

ITALIANS FLOCK TO JOIN COLORS

Those Outside Compulsory Age Limits Volunteer to Fight Austria.

AUSTRIA CLAIMS DAMAGE

Says New Fighters Suffered Heavily Along the East Coast.

MILAN (via Paris), May 25.—3:05 p.m.—The Government yesterday opened an enrollment bureau for volunteers under the age of 20 and over 40. Men between these ages can be called to the colors, but younger or older they cannot. The idea was to give those who cannot be called an opportunity to go to the front.

In about 24 hours no fewer than 1,000 men had volunteered. Ninety-five per cent of them wanted to go to the front at once. In addition to these volunteers were composed of some members of the aristocracy and large numbers of the middle classes.

ROME, May 25.—All the men of the Medici family have volunteered to go to the front. Among them is Luigi Medici, a member of the Chamber of Deputies. One of the recent well-known members of this family was Gen. Giacomo Medici, who was regarded as one of the most brilliant leaders under Garibaldi. He was made a marquis by King Victor Emmanuel because of his splendid defence of Rome in 1848.

ITALIANS CAPTURE MANY PRISONERS.

LONDON, May 25.—3:10 a.m.—A Times dispatch from Rome says that in an action on Monday in Tonale Pass, twenty miles east of Tirano, the Italians repulsed the Austrians, who appear to have crossed in Italian territory. Several hundred Austrian Alpine troops were captured.

DAMAGE DONE, SAYS AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, via London, May 25.—7:30 p.m.—Supplementing the previous Austrian official statement relative to the fighting on Monday along the Italian

east coast, the Austrian war department today says: "The Austrian destroyer Scharfchutze penetrated the narrow canal at Porto Corsini till it ranged quite close to the fully defended Italian trenches.

"Hidden Italian batteries suddenly opened fire with twelve centimetre guns against the Austrian scoutship Novara and a torpedo boat lying before the canal entrance and killed many of their own troops who were taken by surprise.

"An Italian shell hit the officers' mess room of the torpedo boat, causing her to spring a leak. In order to help the destroyer and the torpedo boat out of their precarious position the Novara began a flanking fire against the trenches, demolishing the barracks, but itself being struck several times. A lieutenant and four men were killed and several men were wounded. The enemy's losses were perhaps twenty times heavier.

"The Scharfchutze escaped undamaged. The torpedo boat was assisted to Pola.

"At Rimini (about 90 miles south of Venice), the armored cruiser Sankt Georg bombarded the railway station and bridge. At Senigallia (about 25 miles northwest of Ancona) the battleship Zrinyi demolished the railway bridge and water tank, the harbor works, the station and a railway train.

"At Ancona the greater part of the fleet bombarded the old fortifications, the artillery and cavalry camps, the

again, cured absolutely. I have been thoroughly sound ever since, and have long been back at work."

PRONOUNCED INCURABLE. Little Girl's Remarkable Recovery.

Mrs. H. Cooper, of Penn Lanes, Penny Drayton, Nuneaton, England, says: "I shall never cease to praise Dr. Cassell's Tablets for the wonderful cure they have effected in my little girl Hilda. She was completely helpless for no less than three years, and now, after a

course of these Tablets, she can go about by herself. The cause of the trouble was her being knocked down by a bicycle when she was three years old. She was very much bruised, but seemed to get over it quite well. Some years later, however, she complained of pains all over her body, and was unable to use the power of her limbs, until soon she was quite helpless. We had the best advice, but the case was considered incurable.

"However, finding that everything we tried failed, I thought I would just try what Dr. Cassell's Tablets would do. The result amazed me. The first sign of benefit was that Hilda improved in general health. She began to eat better. Then slowly, but quite surely, power returned to her limbs, and she was able to get up for a little. It is only six months since I first got the Tablets, and now she is cured and is in the best of health."

Britain's Greatest Medicine Popularity Now World-Wide.

Ordinary medicines could never have brought about cures like these. Above all, there is an irresistible healing force latent in Dr. Cassell's Tablets which, acting on all the nerve centres and bodily functions, literally compels health and vitality for the whole system. Where Dr. Cassell's Tablets are persevered with benefit must result. Take them for Nervous Breakdown, Nerve Pain, Infantile Weakness, Neurasthenia, Sleeplessness, Anemia, Kidney Trouble, Dyspepsia, Stomach Disorder, Wasting, Palpitation, and they are specially valuable for nursing mothers and for approaching womanhood. All druggists and storekeepers throughout the Dominion sell Dr. Cassell's Tablets at 50 cents. People in outlying districts should keep Dr. Cassell's Tablets by them in case of emergency. A Free Sample will be sent on receipt of 5 cents, for mailing and packing, by the Sole Agents for Canada, H. F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10 McCaul street, Toronto, Ont.

Mr. Theo. Sedgmore.

I had to be carried on a stretcher. I had the power of a single muscle, was so utterly helpless that I had to be fed with a spoon just as I lay.

"I was told I could not possibly get better, but I kept on hoping all the same. I tried one thing and another, but disappointment followed disappointment; but in the end I got Dr. Cassell's Tablets, and to the amazement of everybody who knew me I recovered. Gradually power returned to my limbs, and I could be wheeled about in a bath chair. Soon I abandoned the chair for crutches. Then I dropped the crutches and used a stick. Finally I had no need even of a stick. I could go about, on good, sound limbs

Bringing Up Father



MR. JIGGS—HERE'S A PUPPY I PROMISED TO MRS. JIGGS!

SHE'S NOT HOME NOW—I'LL GIVE IT TO HER WHEN SHE COMES IN!

I'M SORRY—PUPPY—BUT I'M GONNA GIT RID OF YOU—I CAN'T STAND FER DOGS IN THE HOUSE!

SAY—FRIEND—I'LL GIVE YOU TEN DOLLARS IF YOU TAKE THIS DOG!

YOU'RE ON—BOSS!

I SUPPOSE THAT GUY WILL SELL IT TO SOME POOR BOOB!

LOOK AT THE DOG I BOUGHT FOR TWENTY DOLLARS—THE MAN WANTED TO GIT RID OF IT—I'VE GOT A DEAL!

OWK!!!

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ITALY PREVENTED ATTACKS ON SERBIA.

LONDON, May 25.—3:20 a.m.—The Times correspondent at Rome says that an important revelation in the Italian green book is the statement that the immunity from Austrian attack enjoyed by Serbia and Montenegro during the last three months was directly due to the action of Italy, who made the immunity of Serbia a condition for entering into negotiations with Austria. Baron Sonnino, the Italian Foreign Minister, having twice in February notified Austria that any military action on the part of Austria in the Balkans without a previous agreement with Italy would have the gravest consequences.

PARIS, May 25.—When French troops in the region of Ally, near the Meuse halted the Italian flags upon their trenches, says the Paris Times, German soldiers in the position opposite them called out: "So much the better. It will be over all the quicker."

PARIS, May 25.—4:20 p.m.—Today's session of the French Chamber of Deputies was devoted wholly to eulogies of Italy. All the members of the Viviani cabinet were present and the galleries were crowded with distinguished persons. Tomasso Tittoni, the Italian ambassador to France, was in the diplomatic box. Paul Deschanel, the president of the lower house, delivered an oration.

"It is now fifty-six years since Italy was with us," M. Deschanel began, alluding to the Italian war of unification, and all the deputies, as if by common impulse, arose, turned towards Signor Tittoni and cheered loudly and lengthily.

The demonstration was repeated at the conclusion of M. Deschanel's speech which the House unanimously voted should be posted on the official bulletin boards throughout France.

Circle of Iron and Fire. Premier Viviani mounted the speaker's platform saying he desired to salute the Italian nation, which, "in a burst of patriotic faith has joined the circle of iron and fire which is tightening around the modern barbarian. Victory is near."

All the deputies and the spectators cried "Viva l'Italie!" and adjourned, having been in session just ten minutes.

Numerous provincial cities today are celebrating the entrance of Italy into the war by processions with music, public addresses delivered by local celebrities, the decoration of public buildings, and popular demonstrations in front of Italian consulates where there are any.

WILL SHORTEN WAR. PETERHEAD, May 25.—A London telegram says that the war will be much shorter in duration; it will have an enormous influence on the attitude of neutral states and it will lead to the rapprochement of states whose interests seem at present to be opposed," said Sergius Sazonoff, the Russian Foreign Minister, on being interviewed today by the correspondent of Reuter's Telegram company.

"In any case," the Foreign Minister continued, "no hostile power can henceforth be reinforced at the expense of any neutral country whatever."

Concerning Bulgaria, M. Sazonoff said he did not believe that she would move against the 1st Balkan League.

He declared that the Italian-Serbian relations were perfectly amicable and that Russia's task with regard to Serbia would be fulfilled under the last mentioned is a South African veteran, and was wounded at Paardeburg.

Major R. B. Ross, transport officer of the 1st Battalion, is a brother of Lieut. Ross, while Major John M. Ross, of the Seaforth Highlanders detachment of the second contingent, is another brother. The last mentioned is a South African veteran, and was wounded at Paardeburg.

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HAD DYSPEPSIA So Bad Could Not Take a Drink of Water Without Suffering.

Dyspepsia is one of the most difficult diseases of the stomach there is to cure. You eat too much. Drink too much. Use too much tobacco. You make the stomach work over. You make it perform more than it should be called on to do. The natural result is that it is going to rebel against the amount of work put on it. It is only a matter of a short time before dyspepsia follows.

That old, 40-year-old remedy, Burdock Blood Bitters, will cure the dyspepsia and will cure it to stay cured as we can prove by the thousands of testimonials we have received from time to time.

Miss Sarah McRae, Newfield, Ont., writes: "I write to say that I have used your Burdock Blood Bitters, and have found it the best remedy I have ever used for dyspepsia. Two years ago I had stomach trouble so bad that I could not even take a drink of water without suffering. I took six bottles of B.B.B. and have been entirely cured, and can now eat anything without any bad after effects."

Burdock Blood Bitters is an old, well-tried remedy, but on account of the many substitutes we would ask you to make sure that our name appears on both the label and wrapper, as our preparation is manufactured only by the T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

VIVIANI SAYS THAT VICTORY IS NEAR

French Premier Points to Result of Italy's Help in War.

RUSSIA SEES ADVANTAGE

Will Make the War Much Shorter in Duration, Says Foreign Minister.

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ST. THOMAS VICTIM OF LUSITANIA HAD CHANCE FOR LIFE

Miss Smith Refused Offer of Lifeline—Said "Save Yourself."

[Special to The Advertiser.] ST. THOMAS, May 25.—Mrs. A. Dolph, William street, this city, is in receipt of a letter from her 12-year-old daughter, Miss Avis, who was rescued from the Lusitania after it had been torpedoed, telling of her own escape and the loss of her two girl companions.

In part the letter reads: "We were sitting at luncheon. We felt the boat take a sudden turn. It seemed as though we were going zigzag, dodging here and there. Then two torpedoes struck the ship on the opposite side to where we were sitting. Mr. Holborne, a prominent English lecturer, we had met on board, told us to wait until the rush ceased, and then we had to go up one flight of stairs. Mr. Holborne's cabin was on that floor. He went to it and returned with the lifebelts. He put one on Miss Ellis and me, and tried hard to persuade Miss Smith to have one on, but she said, 'No, you have a wife and three children; save yourself.'"

Men Cause Disaster. "Then he put us all three in a lifeboat, and just as we were being lowered some men jumped in on top of us. This broke one of the ropes and we were all turned out into the water. It was then I lost sight of Miss Ellis and Miss Smith. I saw nothing of them after that. I was under the water for a little while—it seems like a minute—then I floated about for a while, when I noticed a string and grabbed hold. To my delight it was a raft. A gentleman saw me and helped me up. He was a survivor. I was taken into the boat, where I stood up to exercise to get warm. We rowed away and got other ladies in."

Picked Up by Steamer. "Then we were picked up by a small steamer, in which we found a lovely crew. Hot brandy and milk were served. Shortly afterwards we reached Queenstown. We were taken to the Queen's Hotel, where the first thing I did was to cable my mother and Mr. Holborne, who I was saved and all right."

"At the table I found Mr. Holborne, who had put us in the lifeboat. There was a gentleman among the survivors who asked Mr. Holborne if he had lost his money or knew anyone else who had lost theirs. So I told him I had lost all I had with me. He gave me what I had lost, and took me up town to get fitted up, as I had lost everything except just what I had on at luncheon."

Canada's Affairs WOULD BE BETTER UNDER SIR WILFRID

North Huron Liberals See Faulty Administration/Statesman Is Needed.

[Special to The Advertiser.] WINGHAM, May 25.—The first annual meeting of the North Huron Liberal Association, organized in December last, following the rearrangement of the federal constituency, was held this afternoon. Delegates were present from Goderich, Blyth, Brussels and other parts of the riding.

The following officers were re-elected President, W. H. Robertson, Goderich; vice-presidents, John Gillespie, Whitechurch; John Kennebec, Gorrie; Joseph Dalton, Kingsbridge; secretary, James MacMurchie, Blyth; treasurer, A. B. Carr, Blyth; auditor, Captain Sloan, of the 23rd Battalion, at London.

Don't Want Election, But—The following resolutions were presented and adopted: Moved by Mr. A. Anderson, seconded by Mr. R. B. McGowan.

That this annual meeting of North Huron Liberals place on record its unqualified indorsement of the statesman-like policy and patriotic course of our leader, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and that we fully indorse his attitude in refraining from active political efforts during the present war conditions, we take this opportunity of again stating our belief that a change of administration which would place Sir Wilfrid Laurier again at the head of Canada's affairs would be in the best interests of our country.

Admiration for Mr. Rowell. Moved by Mr. H. J. Morris, seconded by Mr. J. Henneberg.

That this annual meeting of North Huron Liberals express its confidence in the leadership of Mr. N. W. Rowell in provincial affairs, and its admiration for the courage and determination of the fight for better Government made by the small band of Liberal members in the Provincial House."

Arch. Hixon, who is the candidate of the North Huron Liberals for the House of Commons, addressed the meeting, and others present also spoke briefly, expressing confidence in the outcome of the appeal to the people, whenever it should come.

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KINCARDINE LOSES "MOST HATED AND MOST LOVED MAN"

Squire Barker Dies in Harness, Aged 91—Nearly Assassinated.

[Special to The Advertiser.] KINCARDINE, May 25.—Kincardine's "most-hated and most-admired citizen" died today in the person of Joseph Barker.

Besides having attained to the distinction of living an active life until the end came, at the rare age of 91 years, he was a most remarkable man of rare distinction. He held office as division court clerk for a longer period than any other man in this section of the province and was in this office until he died. He was an ex-magistrate, and as such brought upon himself the title, quoted above. A strong temperance man himself, he was rigid in the enforcement of temperance laws, and was noted in this regard for forty years.

During the Scott Act period his house was saturated with coal oil and set on fire. The house was saved from destruction, but his barn was burned.

At another time he was shot at on his own premises, and as such narrowly missed him, almost struck one of his daughters in the head. It grazed the girl's hair.

He had held every municipal office in Kincardine, from school trustee to mayor.

Squire Barker was born in Spalding, Lincolnshire, England, the youngest of a family of fourteen children.

He came to the township of Huron in 1848 and was the first clerk of division court No. 3. In 1857 he came to Kincardine and shortly afterwards was made magistrate.

He is survived by three daughters and one son.

ITALY EXPLAINS REASON FOR ENTERING THE WAR

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Italy has addressed to the neutral Governments of the world a lengthy communication explaining her reasons for declaring war on Austria. Count Di Cellerio, the Italian ambassador, presented the document to Secretary Bryan today in the form of a note to the United States Government.

It reviews negotiations between Italy and Austria revealing that they began immediately upon the dispatch of Austria's ultimatum to Serbia. Italy

claimed then that the action of Austria disturbed the equilibrium of the Balkans and the peace of Europe in a way that vitally affected Italian interests. As an ally of Austria, Italy asserts the right to have been consulted before the sending of the ultimatum, the first news of which was received through the newspapers.

Failing to obtain through diplomatic channels the satisfaction of her territorial and national aspirations, Italy announces in the note that a declaration of war was the only means of safeguarding her position in Europe.

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