Hwetsaz, apprehension, fear of not succeeding.

Unqui, reverence mixed with fear.

Tûtqoerh, impudence.

Œtcoez, moulting.

Un'té', boldness, arrogance.

Nærhoeté, the act of saying, diction.

Narhoetéh, the act of declaring, declaration.

In the foregoing lists—which could have been swelled by the addition of such terms as *oekhoes*, air, tune, *oeta*, words of a song, and others—the letters are given the continental sounds, with the exception of the following.

E (or oe when type for that letter is wanting) is the equivalent of e in the French words je, te, le; e and u as in Italian; e and e as e and e in French eeler and $p\bar{e}re$. G is always hard, kh and rh are very guttural and r is the result of uvular vibrations. C equals the English sh; s is intermediate between e and s; s is at the same time nasal and accompanied by the sound of a sonant n; q is almost the equivalent of ty, and the inverted q is a particularly sibilant t.

As to the apostrophe ('), it denotes the click common to most American languages,