## CANADIAN CIVICS

succeeds the father. This kind of government is called "monarchical," and Great Britain may be cited as an example. The other kind of government is the "republican." where the head, often known as the "president," is chosen from the general body of the people by the citizens themselves, or by persons directly representing them. This is the form existing in the United States and France. It is worthy of note that often men who are born poor and in a humble position rise to be presidents of the republics.

The better division, however, is into the two classes, "despotic" and "popular." In a despotic government, the ruler and a small group of men associated with him carry on the business of the nation without consulting the wishes of the people, while in a popular government, the rulers, whoever they may be, must govern as the people wish. The government of Great Britain is monarchical and popular, while that of the United States is republican and popular. There are not many purely despotic governments now in the world, but some of the monarchical

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