

rent from official data, with the average yield per acre and the production in bushels each year, as per authorities upon these matters:

Season.	Acres.	Yield.	Production
1884-85.....	2,519,192	29	73,926,568
1883-84.....	2,745,367	30	82,361,010
1882-83.....	2,707,902	26	70,405,452
1881-82.....	3,156,784	37	85,283,168
1880-81.....	2,969,603	23½	69,785,670
1879-80.....	3,065,895	19½	60,551,426
1878-79.....	3,056,428	17½	53,487,490
1877-78.....	3,381,701	27	91,305,927
1876-77.....	3,321,065	22	73,061,430
1875-76.....	3,124,342	27	84,357,234

The average annual production for the ten years is 74,447,737 bushels. The estimate for the season just ended is 521,169 bushels below the average for the ten year period. Other estimates are considerably higher—that of the London Times reaching 78,660,000 bushels for Great Britain.

LIVE STOCK.

The special despatches contain more satisfactory news of the British cattle trade, which for the last three weeks has been completely demoralized. The improvement is due to smaller receipts from Canada and the United States and a better inquiry, while supplies from other sources have fallen off somewhat. At Liverpool to-day the market was visibly better. There was a steady demand, and a fair volume of business was done at higher prices, the advance being equal to half a cent per pound. A better clearance was effected than for some time. Prime Canadian steers advanced to 12½c. Fair to choice grades were at 12c., poor to medium at 11c., and inferior and bulls at 7½c. @ 9c. The sheep trade has shown no change. Best sheep at Liverpool to-day were at 13c., secondary qualities at 11c. @ 12c., Merinos at 10½c. @ 11½c., and inferior and rams at 8c. @ 9½c. All the foregoing quotations are calculated at 480 in the £. Dressed beef is lower.

The following were the exports of live stock from the port of Montreal for the week ending September 26, with comparisons:—

Per	To	Cattle.	Sheep.
Siberian.....	Glasgow.....	527	
Colima.....		283	
L. Champlain.....	Liverpool.....	269	204
Ontario.....	Bristol.....	365	146
Montreal.....	Liverpool.....	410	
Batavia.....	Glasgow.....	479	333
Total.....		2,333	683

Last week.....	1,675	1,193
Corresponding week, 1884.....	2,682	1,643
Corresponding week, 1883.....	30	1,076
Corresponding week, 1882.....	382	1,542
Corresponding week, 1881.....	1,759	3,668
Corresponding week, 1880.....	2,659	2,350
Corresponding week, 1879.....	740	143
Corresponding week, 1878.....	757	1,454
Total to date.....	51,403	34,086
To same date, 1884.....	43,146	45,190
To same date, 1883.....	41,693	77,835
To same date, 1882.....	23,005	53,151
To same date, 1881.....	36,644	51,524
To same date, 1880.....	36,207	66,307
To same date, 1879.....	19,937	58,911
To same date, 1878.....	13,323	23,215

The total exports of beef to date were 11,191 quarters, against 11,758 last year.—[Gazette.]

CHEESE.

The situation has assumed a much more healthy tone and there has been considerable business done the past week, but chiefly in August make, buyers not caring to touch the July goods, of which there is a large amount still in factorymen's hands in western Ontario.

It is a great mistake to hold July cheese just because buyers won't pay what the salesmen think they should get. The result of this holding off has been that very many orders that could have been filled here have gone to New York and Montreal. Factorymen in New York State have sold all July and August, and in some instances September was sold this week. The effect of this is that our July and early August cheese, which are more or less off flavor, have to compete with States September cheese.

The Utica Herald of the 29th Sept., says: It will be seen by a glance at our table below, that the receipts still continue much smaller than last year. The claim will be made in New York that this is because the cheese is held back in the country. We can not speak for other sections, but in the district represented by the Utica market, and we believe by the Little Falls market also, cheese is sold off quite as closely as it was last year at this time. And we are inclined to believe that there is no greater accumulation in the country at large than we had last year. September weather has been cool throughout the month, and the make is undoubtedly fine. With these points in its favor, we have a right to expect much better prices for this stock than for any other of the season, but at the best it must sell considerably lower than for a number of years past. There is too much of it, both here and in England, to look for any such boom as we had in 1879. Following is our usual table of quotations:

	Receipts.	Exp.	Cable.	Freight.	Price.
Sept. 29, 1885.....	66,818	39,147	53s.	25s.	11½c.
Sept. 27, 1884.....	72,894	26,092	53s. 6d.	25s.	11½c.
Sept. 26, 1885.....	47,169	51,157	39s.	30s.	8½c.

BUTTER.

Butter remains in just about the same condition, and nothing of a stirring character can be found on the market, which has a dull tone with little trade in motion. Creamery continues to be held in the country far above the market, which at once precludes any attempt to do business for the present. Shippers could not pay more than 22c. for a choice article in creamery, but there are no sellers at that. Townships are quoted in Montreal at 15c. to 18c., and western at 12c. to 15c.

APPLES.

There is an abundance of fall apples, in fact too many. We think farmers would do well to check the production of fall apples. Winter apples are much safer to handle, to care for, and the chances are that you can sell at some price, whereas we are told that fall apples are going to waste in some sections.

A late apple circular says: "Crops in England at one time promised to be good, but owing to the dryness of the summer many have fallen. This is more particularly the case with the winter sorts."

"Germany has only half a crop, and not much more than is wanted for home use."

"Holland, which usually exports very largely to this country, has very few winter sorts, and they are of small size."

"Belgium—The report is a little better, most of the sorts being reported fair crops but also small."

"France—The reports vary considerably; in some districts the crop is reported good, in other sections very bad indeed. On the whole half a crop."

"Comparing these reports with those of past seasons, we shall want a large quantity of Canadian apples this year—more especially the best sorts."

PRICES AT FARMERS' WAGONS, TORONTO.

	Oct. 1, 1885.
Wheat, fall, per bushel.....	\$0 82 0 88
Wheat, spring, do.....	0 82 0 88
Wheat, goose, do.....	0 75 0 75
Barley, do.....	0 55 0 55
Oats, do.....	0 33 0 38
Peas, do.....	0 60 0 60
Rye, do.....	0 70 0 70
Beans, do.....	1 00 1 25
Dressed hogs, per 100 lbs.....	7 00 7 25
Beef, forequarters.....	3 50 5 00
Beef, hindquarters.....	6 75 7 00
Mutton, carcass.....	8 25 7 50
Hay.....	10 00 10 50

PRICES AT ST. LAWRENCE MARKET, TORONTO.

	Oct. 1, 1885.
Chickens, per pair.....	\$0 45 0 60
Ducks, do.....	0 60 0 80
Butter, pound rolls.....	0 18 0 19
Butter, large rolls.....	0 13 0 15
Butter, inferior.....	10 13
Lard.....	10 10
Bacon.....	9 12
Turkeys.....	0 75 1 50
Geese.....	0 80 1 00
Cheese.....	0 8 0 10
Eggs, fresh, per dozen.....	0 17 0 18
Potatoes, per bag (new).....	0 55 0 60
Apples, per bbl.....	1 00 1 75
Cabbage, per dozen.....	0 25 0 40
Turnips, per bag.....	0 20 0 30
Carrots, per bag.....	0 30 0 35
Beets, per bag.....	0 35 0 40
Parsnips, per peck.....	0 15 0 20
Onions, per bushel.....	1 00 1 20
Cauliflower, per doz.....	75 2 00

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Buffalo, Sept. 29, 1885.

CATTLE.

Receipts 8,995, against 7,854 the previous week. The cattle market opened up on Monday with very heavy receipts, over 200 car loads being on sale. The demand for cattle was only fair, and prices averaged 1¢ @ 25 cents lower than on the Monday previous. Two loads of extra steers sold at \$8, but the bulk of the best went at \$5 50 @ 5 75 with fair to medium at \$4 50 @ \$5; mixed butchers' stock sold at \$3 25 @ \$4 and stockers at \$3 @ \$3 50. At the close about 10 loads of common stock was held over. There was but little done on Tuesday, only two loads of fresh receipts, and prices unchanged. On Wednesday the reports from New York were more favorable. Of Michigan cattle 24 steers av. 943 lbs., sold at \$4 25; 20 do. av. 990 lbs. at \$3 70; 18 do. av. 1,070 lbs. at \$4 35; 27 stocker av. 737 lbs. at \$3 25; 31 do. av. 855 lbs. at \$3 35; 32 do. av. 860 lbs. at \$3 50; 56 do. av. 817 lbs. at \$3 40; 46 do. av. 800 lbs. at \$3 50. The following were the closing

QUOTATIONS:

Extra Beeves—Graded steers weighing 1,450 lbs. and upwards.....	\$5 50 @ \$6 00
Choice Beeves—Fine, fat, well-formed steers, weighing 1,300 to 1,400 lbs.....	5 00 @ 5 40
Good Beeves—Well-fattened steers weighing 1,200 to 1,350 lbs.....	4 65 @ 4 90
Medium grades—Steers in fine flesh, weighing 1,050 to 1,250 lbs.....	4 00 @ 4 60
Oxen—Coarse runch to extra.....	3 50 @ 4 50
Good Butchers' Beeves—Light, fat steers, weighing 900 to 1,000 lbs.....	3 60 @ 4 00
Heifers—Fair to choice.....	3 25 @ 4 00
Cows and Heifers—Good to choice.....	3 25 @ 3 75
Texas and Cherokees, corn fed.....	3 75 @ 4 25
Do do grassy.....	2 75 @ 3 00
Mixed Butchers' Stock—Common steers, sags, old cows, light heifers, etc.....	3 00 @ 3 50
Stockers—Good to choice western, weighing from 950 to 1,000.....	3 00 @ 3 60
Canadian feeders.....	3 75 @ 4 00
Stock bulls.....	2 00 @ 2 40
Butchers' do, fair to good.....	2 50 @ 3 25
Veals—Fair to prime of 160 to 210 lbs. average.....	5 50 @ 6 50

SHEEP.

Receipts, 20,400, against 33,200 the previous week. The supply of sheep on Monday consisted of about 60 car loads, of which 10 loads were Canadian lambs. The market was without any decided change, although a few loads of the best sold early at stronger prices. On Tuesday and Wednesday the receipts were light, with prices firm on sheep and 15¢ @ 20 cents higher on lambs. Fair to good 0 to 80 lb. sheep sold at \$2 25 @ \$3; 60 to 90 lb., \$3 35 @ \$3 60; 90 to 100 lb., \$3 60 @ \$3 70; 100 to 115 lb., \$3 80 @ \$4 10; fair to good lambs \$4 @ \$4 50. We note sales of 256 Michigan sheep av. 89 lbs. at \$3 60; 133 av. 87 lbs. at \$3 50; 117 av. 71 lbs. at \$2 50; 108 av. 78 lbs. at \$3 12½; 100 av. 83 lbs. at \$3 30; 123 av. 77 lbs. at \$2 75; 220 av. 79 lbs. at \$3 25; 100 av. 96 lbs. at \$3 90; 38 lambs av. 67 lbs. at \$4 60; 100 do. av. 66 lbs. at \$4 50; 88 do. av. 6 lbs. at \$4 60; 184 do. av. 70 lbs. at \$4 70; 161 av. 59 lbs. at \$4.

HOGS.

Receipts, 39,157, against 37,203 the previous week. The hog market opened up fairly active on Monday at the closing prices of the previous week, ruled steady, on Tuesday, advanced 10¢ @ 15 cents on Wednesday, closing with good to choice Yorkers selling at \$4 60 @ \$4 65; fair do \$4 30 @ \$4 40; medium grades fair to choice, \$4 40 @ \$4 50; good to extra heavy, \$4 40 @ \$4 55; pigs, common to choice, \$3 75 @ \$3 80; skips and culls, \$3 @ \$3 50.