A BANK ACCOUNT SEEMS to BE a MAGNET; WHEN ONCE STARTED IT DRAWS MORE.

You will help make it grow.

In 1861, a depositor in a bank in Cleveland, Ohio, had $418. Since that time he has drawn out $573, and still has $1,500 to his credit.

How do you figure that out? Why, he let his money STAY IN THE BANK. It grew.

Make THIS Bank YOUR Bank.

The Bank of Toronto

FOUR OFFICES IN LONDON:

MAIN OFFICE—Corner King and Richmond streets.
WEST-END OFFICE—Corner Dundas and Talbot Sts.
EAST-END OFFICE—Corner Dundas and Adelaide Sts.
NORTH-END OFFICE—Cor. Richmond and John Sts.

MAKES A GETAWAY WITH WAD OF CASH

Foreigner of Pt. Edward Skips Across Line With Police at Heels.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Sarnia, July 21.—Peter Schmidt, a foreigner at Point Edward, made a quick getaway about noon today when it was discovered he had taken a sum of money amounting to $300 from his boarding-house. Sixty dollars of the money belonged to his wife, and it was she that first discovered the robbery. The local police were notified, but before they got to the Point he had crossed the ferry into Port Huron. Provincial Detective Acton went across this afternoon and together with the Port Huron police will make an effort to locate Schmidt and bring him back. The greater portion of the money belonged to another foreigner who was saving up in an effort to bet money enough to take him back home. Schmidt talks English fluently, and is well known both in Point Edward and Sarnia. He has never been in any serious trouble before.

LOCAL BUSINESS OF FAIR PROPORTIONS

London reports to Bradstreet's say a steady tone is noted to general trade there. Local business is of fair proportions, and the outlook for fall trade continues encouraging. Roots and grass crops have benefited by rains and prospects for country business have improved accordingly. Local factories are busy, and labor is generally well employed. Collections and remittances are reported satisfactory.

HER MIND A BLANK

Young Girl Found Wandering in Cemetery at Woodstock.

Woodstock, July 21. — With her memory a blank as to how she came there, Ethel Brown, a local young woman, was found by searchers in the English Cemetery on the Twelfth Line, this morning.

The girl wandered away yesterday, and when her absence was discovered a search was instituted. The aid of the police was invoked, and the search was kept up most of the night. She was wandering in the cemetery this morning, and it is believed she spent the night there, although she can give no account of where she was or how she came to leave home.

DEATH OF JOHN BRAKE

Former Petrolea Gentleman Succumbs to Short Illness.

Mr. John Brake died at his home, 35 Stanley street, last night after a short illness. He was for many years engaged in the oil business at Petrolea, but had lived retired in this city for the last fifteen years. He leaves a widow and family. The funeral will be held Monday at 10:30 a.m. to the G. T. R. depot, interment being at Petrolea upon arrival of the 11:18 train.

BUSY BRIGANDS.

Tiflis, Transcaucasia, July 22.—Ten brigands seized a flag station on the Akhlat Mountain section of the Kars Railroad. They cut the telephone wires, and held up a train in which the railroad cashier, escorted by four guards, was riding. The guards jumped upon the embankment and opened fire. In the meantime the brigands threw three bombs under the car, which exploded with great force.

Already the robbers had entered the car, when a passing detachment of mounted troops, hearing the fusillade, galloped to the scene. The robbers made their escape, but without loot. The firing lasted an hour, the cashier and the engineer and conductor of the train being wounded.

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Baking Success

To avoid disappointment from baking results, use the Baking Powder that insures success—Strong's Baking Powder. All your baked things will then come out of the oven light, puffy and delicious. It's a pure leavener, made of cream of tartar and soda. Price 25 cents a pound.

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

Graduate Pharmacists only fill prescriptions here.

MULHALL DENIES ALL CHARGES

Never Took a Spoonful of City Gravel for His Own Use, He Declares.

HEARING IS ADJOURNED

Judge Macbeth Will Hear More Evidence at the City Hall on Monday Morning Next.

For two hours yesterday afternoon Ward Foreman Patrick Mulhall gave testimony before Judge Macbeth in the investigation that is being conducted into the charges of graft made by Ald. Tancock. He absolutely denied ever having taken "a spoonful" of city gravel for his own use.

At the conclusion of Mr. Mulhall's evidence, Judge Macbeth said he would adjourn the inquiry until next Monday morning, when he will be at the city hall at 10 o'clock, and requested that any persons who can give him any further information on the matters under investigation be present.

His honor also stated that he will see Miss Lawrence, of the city treasurer's department, and take up the matter of looking over the pay sheets and time sheets with her.

Foreman of Ward 4.

Mr. Mulhall said he had been foreman of the fourth ward for about 13 years. He had occasion to use gravel, which he had paid for, on his own lot. Part of the lot is rented by the city, and has been used for storage purposes, and was fenced off. Gravel might have been stored there, but none by him. Asked if there was any gravel put in before he was building his house, Mr. Mulhall said yes. Many times gravel was put in the yard, and later taken out. It would be put there by Mr. Mulhall's orders, and would be taken out as wanted. A mixing-board was also kept there often. The mixing-board was never at the west side of the house. In the spring of 1910 witness put in a concrete foundation under the back part of his house, and laid a new walk. Nine loads of gravel were used for this. Most of it was bought from Mr. Boss, and some from Mr. Hutchinson, and some from Mr. Morgan. Witness started the work on May 19, but did not use any gravel until after May 24. There was no other gravel in the yard when Mr. Boss put his loads in. Witness finished his work on July 1. Witness denied that three loads of gravel had been put in the yard on June 30.

A Straight Denial.

"Did you use a spoonful of city gravel on your house or work at any time?" asked Mr. McEvoy.

"No, not a pebble," said Mr. Mulhall.

Witness told of having a Mr. Beecroft to finish the cement sidewalk and of offering to pay him well if he rushed it through, as he was anxious to get the job done. Beecroft worked between 4 and 5½ hours, and was paid for a day.

Some days, Mr. Mulhall said he would have as many as ten gangs working under him. It was impossible for him, he said, to see every man all the time, but he had to depend upon the reports made to him at night.

He said he does not have as much time as he should have for checking up men's time, and sometimes mistakes are made and corrected later by witness reporting to the engineer.

Cross-examined by Mr. Meredith, witness denied that 20 or 30 loads of gravel had been delivered, as witnesses had stated. In June, witness said he was working at his own place part of two weeks, and in May from May 19 on and off until May 27. The concrete work was started on May 25 or 26. Witness helped the men who were working on it.

Witness said he had worked at home five full days and parts of other days which would make three days more. For part of this time he had put himself down on the city pay sheets.

Paid by the Week.

Mr. McEvoy explained that Mr. Mulhall had done this because he is paid by the week, and the engineer had directed that he was not to deduct any money for this, as he worked so much overtime in the spring and fall. Mr. Mulhall, he said, had deducted some of the time at first, but was told not to do so, and after that did not.

To Mr. Meredith witness said the mixing board had been put in his yard for his own work.

"It seems to me," said Mr. Meredith, "that your method of keeping track of the time is most indefinite. You should have made a note of it, I should think, when you put Beecroft in for a full day when he only worked a part of a day, and said there was a special arrangement."

Worked for Contractors.

Mr. Mulhall said that no screened gravel ever came from contractors, but sometimes screenings from the sewers was stored on his lot and used on crossings. Witness said occasionally city men were allowed to work for contractors, this being done according to his own judgment without any report being made to the engineer.

VISIT FROM STAGNI.

Ottawa, July 21. — Mgr. Stagni, papal delegate to Canada, has left for Newfoundland on the first visit a Canadian papal delegate had ever made to that colony.

PILES Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

OFFICE AT SARNIA FOR NAVIGATION MERGER

Final Steps in the Big Deal Taken at Montreal

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, July 22.—The final steps in the consummation of the big navigation merger were taken late yesterday, when the transfer of stock by which the Inland and Northern Navigation companies become part of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, was completed. The headquarters of the merger company will be Montreal, and there will probably be branch offices at Collingwood and Sarnia.

ROBERT SHAW DEAD AFTER SHORT ILLNESS

A Telegram Received by His Mother, Who Is Just Recovering From an Accident.

Mrs. Margaret C. Shaw, of 79 Stanley street, last night received a telegram from Calgary, announcing the death of her son, Robert Shaw. Earlier in the afternoon Mrs. Shaw received another telegram announcing his serious illness. Mrs. Shaw is seriously indisposed as a result of falling and cutting her face badly while crossing the street car tracks a few days ago, and the news came as a very great shock to her. Mr. Shaw was a harnessmaker by trade and for the last six years had been working in Calgary. No word has as yet come as to the nature of the illness which caused his death.

GRAFTON'S SALE

STORE CROWDED EACH DAY WITH BARGAIN-SEEKERS.

Grafton & Co's one-third off sale is now in full swing. The people of London realize that this firm's offer of one-third off regular prices means a big saving to them, and they are eagerly taking advantage of it.

Each week while the sale is on many extra special bargains are announced, not only in the clothing, but also in the men's furnishing department. Those going on a vacation will find the very latest in straw hats, outing shirts, belts, ties, and hose, all at one-third off regular prices.

HEAT RECORD BROKEN

Reached 140 Degrees in Salt Lake Basin, Mojave Desert.

[Canadian Press.]

San Bernardino, Cal., July 22. — All records for high temperature on the Mojave Desert were broken early in the week, when the thermometer reached 140 degrees at Salt Basin in Death Valley.

All residents of the region were forced to leave. The report of the terrific heat was brought here yesterday by Frank Fexton, who said he was one of the last to leave the valley. At no time, day or night, during the last week, he said, did the mercury drop below 100, and one night at midnight it registered 112.

PRINTERS ELECT.

Boston, Mass., July 21. — Thomas F. O'Neil, of New York, was chosen president of the International Steel and Copper Printers' Union yesterday, and Fred Mason, of Ottawa, Ont., was elected vice-president. The secretary-treasurer, T. L. Mahan, of Washington, who has held the office for nineteen years, declined re-election, and Chas. T. Smith, of Washington, was the choice of the delegates.

FELL OFF CAR.

Montreal, July 22.—Mrs. Sara Mars, of 787 St. Antoine street, fell in getting off a street car yesterday at the crossing of Park avenue and St. Vitre street. She was taken in an ambulance in an unconscious condition to the Royal Victoria Hospital, and died an hour later. The deceased was 60 years of age.

HOUSE OF COMMONS WILL NOW GOVERN

Asquith Tells Balfour King Has Promised Necessary Peers.

THE PEERS SURRENDER

Caucus, 200 Strong, Discuss Veto Bill and See Futility of Opposition.

London, July 21.—The following is the letter announcing that the King has given guarantees for the creation of new peers in order to insure the passing of the veto bill, sent by Premier Asquith to Mr. Balfour:

"Dear Mr. Balfour,—I think it is courteous and right, before any public decisions are announced, to let you know how we regard the political situation. When the Parliament bill, in the form which it has now assumed, returns to the House of Commons, we shall be compelled to ask that House to disagree with the Lords' amendments. In the circumstances, should the necessity arise, the Government will advise the King to exercise his prerogative to secure the passing into law of the bill in substantially the same form in which it left the House of Commons, and his majesty has been pleased to signify that he will consider it his duty to accept and act on that advice.

"Yours sincerely,
"H. H. ASQUITH."

London, July 21. — King George has given Premier Asquith his promise to appoint as many new peers as will be necessary to pass the veto bill. This was announced this afternoon by the Premier in a letter addressed to Mr. A. J. Balfour, and read at a caucus of Unionist peers held at Lord Lansdowne's house.

The constitutional revolution tonight appears to be an accomplished fact. Great Britain in the future will be governed practically by the House of Commons, its hereditary upper House possessing only a veto with a time limit of two years. The peers find their one gleam of hope in the predictions that the next Conservative Government will overturn Asquith's revolution and restore the old conditions, but the Radicals are confident that in such matters the hands of the clock will never turn back.

A Day of Caucuses.

This was a day of caucuses. Three meetings were held to discuss the situation. The cabinet assembled early with a full attendance, and sat for two hours. Later, the Conservative leaders of both Houses met at Mr. Balfour's residence, the Marquis of Lansdown, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, the Marquis of Londonderry, the Earl of Selborne, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Mr. Henry Chaplin, the Earl of Halsburg and the Marquis of Salisbury being the principal figures of the conference.

The last and most impressive gathering was at Lansdowne House, which has been the scene of many important political meetings, but none as historic as this. More than two hundred peers, among them almost all the greatest names of their order, assembled and listened to the reading of the Prime Minister's letter, and practically decided that they must accept the inevitable with the best grace they could.

Temporizing.

Lord Lansdowne, Lord Halsbury, the Duke of Norfolk, the Duke of Devonshire, the Duke of Bedford, Lord Salisbury, the Duke of Somerset, Lord Curzon, Lord Selborne and several lesser lights made speeches, after which a statement was given out that the peers reserved decisions as to their course until Premier Asquith's announcement of the policy of the Government on Monday.

Apparently this was mere temporization. The Lords are not anxious to emphasize their surrender, but, speaking privately, few failed to say that they no longer consider themselves, in Lord Lansdowne's words, "free agents," and will yield to the Government's threat to invoke the royal prerogative.

The Earl of Halsbury, the leader of the extremists, strode out of the grounds with fighting fire in his eye. While his compeers admire his stand for the prestige of the Upper Chamber, most of them regard him as an anachronism.

In the interests of history it is a distinct misfortune that the proceedings at this caucus of the British nobility are not preserved in writing. Some of the lords expounded pessimistic views of the situation. "What is going to happen?" was asked by one. "Government by a cabinet controlled by rank socialists," was the tart reply.

Consideration for the King was given by many as the chief reason for dictating the policy of surrender. What the King's feelings are cannot be known, but it is generally believed that he is anxious to avoid the necessity of creating a great number of new peers. It is believed that the King always thought that he was bound to follow the advice of the constitutional ministers. This question, however, is distasteful to him, all the responsibility resting on the shoulders of the ministers, not his.

It is understood that when the conciliation committee met in June, 1910, there was an agreement that the King's course, if the conference failed to solve the problem, should be guided by the result of the general election, and by the fact that his father contemplated the same action.

Premier Asquith's letter gives ground for the belief that the Government will accept some minor modifications of its bill. Those considered most probable are: Placing outside the bill's scope any proposals dealing with the succession to the crown, and the concession of a committee to assist the speaker in determining what are money bills. But instead of a joint committee of the two Houses, which the Lords desire, the Government is expected to insist that the committee be composed of members from the House of Commons alone.

Happiest Girl in Lincoln.

A Lincoln, Neb., girl writes: "I had been ailing for some time with chronic constipation and stomach trouble. I began taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and in three days I was able to be up and got better right along. I am the proudest girl in Lincoln, to find such a good medicine." For sale by all dealers. 1

SOME HOT SHOT FOR THE COUNCIL

Judge Teetzel Gives His Opinion Regarding the Sale of the City Hall.

THE JUDGMENT IN FULL

His Lordship Tells Why He Deems It Proper to Grant Injunction Asked For by Mr. J. M. Parsons.

The following is the full text of the judgment restraining the city from selling the city hall until the action brought by Mr. John M. Parsons is tried in the fall:

By 1 George V., c 95, s. 10, the corporation of the city of London may sell at such price and on such terms as the council of the corporation may deem expedient, the city hall and the police station in the said city of London, or either of them, and the lands upon which the same are situate, etc.

In carrying out any such sale under the act, the corporation, being a trustee for all the ratepayers, and being amenable to the like jurisdiction of the courts as is exercised over trustees generally (Phillips vs. corporation of Belleville, 1904, 9 O. L. R., 732, and MacIlreith vs. Hart, 1907, 39 S. C. R., 657), and the plaintiff being a ratepayer, and therefore a cestuis que trust, is entitled to maintain an action in his own name on behalf of himself and the other ratepayers to restrain the corporation from carrying out a sale which may have been affected under circumstances amounting to a breach of trust.

Plaintiff Makes Out a Case.

Whether upon a proper construction of the above statute the corporation is entitled to sell the whole block, 110 feet square, or only so much thereof as upon which the city hall is literally situate, there being no specific reference to that portion occupied by the market place, or whether the corporation is authorized to sell the land free from any right of the public to a passageway over said land from Richmond street to the market, and whether, if the corporation is not entitled to do either, the plaintiff has any status to maintain this action, are questions upon which I do not need to express an opinion because I think upon the second ground of this motion the plaintiff has made out a case entitling him to have the injunction continued to the trial.

Sale Should Not Be Private.

As to the duty of a municipal corporation in selling land belonging to the corporation, I adopt the language of the learned chancellor in Phillips vs. Belleville, at p. 746: "It is not advisable, in dealing with a corporate (trust) property, to dispose of it in a private way, but some steps should as a rule be taken to insure competition, whether by inviting tenders or exposing to auction (with, it may be, a reserve bid). This method is recognized by legislation in recognizing the municipal power to dispose of "wet" lands. When it is deemed expedient to sell, part with, or dispose of the same, it is to be by public auction in like manner as they may by law sell or dispose of other property." See s. 556 of the consolidated municipal act, 1903.

In Downes vs. Grazebrook, 1817, 3 Merri 200, at p. 208, in speaking of the duties of trustees for the sale of land, Lord Eldon says: "A trustee for sale is bound to bring the estate to the hammer under every possible advantage to a astul que trust." And in Mathew vs. Edwards, 1846, 2 Coll. 645.

Sale Must Be Business-Like.

The vice-chancellor, in speaking of the duties of a mortgagee selling under power, says: "I apprehend that having a power of sale cannot, as between him and the mortgagor, exercise it in a manner merely arbitrary, but is as between them bound to exercise some discretion, not to throw away property but to act in a prudent and business-like manner, with a view to obtain as large a price as may fairly and reasonably, with due diligence and attention, be under the circumstances obtainable."

In Lewin on Trusts, 11th ed., 494, it is stated that "trustees, if they, or those who act by their authority, fail in reasonable diligence in inviting competition or in the management of the sale, as if they contract under circumstances of haste and improvidence . . . will be personally responsible for the loss to the suffering party, and the court, however correct the conduct of the purchaser, will refuse at his instance to compel specific performance of the agreement."

Municipal Corporations Are Trustees.

To my mind there is every reason why the strictness with which the conduct of private trustees is watched by the courts should apply in all its force to the action of municipal corporations in their dealings as trustees.

I do not think that Robertson vs. city of Toronto, 1909, 1 O. W. N., cited by the defendants is conclusive upon this application because in that case the learned chief justice was of opinion that the sale was not at an under value but that it was a fair sale "just such a sale as a private owner would have made in the circumstances of the case."

Why Was Competition Not Invited?

Now upon the material filed in this case it does not appear that anything whatever was done by the corporation in the direction of inviting competition either by calling for tenders or putting it up at public auction or otherwise. They seem to have accepted the first offer for the property.

If the material filed by the plaintiff is to be believed the property is worth much more than the sum of $100,000, which the corporation agreed to sell it for to the Royal Bank of Canada.

It is difficult for me to understand why a property having a frontage of 110 feet on the principal thoroughfare of the city and a depth of 110 feet, adjoining at the rear the market place, and being in the heart of a large and prosperous city, should not attract active bidding if due diligence and business-like methods were applied in inviting competition.

Prima Facie Case of Breach of Trust.

It may be that at the trial the defendants will be able to establish by overwhelming evidence that the price agreed to be accepted is the full value of the property, and all that could under any reasonable circumstances be obtained for it.

In the meantime, I am of opinion that the plaintiff has established a prima facie case of an improvident and unbusiness-like sale and, therefore, a prima facie case of breach of trust by the corporation from which the plaintiff and other ratepayers would suffer substantial loss.

The injunction will, therefore, be continued until the trial, with costs in the cause, unless otherwise disposed of by the trial judge.

MIKADO FOR PEKIN.

Vienna, July 22. — A Vienna paper says that the Emperor of Japan will pay an official visit to the Chinese court this year or early in 1912, with a view to inducing China to accelerate the reformation of the country.

Grand View Hotel

Wees Beach --- Sarnia, Canada

Special Rates for July

Golf, Fishing, Boating and Bathing

For Reservations Apply Box 477, Sarnia

VIOLENT SCENE AT VITERBO TRIAL

Passage Between Fabroni and Lawyer Starts Terrific Hubbub.

ONE FALLS IN A FIT

Din Is So Fierce That the President Is Obliged to Adjourn Court.

[Canadian Press.]

Viterbo, Italy, July 21.—The most violent scene of the Camorrist trial today was provoked by a personal dispute between Captain Fabroni and lawyer Lyoy. In the tumult all the other lawyers fled from the room, Enrico Alfano and Gennaro Abbatemaggio, the informer, were thrown out bodily by the carabineers, Giovanni Bartolozzi fell in a fit, and President Bianchi, helpless to maintain order, declared the session adjourned.

Throughout the hubbub Fabroni stood impassive. As the court room was being cleared he said: "The Camorra in or out of court can't intimidate me."

Fabroni, captain of the Neapolitan carabineers, was assigned by the minister of justice to uproot the Camorra. During the past few days he has told on the stand the results of his detective work and the operations of his associates.

Laywer Lyoy, attorney of the defence, formerly edited a newspaper. Fabroni has testified that revelations against the Camorra were not in harmony with the claims put up by Lawyer Lyoy in defence of his clients. Bitter personal feeling between the detective and the lawyer has resulted.

Hot Shot for Lyoy.

When court opened today Captain Fabroni was asked by Cavaliere Santoro, the crown prosecutor, whether the assertion of Zanelli that Marshal Capizutti had tried to influence him to swear falsely against his fellow prisoners were true. Fabroni replied: "He is the scum of criminality. Instead it was Lyoy who through him attempted to buy witnesses for the defence."

This reflection on the lawyer raised the first storm. Lyoy screamed like a madman. Abbatamaggio, notwithstanding the cautions of the president joined in the row in support of the captain. Alfano, the alleged head of the Camorra, lead the others of the accused in a chorus of invectives directed against Fabroni and Abbatemaggio.

So the storm grew greater, the president vainly striving to head it off. Finally he ordered Abbatemaggio and Alfano removed from the room. They were not disposed to go quietly and continued their cries and curses until secured by carabineers and dragged from the place.

For a little there was a calm and the president took advantage of the opportunity to admonish all to avoid personalities.

"We should aim only at the triumphs of truth as it is directly connected with the trial of the case. We must not go into personalities."

With much feeling Fabroni replied: "For years I have stood the insults of this man Lyoys, without trying him before the courts, because I considered him not a criminal but a person whose mental faculties were unbalanced."

Other words than those he used would fail to describe the fury of Lyoy's to this reflection upon his sanity. The language was not polite. The lawyer concluded by calling the witness a hypocrite.

Fabroni answered promptly:

"A greater hypocrite than yourself does not exist."

The exchange had again stirred the prisoners, and opposing counsel, and if the first disturbance was a storm, the fury of that which now followed fairly shook the court. All the lawyers of the defence, except Lyoys, shouted their indignation. Lyoys jumped about yelling like a fanatic. No one supposed the Neapolitan vocabulary contained such epithets as he hurled at the crown's witness.

SETTLED OUT OF COURT.

London, July 22. — According to the Standard, the action of "Irene Osgoode," the novelist, for a judicial separation from her husband, Mr. Robert Harbough Sherard, has ended in a settlement upon terms.

BOLT SPLITS HOUSE.

Greensburg, Pa., July 22. — Three persons were killed, two seriously injured, a house was split in two, and other damage resulted last night during a severe electrical storm that swept Westmoreland County. The dead are: Davis Mathias, aged 15; Joseph Levitsky and Peter Fasot. The last two were killed when lightning struck a foreign boarding-house, splitting it directly through the centre.

MET AT TOP SPEED

Three Killed in Collision of New Jersey Trolleys.

[Canadian Press.]

Paterson, N. J., July 22.—Two high-speed trolley cars, travelling in opposite directions on a single track, met yesterday afternoon on the edge of a curve near Ridgewood, seven miles from here, and in the resultant crash three persons lost their lives and twenty-four others sustained serious injuries.

The dead:

Francis J. Pilgrim, 40 years old, of Ridgewood, superintendent of the North Jersey Rapid Transit Company; William Hutchinson, motorman of one of the cars, and John Frotaili, a passenger, who died in the hospital late last night from his injuries.

The collision occurred on the line of the North Jersey Rapid Transit Company, which runs from this city to Suffern, N. Y. Motormen of both cars, believing they had a clear track, ran at top speed to make the next siding quickly and allow the other car to pass.

WHY SUFFER

with Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatism or any form of Kidney or Bladder Trouble when Syste-Seal will cure you; 50c per box, 6 boxes $2.50. At all dealers or the

GOOD REMEDY CO.
457½ TALBOT STREET.
Mail orders promptly attended to.

Delaware, Lackawanna —AND— Western Coal Company's

Scranton Coal

The highest grade of Hard Coal.

John M. Daly
KOALMAN.
Phone 348. 19 York St.

When you feel overcome with the heat call on P. J Watt and get a supply of Ale or Lager. Always in fine condition.
356 Richmond. Phone 415
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French Dry Cleaning Points

We thoroughly clean almost anything in wearing apparel without any rippling apart. We thus save all risk of spoiling the shape or fit of the garment.

R. PARKER & CO.
Dyers and Cleaners.
211 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

BATH GOODS

All the necessities for hot weather comfort — sponges, wash rags, sprays, brushes, powders, soaps.

OMOND
THE LITTLE DRUG STORE,
468 Dundas Street. Phone 1429.

July Sale of Ladies' Dresses

In all the newest shades and up-to-date styles. Light weights, just suitable for this weather. All sizes. Prices from $2.95 upwards. M. FISHBEIN & Co., 638 Dundas Street. Cash or credit.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE

is Our Specialty. Get Our Prices.

J. G. STEELE & CO.
HARDWARE.
204 DUNDAS. PHONE 750.
xvti

FINAN

BUTTER PRICES ARE VERY

Fairly Plentiful But the Is Brisk.

EGGS 20c TO 22c

Hay Sold at From $11 to $ Ton—Other Quotations Market Today.

The farmers' market t large and varied, and act generally prevailed. Eggs, b dressed poultry were fairly but prices remained firm. Butter in retail quantities s as 27 and 28 cents per p farmers' baskets. Eggs wen ly at from 20 to 22 cents In poultry dressed ducks an were a feature of the mark ens, according to size, sold cents to $2 per pair. Duck from $1 75 to $2 per pair.

Hay continues to bring h although thirty or more lo offered on the market yeste price varies all the way fr $14 50 per ton.

Oats are steady at $1 3 quite a number of loads sel figure this morning.

The Fruit Marke

On the fruit market, thimbleberries were to be s first time this season. Pears cents per quart. The thi were 15 cents a quart.

Peaches are still scarce from 35 to 50 cents for six kets.

Plums are becoming mo and average about 60 cent ket.

Black currants are still s per basket 20 cents a box a quart.

Squash sold at $1 per potatoes brought $1 50 Apples varied from $1 to bushel.

Spring lambs are worth cents per pound. Dressed ho firm at $10.

All kinds of vegetables a stuffs were plentiful on today.

Live hogs are quoted today shipment at $7 25 per cwt. rise of 25c over last week's p ed pork is usually firm at on the local market, and market is rising both in live hogs.

Grain, Per Cwt.

Barley, per cwt.	$1
Oats, per cwt.	1
Wheat, per cwt.	1

Grain, Per Bushe

New wheat, per bu.	
Hungarian seed, per bu.	

Hay and Straw

Hay, per ton	12
New hay, per ton	11
Straw per ton	6
Baled straw per ton	6

Dairy Produce.

Butter, store lots, lb.	
Butter, creamery, lb.	
Butter, dairy, wholesale	
Butter, fancy, retail, lb.	
Eggs, fresh-laid, dozen	
Eggs, crate, wholesale	
Honey, sections, dozen	?
Honey, sections, dozen	1

Poultry, Dressed

Turkeys, lb. retail	
Turkeys, lb. wholesale	
Chickens, per pair	
Chickens, lb. wholesale	
Old fowl, per pair	1
Spring chickens, lb.	
Ducks, per pair	1
Ducks, lb. wholesale	
Ducks, lbs. retail	
Geese, lb. wholesale	
Geese, lb. retail	
Spring chickens, lb.	

Poultry, Etc.—Al

Turkeys, per lb.	
Ducks, per lb.	
Spring chickens, lb.	
Old fowl, per lb.	

Butchers' Meat

Mutton, per cwt.	8
Lambs, per lb.	
Dressed hogs, cwt.	8
Beef, young stock, cwt.	8
Beef, cows, cwt.	8
Veal, per cwt.	8

Live Stock.

Select hogs, cwt.	7
Fat cows, cwt.	
Stags, per cwt.	5
Export cattle, cwt.	5
Milch cows, each	60
Small pigs, pair	

Hides and Woo

Lambskins each	
Hides, No. 1, lb.	
Hides, No. 2, lb.	
Hides, No. 3, lb.	
Wool, unwashed, lb.	
Wool, washed, lb.	
Calfskins, per lb.	
Tallow, rough, lb.	
Tallow, rendered, lb.	
Sheepskins, each	1

Vegetables.

New tomatoes, quart	
New carrots, bunch	
New cabbages, dozen	1
New potatoes, quart	
New potatoes, per bu.	1
Tomatoes, per basket	
Asparagus, dozen bunches	
Artichokes, per peck	
Parsnips, per bu.	
Green onions, doz. bunches	
Potatoes, per bag	
Turnips, per bu.	
Lettuce, per dozen	
Green corn, per dozen	
Green peas, per quart	
Radishes, dozen bunches	
Celery, dozen bunches	
Celery plants, box	
Carrots, per bu.	
Cabbage, per dozen	
Cabbages, new, dozen	
Mushrooms, per box	
Beets, per bunch	
Onion plants, box	
Tomato plants, per box	
Cucumbers, per dozen	
Squash, per dozen	

Flowers.

Carnations, per dozen	
Ferns, per dozen	

Fruits.

Red currants, box	
Gonseberries, per box	
Red raspberries, box	
Apples, per bu.	
Apples, per basket	
Cherries, per box	
Cherries, per basket	
Peaches, per basket	
Plums, per basket	
Black raspberries, box	
Blue raspberries, box	
Watermelons, each	
Blueberries, per basket	
Green apples, per quart	
Black currants, basket	
Thimbleberries, per box	
Pears, per quart	

LIVE STOC

CHICAGO, July 22.—C 400; market steady; bee Texas steers, $4 50 to $6; w to $5 90; stockers and $5 30; cows and heifers, calves, $5 25 to $7 75. estimated at 11,000; mark higher; light, $6 35 to $6 8 to $6 82½; heavy, $6 10 t $6 10 to $6 35; good to ch to $6 80; pigs, $5 50 to sales, $6 50 to $6 75. estimated at 4,000; market $3 60 to $4 65; western, $3