

III. Values of Products.

Groups of Industries	Products			Increase of products per cent		
	1890	1900	1910	1890 to 1900	1900 to 1910	1890 to 1910
	\$	\$	\$	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.
Food products . . .	75,958,987	125,202,620	245,609,321	61'33	96'22	223'42
Textiles . . .	54,714,242	67,721,839	135,002,411	23'71	10'6'0	148'25
Iron and steel products . . .	28,545,789	34,878,402	113,649,610	22'23	2'5'82	202'21
Timber and lumber and their manufactures . .	72,796,425	80,311,204	181,630,370	10'36	129'70	153'50
Leather and its finished products	21,451,719	31,720,513	62,850,112	42'00	81'02	157'04
Paper and printing	13,819,885	20,653,028	46,458,053	49'12	119'88	235'41
Liquors and beverages . .	8,671,817	9,191,700	28,936,782	5'99	211'81	233'69
Chemicals and allied products	7,739,531	11,437,300	27,798,833	47'78	143'05	259'18
Clay, glass and stone products .	10,191,358	7,318,582	25,781,860	-28'21	252'28	152'90
Metals and metal product, other than steel . . .	13,251,910	19,561,261	73,111,796	47'61	269'31	452'69
Tobacco and its manufactures . .	5,627,765	11,802,112	25,329,323	109'71	114'62	349'90
Vehicles for land transportation .	16,037,681	19,971,606	69,712,114	24'53	249'06	334'68
Vessels for water transportation . .	3,311,559	2,043,668	6,573,417	-38'29	218'66	90'66
Miscellaneous industries	32,543,949	35,607,212	104,618,560	9'41	193'81	221'47
Hand trades	981,043	599,329	14,829,741	-38'91	2,374'30	1,411'63
Total	368,696,723	481,053,375	1,165,975,639	30'47	142'13	216'26

Capital increased in the twenty years from \$331,674,999 in 1890 to \$446,916,487 in 1900 and to \$1,247,583,609 in 1910; salaries and wages in the same years from \$79,234,311 to \$113,283,602 and to \$241,008,416; and products from \$368,696,723 to \$481,053,375 and to \$1,165,975,639. The averages of the values of twelve out of the fifteen groups of products were greater at the end of the first decade than in 1890, and at the end of the second they were greater for all groups, the lowest showing an increase of 81 per cent. At the end of twenty years the increase in the values of all products was 216.54 per cent, as compared with an average of 30.47 per cent. in the first decade and of 142.13 per cent. in the second.

It would be interesting to follow the details of the fifteen groups by kinds of industries, but to do so would occupy more time than can be ventured upon here. I give a few samples for illustration from the first group, comprising 6,985 establishments of food products in 1910 and limited to values of products only.