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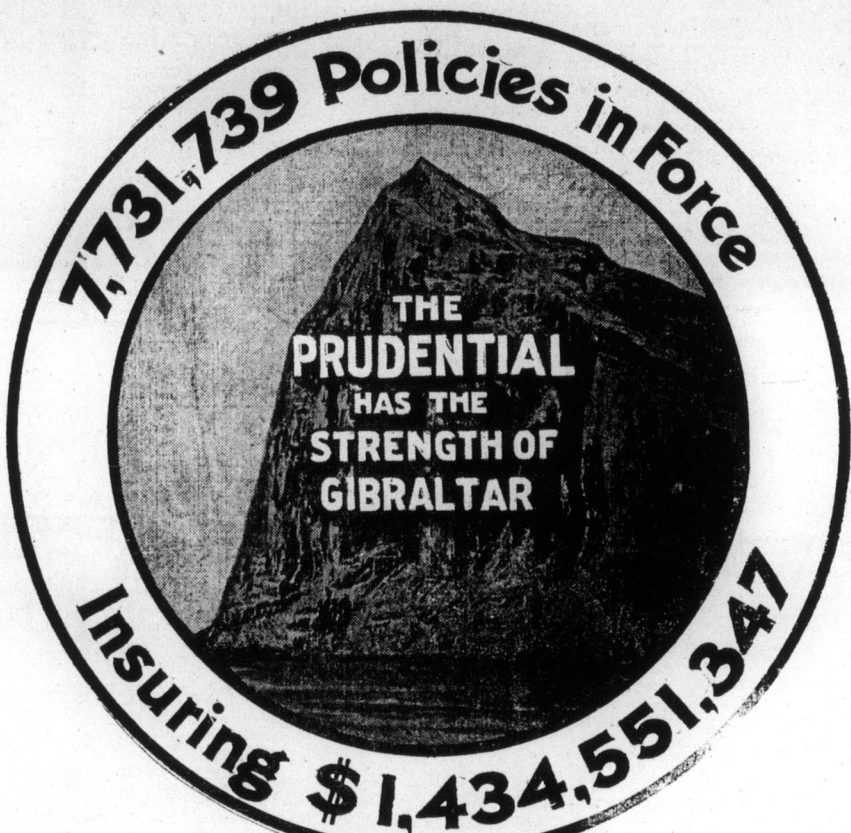
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THE WOMEN IN COUNCIL.

Egyptian and Turkish Women to Join in the Work.

Civic Reception to be Delegates at the City Hall.

Lady Aberdeen Talks About Ireland and Its People.

Toronto, June 18.—Fascinating to the extreme was the story that was unfolded by Mrs. Ogilvie Gordon, the honorary corresponding secretary of the International Council of Women, at the meeting yesterday of the Executive Committee of that body. The committee had a long and arduous session, clearing the way for the business of the Council, which will meet for the first time this morning at the university. A large number of tentative resolutions were submitted by the various National Councils to be considered, and a decision arrived at as to whether they should be sent on to the Council or not, but amid the pressure of this business, of a nature on which considerable difference of opinion might arise as to policy, the news received from the various centres formed a cheering interlude.

WOMEN AWAKENING.

From those countries in which there has been established a National Council for some years the reports spoke of nothing but progress; but of far more vital interest were the messages that told of the expansion of the movement in countries where for so long one-half of the population has for centuries been in a condition of absolute subjection. On the previous evening Lady Aberdeen, in her presidential address, mentioned something of the rousing of the women of Turkey, but yesterday the executive had the privilege of hearing the story more directly, through the report of one of their co-workers in that land, Mrs. Bowen, of Constantinople, who, by the way, is a sister of Ahmed Riza, the President of the new Turkish Parliament, that has loomed so large in the eyes of the world of late. Mrs. Bowen wrote, saying that she was hopeful of forming a National Council for the women of Turkey before very long, and the Executive elected Madame Sila Hunan an honorary vice-president, with power to carry Mrs. Bowen's desire into effect. In the course of her interesting letter Mrs. Bowen said: "The broad foundation of the Golden Rule attracts a number of our women, and even if they cannot adopt all the propaganda of the Council they want to commence on that basis."

STRICKEN FINLAND.

From Finland Baroness Gripenberg wrote, saying that the women were prepared to found a Council for that strife-riven country, while from the modernized successor of ancient Egypt the same news came. Mrs. Helen Hopkins, the Council's correspondent in that country, said in her report that the movement was gaining power among the native women. "These native ladies," she proceeded, "do not want yet our education. They want to learn how to order their households, and to be a factor in the family life which, of course, at present does not exist."

"The Minister of the Interior for Rus-

sia has at last consented to the formation of a National Council of Women," reported the Countess de Philosoph.

THE PATRONS ELECTED.

The following ladies were elected life patrons of the Council: Mrs. Marie Ekman, Sweden; Froken Lavonius, a daughter of the late Governor of Finland, Stockholm, who, together with her husband, has founded a university at Gothenburg; Mrs. Henry Bovey, chairman of the Montreal Council; Fraulein Helene Lange, Germany, who has been a leader in educational work for girls in that country, and is editress of the magazine Die Frau. As quinquennial patrons the following were also elected: Countess Ruth, Stockholm; Miss Paludan Muller, President of the Danish Council; Miss Krijner, proxy for the President of Hungary; Mrs. Emmeline B. Wells, editor of the Women's Exponent, Salt Lake City; Mrs. Young Gates, founder of the Young Women's Journal, Salt Lake City, and the Hon. Mrs. E. L. Franklin, Mrs. Symes Thompson, Mrs. Veitch, Mrs. Blaikie, Mrs. H. Muff, and Dr. Mary Madder, for Great Britain and Ireland.

INVITATIONS FOR NEXT MEETING.

Invitations for the holding of the executive meeting and the Quinquennial Council for 1914 were received from France, Norway, Australasia and Italy, and these will be considered in due course by the Council.

CONTEST FOR PRESIDENCY.

As matters stand at present there will be a contest for the office of President. The Countess of Aberdeen has again been nominated and Madame Jules Siegfried, France, is also a candidate. Mrs. Ogilvie Gordon, the present Corresponding Secretary, has decided to retire from that office, and her place will be taken by Dr. Alice Salomon, Germany. Mrs. Ogilvie Gordon has in the meantime been nominated as one of the three Vice-Presidents, and the other nominees for those positions are Miss Baelde, Netherlands; Lady Edgar Canada; Baroness Gripenberg, Finland; Frau Marianne Hainisch, Austria; Mlle. Monod, France; Mlle. Popelin, Belgium; Frau Charlotte Norrie, Denmark; Mme. Jules Siegfried, France; Countess Rasponi Spalletti, Italy; Mrs. Mary Wood Swift, U. S. A.; Mrs. Garrison Villard, U. S. A.

THE OTHER OFFICERS.

Mrs. Foster Avery, U. S. A., and Dr. Skoglund, Sweden, are the candidates for the office of Honorary Recording Secretary, while Mrs. W. E. Sanford, Hamilton, will again be elected Honorary Treasurer by acclamation. Mrs. May Wright Sewall will also be again re-elected Honorary President.

The candidates for election as Conveners of standing committees are: Finance, Mrs. Willoughby Cummings, Toronto; Press, Mrs. Johanna Naber, Netherlands; Peace, and Arbitration, Mrs. May Wright Sewall, U. S. A.; laws concerning the legal position of women, Mme. d'Abbadie d'Arast, France; Women's Suffrage, Rev. Anna Howard Shaw, U. S. A.; white slave traffic and equal moral standard, Mme. Avril de St. Croix, France. The Conveners for the Education and Public Health Committees have still to be nominated.

FINANCES ARE HEALTHY.

The receipts for the last quinquennial period, the Treasurer's report showed, amounted to \$5,130.59, including a balance brought forward of \$1,193.19. In annual fees there was received \$1,597.76 from the various countries; \$1,388.44 fees of life patrons; \$22.76 from quinquennial patrons; \$170.37 donations; \$82.87 contributions to quinquennial expenses and \$135.18 interest.

The expenditures were \$3,470.18, of which the maintenance of the President's office amounted to \$1,826.03, and the balance organization expenses, leaving a balance in hand of \$1,669.03, and the balance organization expenses, leaving a balance in hand of \$1,669.39.

The Honorary Corresponding Secretary's report, which has already been published, was also received.

PATRIOTISM FIRST.

A world's peace is a desirable thing, but patriotism comes first in the opinion of some of the delegates who are members of the Peace and Arbitration Committee of the International Council. Mrs. May Wright Sewall of Maine, and Honorary President of the National Council, is convenor of the committee, and was responsible for the exclusion of the reporters from yesterday's meeting. However, in the corridors some echoes of the morning's proceedings were heard, and it is certain that the character which the idealists desired. The main question was the advisability of petitioning the Government's taking part in the Hague Conference in favor of the submission of all questions of international disputes to arbitration, and the avoidance of the sterner arbitrament of war.

Facts have to be recognized, and this was the attitude taken by some of the delegates from Germany, Austria and Italy. They know too well that Europe is an armed camp, for have not their husbands, sons and brothers all been called to serve their time as conscript soldiers, and when danger to the nation may come from any of her neighbors the delegates of Austria and Germany were doubtful whether their support of the proposals might not be regarded as disloyalty.

MIGHT CHILL YOUNG MEN.

An Italian delegate also questioned whether it might not undermine the patriotism of the young men of her land and make them less willing to spring to arms in defence of their country should the call be made. Generally speaking, however, the delegates were in favor of the petition, but before any decision was arrived at the committee adjourned until Friday.

ATTACKING DISEASE.

"I will speak till Lady Aberdeen comes," said Sir William Thompson yesterday afternoon at the opening of the Ontario Government's tuberculosis exhibit at the physics building. Lady Aberdeen had been announced to open the exhibit, but unfortunately the pressure of business at the executive prevented her attendance, and Sir William had to close his address on the campaign against the scourge of the race without carrying out his promise—or threat.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor presided, and introduced the speaker, who is physician in ordinary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. Sir William expressed his pleasure with the exhibit, which contained several features absent from the one which had been in use in Ireland, although that possessed also some points that might be introduced with advantage into the Ontario exhibit. In any case the effort was a commendable one, inasmuch as it must lead to a stirring of the people and educational development. In Ireland they had found the municipal authorities very lukewarm at first, but the formation of local associations who brought constant pressure to bear had stimulated them to such a degree that the interest taken in the work was now very great.

The most pressing want was to deal with advanced cases. There was often no proper place to send them, and most people preferred to die at home, but in

that case they became a danger to the community. The arrest of the disease was the important function of the sanitarium work, and they must remember that each patient sent home cured became an agent for the spread of valuable information.

The home treatment was largely carried on in connection with dispensaries, and he was glad to learn that there were two in Toronto. They would play a very important part in the campaign in giving help to those whose means were limited.

AHEAD OF EUROPE.

In company with the Countess Aberdeen he had visited a number of cities on this continent, and had been forced to the conclusion that more was being done on this side of the Atlantic than on the other. The death rate bore out that opinion. In Ireland the rate was one in six, while in Toronto it was only about half that.

The reason for this difference he ascribed to the crowding together of the people in tenements, placing the people at a great disadvantage from a hygienic point of view.

Dr. Hodgetts, Provincial Medical Health Officer, briefly explained the manner in which the Ontario exhibit was utilized, and the proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to Sir William Thompson.

The Medical Women's Aulmine gave a delightful luncheon party yesterday to the medical women delegates attending the quinquennial congress of women. Dr. Rowena Hume and Dr. Augusta Stowe-Gullen received the guests. The table was extremely pretty with a lattice work of pale pink carnations, and tiny baskets of imitation rose leaves scattered between. Dr. Hume wore black with garniture of cream Irish lace, cream plumed hat; Dr. Gullen wore wide-winged blue rajah silk with corsage draped with lace of the same shade, large white hat. Dr. Anna Shaw sat on Dr. Hume's right, while Mrs. Gillies, her hostess, sat next Dr. Gullen. The toast of "His Majesty the King" was drunk first, with a verse of the national anthem, sung by all standing. "Rulers of Other Nations," then "The Delegates," responded to by Dr. Anna Shaw, Dr. Tibertius (Germany), Dr. Laurell (Sweden), Dr. Murdoch (England). Others present were Dr. Henderson (Hamilton), Dr. Greig (Australia), Dr. Margaret Gordon, Dr. M. Johnston.

In connection with the election of president, it is interesting to note that the Countess of Aberdeen is the nominee of the councils in the United States, Canada, Germany, Sweden, Great Britain, Ireland, Denmark, Netherlands, Australasia, Italy, Argentina, Switzerland, France, Austria, Hungary, Belgium, Greece and Bulgaria.

Among the councils supporting Mme. Jules Siegfried some are also of Sweden, Netherlands, France, Switzerland, Austria, Norway, Belgium and Bulgaria.

CIVIC RECEPTION TO THE DELEGATES.

The City Hall was a magnificent sight last evening, on the occasion of the reception given by the Mayor of Toronto and Mrs. Oliver in honor of Her Excellency the Countess of Aberdeen and the delegates to the Quinquennial Congress of the International Council of Women, now in session in Toronto. The guests were guarded by the omnipotent guardian of the peace to the left, around the flower pyramid to the dais on which stood His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Oliver, Her Excellency the Countess of Aberdeen, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, attended by Major J. Fraser Macdonald, and a few steps behind was Sir William Thompson, in attendance on Lady Aberdeen. Lady Aberdeen wore a beautiful dress of richest black satin with embroidery down

the front and round the train, with heavy embroidery in flower and bow-knot design of dull silver and gold; the corsage also had the front covered with the same embroidery, and light draping of Brussels lace; a low pointed tiara of diamonds was worn in her hair, some beautiful pearls, and diamond necklace, with long pear-shaped pearl earrings, also three orders were on the left side of the corsage and a splendid cluster of pale pink roses gave a charming finish to this beautiful dress. Mrs. Oliver wore a dress of a lovely shade of moonlight green, with rich embroidery in the same color on the square-cut bodice; pearl ornaments, and carried a big bouquet of roses. The Mayor and Mrs. Oliver and Lady Aberdeen shook hands with everyone as they passed, many of the delegates being greeted with special warmth by their President. The foreign ladies were distinguished by the grace of their costumes, and almost all wore the empire style of dress. Sir Maxwell and Miss Clark, who wore white satin and turquoise ornaments; Lady Whitney, in dull green velvet and pearls; Miss Nora Whitney, in pale gold satin, and Lady Thompson, in rich black, were a few of those who lingered in the reception room. Hon. Mrs. Franklin, England, wore smoke grey chiffon and satin; Mrs. Palmer, white satin and lace; Lady Taylor, black lace and satin; Mrs. Cummings was all in black.

THE INTERNATIONAL PRESIDENT TELLS HOW IRELAND IS GOING AHEAD.

From a campaign against tuberculosis in Ireland to a rally in Canada of women campaigners for right against wrong of all sorts, her Excellency Lady Aberdeen, President of the International Council of Women, has come, incidentally casting into the balance her personal influence, experience, and executive ability. After an exceedingly busy day yesterday, including an all-day committee and visits to several institutions, her Excellency, arriving at Government House only toward twelve o'clock, nevertheless graciously found time to give a few minutes in talking to a representative.

TUBERCULOSIS IN IRELAND.

"The death rate in Ireland," said her Excellency, "is about 65,000, and of that about 11,500 deaths are from tuberculosis—far more than from any other disease. Of course, the trouble is worse where there is poor housing and poor food, but all classes are affected. Sixty years ago Ireland was really in a better condition in regard to tuberculosis than either England or Scotland, but during that time a great deal has been done in the two last named countries. No, Ireland cannot be said to be much worse than it was at that time, but the death rate from this cause has not gone down perceptibly. We think, though, that the tide is turning. During the same period there has been so much emigration that Ireland has been drained in a double way."

In regard to the means used in Ireland, her Excellency said these were very much the same as were being adopted here—the building of sanitariums and educating the people by literature and in other ways.

A TRAVELLING CARAVAN.

"We have a travelling exhibition, which is always accompanied by lecturers. This has been going on for the last eighteen months or two. There is no doubt people are everywhere of Ireland. Where it could not go we have had a travelling caravan containing a partial exhibit, accompanied by a medical lecturer, a lady giving cooking demonstrations, the dis-

tribution of literature, a gramophone, a magic lantern and so on."

Her Excellency was asked if the figures began to show any results for the work that had been done.

"This year we are very pleased that the death rate is a decimal point down—very little, of course, but it shows hope. It may be beginning to tell. There is no doubt people are everywhere grasping the situation, that it is not an incurable disease, not hereditary, and that it is preventable. All parties, creeds, and classes are just determined that they are going to get rid of it."

CO-OPERATION AMONGST FARMERS.

Turning to the Irish industries in which her Excellency, as the wife of the Lord-Lieutenant, has always taken such keen and practical interest, Lady Aberdeen said that the country was beginning to go ahead very nicely, more especially in agricultural industries, upon which Ireland must always depend.

"There is a great deal of co-operation amongst the farmers; that is due to a great degree to Sir Horace Plunkett and those working with him. The Department of Agriculture, too, is taking up the matter to quite an extent. There is a great movement towards technical education in all ways. Take the matter of poultry alone. The last three years the increase of Ireland's exports of eggs and poultry has been £250,000 sterling each of the years; that is £750,000 increase in the three years. That little fact tells us how that industry has gone ahead. Imports and exports are both increasing."

INCREASE IN LACE AND CROCHET.

As to the lace and crochet of the women, her Excellency said that these industries had done a great deal for the districts where the people could do nothing else, and where they were so far away from the centres and their work must be what could go by parcel post.

"The export of lace and crochet from Ireland has increased some eight times in the last twenty years. There is a very well organized wholesale lace depot in Dublin, as well as wholesale depots in Paris and London. In Paris there is a great market, because so many Americans go there."

The developing of the manufacture of carpets was also spoken of as one of the latter assets of Irish industry. There was a considerable amount of this carpet-making done in Donegal, where also they still kept up the white embroidery. Small carpet factories were started in certain places by the Congested District Board. The carpets made were quite distinctive in colors and designs and were so thick that they had the reputation of never wearing out.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Have You Poor Eyesight?

Blurring of vision, weak or watery eyes, headaches, inflamed eyelids, or eye-balls, or do your eyes tire easily? If so, you probably need glasses. Examination free, and glasses supplied at a moderate price (if required) by J. W. Gerrie, druggist and doctor of optics, 32 James street north.

After an author has written his first story without wanting to be a thief he is ambitious to become a second-story man.

TRADE EXPANDING.

The Figures For May Touch High Water Mark.

Ottawa, June 17.—Trade figures for the month of May show most gratifying increases in both imports and exports, and indicate that the trade of the Dominion has practically recovered from the depression which set in during the fall of 1907, and is now almost equal in volume to the high record set two years ago. Imports for the month totalled \$28,600,076, an increase of \$3,183,247 over May of last year. For the first two months of the fiscal year the imports totalled \$50,592,549, an increase of \$7,792,625 over the corresponding period of last year. The customs revenue for the month shows an increase of \$670,000. Exports of domestic produce for the month totalled \$15,810,207, an increase of nearly two millions. For April and May the exports totalled \$27,673,004, an increase of \$2,471,704. The total trade last month, including coin and bullion, amounted to \$44,911,726, an increase of \$7,029,650. For the first two months of the fiscal year the increase in the total trade has been \$11,457,926.

CHARTER GONE.

Notice Served on York Riding & Driving Club.

Toronto, June 18.—"Upon the recommendation of the Honorable the Attorney-General, the Committee of Council advise that the York Riding & Driving Club, Limited, having failed for two consecutive years to use its corporate powers within the meaning of section 21 of the Ontario companies act, as shown by the accompanying report of the Provincial Secretary, and under the special circumstances applying in this the letters-patent of the club, dated Dec. 20, 1894, be declared to be forfeited, revoked and made void, but that no such forfeiture shall affect prejudicially the rights of creditors as they existed at the date of such forfeiture."

The foregoing is the text of the order-in-Council, signed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, under which the charter of the club operating at Duferin Park ceased to exist yesterday. Any further operations carried on by the directors or others associated with the defunct club are at their personal risk and responsibility.

HELD AS SUSPECTS.

Two Men Arrested While Boarding Train at Stratford.

Stratford, Ont., June 17.—While attempting to board the early morning passenger train for the east, Charles Williams, of Toronto, and James Smith, of this city, were arrested by the local police at 4:30 a. m. to-day. The police believe they have the crack-men who attempted to blow up the safe in the G. T. R. ticket office here on Monday evening, June 13. They are also charged with many minor thefts that have taken place of late in the country districts of this vicinity. A search revealed two gold watches in the socks of Smith, who was recently released from prison. The pair were remanded to jail pending an investigation.