

Here's The Story In a Nutshell

Just two weeks to clear out the entire Slater Shoe Stock of Boots and Shoes. Not a day longer as the store is rented. If the crowd comes in such numbers as they did during the past two days there will be no trouble in doing it.

Never Such Bargains

Far sighted men and women have bought as many as six and eight pairs for their own wear. When a \$5.00 or \$6.00 Boot, up to the moment in shape and style, can be had for \$1.98 it is any wonder. Wouldn't it be almost a crime to let those bargains slip from you. Come Today.

SLATER SHOE STORE



A Modern Bath Room

is not a luxury, but an absolute necessity to any household.

Our line of Enamelled Iron Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Sinks, Laundry Tubs, Range Browsers, Low Down Combination Closets, is most complete.

We give prompt attention to all orders for new or repair work.

P. CAMPBELL & CO. 73 Prince Wm. St.

CANADA'S WAR EXPENDITURES UP TO DEC. 31, 26 MILLIONS

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—Expenditures in connection with the organization of the Canadian Expeditionary Force and a list of the firms to whom contracts for the supply of boots, clothing, saddlery, etc., were given, are the features of a printed memorandum which was tabled by General Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, in the House today.

The report also goes into detail in regard to the organization of the First Contingent and of the forces which are now in training, or are being raised. It is pointed out in a report by Quarter Master General MacDonald that 32,000 men were all equipped in six weeks.

A list of expenditures for war purposes up to December 31st last is given as follows:

Pay to troops, \$11,885,107; separation allowances, \$500,349; horses, \$1,721,987; clothing, \$3,909,415; ammunition, \$200,848; field guns, \$1,141,073; rifles, bayonets, \$520,259; motor cars, etc., \$871,023; saddlery and horse equipment, \$335,628; other equipment, \$1,511,602; engineering works, \$520,177; railway transportation, \$1,050,961; ocean transport, \$1,454,281; canteens, \$74,320; general, \$284,260; a total of \$26,221,974.

MARRIED.

DALY-FOWLER.—On Tuesday last, February 9, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. David Jenkins, rector, Ernest Irvine Daly, Fair View, St. Martins, St. John's County, N. B., to Helena Gladys, daughter of Mr. Wellington B. Fowler, Welsford, Queens County, N. B.

BENNETT-MCLEOD.—At St. James' Rectory, this city, February 10, by Rev. H. A. Cody, Albert Bennett, of London, England, to Miss Robina McLeod, of Oban, Scotland.

DIED.

DRISCOLL.—Suddenly, at Milford, on 10th inst., Jeremiah Driscoll, leaving

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. J. P. Duval and family wish to thank their many friends for kindnesses shown them in their recent bereavement.

CLEARNS THE HEAD, OPENS THE NOSTRILS STOPS SNEEZING CURES CATARRH

You Get Instant Relief by Inhaling the Soothing Vapor "Catarrhazone."

Catarrh is bound to come with this weather. Slight colds become more offensive and sickening every day. The inflammation extends further into the head. Soon the ears begin to buzz and ring. The head aches, the eyes pain dreadfully, the nose gets plugged up and this forces the patient to breathe through the mouth. Vicious secretions are forced back into the throat, requiring a great deal of coughing to keep the air passages free. Finally this foul matter finds its way into the stomach, causing Dyspepsia and general ill-health. By this time the patient has SYSTEMATIC CATARRH, which saps strength, depletes

the vital energies till consumption is the unhappy result.

There isn't the slightest use in trying to cure this condition with tablets, snuff or spray. Such treatments are wholly inadequate. You must employ Catarrhazone, the only remedy that possesses power to kill the germs of Catarrh. The healing vapor of Catarrhazone is carried by the air you breathe to the most minute cells of the nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs. Its antiseptic medication goes everywhere that air can go. No case is too chronic, no person too old—everybody that has catarrh of any kind can be cured by this grand treatment which is endorsed by thousands of physicians throughout America, who say: "The only way to permanently get rid of Catarrh is to use Catarrhazone."

TWO MONTHS' TREATMENT GUARANTEED TO CURE. PRICE \$1.00; small size 50c; trial size 25c. Sold by dealers everywhere.

WOULD TREAT AIR RAIDERS AS PIRATES

Admiral Beresford asks British Govt. to court martial and execute slayers of women and children.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 11.—The American steamer Dacia finally sailed today with her cargo of cotton for Germany, which goes via Rotterdam.

It is generally expected that a British cruiser will take her somewhere before she arrives in European waters and that the case will be fought out in a prize court.

Germany to Put War Prisoners at Work in Mines.

Essen, Germany, Feb. 11, via London.—Announcement has been made here that the German authorities have reached an agreement with the military authorities to supply them with prisoners of war to work in the mines. This step is taken in order to relieve the scarcity of labor, which has become acute within the past few months.

The Navahee Aground.

Esbjerg, Denmark, Feb. 11.—The American steamer Navahee, from New York for Bremen, with a cargo of cotton, which left this port yesterday, after being laid up a week for repairs, has run aground outside this port.

Reply to U. S. Notes On Way To Washington

London, Feb. 11.—The final reply of the British government to the note of the United States, bearing on the detention by British authorities of American cargoes destined for neutral European ports, was today started by the British Foreign Office on its way to Washington.

Wants Air Raiders Treated As Pirates

Replying in the House of Commons today to a question put by Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, concerning German air and sea raids on undefended towns, Premier Asquith said: "I am not prepared to make any general statement. Each case must be dealt with on its own merits."

Admiral Beresford asked the government to treat German raiders on undefended places as pirates, and at once to take steps to bring them in public for the killing of women and children.

HIGH PRICES OF FOOD TALKED IN BR. COMMONS

Labor party's request that government fix maximum prices refused by Asquith

London, Feb. 11.—Premier Asquith in the House of Commons declined today to assent to the proposal of the Labor party that the government should fix maximum prices for food and other necessities of life, but at the request of this party, after an all-day debate on the increased cost of living, granted another day for the discussion of the subject. The debate, therefore, was adjourned until Wednesday next.

London, Feb. 11.—The housewives' side of the great war occupied the attention of the House of Commons, this afternoon, for this body, by a motion, invited the investigation of the government in the present fight which has been going on against the House the result of the inquiry thus far made, and outlined certain proposed steps dealing with urgent necessities, which are causing much hardship on the poor.

The Premier admitted a formidable rise in the cost of the necessities of life, but he contended that prices were substantially below the level which the best informed judgment of the country would have anticipated at the end of a six months' war involving virtually the whole civilized world, with the exception of the United States.

The large expenditure by the government on separation allowances permitted the working classes to consume food on nearly the same scale as they did before higher prices came, the Premier continued.

Among the factors in the shortage of wheat are the closing of the Dardanelles and the depredations upon crops in the area of the war. Premier Asquith said he did not think the shortage of wheat would last long.

"The determining factor has been the prices on the New York and Chicago markets," the Premier said. "These are in a highly nervous and jumpy condition, and I know of no way whereby any government of the world can control speculation. As a rule, speculation provides its own remedy. After next June there is reason to anticipate that the fever of speculation will abate."

"Continuing, the Premier called attention to the very considerable consumption of meat by the troops, declaring that no men were better fed than the British soldiers. The stock of sugar in the hands of the government was sufficient to last for many months, and the price of sugar was now approximately the same as in the United States.

Dealing with the future, Premier Asquith said that Argentine wheat

A HEAP OF "BUNDLE DAY" GIFTS FOR NEW YORK'S POOR AND NOTED SOCIETY WOMEN LEADING CHARITY SCHEME



New York city is making one of the greatest donations to charity in its history. Fifteen hundred wagons are working overtime to collect the hundreds of thousands of bundles of clothing and food contributed by as many individuals and families on the first "bundle day" of the municipal calendar. Some of the drivers reported American flags in front of practically every building in their sections on the first rounds of collection, this being the official signal of the waiting bundles. As fast as they were gathered the bundles were piled up in the headquarters of the Bundle Day Committee, in the various police stations of the five boroughs, school buildings, railroad terminals, theatres and in many privately owned buildings of various kinds set aside for the day as "bundle stations." The response of the public to the call for help for the needy thousands has exceeded the most optimistic hopes of the promoters of the movement. In the accompanying illustration is shown some of the bundles collected for the poor and society women leading in the charity scheme.

NEUTRALITY OF DUTCH WATERS VIOLATED BY GERMAN SUBMARINE?

Muiden, Netherlands, Feb. 11, via London.—The German submarine U-2 yesterday attempted to torpedo the British steamer Laertes, which arrived here today from Java. The vessel escaped by adroit manoeuvres and fast steaming. When attacked the steamer was flying the Dutch flag. The attack on the Laertes was made while the vessel was steaming between the Meuse Lightship and Schoone Bank. The submarine fired several shells which damaged the steamer's funnel, compass and upper decks. As this did not induce the captain to stop, the submarine made an unsuccessful attempt to torpedo the steamship.

The Laertes, when challenged by

soon would be available. Russia would facilitate in every way the export of wheat to the Allies, but it would be some time before her supplies were available. Steps had been taken to get Indian supplies, and there was reason to believe that additional there would be sufficient quantities of wheat available.

Regarding shipping, the Prime Minister said that nine vessels of considerable size, now occupied by prisoners of war, would be released for service, and that the Admiralty would relinquish vessels in its service whenever possible.

"The government," said the Premier, "has been invited to fix maximum prices—what the German government has done with such disastrous results—and to buy up all the available supplies in Europe, but I do not think steps of that kind would facilitate the desired end. The government desires to do everything possible to guard the working classes against hardships. A great war, like the present, must, however, demand sacrifices."

A Bonar Law, the leader of the opposition, who followed Mr. Asquith, said he thought the government might have done a little more than it had, and that it could, especially when it knew that Turkey would enter the war and that the Dardanelles would be closed, have bought up large quantities of wheat.

The government should also have acted earlier, Mr. Bonar Law said, in reducing the high cost of freights. It was common knowledge, he said, that many ships taken by the Admiralty lay idle for weeks and months. If a board of business men were appointed to deal with these ships he was sure that fifty per cent. of them would be released for general trade.

The opposition leader said if the Premier could convince dealers there

the submarine was proceeding without showing her nationality. When asked to stop the vessel flew the Dutch flag, but this did not prevent the Germans, according to the ship's officers, from firing on the steamer and attempting to sink her.

The captain of the Laertes says he flew the Dutch flag in order to save the crew, which consisted of subjects of neutral states, including those of China and Norway.

Dutch Authorities Will Investigate

The Hague, Feb. 11, via London.—The Dutch authorities will make an inquiry into the statement of the German submarine U-2 to torpedo the steamship Laertes, as it is suggested that the attempt was made inside Dutch territorial waters.

Germany would be a plentiful supply of wheat by June he was sure that the price immediately would fall.

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS FRANCE

Paris, Feb. 11.—The following official communication was issued by the War Office tonight:

"The enemy has strongly bombarded Neuport and the banks of the Yser, but has not succeeded in doing any material damage. Our artillery has responded effectively."

"In the Argonne, in the region of Bagatelle, after a violent struggle with lance and bombs, which continued throughout the morning, a German attack was delivered at one o'clock in the afternoon against the earthworks of Marle Therese. It was carried out in line by columns of four along five hundred metres of the front, but was broken down by our artillery and infantry fire. The enemy left on the ground a very great number of dead."

"The Vosges to the south of the Chateau De Lussex, north of the Col De Sainte Marie, we succeeded by a sudden attack in occupying one of the German trenches. On several parts of the front there has been a very spirited artillery engagement."

GERMANY

Berlin, Feb. 11, via London.—At the War Office today the following statement was issued:

"In the western theatre of war, an attack in the Argonne resulted in a gain of ground for us. Six officers, 307 men, two machine guns and six small cannon were captured. In the Central and Southern Vosges we also gained a few small local successes."

"Eastern theatre: On the East Prussian frontier engagements were continued yesterday with results which were altogether satisfactory to us, although the deep snow hindered the movements of our troops. The result of these engagements cannot yet be seen."

"In the Polish theatre, on the right bank of the Vistula, an advance brought us into the district northwest of Siemierz, through which our opponents were repulsed. One hundred prisoners were taken."

"On the left bank of the Vistula there were no special incidents."

AUSTRIA

Vienna, via London, Feb. 11.—The following official statement was issued today:

"In Russian Poland and West Galicia, with the exception of artillery engagements, nothing new has occurred. In the sector west of the Ussok Pass, Russian attacks and some partial advances were repulsed, with heavy losses to the enemy. In the wooded mountains and in Bukovina we have made advances. Several hundred prisoners and some machine guns were captured."

STATES WILL DEMAND STRICT ACCOUNTING

If American ships or passengers are injured by German naval attacks.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Publication by the state department tonight of the text of the notes sent yesterday to Great Britain and Germany, respectively, revealed that both countries had been warned in most emphatic terms against menacing the vessels or lives of American citizens traversing the recently proclaimed sea zones of war.

Germany was advised that the United States "would be constrained to hold the Imperial German government to a strict accountability" for such acts of its naval authorities as might result in the destruction of American vessels or the loss of American lives, and that if "such a deplorable situation should arise," the American government would "take any steps it might be necessary to take to safeguard American lives and property."

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EAT CABBAGE, FISH, SAUSAGE, NEW BREAD

"Pape's Diapepsin" digests food when stomach can't—Cures indigestion.

Do some foods you eat hit back—taste good, but work badly; ferment into stubborn lumps and cause a sick, sour, gassy stomach? Now, Mr. or Mrs. Dyspeptic, let this down: Pape's Diapepsin digests everything, leaving nothing to sour and upset you. There never was anything so safely quick, so certainly effective. No difference how badly your stomach is disordered you will get happy relief in five minutes, but what pleases you most is that it strengthens and regulates your stomach so you can eat your favorite foods without fear.

Most remedies give you relief sometimes—they are slow, but not sure. "Pape's Diapepsin" is quick, positive and puts your stomach in a healthy condition so the misery won't come back.

You feel different as soon as "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach—distress just vanishes—your stomach gets sweet, no gases, no belching, no eructations of undigested food, your head clears and you feel fine.

Go now, make the best investment you ever made, by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder.

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Painless Dentistry!

We extract teeth free of pain.

Only 25c.

We do all kind of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation.

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS,
527 Main St.—345 Union St.
Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor.
Tel. Main 633.
Open nine a.m. until nine p.m.

GOOD COAL

Means more fires and better fires to the ton. You will find it worth while to

Order It From

CONSUMERS COAL CO. LIMITED

331 CHARLOTTE STREET
TELEPHONE: MAIN 2670

STANDARD, FEBRUARY 12, 1915.

CHOICE

Carleton Co. Hay, Manitoba White Oats

All kinds of Mill Feeds

At lowest possible prices.

A. C. SMITH & CO.,

9 Union Street, West St. John, Telephone West 7-11 and West 81

C. L. L. with bronchitis, at No. 9 Canadian General Hospital, Rouen. Next of kin, Mrs. L. McCullough, 424 Beverley street, Winnipeg.

Wounded Slightly

Jan. 21—Private W. South, P. P., C. L. I. Next of kin, Sarah South, 30 Fuller Avenue, Toronto, Ont.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—One casualty is announced by militia headquarters today:

Death

Feb. 10—Gunner George Rupert Hunter, Third Artillery Brigade, from pneumonia, at No. 1 Canadian General Hospital, Netheravon. Next of kin, Richard W. Hunter, 418 Gilmour street, Ottawa.

London, Feb. 10.—Arrangements are being made to establish a regular steamship service between Spain and Canada. A communication representing Spain recently visited the Dominion to look into the opportunities for an exchange of products.

TICKETS ON SALE TODAY FOR "THE MISFIT HERO"

The regular public sale of tickets for the big Red Cross Benefit at the Opera House, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights of next week, opens at the Opera House ticket office this morning at 10 o'clock. Monday night is Governor's night; Tuesday, Red Cross night; Wednesday, Military night.

THE CASUALTY LIST

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—The following casualties among the Canadian Expeditionary Force are announced by the Militia Department tonight:

Seriously Ill

Private Richard McCullough, P. P.

GILLETTS

EATS LYE DIRT
CLEANS-DISINFECTS