 3¾c.

Dried fruit—In both currants and Valencia raisins there is a great difference in quality and a consequent long variation in price. For good samples of ordinary Provencal and Filiatra currants in bbls, 6 to 6½c is asked, but off grades are quoted at 5½c. Figs are steady: new Malaga in bags, offer at 5c to 5½c. Valencia range from 5½ to 6½c for good to choice. Currants—Bbls, now, 5½ to 6½c; half bbls, 6 to 6½c; cases, 6½ to 6¾c; Vostizza, new, cases, 7 to 10c; Patras, bbls, 7 to 7½c; half bbls, 7½ to 7¾c; cases, 7½ to 7¾c. Raisins—Valencias, 5½ to 6½; sultanas, 10 to 13c; London layers, \$2.35 to 3.50; black baskets, \$3.50 to \$3.75; do ½ boxes, \$1.20; blue baskets \$4 to \$4.50; finest Dehesas, \$6.50; do ½ boxes, \$2 muscatel, 2 cr, \$2.25; do 3 cr, \$3. Figs—Flemes, 10 lbs and up, 12 to 13c. Malaga 56 lb bags, 5 to 5½c. Dates—Hallowee, 5½ to 6 cents. Nuts—Almonds, Tarragona, new, 13½c to 15c; Ivica, 14 to 15c; do shelled Valencia, 29 to 35 cents; filberts, Sicily, 10½ to 11c; walnuts, Grenobles, 16 to 17c; Marbotts, 12 to 13c; Bordeaux, 12 to 12½c.

Teas and coffees—Brokers and importers have been doing a good business in teas, but retailers have bought cautiously. Values remain much about the same. Coffees are improving slightly in demand and are held steadily. All outside advices are steady and strong in tone. Prices are: Rios, 18 cents to 20c; Jamaica, 21c to 24c; Java, 27c to 32c; Mocha, 29 to 33c; Porto Rico, 25 to 28c.

Canned goods.—Fish—Salmon, One's flat, \$1.60 to \$1.70; salmon, 1's tall, \$1.35 to \$1.45; lobster, Clover leaf, \$2.95; lobster, other 1's, \$2.10 to \$2.30; mackerel, \$1 to \$1.10; sardines, French, 1's, 11c; sardines, French, 1's, 17c; sardines, American, 1's, 6 to 8c; sardines, American, 1's 9c. Fruits and vegetables—Tomatoes, 3's, \$1.05 to \$1.10; Corn, 2's, \$1.90 to \$1.05; corn, 3's, \$1.50 to \$1.60; peas, 2's, \$1.10 to \$1.25; beans, \$1; pumpkins, 85c to \$1; strawberries and raspberries, 2's, \$2.25 to \$2.40; peaches, 2's, \$1.90 to \$2.10; peaches, 3's, \$2.75 to \$3.50; plums, 2's, \$1.45 to \$1.65; 3's, \$2.60; pears, 2's, \$1.90 to \$2.00; pears, 3's, \$2.90 to \$3.

Rice, spices, etc.—Rice, bags, 3½ to 4½c; do., off grades, 3½ to 3¾c; do, Patna, 6½ to 6¾c; do, Japan, 4½ to 5½c; Carolina, 8 to 8½c; sago, 3½

to 4½c; tapioca, 4½ to 6c; pepper, black, 12 to 18c; do, white, 18 to 25c; ginger, Jamaica, 25 to 30c; cloves, 15 to 20c; allspice, 12 to 15c; nutmegs, 90c. to \$1.10; cream tartar, 25c. to 35c.—*Empire*, November 13.

Toronto Live Stock Market.

Cattle—There was a more plentiful supply of good fat cattle suitable for the export trade to-day, and all were in demand at from 4c to 4½c per lb. with some rather light ones going a fraction under 4c. The last boat leaves Montreal November 19, and exporters have already purchased about all that they can get space for up to that time, and were doing very little to-day, except for some choice lots which suited them both as to quality and price. Tuesday's market will see the close of the export trade for the season, and that day will probably see the market glutted worse than it was to-day. There were a great many stockers in to-day of all grades, but only about half of them were sold, and only those of the better qualities. Exporters took some of the best, but mostly all were taken for the feeding stables here, paying from 3 to 3½ per lb for good to choice, and 2½c to 3c for fair to good. A great many thin inferior animals were on the market, and the only demand for them was from farmers for barnyard feeding, and they sold down as low as 2½c per lb. A good many stockers are yet wanted for the distillery stables here and other points in Ontario, and until they are supplied there will be a moderate outlet for all really good animals, but inferior stuff will be a drag on the market. Local butchers were fair buyers, but were choice in their selections and seemed to be unwilling to pay more than 3½ per lb for the best, and ranged down from that to 2½ for inferior, with a very poor demand for the latter. Springers were wanted and scarce. Anything that could be called a springer to-day found a market at from \$35 to \$50 each. Milch cows were in fair demand at from \$30 to \$45 each. Calves were in moderate supply and all that were required. Prices remain unchanged at \$6 to \$9 each for choice, \$4 to \$6 for good to choice, and \$3 to \$4 for inferior.

Sheep and lambs—The market for sheep was firm, with all really good animals in demand. There was some export demand, and about 100 head were taken for this purpose at \$5.50 to \$6.50 per head. Local butchers bought sheep at \$4 to \$5 per head. Lambs were dull with only a moderate demand at \$2.50 to \$3.50 each. About half the lambs were left over unsold.

Hogs—The market was easier under heavier receipts, and about \$4.15 per cwt was the highest price paid, ranging from that down to \$3.75 per cwt for good straight fat animals. Stores sold at \$3.50 to \$3.75 per cwt, and were in very little request. Heavy rough sows and stags were not wanted, and what few were on the market were taken at \$3.25 to \$3.50 per cwt.—*Empire*, Nov. 14.

Cattle for the Experimental Farm.

Mr. Bedford of the Manitoba experimental farm at Brandon, returned from the east on Saturday's train. While east he selected fifteen head of fine cattle for the farm. Ayreshires, Holsteins, Galloways and milking strains of Shorthorns. As the beefing strains of Shorthorns have already been extensively imported and the accommodation of the farm is limited, the handling of that strain has been put off for

a time. The four head of Shorthorns comprise the cow Rose of Sydenham bred by Thos. Guy, Oshawa, Ont., and is a fine large cow, with a good milking record. The other three are young animals of good pedigree. Two Ayreshires were purchased from D. Morton & Son, Hamilton, Ont., and were both imported from Hugh Tact, of Irvine, Scotland. One of them took second at Toronto this year. The bulk of this breed was bought from Cain Bros., Byron, Ont., and took first at London, Ont., this year.

The two Holstein cows were purchased from the well known herd of A. C. Hallman & Co., New Dundee, Ont. One of them took first as a two year old at both London and Toronto and the other took second at Toronto this year. The young Holstein bull was bred at the Central Experimental farm from good milking strains. The three Galloways are all from the herd of Thos. McRae, of Guelph, one of the cows, Violet III, was imported by him from Jas. Cunningham, Dabaitie, Scotland, and was a prize winner at the Highland Agricultural society show in Scotland. The other two animals are also very fine representatives of their breed.

Wheat on the Pacific Coast.

The price of wheat is higher now in this state than it ever was before, says a telegram dated Tacoma, Washington, Nov. 10. Last Saturday a firm here sold 10,000 bushels of blue stem wheat at \$1 per bushel, and 10,000 bushels of club wheat at 97c. This is the first wheat that has ever been sold in Washington at \$1.00 per bushel. The cause of the sudden rise in price is the surplus of tonnage. Vessels can now be chartered at 8 to 12 shillings, while last year the rate was up to 40 shillings. Farmers in Washington are now getting 40 per cent more for their wheat than they did at this time last year, and many of them are still waiting for a higher price. There will be shipped from this port this year from 4,000,000 to 5,000,000 bushels of wheat.

Business Prospects.

Business ought to be good this season in southern Manitoba. During the summer an immense number of cattle have, in this district, been purchased for export. The excellent pasturage that existed during the entire season was favorable for increasing the quantity of dairy produce and large supplies of butter have been manufactured. The marvellous yield of grain that is now in the country and the fairly good prices paid must cause large sums of money to be circulated, and although all the wheat may not be of the highest grade, much is of fair quality and a great deal is excellent. The unusually large crop of good, plump oats now in the province, should direct attention to the lack of oatmeal mills in Manitoba. Could the surplus supply of oats be made into meal, suitable for export, the amount of money that would be realized would be much greater.—*Pilot Mound Sentinel*.

British Cattle Markets.

A cable dated Liverpool Nov. 16, says: "The markets here are stronger for cattle; but the range is not notably changed. The Canadian cattle arrived too late for this market and were sold at Birkenhead. The range was as follows: Finest steers, 12c; good to choice, 10½c; poor to medium, 9½c; inferior and bulls, 7 to 8½c.