

BRITISH EXPEDITIONARY FORCE IN THICK OF BATTLE

SAYS GERMANS WELL EQUIPPED

Troops Being Rushed Thru Brussels—Artillery Hurred South.

COLORS TAKEN DOWN

Englishman Counted Guns—Soldiers Make Merry in Evenings.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World. LONDON, Aug. 24, 2:15 a.m.—A despatch to The Daily Telegraph from Ostend says: "An Englishman who succeeded in getting out of Brussels today (probably Sunday) makes the following statement regarding conditions there: "German troops are being rushed southward thru Brussels as rapidly as possible. The general estimate was that 200,000 had passed thru during the 48 hours following the occupation of the city. The German troops are finely equipped and capable of making a long and hard day's march. Some of their officers whom I met in the cafes told me that their companies were making from 30 to 40 miles a day.

Equipment Wonderful. "The equipment of all the German forces is wonderful. Every detail is perfect. I noticed that of the thousands of carts which passed thru Brussels had been requisitioned, but all were built for military service and bore the government mark. All their horses are equipped with an extra set of shoes, which hang from the stirrups. "At Waterloo I saw a part of their artillery being hurried southward toward Mons. I counted 230 guns. The Germans made an interesting change in respect of the colors which had flown from the town hall and flag poles. Previous to the occupation the Belgian flag was in the centre with a French tri-color on the right and the British flag on the left. When the Germans entered they removed the British and French flags, and in the centre they flew the arms of the city of Brussels with the colors of Belgium and Germany on the right and left.

Bourse a Dormitory. "The bourse and general postoffice have been turned into dormitories for the troops. None of the regular barracks have been utilized for this purpose, the Germans evidently fearing that they had been mined by the Belgians.

"In their dealings with the shopkeepers the German privateers are compelled to pay cash, but the officers are given cheques which the shopkeepers are required to accept, altho they regard the chance of cashing the same very dubious.

"There have been some lively scenes in the city. At evening the German officers gather at the principal hotels where they drink champagne and dance with the pretty girls of the town. The private soldiers and the inhabitants are on quite good terms. They mingle freely, eating, drinking and smoking together in the cafes and on the terraces.

"No newspapers have been permitted to publish since the German occupation, except one journal, which printed a single issue with the announcement of the capture of the city and a few official proclamations."

THREE TOWNS OCCUPIED.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—An official announcement made this afternoon says that Lunéville, Amance and Dieulouard in the department of Meurthe and Moselle, have been occupied by the Germans.

The French frontier otherwise has not been modified.

GERMAN BIPLANE TAKEN.

BELFORT, France, Aug. 24.—A German biplane captured at Cernay has been added to the 22 guns and other trophies to be placed at the foot of the Alsace monument.

KINGSTON'S OLD GUARD.

KINGSTON, August 24.—Kingston's Old Guard are ready for duty. Thirty citizens who were entirely in the fifties and sixties have volunteered for home service.

(Advertisement.)

Stomach Troubles

Due to Acidity

SO SAYS EMINENT SPECIALIST.
So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, wind and flatulence, are in probability the cases out of ten simply evidence that fermentation is taking place in the food contents of the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acids. Wind distends the stomach and causes that full, oppressive feeling sometimes known as heartburn, while the acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble entirely in the fermentation food. Such fermentation is unnatural, and acid formation is not only unnatural, but may involve most serious consequences if not prevented. To stop or prevent fermentation of the food contents of the stomach and to neutralize the acid, and render it bland and harmless, a teaspoonful of bisulphate of magnesia, probably the best and most effective corrector of acid stomach known, should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water immediately after eating, whenever wind or acidity is felt. This stops the fermentation and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments. Fermentation, wind and acidity are dangerous and unnecessary. Stop or prevent them by the use of a proper antacid, such as bisulphate of magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist, and thus enable the stomach to do its work properly without being hindered by poisonous gas and dangerous acids.
M. F. P.

ADMITTED SINKING

OF AUSTRIAN SHIP

Surviving Officers and Crew

Reach Montenegrin Territory in Safety.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, August 24.—The correspondent at Amsterdam of the Reuter Telegram Company forwards an official communication, given out at Vienna, which says: "According to a telegram from Cetinje, fourteen officers and 170 of the crew, including fifty wounded of the Austrian cruiser Zenta, which is reported to have been sunk by a French fleet have reached Montenegrin territory."

All other reports, the Vienna statement says, of the losses sustained by the Austrian navy in the Adriatic are without foundation.

BELGIUM IS FILLED

WITH GERMAN ARMY

Right Flank Moves Southwest

in Direction of Lille and

Attacks Namur.

Canadian Press Despatch. ROTTERDAM, August 24 (via London, 12 noon).—According to the best information obtainable here the disposition of the German forces in Belgium is broadly as follows:

The right flank, occupying the entire territory immediately south of Antwerp, is moving southwest in the direction of Lille. A second force is moving on Maubeuge, 50 miles southwest of Lille in the department of Nord, and a third occupied with the reduction of the Namur forts, which consist of nine defences of steel and concrete surrounding the city. It is estimated that these three columns together comprise nearly a quarter of a million men.

The main northern German army is advancing slowly with the front extending from Givet, France, to Dieulouard in Lorraine. The French defences on the left of the Rhine are thought to be the objective of this army, which is believed to number 300,000 men.

The main body to the south is directing its efforts upon the Verdun-Nancy line of defence, and now occupies Strasbourg.

Travelers returning here from Germany say that troop movements in the western part of the empire have been considerably lessened, and that the mobilization evidently has been achieved. The railroads are now principally occupied with the transport of munitions of war. Most of these are passing thru Düsseldorf, Coblenz, Mainz and Rastatt.

"In their dealings with the shopkeepers the German privateers are compelled to pay cash, but the officers are given cheques which the shopkeepers are required to accept, altho they regard the chance of cashing the same very dubious.

"There have been some lively scenes in the city. At evening the German officers gather at the principal hotels where they drink champagne and dance with the pretty girls of the town. The private soldiers and the inhabitants are on quite good terms. They mingle freely, eating, drinking and smoking together in the cafes and on the terraces.

"No newspapers have been permitted to publish since the German occupation, except one journal, which printed a single issue with the announcement of the capture of the city and a few official proclamations."

EXPECT MORE AID

FROM DOMINIONS

Canada and Australia Able to

Give More Men and

Money.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 24.—The English papers are warning the people that the war is only beginning, and that they must be prepared for a long struggle, which will tax the resources and manhood of the nation to the utmost limit. While appreciating all that the colonies have done, they expect colonies with the population of Canada and Australia to contribute much more in men and money to the empire than they have yet done.

POLAND GETS HOME RULE

GOVERNMENT IS SET UP

German Ambassador to U.S. Reports That Russian Authorities Have Withdrawn.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Count Johann Von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, here today from Rotterdam that his government had been informed that Russian civil and military authorities had withdrawn from Poland and that the Poles had set up an independent government, with Warsaw as its capital.

Count Von Bernstorff left Berlin on August 11. At that time he said the German Government had reported that not a Russian soldier had been left in Poland.

ARMED GERMAN LINER

SEARCHED BRITISH SHIP

Two Cape Colonists Taken Prisoners

and Wireless Apparatus Was Wrecked.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 24.—(12.30 p.m.)—The correspondent at Madrid of the Reuter Telegram Company transmits a despatch from Las Palmas, Canary Islands, dated Aug. 19 which says that the British steamer Galician, from South Africa, was stopped by the armed German liner Kaiser Wilhelm. Officers of the liner boarded the Galician and took off two Cape Colonists as prisoners. They then put the Galician's wireless apparatus out of order, after which she was authorized to proceed.

ON INTELLIGENCE STAFF.

KINGSTON, August 24.—Captain L. F. Guttman of the 14th Regiment, who left Saturday for Valcartier is to be given an appointment on the intelligence staff of the Canadian contingent. He is well acquainted with European countries and is a native of England. He is a professor at Queen's University School of Mining.

REFUGEES LEAVE

OSTEND IN PANIC

Port Crowded With People—

Cry of "Prussians Are Coming," Terrifying.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World. LONDON, Aug. 24.—A despatch from Ostend says that the port is crowded with 7000 refugees, the majority of whom are destitute. Barracks and other public buildings have been turned over to the refugees for sleeping quarters.

There is a report in Ostend, believed to be reliable, according to The Daily Chronicle's despatch, that a German aeroplane caught fire near Brussels and two officers in it were burned to death.

The correspondent says that the harbor at Ostend has been cleared of shipping so that it may not fall into the hands of the Germans.

Coming All Day.

The News of the World has this despatch from Ostend: "All day a vast crowd of refugees from Ghent and Brussels, fleeing before the advance of the Germans, has been coming into Ostend in carriages, automobiles and on foot. Stories told by those about the fighting in battle were a pitiable plight, gave rise to the report that a German entry into Ostend is imminent."

The despatch says everyone who could get away has left Ostend and that those remaining in the seaport are in panic, which is increased by the constant repetition of the cry that the "Prussians are coming." It adds that 7000 wounded have been removed from Bruges to Calais.

GERMAN FORCE

IS IRRESISTIBLE

British Public Warned Not to

Expect Too Much in First

Clash.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, August 24.—So fierce is the German onslaught along the line held by the allied armies that the war office refuses to permit any details about the fighting to be made public.

The British public was again warned today that it must not expect too much from the allies in their first clash with the ponderous German machine. Military experts have insisted that it will be an almost impossible task to hold the present advanced lines, and today they remind the public that if the allies fall back to their secondary line along the French fortifications it will be purely a strategic movement and not an admission of defeat.

REPORTS ARE RENEWED OF

CROWN PRINCE'S DEATH

Latest of Series of Stories Regarding

Accidents to Heir of

Throne.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, August 24.—Refugees coming from Germany state according to The Evening Standard, that reports persist that Crown Prince Frederick William is dead.

This is the latest of a series of reports representing that the heir to the throne had been stabbed by a Socialist, had been wounded in battle, and other stories of a similar character.

GERMAN OFFICER IMPRISONED.

KINGSTON, August 24.—J. H. Berger, an ex-German officer, was taken here from Windsor and is now a prisoner at Fort Henry. He is a member of the 14th Regiment. Word has been received at military headquarters here that all German and Austrian spies in Ontario will be brought to Kingston and placed in Fort Henry.

SHIP MANY CATTLE

ACROSS BORDER

Frontenac County Selling Off

Live Stock to New York

State.

Special to The Toronto World. KINGSTON, Aug. 24.—Frontenac County is making large shipments of cattle to New York State. In the last ten days cattle worth \$15,000 have crossed the line.

FRIEND SAYS GARROS

IS ALIVE AND WELL

Did Not Smash Zeppelin Airship as

Was Reported.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 24.—According to a newspaper published in the Netherlands, a friend of Roland Garros says that Garros is alive and well and that he did not smash a Zeppelin airship, as had been reported.

SPIES SECRETED KNIVES.

KINGSTON, August 24.—A scare was created at Fort Henry today when it was found that two of the German spies incarcerated there had concealed a couple of knives on their persons, which had been given to them to eat their meals. They were confiscated by a guard.

FIND HORSE OF CONVICT.

KINGSTON, August 24.—The horse used by the Austrian convict, who made his escape from the penitentiary, was found tied to a tree in Ferguson's Bush, ten miles from Kingston this afternoon. There is no trace of the convict.

Broke German Entanglements

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 24.

An energetic advance against the

eastern frontier of Prussia is

now being made, it is reported,

by the Russian northern army,

which is now fully concentrated

in the main centres of the east

Prussian strategic railways.

The infantry, whose steadiness had much to do with the army's success, broke thru the German wire entanglements as they were threatened.

RUSSIANS WIN THE

FIRST BIG BATTLE

Gain Complete Victory After

Six Days' Desperate

Fighting.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 24.—A despatch to The Daily Mail from St. Petersburg, sent under the name of a Russian, says that a battle in the East Prussian theatre of operations has been fought and won by the Russians, who gained a complete victory after six days of desperate fighting. The correspondent continues:

"The battle front extended nearly 30 miles on both sides of the main railway line running from Bydtkuhnen, a town on the Russian border, westward. The fighting began Thursday when the Russians attacked the German front division, which had several successful assaults on Bydtkuhnen. The forces on both sides were gradually increased, the Germans finally having three army corps engaged. One army corps had been hurriedly called from Luck."

Brave and Stubborn. "Fierce fighting took place at Gumbinen on Thursday, when the Germans attempted to break the Russian right flank. The attack here was conducted with the utmost vigor, the attempt was frustrated by the bravery and stubbornness of the Russian troops on this wing. The Russians took the opportunity offered by the concentration of the Germans to the northward, to direct a vigorous assault on their centre whereby they captured many prisoners."

"On Friday the Russian left wing pressed onward and toward evening drove the enemy out of their positions. The Germans then asked for an armistice, that they might carry away their dead and wounded. This was refused."

Germans Retreated. "Yesterday the battle was decided. The Germans hastily retreated, pursued by the Russians. The enemy's losses were very heavy. The Russians captured Alras and Goldap. Reports that the Russians have occupied Insterburg seem to be official."

"The army corps in the east are the First at Königsberg, the Fifth at the Posen, the Sixth at Breslau, the Seventeenth at Danzig and the Twentieth at Allenstein. Besides these there are ten Landwehr divisions and twenty Landwehr brigades, totalling 320 guns. The total German force in the east, not counting the Landwehr, is about half a million men with 1100 field guns and howitzers and a large number of siege guns."

The action was taken because the Tuckerton station never has been licensed as is required in the radio laws. It began operating last May but the experimental stage, and lately has been the only direct means of communication between the United States and Germany.

The wireless station at Sayville, Long Island, is licensed, and now under censorship. Whether the government would license the Tuckerton station, now that war has broken out, raises a different question.

GERMAN THREATS

AGAINST BELGIUM

Berlin Paper Also Declares

Great Britain Will Pay

Dearly.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 24.—The London newspaper Tagliche Rundschau as declaring that Belgium, bitterly will rue the day she dares to oppose her German neighbor. Great Britain, the German newspaper also says, will pay dearly for her interference in this war against the German navy base on the coast of Belgium.

The Pan-American organs declare that the portions of Belgium now overrun by the German army will be permanently incorporated in the German empire.

How to Destroy

the Dandruff Germ

BY A SPECIALIST.

That the dandruff germ is responsible for nearly all the diseases to which the scalp is heir, as well as for baldness and premature gray hair, is a well-known fact, but when we realize that it is also indirectly responsible for many other diseases, we will appreciate the importance of any agent that will destroy its power. We are therefore particularly pleased to give herewith the prescription which an eminent dermatologist has found, after repeated tests, to completely destroy the dandruff germ in from one to three applications. It will also almost immediately stop falling hair, and it has in numerous cases produced a new hair growth after years of partial baldness. This prescription can be made up at home, or any druggist will put it up for you: 8 ounces Bay Rum, 2 ounces Lavender Compound, 1/2 drachm Menthol Crystals. Mix thoroughly, and after standing one hour it is ready for use. Apply night and morning, rubbing into the scalp with the finger tips. If you wish it perfumed, add one drachm of your favorite perfume. While this preparation is not a dye, it is unequalled for restoring gray hair to its original color.

GERMAN ECONOMIC CRISIS IS GRAVE

Dutch Papers Say Crowds Call for Bread and Foodstuffs.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The Frankfurter Zeitung, a copy of which has been received here, declares that the German economic crisis is becoming very grave. At Karlsruhe the price of tea has gone up 50 per cent. The municipal council at Karlsruhe will take steps to regulate the price of foodstuffs.

Baron Von Schoen, who was German ambassador at Paris when war was declared, has been placed in charge of the Prussian legation at Munich, in the absence of Herr Von Frueliger, who has been called to the emperor's headquarters.

The Frankfurter Zeitung is violent in its denunciation of the German economic crisis. The crowd, according to the despatch, called for bread and foodstuffs.

Dutch papers publish a telegram from Berlin stating that an important manifestation took place before the imperial palace on account of the economic crisis. The crowd, according to the despatch, called for bread and foodstuffs.

WILL SHOOT THOSE

WHO INTERFERE

Warning is Issued to Inhabitants of Basle is

Drastic.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—A correspondent at Basle telegraphs that a notice has been issued by the German prefect of Upper Alsace, warning the citizens of the order of the commanding general, that if the inhabitants take part in the fight against Germany they will be shot, their local burgomasters also will be shot and the localities will be demolished.

The troops have orders to shoot anyone who hides Frenchmen. Access to the battlefields is strictly forbidden except to persons bearing a permit from the local burgomaster. Any one pillaging bodies will also be shot.

WIRELESS STATION

CONTRARY TO LAW

German Post at Tuckerton

May Be Closed by U.S. Government.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—After a conference with Secretary of the Navy Daniels today, Secretary of Commerce Redfield notified the German owner of the wireless station at Tuckerton, N. J., that it is operating in violation of law.

The action was taken because the Tuckerton station never has been licensed as is required in the radio laws. It began operating last May but the experimental stage, and lately has been the only direct means of communication between the United States and Germany.

The wireless station at Sayville, Long Island, is licensed, and now under censorship. Whether the government would license the Tuckerton station, now that war has broken out, raises a different question.

FRENCH AND AUSTRIANS

TO FIGHT IN ADRIATIC?

Austrian Fleet of Forty Warships

Reported on Way to

Cattaro.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 24.—A despatch to the Central News from Rome says that the Austrian fleet of about forty units is proceeding northwards from Pola, the Austrian naval base. Their objective is thought to be Cattaro, in Dalmatia.

According to recent reports a French fleet is cruising in the Adriatic.

REFUGEE AT MANILA.

MANILA, Aug. 24.—The North German Lloyd Line steamer Princess Alice, which left here Aug. 14, for an unknown destination, but put in at Zamboanga. There is a rumor that she has been damaged by a British cruiser, but this lacks confirmation. The steamer is believed to carry a large amount of specie.

CLAIM DECISIVE VICTORY FOR CROWN PRINCE'S ARMY

German Embassy at New York

Hears of Win Over French.

Canadian Press Despatch. WASHINGTON, August 24.—The German Embassy today received the following message from the foreign office in Berlin:

"The army of the German Crown Prince has won a decisive victory northwest of Ridenhoshan over five French Army Corps. The retreat of the southern French wing on Verdun has been out of the French troops has been repulsed across the River Meuse in complete rout. The crown prince's army giving chase, took many prisoners, and it is declared the French troops are no longer able to face the terrific fire of the German infantry."

BRISK RECRUITING

ON IN BRITAIN

Regulars Are Being Poured

Into France to Stem German Advance.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, August 24.—The work of preparing further troops for foreign service is being rushed with great speed.

At the concentration camps, supplies are being got in readiness for transport and the transports which are in dock from the first expedition are being refitted for a second move.

High military authorities make no secret of the great necessity of reinforcing the French now in the field. They say the German advance must be held at any cost until the armies of the czar have struck all along the Austrian-German line.

So Kitchener is rushing his raw troops thru the necessary instruction, while he is draining the British Isles of all available regulars of every branch.

ITALY PUTS FORCE

CLOSE TO AUSTRIA

Troops Concentrate on Frontier—

Italian Army Considerably

Increased.

Canadian Press Despatch. GENEVA, August 24 (via Paris, August 24, 4:15 p.m., delayed in transmission).—Italian troops, according to the most reliable information reaching here, are concentrating on the Austrian frontier.

The French frontier on Switzerland has been virtually stripped of its garrisons, owing to partial mobilization by individual summons and not by public order.

According to reports in Geneva, the Italian army has been raised to 30