

MONEY ORDERS.

Every money order office in the Province of Quebec, Ontario, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Manitoba and British Columbia issues money orders on every other money order office in these Provinces, as well as on every money order office in the United Kingdom. Every money order office in the United Kingdom also issues money orders on every money order office in these Provinces.

All the money order Post-offices are authorized to draw money orders on each other from any sum up to \$100, and for as many orders of \$100 each as the applicant may require, upon the following terms only, viz :

On orders up to \$ 4	2 cents.
" " 10	5 "
" over 10 and up to \$20	10 "
" " 20 " 40	20 "
" " 40 " 60	30 "
" " 60 " 80	40 "
" " 80 " 100	50 "

Money orders are issued in Canada on the following Foreign Countries and British Possessions, at the rates of commission shown below :

The United Kingdom.....	
The German Empire.....	
Sweden.....	
Norway.....	
Denmark (also Iceland).....	
The Netherlands.....	
Belgium.....	
Italy.....	
Switzerland.....	
Austria-Hungary.....	
Roumania.....	
United States.....	(<i>\$50 is the limit of a single order.</i>)
Jamaica.....	
Barbados.....	
Newfoundland.....	
British India.....	
Victoria (Australia).....	
New South Wales.....	
Tasmania.....	
New Zealand.....	

For sums not exceeding—

\$10	\$20	\$30	\$40	\$50
10c.	20c.	30c.	40c.	50c.

Money orders on the above countries are drawn in Canada Currency.

Applicants for money orders must always use the printed application forms, in which they will fill up the particulars of the order required. These forms are supplied gratuitously at all money order offices.

NOVEMBER.—A word about crows for winter meditation. Most farmers fight the crow as an enemy, but some consider him a friend. It is told of a Yankee farmer that when his corn is planted he sows two or three quarts of corn, well scattered over the place, and continues to sow until the corn is too large to be pulled up by the crows. In this way he secures their services to catch bugs, grubs, snakes, mice, and other nuisances to the farmer. Rather than an enemy he considers the crow one of the best friends of the farmer, and that if he had not been so necessary, he would not have been made so cunning. To the same purport it is related that a farmer once wanted to borrow a gun from a neighbor to kill some crows in his corn field, and which he thought were eating his grain. His neighbor declined to lend the gun, thinking the crows useful, and to satisfy his curiosity, he shot one of them, opened the crow and found in it thirty one cut worms and only four grains of corn.