smitod at, wur peroc....ag cxpeotation was amoos patied. as a wcaknoss. Lut we knet to 'rhom wo trusted' and we hoped on God has givcn u" our roward. The Founhain of freshness and grace is in possession of the Flock, they can sit down by its waters and olake thoir thirst for crer. Not nithout jabour and anxiety, and weariness, and temptation, bave becn tho days of the past for jears: bui-in all solemn thankiulac s wo declare that the event of 'lhursday mas more than an equiralent for them all. - Hxe Dies quam fecit lominus : exaltenus et !etemur an ea!'

## LITERATEIRE.

## THE LAMP OF THE SANCTUARY.

## PART if.-ITS DAREENING.

Continued.
He loathed his very life, he gnawed his very heart in sorrow, and the most desperate thoughts, even of self-destruction, began to haunt his mind. His companions saw him sometimes looking over the edge of a precipice, as if deliberating whether to throw himself headiong, or feeling the point of a dagger, as if meditating a self-aimed blow. But a cold shudder would creep over his frame; he would draw suddenly back, or cast the weapon assay; while his companions would breals into a coarse unfeling peal of laughter, and dare him to accomplish his thought. Yes : thanks to Heaven, Pierrot had not yet lost his belief in Eternity; he reanembered there was a bottomless gulf below the depths of the precipice, and that there was a snord of Divina justice, keener than the dagger's point.

But his companions saw that they would soon lose their hold on him, that his desperation would drive him to some deed that would betray them. They, therefore, with artful villainy changed their course. They assured bim of their willingness to release him from his painful life. One, only one more enterprise did they require him to join, it was an easy and safe one; and after that they would quit the neighbourbood, and be should be left at peace. At peace! littie did they know or care, how effectually they bad riven this from his heart, bow they had banished it from his life ! Still, to him there was comfort in their words; and he almost longed to commit the crime which was to be his last. A day was fixed sor it, yet a month off, and this seemed like an age to Pierrot. Nor cculd any entreaties prepail on them, to communicate to him the nature of their intention. Only he clearly saw preparations making at their houses, for a complete and sudden light; and in this he felt he had the best pledge and security for the truth of their promises.

Let us, in the mean time, return to consider his poor wife and child. Every month of the period, over which we have traced Pierrol's evil course, had sunk them deeper in misery and in sorrow.

Of the character of his crimes they had no evidence; for as he never brought home his share of plunder, and as heokept a moody silence and reserve, they had no grounds on which to suspect farther than he was engaged in something very wrong. Even when at home, he could get but litthe work, for no one now cared to employ him; and so his once neat and happy dwelling bore marks of poverty, neglect, and decay. And with. in, too, all was soriow and distress; no cheerfus conversation, no smile, no confidence. The mo. ther and the daughter, indeed, understood one another, but it was more by silent sympathy, than by exchange of sentiment; for each feared ever to sweil the othrr's grief, and represged the gashing tear or wept alone. And let this be added to the praises of the poor, that none better than they have the inborn delicacy to honour virtue in distress, and refrain from sarcasm and reproach against those whom bittor trials oppress. Never was the conduct of Pierrot, though now notorious and a public scandal, cast into the face of these two forlorn ones, morally incleed a widow and an orphan. But rather it seen雴d as if a tacit bonour was paid to their suffering innocence; every one made way for them, every one seemed to soften his voice as he addressed them; nany a little present, artfully conveyed, so as to repress all sense of ob. ligation, made its way to their coltagë to sjotbe their distress; and many a kind hope that God would console them, was whisperes at the church door in their ear.

And He did, in truth, corsole them : for without His Presence, His Grace, His Light, His Food, their hearts would long since have been broken by despairing sorrow. Again and again did they kneel at evening before the altar, and there ever found they the caim and peace which resignation to the Divine Will alone can give. It was on one of these occasions that a new association of ideas led pur little contemplative to consoling thoughts akin to those which we have seen the Sarctuary's Lamp had before suggested; only from the sorrows of the Mother, it guided her to those of the Son. She had been reading in her sittle rude pic-ture-bible, and had there seen illustrated the vision of Zacharias (chap. iv.) in which is described the golden candlestick before the altar, on either side whereof stands an olive tree, the overhanging branches of rhich feed, through golden funnels, the sacred lamps with an unfailing light and unction (rerse 12.) To this der thoughts reverted as the soothing light of the lamp fell upon her; and wearied much with sorrow, she fell into one of those calm moods of meditation in which the thoughts ariso spontaneousity, and pass, as on a mirror, before the mind, seeming but the reflection of objects presentēd by an cxternal but invisible

