General News.

—That feeling of weariness, so often experienced in the spring, results from a sluggish condition of the blood which, being impure, does not quicken with the changing season. Ayer's Sarsaparilla, by vitalizing and cleansing the blood, strengthens and invigorates the system.

—The Montreal police stopped the posting of some "flashy" bills on the streets. The theatre people then had prints shown in the windows of saloons and cigar shops, and next day the proprietors of these places were sentenced to eight days in prison without the option of a fine. The sentence caused a sensation.

THE NEW STEAMER.—The *Times* says: The new steel steamer Yarmouth, recently built at Glasgow for the Yarmouth Steamship company, left on Wednesday, the 20th, for Yarmouth direct. She brings a cargo of coal, pig iron and general merchandize and some passengers. She is to come out in twelve or fourteen days.

—The Bridgewater *Enterprise* says: "Lumbering has been carried on this last winter to a larger extent than usual. Messrs. E. D. Davison & Sons have put in some twelve millions of shipping lumber, and have begun to drive their logs to their mills. Several vessels have already loaded with lumber for foreign markets, and the wharves present a busy appearance.

NO HOME BLESSED WITH A BABY IS complete without the monthly visits of BABYHOOD, the delight, comfort and aid of the mother. Only publication in the world devoted to the care of young children. We are glad to recommend it. 5 Beekman St., New York. $1.50 a year; 15 cents a copy; clubbed with the MONITOR for $2.50 a year.

—The *Times* of India is responsible for the following:—"A little story comes to us from afar which shows how deftly modern science and modern appliances lend themselves to carry on rites and customs celebrated on the Ganges a thousand years ago. A sepoy died a long way from his home and country, and his caste fellows duly cremated him, and having done this, they went to the telegraphic office and wired as follows to his parents:—Bindo Persad died last night. Bones by post."

—At Catlin, Ill, Thos. Dale, while teaching school some years ago, had occasion to whip one of the larger girls, and was prosecuted and fined. The prosecution was by the parents, who denounced the castigation as a high-handed outrage. The other patrons of the school subscribed the teacher's fine, and there was a strong feeling of sympathy with him, as he behaved with great moderation and dignity throughout the excitement. The victim of his alleged cruelty became one of his champions, and the mutual respect arising out of their relations ripened when both left the school into warm friendship, and they are now about to be married.

HALIFAX MARKETS.—The following quotations are dated 14th inst., and are furnished us by Messrs Mumford Bros., Argyle St. Butter, choice dairy, 18 to 19, rolls in boxes, 17 to 18; eggs, per doz., 13 to —; hams and bacon, per lb 8 to 10; beef, quarters, 6 to 7; hogs dressed, 6 to 7; mutton, by carcass, 7 to 9; lamb, do., 7 to 8; veal, do., 4 to 5; turkeys, per lb 14 to —; ducks, pairs, — to —; fowls and chickens, pairs, — to —; geese, each, — to —; rabbits, pair, —; apples, $1.50 to $3.00; potatoes, 90 to $100; oats, bush., 40 to 42; hay, ton, $12.00 to $14.00; wool skins, 70 to 90; dried apples, per lb., 4 to 4½; turnips, bbl., 75; beets, 75; parsnips, $1.00; carrots, $1.00.

—At a recent meeting in Baltimore of the Freedman's Aid Society, an organization for the education of Methodist ministers among the negroes of the south, Secretary T. C. Hartsell said that the colored people are increasing more by births than the whites are by births and immigration combined. Five hundred colored babies are born every twenty-four hours. He had seen some old colored preachers hold the Bible upside down, and all they could do was to shout and pound the Bible; but he'd rather hear a man like that preach than a namby-pamby, pink-paper young man read a milk-and-water essay. The brethren shouted "amen."

WORTH YOUR ATTENTION.—Cut this out and mail it to Allen & Co., Augusta, Maine, who will send you free, something new, that just coins money for all workers. As wonderful as the electric light, as genuine as pure gold, it will prove of lifelong value and importance to you. Both sexes, all ages. Allen & Co. bear expenses of starting you in business. It will bring you in more cash, right away, than anything else in the world. Anyone anywhere can do the work, and live at home also. Better write at once; then, knowing all, should you conclude that you don't care to engage, why no harm is done.

—About 400 warrants have been issued in Pittsburg, Penn., for the arrest of members of what is known as the "Pan Handle Gang." The operations of the thieves extended over three years, and the value of the goods stolen is variously estimated at from $200,000 to $500,000. "The thefts cover everything from a barrel of whiskey to a Bible," was what Attorney Hampton, of the Pennsylvania Company, said when talking about wholesale and systematic robberies of freight cars on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad, in which seventy-five out of eighty crews, each composed of four men, are said to be implicated.

TO CHINA VIA HALIFAX.—*London, April 29.*—In the house of lords to-night, the earl of Harrowby asked for information respecting the decision of the government on the proposal of the Canadian government to establish a line of mail steamers between Vancouver city and China. The earl of Onslow, parliamentary secretary of the colonial office, replied that the committee to which the matter was referred declined to recommend a subsidy of £100,000 for the proposed service of a steamer every three weeks, but was considering the advisability of granting a subsidy of £60,000 for a monthly service, Canada to contribute also. Lord Carnarvon urged that the subsidy be granted. He said if England did not assist the enterprise, the advantages of the route would pass into the hands of another power.

The Maritime Bank Meeting.

The disclosures of yesterday's meeting of the Maritime Bank creditors must be considered as disappointing rather than reassuring. The liabilities of the bank, as stated by the auditor, amount to the large sum of $2,142,159, besides the bank's endorsement upon over $625,000 of exchange. Against this, it is true, there is a table of assets, large in amount, but several of the larger items must be considered as merely nominal. The overdrawn accounts, bills discounted and hypothecated, and collateral securities, also hypothecated, amount to over a million of dollars. Messrs. E. & J. Stewart's and Guy Bevan & Co.'s exchange on hand in the bank makes up $404,862 of the so-called assets. Deducting these from the table the only really large amount remaining is $415,041 of local bills discounted. And of this amount the auditor says "$325,000 is known to be a very doubtful asset." Without dealing in detail with the other and smaller items it will be seen what a beggarly array of assets there are to offset the enormous liabilities.

What the net results of the liquidation will be it would be difficult to forecast. But it seems scarcely possible that the assets can realize more than will pay the note-holders and the government deposits preferential. As for the other liabilities the depositors and others can scarcely be paid without recourse to the double liability of the shareholders.—*St. John Telegraph, 28th.*

ASTONISHING SUCCESS.

It is the duty of every person who has used *Boschee's German Syrup* to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 80,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the *German Syrup* cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, in the United States and Canada.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

MR. EDITOR:—

Mr. Cox, in his statement under date of April 27th, claims to give solution to the financial difficulties attending the completion of our much talked-of system of water works. As this difficulty practically involves the whole question, his letter therefore is timely and its first effect as a whole consolatory; but its second after more consideration is less so, as his conclusions are far too favorable to be at present realized. No fault is found with his calculations numerically but with the basis upon which he has built his financial structure; that we can directly challenge, as no calculations should be made upon a sum less than $20,000, the amount allowed us by the act before we have the official estimates, now that we are seriously discussing the matter. The opinions alleged to have been given by Mr. Keating no doubt are correct so far as they relate to cost of material, but as to their constructive cost without a survey of the physical conditions there would very likely be a large amount of error. This fact, Mr. Keating, himself, would be first to admit, as the only data thus far furnished has been at second hand and that too of "a rule of thumb character." In the meantime it would be safer and better to base all present calculation upon the sum I have named until official proof is given to the contrary. As to loan, this and the low rate of interest promised thereon—4½ per cent.—gives indication that Wall Street is in favor of the scheme. However, we will assume this to be the rate.

Now the yearly interest upon

$20,000 will be.....$	900.00
Yearly provisions for paying one-half of capital in twenty years	470.00
Yearly assessments, collecting and probable loss.....	150.00
Average cost for repairs and supervision within a period of 20 years.....	600.00
	$2,120.00
As an offset to this, we have, say for water sold.....$	400.00
Reduction from yearly rate of insurance.....	450.00

With this extreme allowance, it will leave nearly $1300 as a yearly charge against the district. Allusion was made by Mr. Cox, to $240,000 as the estimated value of combustible property within the water district and further implied that the ½ per cent. reduction in insurance rates would apply to this amount. I find about $90,000 worth of property already insured and so generally are we protected in this way, that six dwelling houses cannot be found of any particular value uninsured within the town limits and in a majority of cases very little, if any higher risk will be taken. The amount then allowed for this anticipated reduction is very extreme. In connexion with the estimated value of destructible property within the district, I cannot see how this $240,000 can be reached except by a very arbitrary standard of valuation taken together with inventory, so minute in particulars as to include all the village cows and poultry if you like.

The tendency now of this extravagant estimate might lead to unjustifiable outlay. This "watering of stock" will not help our case. If A, is required to pay one dollar upon every $100 up to the extent of $10,000 and he should thereby complain of injustice, with a desire to remove this at the next assessment, if $10,000 is increased to $20,000, what advantage will come to A, from having in the future only to pay 50 cents upon the $100? How in any sense could he be the gainer? So in the applied principle of inflated values we can look for no solace from a burdensome taxation. I think this would be well to remember when we are told that we can well afford to expend $20,000 for a water system as we have $240,000 worth of taxable property and in consequence the rate upon the $100 will be (in the phraseology of its advocates) but nominal. The assessment roll or the part that includes this district, gives all the practical knowledge one wishes for in the matter. We there find about $76,000, contrast this with $240,000, after allowing for the customary basis upon which our assessments are made. There must be as politician's say, "a colored gentlemen in the fence somewhere." This water tax will then be quite a serious matter, in proof of this we as a district are pledged to a sum of $1000 for school purposes and the assessment roll gives us $94,000 upon which to levy. We pay individually 94 cts upon the $100. Should the vote for water pipes be carried an additional yearly sum of very little less than $1300 will be required, and that from a narrower district. As we have in this case only about $76,000 worth of property to call upon, north of the river, the contemplated water district. Any one can confirm this by consulting the tax roll. Our tax then for this purpose will be about $1.71 per $100. The adverted special gain to particular individuals from lessened insurance rates should the water pipes become a fixed fact; even surface reasoning would give no such conclusion. Any equitable assessment would have to consider location, with all its attendant risks, and all reductions from present rate of insurance from this cause, would have to be directly transferred to the credit of the water district for the additional security given them against fire. Situated as we are now comes the main consideration, is it best or wise to give at least a tenth of our property for what we have already in abundance, at our doors. There is not a doubt but that ten times the cost of construction would buy all the visible property in the district, water, pipes and all.

The protection afforded by the Act in limiting the cost of construction to $20,000, will really be very little unless all the work comes under contract, which can hardly be the case. Suppose the estimates come within the sum allowed, and the work undertaken; and after expending $12,000 or $15,000 we find it impossible to finish, for the sum named in the Act? To save the amount already expended we shall require a further extension of capital by a new or an amended act. Your own deductions, Mr. Editor, as to the improbability of the water pipes requiring much expense in the future when once laid, from the known durability of a plank drain are, when carried to the larger system at least very questionable, owing in a large measure to the extreme difference of conditions in the way of pressure and friction. Then the constant vigilance and the continual expense everywhere connected with the system coupled with our town's experience with the ordinary cellar drains, still further weakens your conclusions from this analogy.

One reference to Mr. Sancton's letter, in which he characterizes my financial statements as wild, his scheme is a wild one, and proved such. Has this been done with my statements?

Yours truly,
WILLIAM CHIPMAN.

Bridgetown, May 2nd, 1887.

[For the Monitor.]

A Plea for Pure Water.

There can be no doubt that our citizens are deeply interested in the discussion of the question relating to the proposed waterworks. Your correspondents are doing a good service to the community in presenting their views upon the subject so clearly and fully, thus enabling the people to vote intelligently at the coming polling day. My friend Mr. Chipman, has but done his duty in laying before your readers what he conceives to be the difficulties in the way of carrying out the contemplated scheme. Other correspondents have reviewed his objections and advanced strong arguments in favor of the enterprise. They have, however, confined their attention chiefly to the financial aspect of the question, and your readers must decide for themselves which side of the discussion has been supported by the most cogent reasoning.

The financial feature of this question is certainly a most important one, and competent business men must decide whether or not the proposed scheme is feasible. But there is another aspect of the matter which appears to me far more important than that of dollars and cents. The sanitary condition of the town must take precedence to every other question. Bridgetown is rapidly becoming a hot-bed of pestilence in consequence of its miserably inadequate system of drainage. It is already saturated with filth and putridity, and the water used by many families is simply abominable. Last autumn fever prostrated a large number of our population and brought death to some homes. The coming summer will in all probability see a return of the same scourge in a greatly aggravated form, and our strongest young men and young women will be liable to become the first victims, and this state of affairs grows worse and worse as the years pass away.

A system of sewerage is imperatively demanded in our town at once. So far as I am aware all our citizens concur in this view. But a good system of sewerage is almost impracticable without a suitable water supply. The highest authorities on the subject affirm that sewers which are not properly cleansed by a constant and abundant supply of running water, are even worse than no drainage at all. Sluggish and uncleansed pipes generate foul gases which escape not only at the main outlets but also from the apertures for ventilation and which are so intensely pestilential that they pollute the air of the entire community and carry fever, diphtheria and even worse forms of plague wherever they are wafted. There can be no effective system of drainage without a proper water supply.

Furthermore the town needs and must have pure water for domestic use. The soil is already contaminated beyond redemption. Most of the wells about should be condemned by health officers and abandoned forthwith. Dr. Macdonald, a prominent medical gentlemen, in an able lecture delivered at Bridgetown a few years ago, faithfully warned the people of the condition of the town so far as drainage and wells are concerned. Some of his predictions have already been fulfilled. His admonitions have not been sufficiently heeded.

These are considerations which must be fairly dealt with in the present discussion. The proposed scheme gives every reasonable promise of securing the needed improvements. What other plan is likely to afford these indispensable advantages at a less expenditure?

W. H. WARREN.

Water Works.

MR. EDITOR,—As the property owners of this town seem to be on the *qui vive* about the introduction of water works into this place, it occurred to me that persons possessed of any information on the subject should give the public the benefit. A good deal has been said touching the effect of the introduction of a system of water works upon fire insurance rates, and this has led me to make inquiries in that direction and I am assured by an insurance specialist and expert, that the basis rate which is now *two and a half per cent.* in this place will be made *one and a half*—a large reduction indeed. This would cause a saving to such property owners as insure more than sufficient to offset the cost of the water to them, let alone the great boon the spring water would be to the entire community in the shape of sanitary improvements and general comfort. There is all of one hundred thousand dollars insured on property within the limits of the water district, rates upon which, vary all the way from 2 to ½ of 1 per cent. I am convinced from all I can hear about the cost, that the water can be brought in at a less sum than the Act states as the limit.

Yours etc., A. MONEY.

MR. EDITOR:—

My duties as councillor for Ward No. 9, having called me to Bridgetown, to attend the semi-annual meeting of council, I shared the hospitality of Mrs. A. Chute's private boarding house with some of my brother councillors. The council while in session were invited to visit our Alms House by the committee having charge of that department of our local affairs, and we availed ourselves of the advantage of visiting the institution on Thursday afternoon, when we, who live in the outlying and distant wards were privileged to observe the internal workings of the institution. We were all kindly received by Mr. and Mrs. Clark, who have had the institution in charge since its erection, and were shown through the establishment from basement to attic. I must say, and I think I express a sentiment entertained by all, that we were most agreeably surprised at the cleanliness and neatness in every department, not only of floors, walls, beds, and bedding, but as well of the inmates and their apparel.

I learned from Councillor Vidito, one of the committee who have had the oversight since its erection, that the inmates numbered about sixty, of all ages, from the graybaired sire and matron, who had faced the storms of some ninety winters, to the infant of a few days in its innocence, which shows that there is still progress in our County.

On seeing some from my own township with whom I had formerly been acquainted and even some from my own ward, whom it had been my duty to convey there, I was much pleased with their apparent change for the better, both in their person and apparel and on inquiring after their welfare to hear them express their satisfaction with their home and kind treatment.

I confess my heart welled up with thankfulness to the Giver of every blessing, that He had put it in the hearts of the people of this county to erect so humane an institution for the comfort and care of this poor unfortunate class.

This, Mr. Editor, appears in striking contrast as compared with the system for the support of the poor in the days of the old sessions where the barbarous custom of farming out the poor was indulged in. Why do not our sister counties do likewise and share in the comfort and satisfaction that must arise from the establishment of similar institutions?

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for space,
I am yours truly,
H. H. CHUTE,
Warden.

House of Assembly.

A resolution was introduced by Hon. Mr. Fielding for the appointment of a committee to confer with another of the Upper House upon the question of abolishing the latter body. The council would not, however, agree to any such conference.

The discussion on the repeal resolution which will be found on our outside pages was participated in by a large number of the members. On division the resolutions carried by 26 to 10. An amendment moved by Dr. McKay was defeated by 27 to 5.

A series of resolutions expressing sympathy with the Irish Home Rulers, and regretting the coercion bill in the Imperial House were passed unanimously.

The bill giving votes to female rate payers in the municipal elections passed by 18 to 14.

The chairman of the committee appointed to enquire into the working of the County Incorporation Act brought in their report advising certain changes to be made.

Mr. Fielding brought down the estimates showing probable revenue to be $678,656.85 and expenditure $647,267.12.

A bill was introduced to increase the salaries of the provincial officials. The Hon. Provincial Secretary to receive $3,200, Hon. Attorney General and Hon. Com. works and mines each $2,500. At present salaries are respectively $2,400, $1,600 and $2,000. The Attorney General has always had, however, certain fees and allowances that have brought his salary up to a higher figure than any other member of the government. The proposed increase is consequently, actually a reduction for him, as the fees, etc., are now to revert to the govt. The bill passed with only one dissenting voice.

A jubilee address was passed unanimously to the Queen.

Hon. Mr. Longley made a long and earnest speech in reference to commercial union with the United States, stating that he would allow his resolution to that effect to remain over until another session.

A large amount of routine business was transacted and private bills passed.

The House adjourned at 11 o'clock on Monday, with the announcement that prorogation would take place yesterday.

—1830 yards New Fancy Prints, in lengths of 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 yards. Cheap! at Randolph's. tf

Local and Other Matter.

—We were unable to be present at the school examinations, but a gentle who was present throughout furnishes us with the following:—

"Thursday last being the examination in the Public School here, I thought I would avail myself of the opportunity and while away a few leisure hours, in this, my first visit to Bridgetown School, and a very pleasant visit it proved to be.

My attention was first drawn to the Primary Department under the very efficient management of Miss Bertha Ruggles. The children in this department although quite young appear to be making good progress, especially in the very important branches of reading and spelling. Miss Ruggles appears to have a very winning way with these little ones and although they are under perfect control I should judge they were guided rather by love than fear.

At ten o'clock precisely we were requested to retire to the Intermediate Department under the management of Miss A. A. Hamilton. For two hours we were entertained by Miss Hamilton and her pupils in a manner which I may safely say has never been excelled if equalled in Bridgetown. The pupils although examined by several persons present appeared to be perfectly at home and well posted in the several branches taught and I think will not soon forget the capital training they have been receiving. It would be unwise on my part to enter into a minute detail, at this time, suffice it to say, that although I have spent some portion of my life in the model school at Truro, I have never yet seen a school so thorough and systematic as this department appears to be.

At one o'clock p. m., the Advanced Department under the management of A. D. Brown, Esq., commenced operations. Mr. Brown has with this term commenced his third year in the Bridgetown School, which fact of itself is sufficient evidence of his ability as a teacher without any puffing from me. I must say, however, that I think Mr. Brown has no reason to lose his good reputation he has already gained. The pupils although not as a whole, perhaps very far advanced, appear to be thoroughly well drilled, which is of course the foundation of a good education.

In conclusion, Mr. Editor, I must say, and, I think those present will agree with me that the inhabitants of Bridgetown should be justly proud of having a school house so well equipped and a staff of teachers so efficient as at present."

A Pearl Wedding.

MR. EDITOR,—Permit me to trespass on your valuable space, with an account of a pearl wedding. The thirtieth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Harris, was celebrated at their home, No. 39 Franklin Street, on the evening of Tuesday, 19th inst.

As the bride and groom of 1857 had not been made aware that the occasion was to be specially honored, the affair was a genuine surprise to them. Every effort was made, however, by the large number of friends and relatives that assembled to make the surprise an agreeable one. Among the gifts were an elegant hanging lamp for the bride, while an easy chair, combining the qualities of beauty and comfort, was donated to the bridegroom. On behalf of the donors, the presentation was made by Mr. M. H. Clarke, and was accompanied by an address prepared by Mrs. D. P. Moore, of East Boston.

Besides a large number of friends and more distant relatives, there were present, in addition to Mr. and Mrs. Harris's children, ten nephews and nieces and two grandchildren. After the guests had partaken of ice cream and other delicacies, together with the more substantial eatables, they were entertained by the reading of a few choice selections from the poem commemorial by Mrs. M. T. Turner, of New Bedford, and the singing of a number of the hymns of thirty years ago added to the pleasure of an evening which will be long and pleasantly remembered by the parties interested.

Perhaps, we, who are on this side, attach too much importance to these private, social gatherings of Nova Scotians. "In these degenerate modern days," however, when the average of human life is so low, it is surely noteworthy when a wedded couple reach the thirtieth milestone of their journey. Above all, please bear in mind, that, although we are only a day's journey from our homes we are under a foreign flag and these bluenose reunions are to us like a glimpse of the Annapolis Valley, a scent of our own Bay of Fundy fog, or a breath of pure air from the summit of the North Mountain.

Yours truly, MEL.

East Somerville, April 28th, 1887.

The married couple referred to are natives of Margaretville, in this county.—[ED. MON.

A MATTER OF FACT.

One of the few preparations that seldom disappoints on trial, is that old standard throat and lung medicine, Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, sore throat and other diseases of the air passages.

—Safe cure for dyspepsia is S. Fitz-Randolph's Sugar Cured Corned Beef. For sale Cheap.

—The Queens Printer, Ottawa, will please accept our thanks for the Revised Statutes of Canada, which consists of two large volumes bound in cloth, also for the departmental blue books.

A HAMILTON ITEM.

"My wife has been a sufferer from liver complaint for many years. I am glad to be able to testify to the benefit received from Burdock Blood Bitters, as well as in the case of my little boy, who had glandular swelling." J. S. Miller, 77 Victoria Ave, North, Hamilton, Ont. B. B. B. regulates the entire glandular system.

I. S. S. Co.—Steamer New. Brunswick, having been thoroughly overhauled and repaired will commence her regular trips between Boston and Annapolis, on Monday, 9th of May, leaving Annapolis on Tuesday, 10th inst., after arrival of express train from Halifax.

Although the public have been somewhat disappointed this season on account of the direct line not having been opened earlier they may feel assured that this very popular company will spare no pains to ensure the safety and comfort of the travelling public. This line has established for itself an enviable reputation for comfortable and safe boats and efficient and obliging officers and is well deserving of the good patronage it receives.

FROZE HIS FEET.

While out skating last winter, G. Varcoe, of Brandon, Man., got his feet badly frozen. He rubbed them with snow, and then applied Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which speedily cured them, and saved him from being a cripple.

ANOTHER BELIEF EXPLODED.—The lingering idea that the Arab horse, but for his inches, would be better than his English brother, grows more purely romantic every year. A contest occurred recently in Cairo between an Arab of recognized superiority and an English mare, the latter carrying fourteen pounds more weight, both of exactly the same height, and the Oriental champion, although he had been first in the betting, was beaten out of sight. Thus do the baseless fancies of the imagination fade away.—*N. Y. Sun.*

If Your Lungs are Destroyed do not expect that Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" will make new ones for you. It can do much, but not impossibilities. If, however, you have not yet reached the last stages of consumption, there is hope for you. But do not delay, lest you cross the fatal line where help is impossible. The Discovery has arrested the aggravating cough of thousands of consumptives, cured their night sweats and hectic fevers, and restored them to health and happiness.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

Births.

GATES.—At Annapolis, April 30th, the wife of J. H. Gates, Canada Customs, of a daughter.

Marriages.

SHAFFNER—ALLAN.—At Montreal, April 19th, at the residence of the bride's sister by the Rev. A. G. Upham, Dr. Fred L. Shaffner, B. A., and Miss Christina Allan.

O'NEILL—CHATTON.—At Port Lorne, Nov. 29th Mr. George O'Neill, of Havelock, to Miss. Susie A. Chatton of Port Lorne.

Deaths.

HICKS.—At Port Lorne, on the 24th March, Mr. Burpee Hicks, aged 39 years.

BAGGS.—At Centreville, the 30th ult., Eben Bruce, one of the oldest and most respected residents of the community, in the 91st year of his age.

CARLETON.—At Bridgetown, on Wednesday, April 27th, William Carleton, Esq., aged 76 years.

A Mill for the Public

—The firm of—

BOWLBY, BALCOM & Co.,

LAWRENCETOWN,

HAVE their NEW MILL now completed and are now ready to saw

Shingles, at 75 Cents per M.;
Lumber, at - - $2.50 per M.

Persons bringing logs can have their lumber to take home with them.

—We want:—

500 CORDS STAVE WOOD,

for which we will pay $1.75 per cord, we will pay in Cylinder Staves or Heading, if desired. We want any amount of

SHINGLE WOOD,

—and plenty of—

LOGS TO SAW

for which we guarantee satisfaction every time.

BOWLBY, BALCOM & CO.

Lawrencetown, January 24th, 1887. 43tf

Clearing Out Sale.

—As I have decided to make a—

Change in My BUSINESS,

—I offer my—

Entire Stock

—AT A—

Sweeping Reduction

—now is the—

TIME FOR BARGAINS

—IN:

Boots & Shoes

WANTED:

POTATOES and DRIED APPLES for which will I will pay the Highest Price.

W. J. ST. CLAIR.

For Sale.

THE subscriber will sell at a reasonable figure the desirable COTTAGE and LOT on Water St., now occupied by her. Lot 90 feet square with a number of fruit trees on it. Apply to

MRS. C. J. WILLIS,
OR
J. G. H. PARKER.

Bridgetown, April 28th, '87. 5i48

Another Protest Entered against High Prices

—AT:—

MORRISON'S,

THE TAILOR.

His STOCK is now COMPLETE.

HIS PEARL AMERICAN HATS

—ARE—

GEMS!

Everything that You Want to Wear or go Fishing with.

Prices Just Right.

A. J. MORRISON,
Merchant Tailor.

Middleton, April 25th, 1887.

For Sale.

SIX ACRES OF DYKE MARSH, SITUATED on the TROOP MARSH, formerly owned by Edwin Walker. Apply to

DR. DENNISON,
2tf Bridgetown.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of JAMES VIDITO, late of NICTAUX, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested, within six months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the same estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

MERVIN N. VIDITO,
Administrator.

Nictaux, April 7th, 1887. 6m

FOR SALE.

ONE MORGAN MARE

EIGHT years old; fine flesh; color, Chestnut; weighs 1300 lbs. Also

2 Thoroughbred Ayrshire Bulls,

from IMPORTED STOCK. One 1½ years old, one 2 years old.

Apply for catalogue to

B. R. BALCOM,

Paradise, April 25th, '87. tf

New Advertisements.

Moosewood

BLOOD AND TONIC BITTERS!

ARE fast becoming known as the great APPETIZER and TONIC, they give you a bright feeling and good appetite when you are feeling languid and poorly and not worth a cent, they will regulate the bowels and cure dyspepsia, and by their tonic properties to the digestive organs prevent this troublesome complaint.

TRY MOOSEWOOD BITTERS IF YOU WANT TO FEEL BETTER. Sold by all Druggists and by

A. B. CUNNINGHAM, - DRUGGIST, - ANNAPOLIS.

ISLAND KING!

THIS Horse was raised in P. E. I., and will travel the Counties of

ANNAPOLIS & KINGS

the coming season. He is six years old stands 16½ hands high and weighs 1400 lbs. is perfectly sound and kind in every way. His Colts took 1st, 2nd and 3rd prizes at Provincial Exhibition for the years 1885-86. Although the largest Stallion in the two Counties he is a light, easy traveller with good life and action and has travelled a half mile without training in 1.24. Pedigree as follows:—

"ISLAND KING."

Dark Bay, by Royal Harry, dam by Franklin he half brother to the dam of Black Pilot, he by the Martin horse, he by the Dingwell horse, he by the celebrated English thoroughbred Stallion Bay Meddleton; second dam by imported Morgan.

"ROYAL HARRY."

"Royal Harry." Bay Horse, by Prince Harry, 16½ hands high, weight 1400 lbs., first dam by Rysdyke's Hambletonian, second by George M. Patchen, third by Nellie Bligh, thoroughbred, Prince Harry by a son of Old Saladin, he by the celebrated English thoroughbred Stallion Bay Meddleton, out of Old Queen, record of 2.40, without training, one of the gamest mares that ever stepped, she by Sam Slick, a gray horse of Messenger blood, bred in Worcester County, Mass. Her first dam by imp. Revenge, 2nd dam by Rainbow, said to be of Messenger blood. "Royal Harry" took first prize and medal at Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia, in the 5 year old trotting class. His dam was bred by Charles B. Pratt, Esq., Mayor of Worcester, Mass.

O. F. Ruffee,
OWNER.

Bridgetown, April 9th, '87. tf.

PAINTS!

To Beautify & Preserve

THE subscriber has just received a large, fresh supply of Best PREPARED PAINTS for Outside and Inside Work or Use, WHITE LEAD, BLACK LEAD, ROOFING and MINERAL PAINTS, VARNISHES and PURE GRAINING COLORS, ALABASTINE and KALSOMINE, WHITING and

PORTLAND CEMENT,

RAW and BOILED LINSEED OILS, PAINT and WHITE WASH BRUSHES, GLASS and PUTTY, LIGHT and HEAVY

HARDWARE,

IRON and STEEL, Various styles.

For sale by

H. FRASER.

I would say to my customers that I shall endeavor to supply them as usual with the best quality of

Hard & Soft Coal

—in season.—

Small BLACKSMITH COAL still on Hand.

APRIL, 1887.

JUST RECEIVED BY

Runciman, Randolph & Co.

A Large Lot

—OF:—

CHOICE

Wall Papers

—IN:—

New, Elegant DESIGNS,

AND VERY CHEAP.

40, 42 and 45 INCH

PILLOW COTTONS,

9-4 WHITE

Plain Sheetings,

9-4 WHITE

TWILD SHEETINGS,

9-4 GRAY

SHEETINGS,

WHITE COUNTERPANES,

WHITE CURTAIN LACE,

Shirtings, Towelings, &c.

CARPETS!

—:ALSO:—

St. Croix Ginghams,

SEER SUCKERS

In Gray and Colors.

PARK'S SHIRTINGS,

St. Croix Shirtings.

NEW GOODS

COMING IN

WEEKLY

Bridgetown, N. S. March 30th, '87.

New Advertisements.

SHARP'S BALSAM

—:OF:—

HOARHOUND

—:AND:—

ANISEESEED!

—has no equal as a—

Speedy and Effective Cure

—for all—

PULMONARY TROUBLES.

It will Cure CROUP in one Minute.

It will Cure a COUGH in one Day.

It will Cause the WHOOPING in WHOOPING COUGH to Cease at Once.

DO not accept the numerous substitutes always offered, but insist upon having

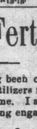
SHARP'S BALSAM.

—Retail by—

All Respectable Grocers and Druggists.

—Wholesale by—

Sharp's Balsam Manufacturing Co., St. John, N. B.



Neily's Fertilizers

REPORTS having been circulated that I have no Fertilizers for sale, I beg to contradict the same. I am still in the Fertilizer Trade, being engaged with

Messrs. Jack & Bell,

Whose Fertilizers I handle. I would ask my former patrons to give their orders either to me or to any of Messrs. Jack & Bell's agents.

5i47. (Sd.) L. O. NEILY.

Miss Mary D. F. Dodge,

WILL be pleased to receive at ELM COTTAGE a few pupils for instruction on the

PIANOFORTE and ORGAN,

on and after the 1st of April. Terms moderate.

Bridgetown, 23rd April, '87. tf

Everybody Sings

—the praise of—

SEAVEY'S EAST INDIA

LINIMENT.

A short time since my wife had a very severe attack of Toothache, the most severe that she ever experienced, insomuch that she was deprived of her rest for some length of time, her face and throat were much swollen, with a prospect of an ulcerated gathering. After making several remedial appliances without avail, she tried SEAVEY'S EAST INDIA LINIMENT, which gave immediate relief; the soreness and pain were rapidly allayed and within 24 hours was entirely free from pain and enabled to rest in comfort. JOHN KILLAM,

North Kingston, Feb. 21st, '87.

—ALSO CURES—

Cramps, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Stiffness in the Joints, Colds, Sudden Chills, Burns, Swellings, Sprains, Chilblains, Etc.

For sale by Dealers and Druggists.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

S. HARRIS & SON

MARGARETVILLE, N. S.

Bridgetown Grocery

JUST RECEIVED

two carloads CHOICE

FLOUR, MEAL

—AND—

MIDDLINGS,

—AT—

BOTTOM PRICES.

—Full assortment of best—

GROCERIES

in the market.

Canned Goods a Specialty.

—TRY OUR—

TEAS and COFFEES,

they are SUPERIOR to any that have been offered yet.

CONFECTIONERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Fruits in the Season, Domestic and Foreign.

Thompson & Shaffner.

Our Stock

—OF—

Dry Goods,

MILLINERY, Etc.,

—will be—

Very Large this Season,

—some of which—

WE have JUST RECEIVED,

Balance Expected Shortly.

L. C. WHEELOCK.

Lawrencetown, March 21st, 1887.

New Advertisements.

Bradley's Phosphate

The Old and Reliable Fertilizer,

ON sale at the various Agencies throughout the Province and constantly in stock by the subscriber.

—:ALSO:—

JACK & BELL'S BONE

—and high grade—

SULPHURIC ACID.

G. C. MILLER,
Middleton.

March 30th, 87. 9i48.

IT IS NOT POSSIBLE

To Enumerate the Full Line of Goods in Stock and Ready for Inspection.

—:If you want:—

Wall Papers,

—come and select from the best—

English & American Goods. Newest Design

—:If you want:—

Men's and Boys' Hats and Clothing,

OR DRESS GOODS,

in Serge, Cashmeres, Fancies, Ginghams, Seersuckers, and

PRINTS, in the Newest Styles,

OR Tweeds, Cottonades & Checks,

OR Boots & Shoes,

OR China, Glassware and Earthenware,

OR BEST GROCERIES,

OR Jewelry and Tableware,

OR Anything Else,

Call & Examine My Stock.

J. W. WHITMAN.

BETTER THAN GOLD!

AVERILL PAINT!

After Years of Trial now Deny Its Wearing Qualities and Beauty.

SPOT CASH

—will tell this year. We will sell the—

House Paint at $1.50 per gal

—:AND THE:—

Roof Paint at $1.25 per gal

in lots of FIVE GALLONS and upwards.

Cheap Leads can no longer compete. Also

AVERILL COACH COLORS.

NO Varnish required. A splendid article for re-painting carriages.

Full Stock at the FURNITURE ROOMS of

JOHN Z. BENT,

Bridgetown, and at the GENERAL AGENCY, CLARENCE.

S. N JACKSON,
Agent.

Clarence, March 24th, '87. 2m

Small Fruits.

WE can supply a quantity of first-class NURSERY GROWN STRAWBERRY PLANTS at prices as Low as the Lowest, quality, purity, etc., considered. Our varieties include the earliest and latest, and are such as dearly bought experience has proved to be the hardiest, most productive and most profitable. Write for particulars before buying elsewhere.

BERRY BASKETS,

of the celebrated "Disbrow," American patters for sale at a very low price.

G. C. MILLER,
Riverside Small Fruit Farm.

Middleton, March 30th, '87. 2m.

NOTICE

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Groves & Amberman, in Granville Ferry, in the County of Annapolis, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Samuel Groves retiring from said firm.

The business will hereafter be carried on at the old stand in the name of Albert E. Amberman, who will assume all liabilities and collect all