

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT.

Sir George Arthur is to have the usual rank of Major General in the Canadian Army.

Lieutenant Franklin, Royal Artillery, goes out with his company to Canada, and not to the West Indies. Captain Wolf's company Royal Engineers, destined for Gibraltar, is ordered to Canada, where Artillery and Engineers are more wanted.

Twenty-five officers on half-pay have been ordered to assume the command of, and direct the militia in Canada, many of them colonels by the next packet. Among them are Colonel Cox, Major Macphail, Baron De Rotenburg, Lieut. Colonel Fitzgerald, late of the Legion, &c.

Twelve sail of French men-of-war have sailed for St. Domingo, to enforce the claims of that country. This measure has created much anxiety amongst British merchants engaged in the trade of that island.

Difficulties have taken place with the Kings of Ara, which it is supposed would lead to war with Great Britain.

The French Chambers were in session. Another conspiracy against the life of the King is said to have been discovered.

George Young, Esq., in a letter of some length, published in the Evening Mail of the 29th December, repeats with just indignation, a charge of disloyalty made by Mr. Leader in the House of Commons, against his Colony and New Brunswick.

Sir Henry Harbidge has been appointed Governor General of Canada.

REMARKS ON THE INCREASE OF THE ARMY AND NAVY.—It is stated in the city with confidence, that Her Majesty's Ministers have under consideration the propriety of recommending to Parliament, immediately after the re-assembling of both Houses, an increase both of Army and Navy. The augmentation of the former, it is stated, will be from 15,000 to 30,000 men, and in the navy from 5,000 to 10,000. The affairs of Canada will render it necessary that the troops at that decision should be greatly increased, so that to that point, has already been given. In the dock yards there has been a great number of additional hands placed upon full employment, prospectively to an increase of the British fleet.—Observer.

The affairs of Canada continued to occupy our Paris correspondents. It is needless to state that the ultra-Liberals appeared joyous at the emancipation of their countrymen as they choose to term the Canadians, and even speaking of volunteers from Paris to assist them in their struggle with the English.

The intelligence from Canada appears to excite an extraordinary degree of interest in England. The London papers are almost filled with particulars of the rebellion, extracted principally from the Montreal journals; and the Liberator of the American press on the frontiers, though in many instances published, are generally disregarded. The following paragraph is from the London Morning Advertiser:—

"We never saw such an excitement as prevailed among the few members who sit in Paris respecting the Canada war. Fifty times in five minutes the word 'Canada' was uttered. It discomposed the gravity of the Judges who came up with the Royal message from the Lords. They were talking of 'Canadians.' Many members concluded with the officers of the House on the anticipated 'Fortitude' of the House as to the middle of 'Canada.' Mr. Leader came out of the House much excited, and was immediately addressed by some person about 'Canada.' It was an unexpected thrust to the nation, but not to us."

The same paper contains the following paragraph respecting the opinions of the Paris press on Canada affairs:—

"The Paris papers have all carefully translated the last accounts from Canada, with observations on the state of things in that Colony, varying according to the politics of the writer. The Liberator's Journals, with their usual propensity, in this struggle signs of the approaching fall of British greatness. The Republicans began here the prospect of Canada of shaking off the yoke of England with delight, and reminds the Canadians that their best friends are not to be sought on the banks of the Seine and the Loire. The more calm and rational portion of the community regard the dispute as it really is, a subject of regret, but which, notwithstanding the difficulties which surround the question, presents nothing that an enlightened display of eloquence and firmness may not even now surmount, without proceeding to the extremities pictured forth by the enemies of England, and the pretended friends of Canada."

The London correspondent of the Quebec Gazette states that the Ministers are in possession of information regarding the rebellion in Canada which may affect the liberty of parties in England as well as in this country.

His Excellency Lord Gosford, who intended to leave this morning for England, it is said, has deferred his departure to Monday next, in consequence of some slight injuries which His Lordship received by a fall in the street on Friday night. Information to this effect

has, we believe, been sent off to Montreal; and the swearing in of Sir John Colborne will consequently be postponed.

William Lyon Mackenzie, the prime mover of the late rebellion in Upper Canada, has published, in the Watertown Jeffersonian, a narrative of his proceedings, and those of the redoubtable gang under his command. This account, of course, contains a fair proportion of lies; and the complacency and cold-blooded indifference with which he speaks of the slaughter of his fellow-countrymen is worthy of the man and of the cause. If any proof were wanting of the unquenchable cowardice of these "patriots," who have vapored and threatened so loud and long, it is afforded by the following extract from Mackenzie's narrative:—

"Some persons from town, friendly to us, but not brave, had joined us during the march, and they, unknown to me, told awful stories about the proceedings the Tories had made in several streets, to fire out of windows at us, protected by feather beds, mattresses, &c. These representations terrified many of the country people, and when they saw the ruffians in front falling down, and heard the firing, they imagined that those who fell, were the killed and wounded by the enemy's fire; and took to their heels, with a speed and steadiness of purpose that would have baffled pursuit on foot. In a short time not twenty persons were to be found below the toll bar! This was almost too much for human patience. The city would have been ours in an hour, probably without firing a shot. But 800 ran where no one pursued, and a mob, far from the wrong way, I rode hastily back, until I got to the rear of the main body stopped a number of them, and implored them to return. I explained matters to them, told them to fear nothing, offered, with half a dozen more, to go between them and all dangers, and reminded them that the opportunity of that night could be their last—that the moment it was known in the country, that the Tories were tired and the rebels without cause, Sir Francis would instantly gather his numbers. But it was no use. To successive groups I spoke in vain. Neither threats nor coaxing would induce them to go to the city. I tried to find even forty to go to town, but there it was 'We will go in daylight, but not in the dark.' Of these, many went home that evening, and although about 200 were during the night, we were 200 less numerous on the Wednesday morning."

On the 6th February, Mackenzie was held forth to a gang of vagabonds in Odensburgh, and the greatest sympathy was excited towards the fugitive patriot. The firing of some guns on the opposite shore, as a salute to Mackenzie, attracted Lieutenants Denzucht and Murray, with three others to the American side, but no sooner had they landed, than they were arrested and placed in custody for seven hours.

The amount of suffering among the poor in New York was never greater than at present. Thousands of laborers and mechanics who have hitherto weathered out the season upon their own resources, have this winter, in consequence of the perfect stagnation of almost every kind of business, been compelled to solicit charity to prevent their families from perishing.

The Montreal Herald says it is in contemplation to change the names of the suburban streets of that city, by substituting English names for the French ones at present on the walls.

FIRE.—Last night about 9 o'clock, a fire broke out in the house on South-street-Mat-lot Street, owned by Mrs. Butcher, Esquire, and tenanted by Mrs. McDonald. It was speedily extinguished with all its contents. Mr. Paton was insured at the Quebec Office for \$800, and Mrs. McDonald's furniture for \$300 on the Alliance. The Montreal Bank being opposite the burnt building, was for some time in danger, but eventually escaped with no other damage than a slight scorching.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Feb. Dec.—Arr. Toronto, Karl, from Quebec 17th—Crescent, Nelson, do.

Plymouth, Dec. 21—Arr. Trudy, Moss, Newfound-land—dock empty and leaky.

Black, Dec. 19—Arr. Mary, McMahon, Richelieu.

BIRTHS.

Yesterday morning, Mrs. C. A. Holt, of a son.

DIED.

On the 2nd Dec. at Tunbridge Wells, aged 85, Sir Robert Shore Milnes, Bart.—[Sir Robert was Lieutenant-Governor of Canada from the year 1799 to 1807.]

On the 19th Dec. at the apartments of his brother, General Post Office, Dublin, aged 85, Col. C. H. Godby, Royal Artillery.

The circulation of THE TRANSCRIPT, which is daily increasing, already amounts to ONE THOUSAND OF EACH PUBLICATION; and it consequently offers decided advantages to persons desirous of giving publicity to their advertisements.

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT is published every Tuesday and Saturday morning. Price, One Penny. Subscriptions will be received by the year, half-year, or quarterly, at the rate of Ten Shillings per annum.

At the moderate price at which THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT is published, it will afford a desirable medium for advertising.

Subscriptions, advertisements and communications are received at the Office, No. 24, St. Peter Street. Subscription lists are also kept at the Exchange Reading Room and at Mr. Neilson's Book-store.

Mr. E. H. BUSTELL, Agent for the Literary Transcript, is authorized to receive subscriptions, &c.

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT may be had of Mr. F. PALMER, Bookseller, opposite to Mr. A. Laurie's store, St. John Street, Upper Town.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE

will be held, TO-MORROW, (Wednesday) Evening, the 14th instant, at SEVEN O'CLOCK precisely. Quebec, 13th February, 1838.

TAVERN LICENCES.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE PEACE, QUEBEC, 5th FEBRUARY, 1838.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on the 1st Day of MARCH Next, at the hour of 10, A. M., at the Court House, in this City, a General Special Session of the Peace will be held for the purpose of taking into consideration Applications and Petitions for Tavern Licences and Renewals of Tavern Licences for the present year. That in no case will any application for a Renewal of Licence be entertained, unless the Licence for the preceding year be produced and filed. All Applications and Petitions for such Licences, and Renewals thereof, to be in the now-entire mode and filed in this Office. (By order.)

FERRELL & SCOTT, Clerk of the Peace.

One insertion weekly in all the Newspapers published in this City, in their respective languages, until the 1st of March next.

QUEBEC MECHANICS' INSTITUTE. MEMBERS are respectfully informed that Mr. CHRISTOPHER SPARKING has been appointed Sub-Librarian and Collector to the above Institution, and his list is hereby authorized to collect Subscriptions or Donations on account of the Society.

HENRY WESTON, Recording Secretary, Q. M. L. Quebec, 8th February, 1838.

RAN AWAY. EDWARD P. DUBOIS, an apprentice to Mr. M'PHERRON, Shoe-Maker, residing at the Falls of Montmorency, absconded on Thursday morning last, taking with him a hand-sleigh, and several articles of clothing, the property of his master; a reward will be given to any one who will apprehend him. And all persons are hereby forbidden harboring him, under the penalties of the Law. He is fifteen years of age, black hair and dark complexion; about five feet in height, and was dressed in a suit of grey stuff-slops. Quebec, 10th February, 1838.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL. GROCERY STORE.

The Subscriber, in returning thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal support he has received since he commenced business, most respectfully intimates that he has constantly on hand a Choice Assortment of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, Groceries, &c., all of the best quality.

JOHN JOHNSTON, Corner of the Upper-Town Market Place Opposite the Gate of the Jesuits' Barrack

FIRE-WOOD. FOR SALE.—In quantities of from One to Fifty Cords,—consisting of Birch and Maple.—Apply to Mr. SAMUEL TOZER, Upper Town Market. Quebec 12th January, 1838.

WANTED, as an Apprentice to the Printing business, a Boy, with a good English education. Apply at this office. Quebec, 6th February, 1838.

NEW PARTNERSHIP.

PIANO FORTE, CABINET, CHAIR & SOFA MANUFACTORY,

Caring, Turning, Designing, Mold Making, &c. No. 27, SAINT JOHN STREET.

The premises formerly occupied by J. & J. Thornton JAMES M'KENZIE, returns cordial thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal encouragement he has hitherto received, and informs them that he has now entered into Partnership with THOMAS BOWLES, an experienced Musical Instrument and Cabinet Maker, from New-York. M'KENZIE & BOWLES beg to express their hope, that from the excellence of their materials, their skill as workmen, and the very general nature of their establishment, they will be able promptly to execute all orders with which they may be favored in the above mentioned, and in the Fancy Line, in such a manner as to meet the unqualified approbation and increasing preference and patronage of their employers. Piano Fortes and other Instruments carefully repaired. Quebec, 29th January, 1838.

FOR SALE,

AT THE OFFICE OF THE QUEBEC GAZETTE, Price 1s. 3d.

THE SCIENCE OF ETIQUETTE, by Astéris. CONTENTS.—Introduction, Introductory Lectures, Introduction to Society, at home and from home, Visiting Cards, and Calling, Table, Peculiar Habits, Fattings and Ceremonies, Dress, Dancing, Presents, Letters, and Appointments, Travelling, Servants, Fashion.

NEW CONFECTIONARY STORE. THE Subscribers in returning thanks to their friends and the public at large, for the liberal support they have received since they commenced business, most respectfully intimate that they have a large assortment of CONFECTIONARY and Cakes, of the best quality.

SCOTT & M'CONNKEY, No. 59, St. John Street. Quebec, 27th January, 1838.

BOOKS FOR SALE, AT THE OFFICE OF THE QUEBEC GAZETTE, No. 14, Mountain Street

SCOTT'S WORKS, in seven vols. Bulwer's Novels, in 1 vol. cloth, Murray's Novels, in 2 vols. sheep, Cooper's Novels, in 20 vols. cloth, Henry's Miscellaneous Works.

Dewick's Theology, Hume and Smollett's History of England, with Miller's continuation, 4 vols. Astoria, by Washington Irving, The Pickwick Papers, by "Boz," Midshipmen's Expedients, by the author of "Rat in the Rooster."

Quebec, 13th January, 1838

SAMUEL TOZER, BUTCHER, STALL NO. 1, UPPER TOWN MARKET,

BEGS respectfully to return thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal support he has hitherto received; and takes this opportunity of informing them that he has always on hand Corned Rounds of Beef, Briskets, &c.; also, Mutton for Sausages and Hamlets, all of the very best quality

Quebec, 13th January, 1838

JOSHUA HOBROUGH, TAILOR,

No. 2, HOFF STREET, near to Mr. J. J. SIMS, addressed with a sense of gratitude for the liberal support conferred upon him by the gentlemen residing in Quebec, and its vicinities, and by the public in general, avails himself of the present moment, to return them his most heartfelt thanks; at the same time he assures them, that no efforts on his part shall be wanting to insure a similar continuance of their future patronage and support.

J. H. takes this opportunity likewise, of respectfully informing his friends and the public at large, that he has received his Fall Supply, consisting of—Beerskin Cloth (superior to any in town,) Pilot Cloth, Brackishs, Cassimeres, &c. suitable to the season; and he is ready to receive and execute all orders on the lowest terms for cash.

Quebec, 19th January, 1838.

FOR SALE. AN EXCELLENT ASTRONOMICAL CLOCK by Parkinson & Frodsham, London; a Two-Pan CHRONOMETER; and a Superior SIMILISOMETER, at

MARYN'S, Chronometer Maker, &c. &c. No. 80, Peter Street, 30th Jan. 1838.

RUSSIA ERMINE CLOAK. TO BE RAFFLED.—A Camelot Cloak, lined throughout with Russia ermine,—by forty subscribers at five shillings each. A subscription list is left at the Elephant & Castle Hotel, Upper Town, where the Cloak may be seen.