TENANT FOR 600 YEARS.

Marvellous Instances of Long Con-

tinued Residence. At the last Revision Court in North tage fifteen milcs from Gilsland had been in the continuous occupation of one family generation after generation, for over 600 years! It was further elicited during the evidence that the kitchen fire of this cottage had never immediate appeal to his audience. The

changing life and environment.

Sir Laurence Gomme, of the London County Council, mentioned at a meetbelieved that, in reality, this custom cent of salary.
was but a relic of the fire-worshipping "We tried to run a stock season at

at Winchester about 1620, and there was one at least a year or two back! It is on record how, when Crom-

damage there, afterwards making their to telegraph home. By return came way to the College with intent to do \$25. When I went home my father likewise, a Colonel Fiennes, who was met me. He uttered no reproaches, and defied any soldier to attempt to desecrate the old school whilst he stood there alive to defend it!

The celebrated Chequers Inn, Slapestones, in Yorkshire, boasts that its fire has never been lacking to warm traveller for over 130 years, neither day nor night, and that it has been ever ready to receive the coming guest during that time.

Churchyard family, at Stoke Gabriel, Devonshire, can boast a won-derful tenancy, which must come almost next to that of the Cumberland or of the sacrilege appears to be none already mentioned. The Church-other than Mr. Lloyd-George himself, one already mentioned. The Churchyards entered upon possession of their house at Stoke Gabriel in the fifteenth century, and have never left it since! Generation after generation of them has succeeded to the house for more than 400 years; and Mr. Frederick Churchyard, the present honored tenant, erected a stained-glass window in to describe the discarded emblem as the church not long ago as a thank-

the family's tenancy there. Whilst speaking of these splendid Whilst speaking of these splendid appears to have caused it to be used tenancies, it may be worth mention at the investiture of the Prince of ing that Florian's, the celebrated howhilst the Haison Doree, in Paris, known to be a favorite house to call in the Empire period, can proudly claim that its doors have never been shut since they were first opened, during those great days when the glorious court of Louis XIV. made France the wonder of the civilized world.

London traffic is now in the grip several motor-bus' companies, nothing short of a royal commission. six railway companies, and two tram-

This financial genius is a Frankfort Jew, who went to London at the age of twenty-five to take charge of the a sun dial set up in 771 B.C. by Ahaz business of Speyer Bros., and he has to commemorate the miraculous healgreatly prospered and made his home ing of his son Hezekiah. A very anin the metropolis. The trust which he cient one was recently discovered lycontrols has a capital of something ing in the grounds of the ruined castle like twenty-seven millions, figures Finlarig, Killin, Perthshire, Scotland, like twenty-seven millions, figures Finlarig, Killin, Perthshire, Scotland, which bear ample testimony to the the ancient seat of the Breadalbanes. scope of his financial operations. In the business world Sir Edgar is one panes for recording the hours and of the big men who quietly pull the two circular planes for use in sumwires behind the scenes, and he is mer and winter, respectively. For know to the general public for his many centuries the occupants of the large sums to the King Edward VII. it stood reared on a tall pedestal, Hospital Fund, and the founding of reflected in the waters of a fountain an Art Gallery in Whitechapel was largely due to his efforts. He is years between this dial and that set chairman of the Queen's Hall Orchestra, and has done much to popularize dial held its own as an object of orchestral music.

Sir Edgar Speyer possesses a handsome town house in Grosvenor street, he has filled with precious works of art, and he also maintains a pleasant retreat on the Norfolk

Tripe, says a London paper, is a Tripe, says a London paper, is a William Coke. "Billy Coke" wanted dish for the gourmet, cooked in a a hat that would keep on in the wind pipkin, as they do it in France, with a delectable brown sauce. And yet this excellent and delicate food has fallen into disrepute with us. Where now are those "tripe and trotter" shops that used to be quite common in London twenty years ago? And we have turned the word to the purpose He silly book is "tripe" or that a man talks "tripe." It is a deadly condemnation. As to cheese and onions, one thinks of Shakespeare's "cheese and But add tripe to the cheese and onions and you have a really worthy dish.

It all depends on the cook.

The Scot, He Gloated. An Englishman who had been holidaying in the far north paid a visit to daying in the far north paid a visit to exceptions cannibals. Living in huts the battlefield of Culloden. His driv-made of the boughs of trees, they have er, a fine old Highlander, acting as guide, pointed out to him everything interest which tradition or cal fact associated with the fight. 'And there," said the guide, pointing with his whip to a field not far off, shields. Their art is determined and distinct, but inferior to that of the replied the Englishman. retorted the Highlander, with deer. Their most singular charactersomething like passion in his voice, istic is their social conventionality; "and you will noatice that it iss they have fixed prejudices concerning Scotch oats that iss growing there." marriage

Dr. de Van's Female Pills

SEVERE APPRENTICESHIP.

Scottish Entertainer Had a Hard Time Getting To The Top.

Mr. Neil Kenyon, the comedian, is Cumberland it was proved that a cot-tage fifteen miles from Gilsland had ports of Scotland. As an exponent of Scotch humor he stands next to Mr. Lauder in popular favor, and whether kitchen fire of this cottage had never been allowed to go out for well over 200 years.

Surely both these things must constitute an actual record of their kind in England! Yet there are other similar long tenancies and continuations of verious things amongst us which of various things amongst us which would get no assistance from home, may well make the world stere at a But Mr. Kenyon showed an equally time that is so prone to new and stubborn disposition, and at length became an actor with somewhat disastrous results.
"I managed all right, however, for

ing of the Folklore Society, that he two years and a half, when I got into knew a case where the kitchen fire a very bogus engagement on a tour was not only a perpetual one, in so with a piece called 'Satan's Slave.' far as it had been kept alight for hundreds of years, but that whenever food was cooked at it, a small part of the food was thrown back into the fire the food was thrown back into the fire whole of the run, which lasted for for luck," the family said. But he eight or nine weeks, I never got a

sities of the older generations the Butter Market in Galway, but it was a terrible failure, and the townsshall we say about a noted people at last took pity on us and English family whose boys have at got up a benefit to enable us to get tended the same school for nearly 300 away. Another fellow and I traveled to Dublin. He wanted to get to Holy-record one in England for this splen-lead and I to Greenock. We had only did fidelity to the old school?

The Fiennes family, whose head is
Lord Saye and Sele, have certainly

The Fiennes family, whose head is the control of the lot—he won. I stood on the wharf with a bursting heart attended Winchester school since the early part of 1600. There was a Finnes me, and watched his vessel sail down Then I went into the town.

the Lilley. Then I went into the town.
"After the heart-breaking experience of want, exposure and starvation, well's savage troopers pillaged Win-chester Cathedral, and did untold is. 6d., and mustered up my pride Cromwell's friend and officer, stood and the only reference which he made with drawn sword at the College gates, to the matter was to say:
and defied any soldier to attempt to
"Neil, ye'll no go back to the

stage?'
"I said 'No,' and meant it. I was away exactly four months."

The home rule question pales its ineffectual fires in presence of the soul-stirring controversy which has arisen over the abandonment of the Leek as the national emblem of Wales. By the irony of fate the authand it has actually been left to a Scotchman—the Marquis of Tuillibar-dine—to avenge the insult and vindicate the honor of the principality. One of the Chancellor's Parliamentary henchmen, in his eagerness to support his chief, has even had the audacity "a stinking vegetable." The flower lering on the 420th anniversary of which has superseded the vegetable is the daffodil; and the Welsh Dictator Wales, and to be introduced in the tel at Venice, has long boasted that design for the Insurance Act stamps its doors have never been closed at without the sanction either of history all, night or day, for three centuries; or of tradition, and without the authority even of the crown. The topsyturvyness does not, however, stop at a Scotch peer acting as champion of Taffy's ancient emblem, for an English member of Irish extraction, Maj. Archer-Shee, is now making our brains reel with the proposal that on the Insurance Stamps the bluebell should be substituted for the thistle as the national emblem of Scotland. This heraldic, gastronomic, and botanie of Sir Edgar Speyer, who is the head controversy is assuming such dimensions, that it can be determined by

Marks Reign of Sun Dial. Record is contained in the Bible of He has given castle deciphered its many angles as utility.

The "Billycock" Hat. In "Coke of Norfolk and His Friends" A. M. W. Stirling points out that the billycock hat, as the low land, owes its name not to Coke of Norfolk, but to his eccentric nephew and not be damaged by rain, "and, being indifferent as to whether his appearance was unlike that of other people, he decided that a hat said to have been originally designed by ough, would answer his requirements. therefore ordered Lock in St. James' street to make him one after his pattern, and the fashion thus started was afterward universally adopted."

The Australian Aborigines.

The tribe of Central Australia are among the last of the primitive races. They are nomads who stray through the huge and deserted tracts of this great continent, hunting with spears and boomerangs. They are with few no household utensils. They count on their fingers only, and only to the number ten; but they decorate the rocks with rude attempts at drawing and make efforts to ornament their shields. Their art is determined and Western European epoch of the rein-

Children Ory FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

NEED SKILLED MECHANICS.

England Badly Handicapped By Scarcity of Men.

The world is at present enjoying an interchange of over-sea commodities that is unparalleled in history. The shipyards throughout the whole are busy building vessels on foreign account, as well as being extremely active on their own account for coastwise service. However, it is in Great Britain where the most wonderful activity exists in raw ship construction and one which presents many compli cated problems. The shipyards of this country have on the stocks or under order 505 merchant vessels of 1,846,-830 tons gross, not to mention 82 warships aggregating 494,540 tons, of which only 122,240 tons are to be constructed in the royal dockyard. Many shipyards have had to refuse orders account of inability to make early delivery, while shipowners generally complain that new tonnage is not put into the water with sufficient rapid-They are obviously anxious to freight rate now prevailing. In fact, the United Fruit Company, which is building six vessels at Belfast, has just purchased four vessels from the Royal Dutch Company, because it can-not get delivery from the shipyard.

This enormous program is being carried out under serious handicap. coal strike seriously interfered win the operation of the steel mills for many weeks, throwing them behind on promised deliveries. In addition there is a drastic shortage of skilled labor, a deficiency which cannot be as easily remedied as a shortage of material. The present situation has made it quite clear that the productive capacity of British shipyards is not sufficiently elastic to respond adequately to sudden increases in deadequately to sudden increases in de-mand, owing to the supply of skilled workmen running short. Great Brit-ain has to thank the restrictive policy of the trade unions with regard to the dmission of apprentices for this state of things. It is not only important from the commercial point of view but also from the point of national defence. The trade unions have seriously crippled Great Britain and will cripple her more if the Government does not adopt very firm measures to abolish the monopoly in trained work-men which the unions are endeavoring to maintain by limiting the sup-

Of course, it is not likely that the present pressure of cargo capacity will continue for any great length of time but it must be admitted that there is no present evidence of its coming to any early close. On the contrary, it ems probable that there will be an bnormal demand for ocean transport facilities for some time to come. Not all the vessels building are available r the carriage of ordinary commerce.
considerable portion of present new tonnage is composed of oil steamers and other vessels of special construction which are of no use for general cargo purposes. It seems unlikely, therefore, that there will be any material drop in freight rates in the near future, and as long as ship owners can see a profit in ship-owning, even at the present increased capital cost, they will continue to place new orders with the builders.—Daily Iron Trade.

Earns Living Sleeping. To sleep for one's living may appeal

to some as a more attractive alternative than to work for one's living. But the feat has been achieved. the Daily Courant of Aug. 9, 1711, the following advertisement appears: "Nicholas Hart, who slept last year in St. Bartholomew's Hospital, intends to sleep this year at the Cock and Bottle in Little Britain.' Some further particulars of this professional somnolist are to be found The Spectator for

It appears that Hart was every year seized with a periodical fit of sleeping, which began on Aug. 5 and ended on the 11th, its various stages are thus described: "On the 1st of that month he grew dull; on the 2nd, appeared drowsy; on the 3rd, fell a-yawning; on the 4th began to nod; the 5th, dropped asleep; on the 6th, was heard to snore; on the 7th, turned himself in his bed; on the 8th, recovered his former posture; on the 9th, fell a-stretching; on the 10th, about midnight awakened; on the 11th, in the morning, called for a small beer." This performance, it is asserted, gained for Hart "enough to support himself for a twelvemonth."

A Man of Many Titles. The Duke of Atholl is about the most titled nobleman in the United Kingdom. He possesses no less than nineteen, and in addition is co-heir

to five other baronies. The Atholl gathering which was recently held in beautiful surroundings near the old castle of Blair is an annual event which creates great interest in Scotland. The program contains all manner of athletic events, and is conducted in a "Highland" spirit and atmosphere. The duke's principal seat is Blair Atholl. In Gaelic the word Atholl means "plain of the pleasant land," and the word well describes the surrounding coun-The family is an anciand cherishes many old customs, chief of which is that whenever the sovereign visits Blair Athol, the Duke of Athol must present to him on bended knee a white rose.

The duke is head of a corps termed the Atholl Highlanders, which consists of 200 clangroup. It is a relie of

sists of 230 clansmen. It is a relic of feudal times, when bodyguards were common and the Dukes of Atholl are privileged to maintain this corps at

The "Rote of the Waves." It is a favorite theory with the fishing and seafaring people on the north-east of Scotland that in a storm three waves are strong and violent, while the fourth is comparatively weak and less dangerous. This succession they call a "rote of waves." Fishermen returning from their fishing grou often prove by experience the truth of their theory and hang back as they come near the shore to take advantage of the luli that follows, say, pretty regularly after three big breakers.

HOW FORGERS WORK.

London Banker Describes the Methods Used By Clever Rogues.

Although an elaborate system of checking and counter-checking and the alertness of the modern cashier make cheque-forging more difficult and less profitable every day, there are still some ingenious rogues about capable of circumventing all safe-guards. says a London bank cashier in Tit-Bits. Indeed, the latest method of the expert forger reveals a remarkable degree of skill and cleverness.

The most common form of fraud is for a stranger to get hold of a cheque.

forge the customer's signature and present the cheque at the counter for payment in cash. There are obvious risks and uncertainties in this method.

A cheque, for instance, might be drawn for more than a customer's balance, and suspicions would thus be aroused; or a cashier might detect the forgery. If neither event occurs, of course the cheque is paid, the forger pockets the money, and retires quickly from the scene of his exploit. Against such forgry there is practically no safeguard but the alertness of the Forgers, however, find considerable

difficulty newadays in obtaining pos-session in blank cheques or chequeations. They have, therefore, hit upon another plan, which in the case of one gang has already proved exceedingly successful. The method, as revealed in a recent criminal court case, consisted of wholesale thieving of cheques. The offices of a firm were watched, and just before the last delivery, when the offices were closed and the letters dropped into the box by the postman, one of the operators "doctored" the letter-box by placing something in it to prevent the letters falling to the bottom. Then, when the last delivery was completed, he merely went round, abstracted the letters with some instrument, and early next morning, before the theft of the cheque could be discovered, presented it at the bank, the money being paid over without demur on the part of the cashier. The difficulty of the crossing of the cheque was got over by an expert forger, who made it an

Another neat dodge was that of a couple of swindlers who some time ago ascertained that a gentleman was the habit of sending two cheques substantial amounts periodically by post to a bank. Opening a small account at same branch, about time their victim sent his cheques there, the thieves contrived to obtain possession of the cheques from the pillarbox, where it was the gentleman's custom to post his letters.

custom to post his letters.

Receipts were sent bearing imitations of the previously-obtained signatures of the payees, and the crossed drafts, bearing forged endorsements, were paid through the post into the forger's own account. The cheques could thus be drawn upon almost imparticular and at the agricult possible. mediately, and at the earliest possible moment the swindler's withdrew and cleared with the cash. The bank re-pudiated the customer's claim, but, after an action, was ordered to make good his loss.

A Gordon Relic.

One of the most interesting relics of "Chinese" Gordon, the hero of Khartoum, in the shape of his "pray-er mat," which he used while gover-nor of the Soudan from 18.75 to 1879, has just been recovered and taken has just been recovered and taken back to Khartoum. It was given to Bishop Gwynne by one of Gen. Chas.

J. Gordon's family and has now been placed in the Gordon Memorial Chapel in the cathedral there as a "kneel-

er" in the sanctuary.
It is a piece of woollen needlework, about a yard long and 18 inches wide and is exactly similar to the prayer mats carried by devout Moslems. Gordon adopted the idea while on his expeditions in the Soudan, where the floors of the houses are almost without exception formed of baked mud

r rough stone. Bishop Gwynne considered it highly appropriate to place Gen. Gordon's prayer mat in the Gordon Chapel in time for the anniversary of his death, which occurred during the massacre of the inhabitants of Khartoum by

Communication between ship and shore at Madras is carried on in quite a novel way. Owing to the heavy surf, rdinary boats are unsafe, but the difficulty is got over by natives using catamarans. These are rude craft somewhat like rafts, many of them consisting only of three planks lashed together, the middle piece being the longest and forming a keel. The catanarans ply backwards and forwards between the ships and the shore, often being propelled by crooked poles made from limbs of trees. In some cases the men squat and paddle through the surf, and they are wonderfully expert at their dangerous work. To the uninitiated the occupation bears a strong resemblance to sport, but it is one of those things which are not so easy as they look, says The Wide World Magazine.

Law and Logic. Frank Lockwood, an English counsel of whose wit many stories are told, sometimes got hit himself. He was defending a man at York who was accused of stealing cattle—"beasts," they call them there. "Now, my man," said Lockwood, "you say that you saw thus and so; how far can you see a beast to know it?"
"Just as far off as I am from you." promptly returned the witness.

In another case a thief showed both

wit and some logic.

He had been convicted of stealing a horse. "Yours is a very serious of-fence," said Lockwood sternly; "fifty years ago it was a hanging matter."
"Well," replied the prisoner, "and fifty years hence it mayn't be a crime

Poles Abolished. Telegraph poles have been dispensed with entirely in one Welsh town, in which the residents have permitted the wires to be strung from house to

"Learn to let yesterday alone and you will have a happier life."

STORE NEWS J. M. YOUNG & COMPANY STORE NEWS

Friday--Bargain Day at Young's

1.50 Silks 1.15

300 yards Shot Pailette, 36 in. wide, extra heavy weight, regular 1 50. Sile price

85c Serge Suiting 59c

500 yards All-over Serge Suiting, in

> 50c and 75c Duchess Cloth 39c

1000 yards Allywool Duchess Cloth, in

Remnants of Dress Goods

1000 Ends Black and Colored Dress Goods, 11/2 to 4 yard lengths, all to clear at reduced prices.

Remnants of Cottons, Linens, Sheeting, Towelling, Etc.

Sale of Dresses for 5.00

15 only Dresses, in black and navy, serges and panama, nicely trimmed with buttons and silk, worth 8.50 up to 12.00. On sale Friday 5.00

Dressing Sacques 49c

3 dozen Dressing Sacques, in all sizes, in dark and light colors. On sale 49c

25 to 50 % off Furs | Cloth Coats 1.98 Fur Muffs, Fur Ruffs, Coats, in plain cloths Fur Neckpieces and and tweeds, all sizes Fur Coats.

Sale price1.98

Cashmere Hose 25c 25 dozen Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, full tashion, all sizes. Sale 25c

60c Ribbed Hose 39c

5 dozen All-wool Ribbed Cashmere Hose, double knees, regular 6oc. Sale price 39c

Millinery

All Trimmed Millinery to clear at Half Price.

1 Table of Untrimmed Hats to clear at 25c each.

Remnants of Carpets, Linoleums, Curtain Nets. Madras Muslin, &c., all at Special Prices.

Staple Specials 100 yards Extra Heavy

White Flannelette, 36 in wide, twilled or plain, worth 28cyard. Sale price, per yard 10 pieces of Kimo Cloth, in all colors, worth 22c. Sale price ... 16c

1000 yards of Mill Ends of Prints, Sheeting, Flanuelette, White Cottons, Vestings, etc. All to go at 25 per cent. off regular price.

Specials From Whitewear

Girls' Dresses in Serge, Panama, Cashmere and Delaine, all colors, sizes 7 to 14 years, regular 5.00 to 6.00. Friday.. 3.95 White Bear Cloth Coats, also a few colors, regular 3.50 and 4.50. 2.95 3.50 and 4.50.

I Lot Children's Dresses, in dark colors, to 98c clear at

J. M. YOUNG & COMPANY

hundredweight yesterday at the

um beasts brought about 25c less:

The brisk inquiry that has character-

zied the markets of the past two-

do good bulls 4.50 to 5.25

6s..... 4.50 to

Stockers, 800 to 900

Agents for New Idea Patterns

Use Either Phone 351

LOTS OF BEAUTIFUL, GLOSSY HAIR NO DANDRUFF-25 CENT "DANDERINE"

Hair coming out? — If dry, brittle, thin or your Scalp itches and is full of dandruff - Use "Danderine."

Within ten minutes after an appli- strand at a time. The effect is amaz-Danderine and carefully draw it have beautiful hair and lots of it if through your hair, taking one small you will just try a little Danderine.

cation of Danderine you cannot find a ing-your hair will be light, fluffy and single trace of Dandruff or a loose or wavy, and have an appearance of alling hair and your scalp will not abundance; an incomparable lustre, minutes—that's what happens when tch, but what will please you most softness and luxuriance, the beauty you use "Catarrhozone." You inhale will be after a few weeks' use, when and shimmer of true hair health. you will actually see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really Danderine from any drug store, or ache is cured— symptoms of grippe new hair—growing all over the scalp. toilet counter, and prove to yourself disappear at once. It's the healing A little Dandcrine will immediately to-night-now-that your hair is as double the beauty of your hair. No pretty and soft as any— that it has tics in Catarrhozone that enable it difference how dull, faded, brittle and been neglected or injured by careless to act so quickly. In disease of the scraggy, just moisten a cloth with treatment—that's all—you surely can nose, for irritable throat, bronchitis-

FARMERS' MARKET

TORONTO, Jan. 23.-The followng are the quotations of the market: Grain and Hay-Fall wheat, bush.... \$ 95 to Oats, new.. 40 to Goose wheat 92 to Barley... 68 to Peas.. 1.25 to

Produce-Butter and Eggs-Eggs (new laid, doz) 35 to Butter, choice, dairy.. 30 to Poultry-Chickens, lb Fowl 18 to Geese Miscellaneous-Potatoes, bag 1.00 to Apples, barrel r2.00 to Dressed hogs 11.00 to 12.00 Beef, hindquarters .. 9.00 to 0.00 0.00 do common 2.50 to 0.00 Butcher bulls choice 5.00 to do forequarters. .. 7.00 to LIVE STOCK

Bargains in Pictures

TORONTO, Jan. 23.-Prices of

good cattle receded roc to 15c per

During our January Picture Sale you can pick up some good bargains in Pictures. Our January sale is always a popular event. Come in and look round and you will see why.

"The early bird catches the worm. Pickels' Book Store

do com. to med.. 35.00 to 50.00 Springers 50.00 to 80.00 Calves 3.75 to Lambs 8.00 Light ewes 4.75 to 5.50 do heavy 4.00 to 4.50 do bucks and culls 3.50 to 4.00 watered 7.90 to 0.00 do f.o.b. ... 8.25 to 0.00

Wilkers choice each 50.00 to 80.00

A WONDERFUL CURE.

Just think of it, a cold cured in ten its soothing balsams and out goes pine essences and powerful antisepcoughs and catarrh it's a marvel. Safe even for children. 25c. and \$1.00 sizes at all dealers.

Union Stock Yards, and fair to medi- WINTER IN ALGONQUIN PARK

With Switzerland as the Winter weeks was lacking yesterday. The playground of Europe, Ontario is on run was liberal, running over 3000 taking its rightful place as the Win-00 beasts, and buyers realizing that ter playground of America, and one 74 there would be more than was need- of the most popular districts where Rye. 75 to oo ed, were unwilling to pay the prices opportunity is found for healthful 1.35 of a week ago. This made the open-sport and where an invigorating at Hay, timothy, new. 16.00 to 17.00 ing of the market a little draggy, re-mosphere may be enjoyed, is Cloer mixed hay... 13.00 to 14.00 sulted in lower figures being paid, and Algonquin National Park of Ontario, Straw, bundled.... 14.30 to 16.00 left a large proportion over till the 200 miles north of the City of Toron-Rye straw 16.00 to 17.00 afternoon. Milkers were in better de- to, and 175 miles west of the City mand than last week, as much as \$80 Ottawa. The "Highland Inn," with being paid for beasts. Stockers and accommodation for about 100 guest feeders were quieter, a few being is being operated as a winter hote 33 picked up by farmers at steady rates. and its popularity has been demot Export cattle, choice 6.75 to 7.00 strated by the fact that they have do medium.... 6,25 to 6.75 been running to capacity up to the do bulls 5.75 to 6.25 present time. The rates at the hotel 20 Butcher cattle, choice 6.25 to 6.75 are \$14 to \$16 per week. A handsome do good cows 6.00 to 6.50 booklet telling you all about it, will do medium 5.25 to 5.75 be sent on application to the man do common 400 to 4.75 ager, Highland Inn, Algonquin Park I.10 Butcher cows, good. 5.00 to 5.25 Station, Ontario.

do good cows . . . 4.00 to 5.00 The sports indulged in are tobogdo medium . . 3.50 to 4.00 ganing, skating, show shoeing do common 2.50 to 3.50 fishing through the ice, etc. The park 5.75 is 2000 feet above the sea level.

do rough bulls ... 3.00 to 3.50 Catarrh is an excessive secretion. Feeders, 950 lbs. ... 4.75 to 5.50 accompanied with chronic inflamma-Feeding bulls. ... 3.50 to 4.50 tion from the mucous membrane Hood's Sarsaparilla acts on the mu cous membrane through the blood reduces inflammation, establishes do inedium 4.00 to 4.50 reduces inflammated light 3.25 to 4.00 healthy action, and cutters 3.00 to 3.75 all cases of catarrh. 400 healthy action, and radically cures

THIS WEEK'S ADVICE

is to order soon. These chilly days are finding work for us. Before long somebody will have to do some waitearnest. So those who have promised heinselves an overcoat will be ahead by ordering ahead here. Skilful tail-oring for careful dressers, Harwood,

Hendrie are giving a fancy ball in the new academy in Hamilton, on the 31st. inst. Mr. Scott, manager of the Goold, Shapley and Muir Company, left for Winnipeg to-day. Mr. Eberheart leaves to-day for Allentown, Pennsylvania. This will be the last announcement of dressmaking classes which are be-

ing held in the drawing room at th Kerby House. Applications will b received anytime on Thursday, Jan. 23rd, from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 23-Mrs. R Borden has been re-elected presi-

SECOND SECTION

Of Interest to Won

(All communications intended for th

(Should there be any errors in

Afternoon Bridge- Misses Sca

Evening Bridge - Miss Mar

Organ Recital-Grace Church,

Luncheon-Mrs. Livingston, for

Mrs. Mansell.

Mrs. Robert Ashton.

Miss Bell and Miss Smythe.

Mrs. Clifford Batty.

Mrs. H. R. Frank.

Mrs. E. E. Keliner

Mrs. John Leitch.

Mrs. Wm. Lahey.

Mrs. A. McFarland.

The Misses Minchin.

Mrs. D. T. McIntosh

Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Muir are

issuing invitations for a military

dance, to be held as the formal

opening of their pretty new home

Gaywood' on Monday evening Feb-

Mr. E. W. Nesbitt, M. P., and

Miss Nesbitt of Woodstock, have

taken up their residence in Ottawa

The Ottawa Daughters of the Em-

pire are giving a "Bridge" and Tea

at the Chateau Frontenac on Thurs-

Colonel the Hon. J. S. and Mrs.

day, January the thirtieth.

Mrs. H. Miller.

ruary the 3rd.

for a few months.

tions will be gratefully received b

-- Social and P

("Society Editor,

To-days So

dent; Mrs. J. F. Kidd, vice-president and Miss Mary Scott, captain of the lady associate members of the Royal Ottawa Golf Club. A jolly little masquerade dance was given at the Masonic Temple last evening, claiming Mr. W. R Byers as host, the "Empire Orches tra" supplying the music. Amongs those attending were: Miss K O'Grady, Summer Girl; Schuler, Yamma Yamma Girl: Miss

G. Garvin, Jester; Miss Brown (Preston), Dutch Girl; Miss E. Dalton, Cadet; Miss McLeod, Western Girl; Miss P. Simons, Princess; Miss Uptgrove, Gipsy; Miss L. Corey, Italian Girl; Miss M. Beattie, Gipsy; Miss E. Schuler, Red Ridinghood Miss E. Bier, Sailor Lassie; Miss Steele. Sun Bonnet Sal: Miss M onboy, Topsy; Miss G. Conboy Milkmaid; Miss Alice Blowham, owboy Girl Miss P. Morris, Little Girl Blue; Miss Reid, Italian Girl; Miss Clark, German Girl; Miss Greiner, Indian Girl, Miss A. Paterson, Washington costume.

LAUGHTER LINES.

A Vain Chase

It was a very hot day and the fat drummer who wanted the 12.20 train got through the gate at 12.21. The ensuing handicap was watched with bsorbing interest both from the train and from the station platform. At its conclusion the breathless and perpiring knight of the road wearily ook the back trail and a vacant faced "red cap" came out to relieve him of his grip.
'Mister," he enquired, "was you

rying to catch that Pennsylvania 'No, my son," replied the patient

"No; I was merely chasing it out of the yard.

PERSONA

SOCIETY EDITOR, COURIER :

Kindly publish above and obilige