

## WM. FOREMAN &amp; CO., Importers

CONTINUED SALE AND DISPLAY OF

## Washable Fabrics.

This wash goods stock contains every new wash fabric for this season's wear, then many have been reduced in price to effect an early clearing. It will pay you to keep in close touch with this store at this or any season of the year, but particularly now.

Exquisite Imported Cotton Foulard, in the richest color combinations any one could conceive of, with grounds of reseda, pink and blue, and in designs represent the very latest designs of silk designers of France, regular at per yard 37½c, on sale for per yard, **25 Cents.**

Silk Finished Vesting in self color, and white grounds with colored stripes, splendid for washable summer suits, per yard **25 Cents.**

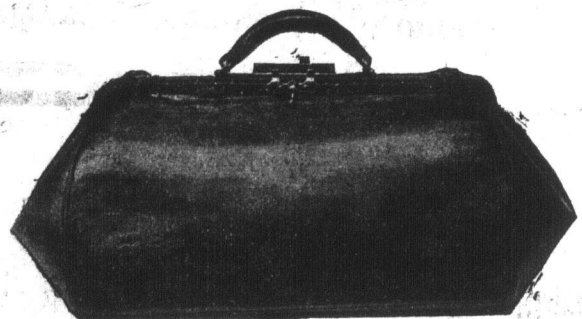
Scotch Zephyr Gingham in pretty stripes and in every desirable shade of pink and blue, extraordinary value per yard **10 Cents.**

Cotton Crepe de Chine, a beautiful soft crepe cotton fabric, in rich colors of pink, blue and helio, regular at per yard 37½c, for per yard **25c.**

Printed Lawns in good shades of pink, blue, cardinal, etc., in pretty stripes and floral effects, reg. 15c and 18c yd, for per yd **12 1-2 Cents.**

12½c Muslins, a better range at 15c not to be found, in pretty shades of reseda, blue, pink and black and white, per yard **12 1-2 Cents.**

## WM. FOREMAN &amp; CO.,



## Telescope Valise Bargains

J. L. CAMPBELL'S - Boston Shoe Store.

This week only we sell Telescopes at the following price:

Size 14 inch Telescope for 40c.	Size 16 inch Telescope for 50c.
" 18 " " 60c.	" 20 " " 75c.
" 22 " " 85c.	" 24 " " 1.00.

Bargains in Trunks and Bags of all kinds at

J. L. CAMPBELL, - THE SHOE MAN.

## Northern Navigation Co. of Ontario Limited

HEAD OFFICE—COLLINGWOOD ONT.

Owners and Operators of the Northwest Transportation Company, Head Office, Sarnia, Ont. Mackinac Excursions.

SAULT STE. MARIE DIVISION—Steamers leave Collingwood 1.30 p.m.; Meaford 3.45 p.m. and Owen Sound 11.45 p.m. for Sault Ste. Marie and intermediate ports every Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

PARRY SOUND DIVISION—A steamer leaves Penetanguishene at 2.30 p.m. daily (Sunday excepted) for Parry Sound and intermediate ports. Steamer leaves Parry Sound for Meaford and Penetanguishene 6 a.m. daily.

NORTH SHORE DIVISION—A steamer leaves Collingwood for Parry Sound, Point St. Baril, Byng Inlet, French River and Killarney at 10.30 p.m. every Monday and Thursday.

LAKE SUPERIOR DIVISION—Steamers leave Sarnia for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William every Monday, Wednesday and Friday 3 p.m. Steamers leaving Sarnia Monday and Friday go to Duluth.

WINDSOR DIVISION—Steamer "Majestic" leaves Windsor every Tuesday, 11 p.m. Sarnia Wednesday, 3 p.m., for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William.

For passenger and freight rates, folders and further information apply to

## Northern Navigation Co. Collingwood, Ont. or Sarnia, Ont.

## The Letter-Box

## THE SEPARATE SCHOOL.

To the Editor of The Planet:

Sir,—In your issue of the 13th inst. "Separate School Supporter" in his usual kind manner, with trustees and teachers, because more pupils are not sent on to the entrance. He is simply talking through his hat. If he has any real grievance he ought, like a man, lay the matter before the School Board or interview the principal, when the complaint could be investigated. But no, he prefers having a blow-off in the press, in the mud-slinging fashion.

Some months ago the principal reported to the School Board, giving reasons why more pupils were not being prepared for the entrance this year. Subsequently the Board appointed the Education Committee to see the principal and talk the matter over fully. Now, this committee must have been satisfied with the principal's statements, as they have never reported on the affair to the Board.

The separate school has an able, well qualified and hard working staff of teachers, of whom every ratepayer

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(excepting the kicker, of course), has reasons to be proud. The pupils are well taught and firmly grounded in their studies, and when they pass the entrance they are able to take a firm stand at the C. I. They look for no side-lights on entrance questions, but simply stand on their merits—the foundation that alone endures.

The status of affairs at the Separate school is not "a shameful one," but on the contrary, the methods employed by "the Separate School Supporter" are truly shameful, and, to say the least, ungentlemanly and in very bad taste. The article in question goes to show and prove how much bias there is to be found in a small pot.

JOHN WELSH,

Chairman Sep. School Board.

## Go To The Best.

It pays best in the end.

## The Canada Business College, CHATHAM, ONT.

With its 27 years of successful work to its credit, stand without a peer in Canada in the line of BUSINESS or SHORTHAND training. 346 students placed in good positions in the past eleven months show what we do for our students when graduated. COLLEGE RE-OPENS FOR FALL TERM, SEPT. 1. Our catalogue is the handsomest issued by any business school in the Dominion. Copy sent by addressing,

D. McLAHLAN &amp; CO., CHATHAM, ONT.

## ABOUT OUR IMMIGRATION.

## MR. SIFTON REPLIES TO SOME GENERAL CRITICISMS.

Work Not Made Scarce—A Large Factor in the Prosperity of the West—An Excellent Class of People Brought to Canada.

Ottawa, July 15.—The proceedings in the House yesterday were disappointing to the crowds in the galleries. Some statement on the Ministerial situation was expected, but Mr. Monk precipitated an hour and a half debate on the Ottawa Valley Railway bill, so that before Sir Wilfrid rose to make the brief announcement that Mr. Blair had resigned, Hon. R. W. Scott had given the information in the Senate, and it was generally known in the House. The balance of the day was taken up with a discussion on immigration. The House rose at 12.40 a.m.

On the opening of the House Mr. Monk moved to refer back to the Railway Committee the portion of the committee's report throwing out the preamble of the bill respecting the Ottawa Valley Railway Co. He spoke nearly an hour in support of this motion.

The motion to refer back was lost on a division by 87 to 51.

On the motion to go into supply, Mr. Uriah Wilson took advantage of the opportunity to discuss the immigration policy of the Government. He complained that the Canadian officials did not turn back immigrants affected with minor diseases, such as trachoma and lupus, and that the officials who have smallpox, fever or similar diseases. No provision was made to keep out criminals or paupers, with the result that many undesirable immigrants, who would not be allowed to enter the United States, were permitted to remain in Canada.

Mr. Wilson quoted a letter from Mr. Robt. Wanchorn, the United States immigration officer at Montreal, and insisted that this Government ought to make arrangements with the Government of the United States for mutual action in reference to the inspection of immigrants, on the ground that people who were not desirable settlers for the United States were not good enough for Canada. The great increase in the number of immigrants coming into Canada Mr. Wilson attributed to the fact that the steamship agents in Europe, knowing that the inspection was lax, booked undesirable immigrants to Canadian ports. During the season of 1902, of 4,086 persons inspected at the port of Montreal by the United States officers 2,028 were rejected, 419 because they were contract labor, 812 were paupers, 8 idiots, 5 ex-criminals, 496 having loathsome and contagious diseases. None of these, Mr. Wilson said, had been deported by the Canadian authorities. In consequence, we get in Canada all the diseased and all the undesirable immigrants which the United States refuse to accept.

Mr. Wilson questioned the accuracy of the statistics of home-stead entries and arrivals in Canada. Upwards of five thousand of the fourteen thousand homestead entries were by Canadians, therefore the entries by immigrants from abroad only represented but a small proportion of the reported arrivals, indicating that the people were not going on the land.

The expenditure on immigration was criticized by Mr. Wilson, who claimed that the money paid to agents in the United States was thrown away, those settlers coming from States having been induced to come by the efforts of the land companies and the railways. He appealed to the Minister to abolish the system of commission agents in the United States.

Discussing the influx of immigrants during the last few months, Mr. Puttee said there has been altogether too large a percentage of the arrivals who were anxious and determined to settle in the cities, and the influx has been to some extent alarming to the people who have to earn their living. In the city of Winnipeg this influx has had deleterious effects, so that the wage earners could hardly live at all. It was not a reasonable policy to put before the working men that they should be taxed in order to keep immigration agents at work sending people out here to compete with them and keep their own wages down. Now that the immigrants were coming in such large numbers, he suggested that an efficient inspection of the arrivals be provided, also a stricter scrutiny in favor of the people who come to Canada.

At 11.30 Mr. Sifton rose to reply, and said that he would not at that late hour detain the House very long, but would reply briefly to some of the criticisms that had been made by the Opposition. It was not, he said, his policy for the Government to spend public money to aid the movement of population from one part of the Dominion to another, and he had no hesitation in making the statement that so long as he was Minister of the Interior he would not be in favor of such a policy, for the reason, first, that it would have the effect of reducing the population of the eastern Provinces, and, secondly, because it would tend to impoverish the people of Canada.

He did not believe the expenditure of public money for such purposes. During the seven years he had been at the head of the department no person had been given assistance except under the most pressing circumstances, and then when the circumstances were beyond the control of the person to whom it has been given. In regard to the difficulty of transportation, representations have from time to time been made to the railway companies, who have so far refused to give the same rates to people desiring to move from eastern Canada to the west as are given to the foreign immigrants. They had, however, made arrangements for the movement of large numbers of people from Ontario and Quebec, particularly who had been of the greatest value

in gathering the crop. The movement of young men to the cities and towns of the east, instead of to the lands of the west was because they did not desire to follow agricultural life. It had been the policy of the Government to encourage the movement of no laborers to Canada except agricultural laborers. The Government have not encouraged the movement of mechanics of any other country to Canada.

Replying to Mr. Puttee, Mr. Sifton said he had no great degree of sympathy with the views he had expressed. Certain organizations in Canada had persistently opposed immigration of all kinds and under all conditions, and have made strong statements. But, so far as the people of Winnipeg were concerned, they were happy and prosperous, there is a great demand for labor at good wages, all of which were the result of the immigration policy of the Government in settling up the lands of the west, which he was quite prepared to justify. Mr. Sifton combated the statement that many of the immigrants remaining in Canada were of an undesirable class. He insisted that, man for man, the 125,000 people who have come to Canada this year will compare favorably with a like number anywhere. The 40,000 that came from the western States were the very salt of the agricultural population there. The English immigrants were of the best, and with respect to the continental immigrants, he had to say that they were industrious and self-reliant, and no class of people who come to Canada were more thoroughly capable of taking care of themselves. From the moment they landed in Winnipeg, and were directed to the place they were bound for, there were no people gave the officials less trouble than they. Who would have taken off the magnificent crops of recent years had it not been for these people? The crop would have rotted on the ground if these people had not been available. If following the advice of the hon. gentlemen on the opposite benches, the Government were to stop the entrance of these people at the Canadian ports, he ventured to say that within one week the farmers of Ontario and the northwest would be prepared to vote the Government out of power.

## THE PONTIFF RALLIES.

After His Condition Sank to the Lowest Ebb.

Rome, July 15.—1.20 a.m.—Another remarkable rally in Pope Leo's condition occurred yesterday afternoon, after a morning in the course of which his Holiness suffered spells of delirium, and at times his strength sank to the lowest ebb, and now to-night he lies in no worse condition than he was on Monday evening, except for the steady diminution of his strength. Monsignor Bisleti, Master of the Chamber, visited the sick room just after midnight, and on emerging stated that the Pontiff's condition was unchanged. A little later the Pope fell into a sleep, which, it has just been announced, is fairly tranquil, although the patient's respiration is troublesome.

Yesterday's rally was characteristically opposed to every medical theory, and consisted in the patient getting out of the bed on which two hours previously he himself had made all preparations for death. Unsatisfied with this exhibition of vitality, he transacted business, and received four Cardinals, with whom he talked in an animated way. In fact, Pope Leo's record for yesterday, little of which appeared in last night's official bulletin, would be incredible if it were not confirmed by the doctors and Cardinals present in the sick chamber. None seemed more perplexed than the doctors themselves. Dr. Lapponi said frankly: "I cannot imagine how the Pope manages to keep alive."

According to the physicians, the Pontiff may die at any moment, even in the midst of one of those extraordinary intervals when his mind and body present a comparatively normal appearance. All those around the patient have long since ceased to hold definite opinions regarding the duration of the Pontiff's existence. The slow but progressive diminution of the strength of the august patient foretells the approaching end of the struggle with death, but the doctors will not venture to predict how near the end is. Constant relapses, they say, such as created alarm early yesterday, are gradually wearing down the Pope's constitution, which seems immune from any specific disease. Most persons are inclined to the idea that Pope Leo may go through perhaps two or three relapses of yesterday's ups and downs, till, as Dr. Rosconi puts it, "his pulse stops forever."

## STRIKERS ARRESTED.

Charged With Assaulting a Farmer at Wingham.

Wingham, July 15.—The moulders' strike in the Western Foundry was dragging quietly along until Monday, when a stranger, supposed to be a moulder, was assaulted by four or five men near the Kingsley House, and very badly injured. However, it turned out yesterday that the man was a farmer, living a few miles north of the town, and he laid information this morning against four of the striking moulders for assault. The Magistrate's hearing is set for Friday, 17th inst. The strike is being fought to the bitter end, though the company seem to be winning.

## Inquest at Harrow.

Harrow, July 14.—The Coroner's inquest on the death of Edmund Matthews opened here this morning at 10 o'clock. Only nine of the witnesses had been examined at 6 o'clock this evening, when an adjournment was made until Friday. The evidence on the different sides so far has been very conflicting. Richardson was present in the custody of Detectives Campau and Mahoney, and was taken back to Sandwich jail to-night. He seems very little affected by his position.

## STRAW HATS.

With three stores in three cities we have a tremendous output for straw hats. That's why we are able to go straight up to the maker to buy—and buying from the maker means better value for you. Come in and prove it.

Men's fancy straw Fedoras, black bands, special 25c.

Men's plain sailors, broad brims, dark navy bands, all sizes, 50c.

Men's rough straw sailors, leather sweats, black corded silk bands, very stylish, \$1.00.

Men's fancy straw sailors, newest shape, 1½ inch black silk bands, special \$1.

A very stylish plain straw "Crusher," one of the new ones, narrow black silk band, leather sweat, special \$1.

Men's extra fine sennett braid straw sailors, one of the most extreme styles shown this season, broad double brims in mixed black and white and plain white, \$1.50.

THORNTON &amp; DOUGLAS, Ltd.

AN EARLY SHIPMENT OF

## Chinaware!

FOR THE SUMMER TRADE.

Cups and Saucers, 25c., 35c., 40c.	Sugars and Creams, per pair, 25c., 40c.
Cake Plates, 3 sizes, 25c., 35c. and 50c.	Handled Cheese Plates, each, 25c.
Bon Bon Dishes and Pickles, 25c.	Salad Bowls, 2 sizes, 25c., 50c.
Oatmeal Bowls, new shape, 25c.	Card Tray, Spoon Trays, 25c.
	Manicure Trays, very neat, 35c.

## GRAY'S BAZAAR AND CHINA HALL

**Old Coughs** New coughs are bad enough; old coughs are worse. They make you think of bronchitis or consumption. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures consumption. Not all cases, but very many. S. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

## Be Comfortable

Let us send you a screen door and some adjustable window screens to keep the flies and mosquitoes out.

To be cool and healthy, you need a water filter and a refrigerator.

Rest yourself in one of our hammocks.

Don't over heat yourself. An oil stove and a Vollmar washer makes summer work easy.

A big line of preserving kettles cheap.

## Geo. Stephens &amp; Co.

## DISTRICT DOINGS.

## TILBURY

July 15.—Miss Lambert, of Woodlee, is the guest of Miss Angela Coutts.

George Powell, of Essex, formerly of Tilbury, was renewing acquaintances here on Monday.

Miss Jean Kennedy, of Peterborough, is visiting Mrs. Henry Richardson.

Mrs. Hicks, of Leamington, was the guest of Miss Winnie Powell this week.

Mrs. Nichol, of Detroit, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Resume.

Mrs. W. Holland, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Coutts, left for her home in Cleveland this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Higg, of Walkerville, visited the latter's parents here, Mr. and Mrs. Edgecombe, this week.

## BLENHEIM

July 15.—Mr. Fairman left to-day to take charge of the mission stations of Charing Cross, Irwin and Raleigh.

In October he expects to attend Huron College.

Mr. McNutt, who represents the Noxon machinery works here, has moved into the store lately built by Messrs. Crookshanks and Rutherford.

It was a pretty night last evening to see the night blooming Ceris in flower in Mrs. J. H. Ferguson's window. It kept open until midnight.

On Thursday evening last Ridgeway played our local bowlers the best of them badly. Friday afternoon

the Dresden bowlers played a league game here; the game was reversed, Blenheim winning by a substantial majority. Yesterday many of the local bowlers went to Chatham to take part in the tournament.

We are sorry to record the death of Mr. McChin, who died at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Parker, yesterday, of consumption. He leaves a daughter aged four years to mourn his loss.

Rev. D. W. Collins, during the summer months, will hold divine services on Sunday at the following places—Blenheim 11 a.m., Ovey 3 p.m. and Erieau in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Shillington leave to-day for Detroit to take part in the Epworth League convention.

Mr. W. Eardly, of London, was in town to-day.

Miss Winona Powell, of Cleveland, is visiting her grandfather, Mr. Geo. Vester, at Erieau.

Lost—On July 7th, on King street, between St. Joseph's Hospital and Inches Ave., a string of gold beads. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving at this office.

## TENDERS

For Metallic Ceiling in the Central School. Specifications can be seen in the office of the school building.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned before noon on Monday, 20th July, 1903.

THOS. C. MACNAIR, Secretary.

Any man knows what the girl who doesn't think talks about, but it's impossible for him to discover what the girl who doesn't think thinks about.