

DEATH IN THE BOTTLE.

## DEATH IN THE BOTTLE.

This is not a very pretty picture; but it is just as pretty as the hideous traffic it depicts. Death as a gaunt and grinning skeleton is pointing to the coftin hidden in every whiskey or brandy bottle. There's death in the cup; there's poison in the bowl. Did you ever think that the word intoxicate means to poisom? The follow ing lines describe the picture better than we can :

Oft have you seen attractive signs Or couched in terms to catch the And lure the thoughtless passer-by ; You have beheld the devil's bait Concealed in showy cards, that stat How whiskey, brandy, rum, or gin May all, and more, be had within; And you have smiled and caught the hook, Nor thought to give a second look. But turn the glass; 'twill well define The shape of each deceitful sign One is a coffin, one a tomb,
That wait the toper's early doom,
While near at hand, beside the wall,
There stands the drunkard's waiting pall. Make sure a grave is close behind.

## Epworth

The Lookout Committee shall bring new members into the Society, and affectionately
look after and reclaim any who seem indif.
ferent to their pledge. The Prayer-Meetins
topies, arssign leaders, and do what shall select secure faithfulness to the what it can to pledge.
The Social Committee shall welcome the the other members of the Society. also ather members of the Society. They may The Temperance Conal socials.
for an occasional temperance shall arrange circulate the following tempereeting and anong the members:-I do hereby pled
the use of all alcoholic liquors as abstain from the use of all alcoholic liquors as a beverage, use of profane language, the form, from the use of profane language, the reading of bad secure the propersibition of the lifuor efforts to The Sunday-scliool Committ linor traffic."
the names of children who so shall secure Sunday-school and invite the do not attend members of the Sunday-school them become The Missionary Committeo.
terest the members in home and fory to in. sion work and to arranye for and foreign inissionary meetings. The Musical
endeavour to make the thary Committee shall vide for occasional literary meetings, prowhere possible try to carry on some definite plan of Bible study, or other readine course
The Visiting Committee should course. strangers, visit the sick, try to render reliof to the needy, distribute flowers and perforf such other "deeds of mercy and help" as they an.
All committees should meet at least once a month for consultation with the Superintendent, in regard to their work.
Other committees may be added, according
to the needs to the needs of local societies, and duties
defined. defined.
XI. The Junior Society, being part of the Senior, should have all possible aid and support the latter can give it; and it is expected reached the age limit, they will Senior Society as Active Members.
XII. Miscellaneous sections.

1. The regular meetinections :-
from to meetings shall be held every should be led by one of the Suneting, and The first meeting of each Superintendents. ness meeting. 2. The offic
tees appointed in shall be elected and commit3. A voluntary collection-
at each conntary collection shall be taken up penses of the Society. 4. Specia Society.
2. Special meetings may be called by the the superintendents at any time.
3. All expenditures shall be made under the direction of the Superintendents.
4. The By-laws may be altered or amended any time the Superiotendents and Executive necessary.

Alconol is the one evil genius, whether in wine or ale or whisky, and is killing this one poison, alcohol the ravages of poisons, the mightcohol, that king of devil, and the millennium will soon of the

## A Temperance Psalm.

A modern alphabetical psalm, on the virEdson to abstinence, is furnished by Dr. Cyrus It is one of recent North American Review. A stane of the best essays of its kind in print. A stands for Alcohol-deathlike its grip.
B for Begimner, who talkes B for Beginner, who takes just one sip.
C for companion, who urge him D for companion, who urges him on. E for Eadeavour he makes to is is born. $\underset{\mathrm{F}}{\mathrm{E} \text { for Eande for Friend makes to resist. }}$ $\underset{G}{F}$ stands for Friends, who so loudly insist. $\underset{\mathrm{H}}{\mathrm{G}}$ for the Guilt he afterwards feels. I his intention to drink hang at bis heels. ${ }_{J}$ his intention to drink not at all K for his Knowledge that follows his fall. ${ }_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{K}$ stands his Kor the Liedge that he is a slave. L stands for the Liquors his appetite crave
M for convivial Meeting N for convivial Meetings so gay. N stands for No that he tries hard to say.
o for the Orgies that then cone P stands for pride that he come to pass. $P$ stands for pride that he drowns in his glass Q for the Quarrels that nightly abound. R stands for Ruin, that hovers around. T stands for sights that his vision bedim U for his Usefulness sunk that seizes his limbs. V stands for Vagrant that in the slums. W stands for Vagrant that he quickly becomes. X for his eXit regretted ths soon done. X for his eXit regretted by none. Zealously turn from the tempter in time.

## LESSON NOTES.

fourth quarter.

A.D. 57.]

LESSON $\nabla$.
[Oct. 29.
Cor inenge for the sake of others.

## 1 Cor. 8. 1-13.] [Memory verses, 12, 13.

## Golden Text.

We then that are strong ought to bear the ourselves.-Rom. 15.1. and not to please

## Outhine.

1. The True Knowledge, v. 1-6.
2. The Weak Conscience, v. 7-12.
3. Total Abstineuce, v. 13.

## Explanations.

"'Things offered unto idols"--Meats offered to idols became the property of the priests;
and such parts as remained from the and such parts as remained from the sacrifice, being choice, were sold by the priests and purchased by the rich and highly ests teemed. Some Christians thought that it was wrong to eat such meat, as it might appear to favour idol worship. Others said, "An dol is nothing." and ate it. Paul was asked to decide which was right. He said that if the eating would lead another person to do wrong we should not do it, even though we have the right. "We know" There are two words for knowledge used in this chapter. This one means simply to be conscious, to have an idea about a thing; to know it abstractly. For example, I know that there is a city of Pekin, but I never saw it, and I do not know anything about it it except $\operatorname{I}$ hearsay or reading. "Knowledge"-This word means a knowledge which has cume by personal experience. The Corinthian. Chris. tians had such a personal experience in their knowledge of things offered to idols. The second "use of this word refers to a her sy called "gnosticism," which Panl says "puff eth up; or, better, "blows uap," like a bag-
blown full of wind. "Edifien"-SShent "ead in contrast to "blows up," "build up," "Conscience "--In verse 7, where first used, is better translated in the Revised Version"knowledge."

## Practical Teachings.

Where does this lesson show-

1. The danger of mere knowledge ? 3. The blessedness of love:

The Lesson Catrohism.

1. What is said of knowledge and charity ? "Knowledge puffeth up, but charity edifieth." thing." 3. If we in against "An idol is nowhat else do we also do? "Sin brother, Cbrist." 4. What text in the Bible is illusrated by this lesson? "Avoid the appear5. What does this lesson teach? "Regard or others." 6. What is the Golden Text? We then that are strong," ete. Dogtrinal Seggestion. .- The unity of Catechism Qubstions.
What do you call this wonderful mystery? The Incarnation of the Son of God.
Where is the Redeemer called a Mediator? 1 Timothy 2. 5.- For there is one Cod, one man, Jesus Christ.

## THE DRINKER'S BANK DEPOSIT.

 "Come, Sam, let's go in and take a little. Old Bob Bummer keeps the best liquor in town. Come, don't hang back ; let's go in.""Jim, I have been thinking over this matter since I saw you last, and I can't do it. To be plain with you, Jim, I have given my heart to the Lord Jesus, and you will never see me drunk again. Besides, I have been figuring on this matter some, and what do you suppose it costs us to patronize old Bob?"
"Well,-a dollar, it may be, or two, a "eek," said Jim
from his taking a pencil and a piece of paper from his pocket-book, handed them to Jim and said: "Let us look at it fully, and make fair calculation. You deposit-
Your money-and lose it.
Your time-and lose it.
Your character-and lose it.
Your health of body-and lose it.
Your strength of mind-and lose it.
Your manly independence-and lose it.
Your self-respect-and lose it.
Your sense of right and wrong-and lose
Your self-control-and lose it.
Your home comfort-and lose it.
Your wife's happiness-and lose it.
Your children's rights-and lose it.
Your own soul-and lose it.
Knowing that everything he invests will be lost, who is there that wishes to thus throw away the most precious things he possesses?

## GOD ON MY SIDE.

Two little girls came across each other on the way to Sunday-school. One had muff and a handsome hat, while the other The a hood and mittens.
The finely-dressed child looked at the other, and said in a proud voice, - at the "I wish you would go on the other side of the street ; you don't look nice enough to
walk with me The plain lit
came to her eyes. She witcopped, and tears "Yes," she said gently "I weeply hurt. the street if you say so, but I think God will be on my side, for he says in the God that he does not like he says in the Bible Was she not right?
Was she not right?

## OUR OWN Pablications

During this summer our presses have been very busy, and among the books published are several that we can strongly ecommend toour Sunday-schools. Note the following :

Tweuty Minutes Late. By Mrs. G. R.
Alden (Pansy).
Norics from Indian Wigwams and Young. Splendidy illustrated. Rev. K. R. float for Niternity; or A Pilgrime's Pro-
yrres for the Times. By Rev. J. A. Kennedy, B. A.
Mmpaign Echoes. The Autobiography of
Stephen Mitchell's Jonrney. By Mrs.G.
R. Alden (Yansy)

Merchant Prince. The Life of Hon.
Senator John Macdonald. With Por-
traits and illustrations.
he Prince of India, or wis • -
thuople Fell. By General Lew Constan-
author of "Ben Hur," ctc, 2 voluane,
2.50

Besides these we have for schools a
great number of splendid new books from the Religious Tract Society, and other great Publishing Houses. We will gladly send lists of these new books to any school. Librarians who feel that their library needs a few new books, or to be replaced by entirely new books, will do well to write for our catalogues and terms.

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