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LIPTON'S TEA

PERPETUAL PEACE ASSURED

Treaty Now Being Arranged Between Great Britain and the United States

A despatch from Washington says: The negotiation of a new arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain will probably be taken up shortly by Secretary of State Knox and James Bryce, the British Ambassador. For some months President Taft and Secretary Knox have been anxious to begin negotiations for a new treaty to include every dispute between the two Governments. Drafting of this treaty will be an important step toward perpetual peace between the United States and Great Britain. The present treaty excepts questions relating to the national honor, the "vital interest" and the rights of third countries. President Taft and Secretary Knox believe the Senate would ratify a

treaty for the arbitration of all disputes between the two countries. In recent speeches the President has referred to this subject and expressed the hope that such an arrangement would be consummated.

The actual negotiations for the convention have been delayed until information could be obtained of the attitude of Great Britain on the question. The speech of Sir Edward Grey, Minister of Foreign Affairs, in the House of Commons on Monday night, in which he said the British Government would welcome such a proposal, has, in the opinion of officers of the State Department, cleared the way for a convention along the lines indicated.

IT IS THE COMING COUNTRY

Mr. Thomas J. Drummond Enthusiastic As To Future of Ontario's Clay Belt

A despatch from Montreal says: Mr. Thomas J. Drummond, President of the Lake Superior Corporation, has just returned from the plant at Sault Ste. Marie, and is full of the subject of the rapid settlement of that great domain known as the Ontario clay belt traversed by the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk Pacific for four hundred miles, and crossed north and south by the Algoma Central. The company have explorers out in all directions, and Mr. Drummond says that country, capable of giving homes to two million people, will be the surprise of the century, as it is really a timbered prairie, and will be settled up as quickly as the western Provinces. But he says Ontario should be astir, for the French-Can-

nadians are especially adapted for such colonization, and all know what they have done along the line of the C. P. R. Although the two other roads have the advantage of traversing this clay belt, the Canadian Pacific, with its usual energy, will tap the country in various directions from the main line as a base, and get its share of the great traffic which is sure to come out of this immense domain. The President of the Lake Superior Corporation says there are at least sixteen million acres here of the very best land in the Dominion. It is understood that by the end of the year the Lake Superior Corporation will have spent twenty millions in two years, and the development is just begun.

BRITISH AERIAL PLANS.

Sum of \$665,000 Provided in Estimates for Aerial Fleet.

A despatch from London says: War in air was discussed in the Commons on Tuesday night. Mr. Haldane, the War Secretary, gave details of the preparations of the British army to fight with dirigibles and aeroplanes. He said that \$665,000 would be spent for aeroplanes and dirigibles, and a further sum would be expended by the Technical Research Committee. The War Office has acquired five aeroplanes, three of the latest pattern, and five biplanes, purchased from Sir George White of Bristol, to be delivered in April. The War Office will make use of other biplanes, supplied by the same firm, for experimental purposes. An observation war balloon factory has been

completely organized, and Lord Kitchener will be placed at the head of a special committee to get fit men for the Royal Engineers, who can direct and conduct aerial warfare.

FEAR CATTLE PLAGUE.

Canada Places Embargo on All British Live Stock Except Horses.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Government has placed an embargo on the importation of cattle and all live stock from British ports, save horses, owing to an outbreak of foot and mouth disease at Cobham, Surrey. This will keep out cattle intended for breeding purposes until the disease is stamped out.

DIAMONDS FOUND IN CANADA

Mr. Chas. Camsell Discovered Them in British Columbia Rock

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Director of the Geological Survey announces that diamonds have been discovered by the survey in a British Columbia rock, the first recorded discovery of diamonds in Canada. The rock carrying the crystals is a peridotite of the variety known as dunite, consisting of olivine and chromite. The rock specimens in which the diamonds were found were collected by Mr. Chas. Camsell on Olivine Mountain, near the Tulameen River, where Mr. Camsell has been making a geological examination for the survey. Samples of the rock were submitted to Mr. R. A. A. Johnstone, mineralogist of the survey, to ascertain the nature of the minerals. In the course of his examination Mr. Johnstone secured some insoluble fragments of crystals, which appeared to be diamonds. More of this material was separated and a series of tests conducted by Mr. Johnstone, which established beyond doubt the nature of the material. The individuals so far extracted from a number of samples are small, none of them being larger than an ordinary pin-head, but many appear under the microscope to be clear and bright, and of good quality, though some are yellowish or brownish.

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

Canada, the Empire and the World in General Before Your Eyes.

CANADA.

A St. Catharines woman was burned to death in her home on Thursday.

Immigration officers say there are two jobs for every man coming to Canada.

The plant of the British Columbia Steel Corporation will be located at Port Mann.

New homesteads to the number of 25,000 have been opened to settlers in the west.

The Dominion Government has been asked for a subsidy for a ship-building plant at Port Mann.

Intercolonial Railway employees and motormen and conductors on the Winnipeg Street Railway have been granted increases in pay.

The storage dams already constructed or in progress on the Ottawa River will control one hundred and sixty-eight billion cubic feet of water.

A Montreal man served with legal notices in French, which he could not read, ignored them, and judgment was given against him by default. He applied for redress, but was refused.

In discussing in the Senate the bill to prevent the use of opium and other injurious drugs Sir Richard Scott said that Canada imported enough opium to supply the legitimate needs of 50,000,000 people.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The proposal of President Taft for an Anglo-American arbitration treaty has been received with great enthusiasm in Britain.

UNITED STATES.

At Albany Mrs. Edith Melber was sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment for killing her son.

GENERAL.

War preparations are going on in the far east.

GOVERNMENT BONDS AT \$50.

Would Be a Secure Investment for Small Investors.

A despatch from Ottawa says: In the Senate on Thursday Senator Domville drew attention to a report that the British Government was about to popularize consols by issuing bearer bonds of from five to ten pounds sterling, which could be purchased at post-offices. He said that the Canadian Government should do something of this kind. He suggested that the Government should issue transferable three and a half per cent. bonds for fifty dollars face value, which anyone could purchase from any Canadian post-office, and which could pass from hand to hand. Sir Richard Cartwright said there was no doubt it would place secure investment within the power of small investors. He would call the attention of the Minister of Finance to the suggestion.

EXPLOSION IN THE CELLAR.

Damage to Hardware Store at Barrie of \$17,000.

A despatch from Barrie, Ont., says: An explosion in the cellar of J. R. Hamby's hardware store at three o'clock of Thursday afternoon was responsible for a \$17,000 fire on Thursday. V. Hamby, nephew of the proprietor, was very badly burned about the head in the explosion. The loss to stock is estimated at \$15,000, on which there is \$9,000 insurance. Damage to the building amounted to about \$2,500, and is fully covered by insurance.

RAILWAY DEVELOPMENT.

Important Announcements Made by Winnipeg Officials.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The assumption that the present year will show a remarkable railway development in western Canada is established by a number of important announcements by various transportation companies during the past fortnight. These were supplemented on Thursday by the statement that the Grand Trunk Pacific will build 140 new stations, and that the Canadian Pacific will open fifty new towns on its new lines this summer.

COMING IN DROVES.

All Steamer Berths on Vessels Bound to Canada Booked.

A despatch from London says: The Canadian immigration officers at the headquarters in London estimate that the emigration to Canada from the United Kingdom so far this year is 50 per cent. more than in the corresponding period of 1910. All the steamer berths on vessels bound to Canada are booked up to the middle of May.

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, March 21.—Flour—Winter wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$3.25 at seaboard. Manitoba Flour—First patents, \$5.40; second patents, \$4.90, and strong bakers', \$4.70, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 97½¢, Bay ports; No. 2 Northern, 96¢, Bay ports, and No. 3 at 92½¢, Bay ports; carrying Winter storage at Goderich, 10 extra.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white, 81¢, and No. 2 red Winter 80¢ outside.

Barley—Malting qualities, 62 to 64¢ outside, according to quality, and feed, 52 to 55¢ outside.

Oats—Ontario No. 2 white, 34¢, on track, Toronto, and 31½ to 32¢ outside. No. 2 C.W. oats, 36¢, Bay ports, and No. 3 at 35¢, Bay ports.

Corn—No. 3 American, 51½¢, Toronto freight.

Peas—Shipping peas, 79 to 80¢ outside.

Rye—66 to 67¢ outside.

Buckwheat—No. 1 at 48½ to 49¢ outside.

Bran—Manitoba, \$22, in bags, Toronto, and shorts, \$24, in bags, Toronto.

Ontario bran, \$22 to \$22.50, in sacks, Toronto, and shorts, \$24 to \$24.50.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Spys, \$5 to \$5.50; Baldwins, \$4 to \$4.50; Greenings, \$4 to \$4.50; No. 2 assorted, \$3.50 to \$4.50 per barrel.

Beans—Car lots, \$1.75 to \$1.90, and small lots, \$1.90 to \$2.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 19¢ to 11¢ per lb.; No. 1 comb, wholesale, \$2 to \$2.50 per dozen; No. 2 comb, wholesale, \$1.75 to \$2 per dozen.

Baled Hay—No. 1 at \$12 to \$13, on track, and No. 2 at \$9 to \$10.50.

Baled Straw—\$6.50 to \$7, on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Car lots, 80 to 85¢ per bag.

Poultry—Wholesale prices of dressed poultry:—Chickens, 15 to 16¢ per lb.; fowl, 11 to 13¢ per lb.; turkeys, 19 to 21¢ per lb. Live, 1 to 2¢ less.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Dairy prints, 18 to 20¢; choice rolls, 18 to 19¢; inferior, 16 to 17¢. Creamery, 26 to 28¢ per lb. for rolls, 24¢ for solids, and 22 to 23¢ for separator prints.

Eggs—Case lots of new-laid, 20 to 21¢ per dozen.

Cheese—12½¢, and twins, 13½¢.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 11½¢ per lb., in case lots; mess pork, \$20 to \$21, do., short cut, \$24 to \$24.50; pickled rolls, \$20 to \$21.

Hams—Light to medium, 16¢; do., heavy, 12 to 13¢; rolls, 12¢; breakfast bacon, 16¢; backs, 18 to 19¢.

Lard—Tierces, 12¢; tubs, 12½¢; pails, 12¢.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 21.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 38½ to 39½¢, car lots, ex-store; extra No. 1 feed, 37½ to 38¢; No. 3 C.W., 37½ to 37¢; No. 2 local white, 37½¢; No. 3 local white, 36½¢; No. 4 local white, 35½¢.

Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.60; seconds, \$5.10; Winter wheat patents, \$4.50 to \$4.75; strong bakers', \$4.90; straight rollers, \$4.25 to \$4.35; in bags, \$1.90 to \$2.

Rolls—Oats—Per barrel, \$3.90; bag of 90 lbs., \$1.95. Feed barley—Car lots, ex-store, 49 to 50¢.

Corn—American, No. 3 yellow, 56 to 56½¢; Millfeed—Bran, Ontario, \$22 to \$23; Manitoba, \$21 to \$23; middlings, Ontario, \$24 to \$25; shorts, Manitoba, \$23 to \$25; moullie, \$25 to \$30.

Eggs—Selected, 22¢; fresh, 23 to 25¢; No. 1 stock, 20¢; No. 2 stock, 18¢.

Cheese—Westerns, 12 to 12½¢; easterns, 11½ to 12¢.

Butter—Choice, 26 to 27¢; seconds, 24 to 25½¢.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, March 21.—Wheat—Spring, No. 1 Northern, car loads, \$4.04 7-8; Winter, steady.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 50½¢; No. 4 yellow, 48¢, all on track, through billed.

Oats—No. 3 white, 34½¢.

Barley—Malting, \$1.00 to \$1.06.

Minneapolis, March 21.—Wheat—May, 97 5-8¢; July, 98 7-8¢; September, 92 3-8¢; cash, No. 1 hard, 90 to 90 3-8¢; No. 1 Northern, 98 1-8 to 98 7-8¢; No. 2 Northern, 95 5-8 to 96 7-8¢; No. 3 wheat, 93 5-8 to 96.

Bran—\$20 to \$21. Flour—First patents, \$4.65 to \$4.95; second patents, \$4.55 to \$4.85; first clears, \$3.05 to \$3.50; second clears, \$2.05 to \$2.70.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, March 21.—A few choice steers sold as high as 6½¢, but the bulk of the trading was done at 6¢, good at 5½ to 5½¢, fairly good at 5 to 5½¢, fair at 4½¢, and common at 4¼¢ per lb. Cows, from 3½ to

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Toronto, Ont.

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(MADE IN CANADA)

LABRADOR FOLK STARVING

Have Been Cut Off From Supplies by Great Ice Fields For Months

A despatch from North Sydney, C. B., says: That the rigorous winter just closing has caused extreme suffering and probably many deaths among the hardy inhabitants of the barren Labrador peninsula, who have been cut off for months by great ice fields from the possibility of securing food and clothing, is the fear felt here and in Newfoundland. The last reports from the bleak country to the north, which were received late last fall, said that the food supplies were almost exhausted and that hundreds of the natives, mainly fisherfolk and their families, were on the verge of starvation. Months have passed since the stricken Labrador people have secured help, nor has word come to the outside world as to how they are faring in their extremity.

Repeated efforts have been made to carry succor to the starving people. Vessels laden with supplies of food and of clothing have failed repeatedly to pierce ice floes which choke the strait of Belle Isle, the narrow stretch of water which separates Labrador from the northern coast of Newfoundland. The present misfortunes of the Labrador people had their beginning in the failure of last season's fishing catch. A blizzard which swept over Newfoundland and Labrador last week is believed to have further accentuated the suffering. A blanket of snow reached in some places a depth of from 20 to 30 feet deep. It is said that a large band of trappers who were operating in an interior section of Newfoundland are missing.

There are only seventy or seventy-five eggs known, and they are worth, all told, just about that many thousand dollars. The skins and mounted specimens in existence are 80 in number. Harper's Weekly.

WHY SMOTHER.

Pneumonia Largely Caused by Poor Ventilation of Houses.

Why is it that people are so afraid of fresh air in the winter? Dr. W. S. Wheeler attributes the prevalence of pneumonia, in large measure, to bad ventilation. Certainly it is within the experience of everyone that hot, stuffy rooms are responsible for headaches, dullness and other minor ills. To persons who have acquired the fresh air habit the closeness of the rooms of the average house in winter is intolerable.

Modern civilization seems to have lent itself to a conspiracy to smother the race in the winter time. In the days of open fires there was fair ventilation up the chimney. Then came the hot-air furnace, which helped to overheat the house, but which at least constantly pumped fresh air into the rooms, since the intake flue opened out of doors. But it was expensive to take air at zero and heat it up to 70, so the indoor intake was devised—an economical system, to be sure, but one ingeniously designed to make the occupants of the house breathe the same air over and over.

The same difficulty arose with the hot-water or steam radiator, and, for that matter, with the base burner.

GROVER DIES OF EXPOSURE.

Montreal Man Known to Friends.

A despatch from Montreal says: Wandering from home, clad in little more than his night clothes, James Brown, of 3,090 Alice avenue, died from exposure early on Thursday morning. Mr. Brown was a retired grover, aged 75. The body was found on the side of the road near Crystal Park, a mile from his house. Several shirts, undergarments, and two pairs of socks were all the protection that he had from the cold and frost of the night.

STRIKE EXPECTED IN WEST

Miners' Agreement Confirmed Two Years Ago Expires April 1

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The C. P. R. headquarters has sent out the following:—A big strike of coal-miners is expected in the Crow's Nest district and all through the West. Two years ago they had a strike in Crow's Nest Pass involving all the coal miners there. It was settled through the medium of a Board of Conciliation, and the agreement expires April 1. Negotiations are now under way