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# The Toronto World

FOURTEEN PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING MAY 17, 1911—FOURTEEN PAGES

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VOL. XXXI.—No. 11,226

## LLOYD-GEORGE REFUSES TO PAY BRITISH MEMBERS

**Budget Speech Announces Salary of \$2000 a Year for Members of House of Commons—Coronation Will Cost Treasury \$1,500,000—Increase in Expenditure \$38,750,000.**

### NATIONAL DEBT REDUCED \$350,000,000 IN 3 YEARS

LONDON, May 16.—Chancellor Lloyd-George presented the budget in the house of commons to-day. About the only novelty it contains is a proposal to pay members of the house of commons a salary of \$2000 a year. The chancellor declined to give members traveling allowances or pensions and excluded from the salary benefit all ministers already drawing salaries.

The chancellor's realized surplus, including payments delayed in 1909-10 by the action of the lords in throwing out the budget of that year, totaled \$28,025,000, of which he proposes to donate \$7,500,000 to the support of sanitariums for consumptives. His estimated expenditure for the current year is \$906,170,000, which is \$37,750,000 more than last year.

The chancellor's estimated revenue for the current year is \$908,580,000. There is no fresh taxation provided. Of the increased expenditure of \$38,750,000 over that of last year's budget the navy, civil service and old age pensions account for most of this enhancement. The payment of members of the house of commons will absorb a further sum of \$1,500,000, while the coronation will add another \$1,500,000 to the demands of the treasury.

**Reducing National Debt.**  
Mr. Lloyd-George claimed that the British fiscal system had passed through an exceptional strain with added lustre. During his three years' tenure of office, the chancellor declared, he had paid off \$130,000,000 of the national debt, while it has been reduced \$350,000,000 since the Liberals had assumed power. The chancellor said he had reached the conclusion that the prospects of a continuance of good trade were excellent, as the trade barometer stood set "fair." Of the estimated revenue of \$908,580,000 the big items are the customs and excise duties, which are expected to bring in \$438,000,000, death duties of \$125,750,000, income tax and super-tax of \$221,500,000 and the postoffice revenue of \$123,700,000.

The chancellor, as was anticipated, announced the revision of the cocoa support duties, from which the protective effect is removed. This involves the small loss of \$25,000,000.

The opposition criticism on the budget centered in the provision for the payment of members of the house of commons, to which Austen Chamberlain declared he was unalterably opposed, as it would deprive members of the British house of the unique distinction of serving without pay. He predicted that it would flood the house with money-grubbing politicians seeking an easy livelihood.

A. J. Balfour, the opposition leader, obtained the promise of the government that an opportunity would be afforded later to debate the question fully.

**Veto Bill in House of Lords.**  
The bill was introduced in the house of lords to-day and formally passed its first reading.

## TENTATIVE DRAFT MADE OF ARBITRATION TREATY

Will Probably Be Submitted To-day For Transmission to the British Foreign Office.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The proposed treaty of arbitration between the United States and Great Britain has at last reached the stage where it is to be presented to the British government for its approval.

Ambassador Bryce of Great Britain, before the cabinet met to-day, had a half-hour conference with President Taft, during which certain points in the treaty were thoroughly discussed. This was the first conference which these two advocates of permanent peace have had since the president announced his intention of negotiating with Great Britain for such a treaty.

State department officials have been constantly at work upon the treaty, and to-day Secretary Knox presented to the cabinet for its approval a tentative draft. Apparently it was most satisfactory to the president and his official family as a whole.

Secretary Knox, after the cabinet meeting, announced that the tentative draft probably would be submitted to-morrow to Ambassador Bryce for transmission to the British foreign office.

Exchange of dates between the two nations will follow. When the draft is accepted by both countries, the treaty will be signed and submitted to the U.S. Senate for approval and ratification.

**Domestic Arrested.**  
Employed by Mrs. Charles Dunning, 251 East Gerrard-street, was arrested last night by Detectives Leavitt and Wicks, charged with theft of clothing.

## PEACE IN SIGHT FOR WAR-TORN MEXICO



RT. HON. DAVID LLOYD-GEORGE.

## PEACE IN SIGHT FOR WAR-TORN MEXICO

**Diaz to Resign in Two or Three Months—Armistice Within Twenty-Four Hours—Government Concedes Demand of Insurrectos for Share in Cabinet.**

JUAREZ, May 16.—Peace, the fervent hope of Mexico, now torn by rebellion, to-night seems almost an accomplished fact to those who are negotiating a settlement of the revolt. Judge Carballo, the federal peace envoy, has announced that barring the unforeseen, a general armistice will be declared within twenty-four hours. Provisional President Madero has said mutually acceptable propositions have at last been reached and peace is assured.

The formal signing of a peace agreement will probably take place here within the next two days. President Diaz probably will resign within two or three months, at any rate when peace shall be restored.

Two principal questions have all been agreed on, namely the number of cabinet members and governors to be allowed the insurgents and the other conditions have for some time been tacitly determined by both sides. Now it will be merely a matter of technical detail to draft the peace terms formally and to arrange a modus operandi for the discharge of their provisions.

**Cabinet Rearrangement.**  
Up to to-night the government acceded to the insurgent demand for three cabinet portfolios, namely, those of war, justice, and gubernation, and word was awaited from Mexico City as to the exact number of governorships to be allowed the rebels. Last night the government offered ten. On other occasions the government is believed to have been inclined to give 14. There is little doubt that 14 will be the final number.

The cabinet portfolios, it is said, probably will be filled as follows:  
Minister of war—Gen. Gonzalez Sales.  
Minister of justice—Senor Vasquez Tagle.  
Minister of gubernation—Dr. Francisco Vasquez Gomez.

The minor conditions of peace include the pensioning of soldiers, the payment of indemnities out of the public treasury and arrangements for the reconstruction and repair of public utilities.

**HOUSE OF INDUSTRY OFFICERS.**  
Henry O'Hara was elected chairman at the meeting of the House of Industry yesterday. Mr. Henry O'Hara, chairman; Mr. Arch. MacMurphy, honorary secretary; Mr. Charles Stark, associate secretary; Mr. J. H. Paterson, treasurer.

Treasurer's report shows a balance overdrawn \$749.84.

**Heather Club Pavilion.**  
The Heather Club Pavilion for tubercular children at the Lakeside Home on the island, was opened yesterday. There are five children under the charge of Miss Fellewa.

## A COVETOUS EYE



MR. TAFT: I'd like to cut the band and grab that Canada gem.

## DOUGHT TO BE CAREFUL IN SELECTING IMMIGRANTS

London Slowly Becoming Decadent, Prof. Wright Tells the Royal Society.

OTTAWA, May 16.—At the evening session of the Royal Society of Canada, Prof. Ramsay Wright delivered the presidential address on "The Progress of Biology."

## MILL BURNED

Property of Rhodes-Curry Company at Little Forks, N. S., Destroyed.

AMHERST, N.S., May 16.—The valuable mill owned by the Rhodes-Curry Company at Little Forks, N.S., was destroyed by fire to-day.

## From Hongkong to Coronation.

Captain G. Wood, E. H. Bradley and S. H. Dutton, C.E., have arrived in the city from Hongkong, and are staying at the King Edward. Mr. Dutton and his friends, Captain Wood and E. H. Bradley, a Hongkong merchant, are on their way to the coronation.

## Hail to the Inspector.

Chief Inspector James studies yesterday entered on his 35th year as public school inspector in the City of Toronto. He has come to be considered a fixture in the position, and there is a feeling on the part of many that it will be an evil day for Toronto's educational affairs when he steps out of the position.

**May Lose an Eye.**  
Joseph Talbott, 66 Parliament-street, was struck in the eye by a flying splinter while at work at a Rosedale sawmill yesterday morning. He was taken to his home, but was removed to Hospital in the police ambulance at 8 o'clock last night. It is feared that he will lose the sight of his eye.

## REV. S. H. GRAY COMING TO OLD ST. ANDREW'S

Hamilton Presbytery Suggests Call—Induction Will Take Place Next Week.

Rev. S. Harper Gray of Knox Church, Dundas, will be inducted as pastor of Old St. Andrew's Church, Jarvis-street, on Thursday evening, May 25, at 8 o'clock.

Complete arrangements for the ceremony have yet to be made by the Toronto Presbytery, but it is understood that Rev. James Murray of Eskine Church will probably be the inducting minister.

## WILL WAS WRITTEN WITH A BURNT TWIG

Diary of Inspector Fitzgerald, Who With Three Others Died of Starvation, Received at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, May 16.—A pathetic tale of suffering, borne with fortitude and patience, culminating in the death from starvation in the northern wilds, of Inspector Fitzgerald and three other members of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police force, was received by Col. William White, comptroller, in the form of a report from Corporal Dempster of Dawson, Yukon, who was sent out to investigate the tragedy.

## ANOTHER 'NE TEMERE' PROTEST

VANCOUVER, May 16.—The Methodist Conference this morning passed a strong resolution affirming the resolution passed by the general conference of the church against the Ne Temere decree of the Pope. It was decided that the provincial governments be approached on the question and the conference further concluded to appoint a delegate to join the denominational deputation to go to Ottawa to protest against the papal decree.

## AT HIS OLD TRICKS.

WOODSTOCK, May 16.—Six months ago John Laird was sentenced in the Woodstock police court to six months in the Central Prison. He had been begging around this city and become abusive when refused assistance. Laird came back to town yesterday and started in to pursue the same offensive tactics, with the result that he again fell into the hands of the police. As the offence was repeated, so was the sentence. Laird was given another six months for begging and intimidating people.

## SCORE ARE HOMELESS IN FIRE AT PEEL, N.B.

Some Twenty Buildings Reduced to Ashes—Loss Estimated at \$25,000.

PEEL, N.B., May 16.—With the wind blowing a hurricane and everything dry as a tinder from the prolonged drought, a fire caught on the roof of the house to-day, owned by Herbert Clark, and occupied by himself and Howard Boyd, and after an hour's hard fighting some twenty buildings are in ashes, a score are homeless and a score are without food.

The buildings owned by Mr. Ross were saved with difficulty by a large barn owned by Manzer Clark, which burned with its contents. His house was also damaged to the extent of about \$2500.

Aldrich Hatfield lost his house and everything he owned, entailing a loss of about \$1500.

The fire leaped from these buildings to the McInnis house, occupied by John and Mary McInnis, and there it took hold. Some furniture was saved. The fire raged back and caught in the new farm building owned by Thos. McRae's new farm building, three barns, machinery and furniture were burned. The loss is \$5000 worth of \$8000 insured.

Clark's Craig had \$50,000 worth stored at the Canadian Pacific tracks, which were wiped out with no insurance. Mr. Craig was called from this fire to one at Charleston, where his mill is threatened.

Many other buildings were endangered in the conflagration, but the fire was brought under control and the quarter and the fire was soon stopped.

## DIARY OF INSPECTOR FITZGERALD, WHO WITH THREE OTHERS DIED OF STARVATION, RECEIVED AT OTTAWA.

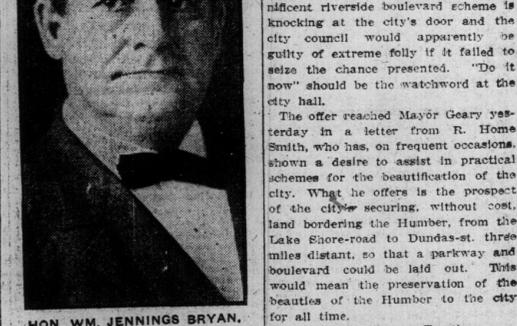
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## Boulevard Along Humber From Lake to Dundas St.

Gift of Property to be Made City  
Splendid Opportunity for Parkway System Worthy of Toronto's Size Presented by R. Home Smith's Offer—City is Likely to Annex Territory on West Bank of Humber.



HON. WM. JENNINGS BRYAN.

## W. J. BRYAN AS FAITH'S APOSTLE

Versatile Politician Addresses Large Audience in Massey Hall on Beauties of Orthodox Religion.

One who heard William Jennings Bryan lecture at Massey Hall last night and had known him as a presidential candidate would not have been sure that the same man who said "You cannot crucify the nation on a cross of gold" was talking about the "Beauties of Peace, or yet that the writer of those letters in The New York Sun some years ago, declaring that British government in India was a failure, as being among the impressions of a globe-girdling tour taken at the time, would state that he would rather speak on religion than politics.

Changed somewhat from the man who has held himself in the public eye for over 14 years, the Bryan of to-day is not the Bryan of a decade ago. The man has changed as his platform changed, and one who thinks of him as the champion of "bi-metallism" cannot accept him in the role of a lecturer. The man is more of an actor, simulating the style of an evangelical parson, and for that purpose he had sufficient support from the high-walcoated gentry who thronged the platform.

**Upholder of Christianity.**  
"The Prince of Peace," which was delivered in Convocation Hall about two years ago, is more of a sermon than a lecture, and a laudation of the Christian idea than a logical exposition of a great religious principle. One could not help feeling that many of the comparisons were more trite than apposite, and that there was an appeal to the sentiment of a "strapped audience." The hall was well filled, there being few vacant seats in any part.

In the opening portion of his address Bryan laid down the principle that in politics and life there was more necessity for religion than government. He defined religion in the words of Tolstoy as the "relation which exists between man and his God, and morally as the outward manifestation of this inward relation," adding that no religion was ever founded upon a system of morals, which was based solely upon reason.

"The man who tries to keep a book account of what good he does never does enough good to pay for the price of the book," he said.

**Religion Dominates.**  
Every other theory assumed that character rested upon morals and morals in turn rested upon religion. If morals rested upon the relation that man fixes between himself and his God, then religion was the most practical thing with which a human being had to deal. The man who endeavored to adjust his life according to the opinions of those about him was sure to be guided by that standard and might even, if occasion warranted it, sink below it.

**Genesis Cleared Doubts.**  
In himself, Mr. Bryan said when he had his doubts he went to the first chapter of Genesis, which said: "In the beginning God created a heaven and an earth." And he resolved to stand there until He found something that went back to the beginning. Every other theory assumed that something existed while the Christian theory began with God.

The speaker provoked some laughter by remarking that he did not believe in the Darwinian theory of evolution from lower forms, but if any man wanted to trace his ancestry to a monkey would he be the last one to deprive him of the satisfaction. "I have just as much right to select my ancestry as he has to select his," he said.

**AT THE SPRING RACE MEET.**  
Only a couple of days now and baseball will be temporarily the base-ground for some of us. The race meet is the big social event of the early year. It brings out the summer gowns and the swaggy costumes of the men. With men the new hat is a big item; the new silk or the stiff felt derby or the light felt Alpine. The Dineen Company is your hatter for the races because it alone handles in Canada the celebrated hats made by Henry Heath of London, England, who makes hats for His Majesty the King. Dineen is also Canadian Agent for Dunlop of New York.

Continued on Page 7, Col. 1.

Continued on Page 9, Column 1.