

OR COPY

FRESH FRAGRANT FLAVORFUL



KING COLE TEA

You'll Like the Flavor

35¢-40¢-50¢ Per Pound

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Manufacturer of Concrete Blocks.

Cement For Sale.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, - WATER STREET

W. H. Wallace

Campbellton, N. B.

PHONE 127

The Manufacturer's Life Insurance Company

"NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS"

Insurance Issued and Revived 1912	\$16,096,652.00
Force	\$8,515,011.00
Force	\$78,980,319.00
Force	\$7,884,904.00
Premium and Interest Income	\$5,542,120.37
Force	\$374,708.31
Assets	\$16,135,451.07
Force	\$1,530,703.06
Force	\$1,532,370.63
Paid Policy Holders in 1912	\$13,920,476.04
Reserve	\$1,384,635.31
Purplus	

The E. R. MACHUM Co., Ltd., St. John, N. B. Mgrs. for Mar. Prov

HUGH A. CARR, Agent, Campbellton, N. B.

Bargains in Automobiles

GREATEST VALUES EVER OFFERED

We have a number of used cars on hand which we will dispose of at prices far below their actual value. These cars have been used at the factory and by our Salesmen as Demonstrators. Every car has been thoroughly over-hauled and put in first class condition. Intending purchasers should communicate with us at once, as we have only 12 of these cars left. Prices range from \$500 to \$1,000.

Remember these cars cannot be classed as second-hand in the ordinary sense, as they have been practically rebuilt in our own factory, under the supervision of an automobile expert

1914 "30" New Models 1914 "40"

Quality the Best.

Our 1914 cars embody everything that can be demanded by the rich man, and are sold at prices to suit the business man's pocket.

Efficiency as shown in design, material, and workmanship, and the relation of power to size, weight and carrying capacity, carried our McKay 40 to victory in the "Halifax Herald & Mail" Endurance Contest.

McKay 30's or 40's cannot be excelled in value or performance by any four-cylinder car of the same power in existence. They have proven their claim to superiority, and nothing has been left undone to make our 1914 Model the best car on the market for the money.

1914 McKay 30, Electric Lighted, equipped with Self-Starter—\$1,450.

The same Car, without Self-Starter—\$1,300.

1914 McKay 40 H. P. Electric Lighted, and equipped with Gray & Davis Self-Starter—\$1,850. Without Self-Starter—\$1,600.

Nova Scotia Carriage & Motor Car Company, Limited.

AMHERST, N. S.

April 20 - 1914

SOUTHAMPTON R. R. ENQUIRY OPENED

Investigation is Started at Fredericton and Order Made For Production of Papers

Fredericton, May 12.—The investigation into the cost of the Southampton Railway, which has been ordered by Dominion government, will be resumed here on Tuesday, July 7th. R. A. Pringle, K.C., of Ottawa, the Commissioner appointed to conduct the enquiry, held the first session of his court this morning for organization purposes, and, after an order had been made for the production of the documents required, adjournment was made until the above date.

Mr. Pringle declared it to be his intention to have evidence produced on each of the thirty-five items contained in the report which was made by E. V. Johnson, the inspecting engineer, who has since been suspended by the Department of Railways, and the enquiry will be of the most thorough character throughout. T. J. Carter, K. C., of Andover, appeared for the Department of Railways, and C. D. Richards, of this city, was present for the Southampton Railway Company. Mr. James K. Pinder, M. L. A., and Dr. H. H. McNally, of this city, the controlling interests of the Southampton Railway Company, were also in attendance.

In opening the enquiry Mr. Pringle said that it was brought about as a result of a speech made in Parliament on March 9th by Mr. F. B. Carvell, M. P., during the course of which he said that "a great wrong had been done," and which was followed by a speech by Hon. H. F. McLeod, M. P., which substantiated to some extent the statements made by Mr. Carvell, and included a statement to the effect that there were padded items in the accounts. Mr. Pringle then went on to make comparisons of the cost of the road as shown by Mr. Johnson's report and as brought out in evidence taken from the case of Stewart vs. the Southampton Railway Company, referring to the many discrepancies.

Mrs. Murphy—Here, Bridget, see how dirty it is under the bed.

Bridget—Yes'm.

pressed upon you that you must sweep under the beds?

Bridget—Ay course, ma'am, an' how could the dust get there if I hadn't swept it under.

Farm Notes and News

Interesting Items of the Farm and Dairy.

THE CARE OF FRUIT TREES.

All fruit trees when they cease to bear good crops of fruit should be grubbed and burned. Up and down the country there are far too many old and useless fruit trees. To keep up the stock of fertile fruit trees there should always be young trees in course of preparation to take the place of those that are worn out, then when an orchard tree fails to bear, the young one can at once take its place. It should be understood, however, that when the old tree has been grubbed up, the soil in which it has been growing should be renewed, and if need be some rough material in the way of broken bricks, etc., put into the bottom to assist drainage if the subsoil is at all heavy and inclined to hold water. Those who like to do home grafting need never to be without young, healthy trees. It may be pointed out that old trees must not be condemned until they are quite sure that they are past renewing, as many suffer from pure neglect in the way of food. Orchards in which cattle are allowed to graze are not likely to fail, but when the grass is converted into hay and not laid in the shape of food is brought back, then the trees must suffer and fail to crop. Orchard trees that are past recovery should be allowed further trial and rich top dressings given. In many of our farmyards drainings from the cowshed and stable are often allowed to run to waste, whereas these, if saved and when diluted applied to such old trees, will work wonders. Sewage from the house and soap-suds from the laundry may be profitably utilized in the same way.

WHY NOT KEEP BETTER KIND?

Just as long as the dairyman knows only the production of all his cows, just so long will he be without the necessary incentive to take steps for herd improvement. But when he knows his cows individually as to production and cost of feed, then he can retain the abundant and economical producers.

The general results as applied to a district are full of suggestions. In one lot of 422 cows belonging to 42 farms the average yield last year was found to be 4,494 pounds of milk, the cost of feed \$32.90; thus simply taking the cost of feed into consideration, leaving a net profit of \$14.28. But a night investigation showed that the 100 best cows produced milk to the value of \$7,137.00, the 100 poorest cows produced only \$3,200.00, or much less than half as much.

The best cows were fed at an average cost of \$38.42, leaving a clear profit of \$32.96 each; the poorest cows cost \$30.26 to feed, returning a clear profit above the cost of feed of only \$1.74 each.

It thus is evident that each one of the 100 best cows made as much clear profit on the milk produced as that given by sixteen of the poorest.

Why not keep the better kind? It pays to find out which kind are in your herd. Milk and feed records may be obtained free of application to the Dairy Commissioner, Ottawa.

The National Agricultural Association, Limited, is the name of a company formed in Toronto "to produce, purchase, sell, and deal in butter, cheese, eggs, vegetables, poultry," and a myriad of other things incidental to farming. The head office will be in Toronto, and the company will have a capital of \$1,500,000.

Keep the stable well ventilated during the spring season, but avoid direct drafts on the working animals. Colds often result from the raw night winds blowing directly on the sweaty coats of tired animals.

Finance Minister White says that in considering the question of free wheat and flour he heard the arguments of both the millers and the farmers, and he concluded that the millers had the better of the argument. Of course they had, for the millers could be trusted to treat the matter as a business proposition, while the farmers could be depended upon to play the game of politics.

In Oklahoma the school children test seeds for the farmers. Every teacher in the state has a scoring sheet on which to record the tests. No moment can result in so much good with so little cost to the people generally. It furnishes one of the best lessons that can be taught in botany or agriculture, and affords the opportunity to come in closer contact with every farmer in the community—a thing which all good teachers are anxious to do.

The Breeder's Gazette tells of the record of a Guernsey cow, May Rima, owned by E. B. Cassatt, of Pennsylvania. On April 1 she had a total credit of 358 days of 19,305.7 pounds of milk and 1,040.6 pounds of butterfat. According to Secretary W. H. Caldwell, of the American Guernsey Cattle Club, this places her at the head of all Guernseys in both milk and butterfat yields. He states that she will go to the head as ranking cows of all breeds for dairy production, says the Gazette.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF CEMETERY COY

Reports Submitted and the Officers are Appointed For The Ensuing Year

The regular meeting of the Campbellton Rural Cemetery was held Monday evening in the Council Chambers, Mr. W. W. Doherty in the chair, and Mr. Firth, Secretary. The attendance was not as large as it should have been. In a matter where so many of our citizens are interested, it would be expected that very many of the shareholders would be present.

The several reports presented were satisfactory, and showed the Company's finances in a fairly good condition. The Superintendent's report, showed 42 burials last year, being exactly the same number as the year previous.

The officers elected for the ensuing year, were Mr. A. MacKendrick, President; Mr. D. C. Firth, Secretary-Treasurer; Mr. D. F. Graham, Superintendent. The directors, W. W. Doherty, A. A. Adams, A. G. Adams, Thomas Wren, Walter Appleton, L. T. Joudry, Jas. Patterson and A. D. MacKendrick. The Committee of management are Messrs. A. G. Adams, Alexander McLennan and A. D. MacKendrick.

In an interview with the President this morning, he stated that it was the intention of the Committee to at once make arrangements to lay a water pipe to a central point in the cemetery, from which shareholders can always be supplied with water, and that Mr. Magey, who is now at work on the grounds, can be arranged with to do private work, on the lots. Suggestions from citizens as to better improvements will be welcomed by the committee.

IF YOUR CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, CONSTIPATED

Look Mother! If tongue is coated, cleanse little bowels with "California Syrup of Figs."

Mothers can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups.

"Living together in villages I consider an important feature in the life of German farmers, favorable to the development of co-operative method," said a United States consul at Heidelberg, Germany, according to the American Agriculturist. "Meeting together every evening is a very important feature. They talk matters over then, whereas the American farmer is isolated on his farm. The powerful agricultural league is not only a strong economic class organization spread all over Germany, but also a great political force, far more powerful than the Grange in America."

At Rahway, N. J., will be located the new Rockefeller Institute for the study of Animal Diseases. One million dollars has been donated for the purpose. It is understood that one of the big features of the work of the new department will be the study of cattle tuberculosis, with which so many cows are affected throughout the country. Bovine tuberculosis is often contracted by persons through the bacilli in milk that is not properly pasteurized. The state of New York pays thousands of dollars annually to cattle raisers and farmers for tuberculosis cows that are condemned and killed by order of inspectors of the State Agricultural Department.

MONEY BACK IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED

GIN PILLS ARE GUARANTEED

Every box of GIN PILLS is sold with a positive guarantee of money back if they fail to give prompt relief and to effect a cure if properly used.

We know just what GIN PILLS have done for others and will do for you. We know that GIN PILLS have been sold in all parts of Canada for years and to-day are the most popular and most effective kidney remedy in the world. We know that GIN PILLS will promptly soothe the irritated bladder, relieve congestion of the kidneys, take away the soreness in the back and through the hips, and completely cure Kidney Trouble and Rheumatism. We positively guarantee that GIN PILLS will do this and we pledge ourselves to return your money should GIN PILLS not do all that we claim for them. Buy GIN PILLS on this guarantee, backed by the largest wholesale drug house in the world. GIN PILLS are sold in a box—5 for \$5.00—at dealers or from us direct. Samples free on request. National Drug and Chemical Co., of Canada, Limited, Toronto, agents.

DECEPTION A GRAVE OFFENSE

Exaggeration a Blood Relative to Falsehood.—Experience of Consumers

Of all the evil spirits abroad in the land deception is the most dangerous. It is the first and worst of all frauds. Exaggeration is a blood relative to falsehood and nearly as blamable. Some men and some business concerns can never state an ordinary fact in ordinary terms. All their goose are swans till you see them.

There is no strength in exaggeration. Even the truth is weakened by being expressed too strongly.

A Gaping Monster.

Land in the gross is a gaping monster that loves to be deceived and has seldom been disappointed. They say that idiots only may be deceived twice, but how about the mail order buyers? How often are they deceived by the large catalogue houses?

In the art of deception the great mail order houses excel the world. In their greed for more and more they paint the poor and unsuspecting to paint their pictures of alleged bargains too alluringly. They instill confidence in the mind of the buyers, and then to fill his heart with doubt and distrust.

Who does not remember the "high priced" trade of "cheap" of "cheap" goods? One of the parties in the transaction usually got the worst of it. It didn't the one who proposed the deal, was it? There is a lot of "cheap" goods of "cheap" goods, and it is not on to day, only on Monday, and it is called merchandising by mail.

Catalogues Lock Inviting.

The illustrations in the catalogue of the retail mail order houses lock inviting. The reading matter sounds nice and sometimes the deal turns out all right.

But, even supposing it does, where in is the buyer any better off than if he bought from the house merchant? Take any article you choose from the long list of things sold by mail and you will find upon investigation that you can buy it just as cheaply and just as well at home. The expense of selling it by mail is just as great as the expense of selling it over the counter.

Your local merchants have not taxes, clerk hire, etc., to pay, and the mail order houses have the same expenses, only rent and taxes are higher in the large cities than in the country towns. And, in addition, they have to maintain a staff of stenographers, typographers, and other employees, besides the immense cost of advertising.

How many of the rural consumers know that advertising appearing in what are known as mail order advertising mediums costs from \$42 to \$55 an inch in single columns? It is true, nevertheless. Where does the enormous profit come from out of which these enormous bills are paid? Out of the pockets of the consumers.

Would Welcome Such Bargains.

The city people would go wild with joy if these mail order houses actually had values with style and quality. They would not need to leave their own large cities to sell at the prices they quote, as the city people would swoop down upon their bargains like hungry hen hawks on green peas. But with style and value lacking they do not dare show their goods in the city where the prospective customers would have the opportunity of comparison, but by cleverly worded and exaggerated description they make the country people believe they are offering more desirable wares than the country merchant carries and at a less price, and, having no opportunity for comparison before buying, many people naturally are duped.

Everybody knows the picture of a five dollar suit of clothes looks as good as the picture of a twenty dollar suit. The description reads well. The suit seems to be what you want.

Cash With the Order.

You send your good money because the mail order house will not accept an order where the money does not accompany it. Then the suit arrives. It was to be all wool, but it is not. It is fully a size too large and several years out of date, and besides, it has the style and general appearance of the prison made garment.

If Mr. Mail Order Man were right there you would not accept the goods, but he is far away, selling suits, no doubt, to some other nonsuspecting sons of man.

Next time you are attracted by an ad. of some mail order "bargain" just clip it out and take it to your local dealer and see if he will not duplicate it. That's only neighborly and fair, and gives your merchant a chance to make good his statement that his prices are the lowest and his goods the best.

DR. DEVAN'S FRENCH PILLS A reliable, safe, and effective remedy for all ailments of the urinary system. Sold at all Drug Stores, or mailed to any address on receipt of price. The SCOTT'S FINE CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN. Restores Vitality for Nervous and Brain. Increases "Energy" matter in Tonic—will build you up, \$3 a box, or five for \$15, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. THE SCOTT'S FINE CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

Sold at White Drug stores.