building of a spiritual temple and the conversion of souls.

If we come to inquire, How are our young ministers to be trained in such a course? it will be evident that there is nothing at all in the course of study in existing seminaries, by which such attainments are to be secured. We have already said it is preposterous and impracticable to speak of the erection of an Institute here.—If the means were at command, it would be wasting them to attempt it. What remains for us is, that our young men shall be committed in charge to some faithful minister, who shall be their confidential friend and spiritual guide, as well as their instructor. That their relation shall be much more one of a spiritual character than of mere master and scholar, there should be amongst them much prayer with and for each other; and the great work for which they are training should be kept before them in its relations to God and eternity. They ought to be, in the strictest sense of the term, Bible students. It is the remark of H. Bonar on this point, "The whole Word of God must form our theme of study; or if, conjointly with this, there is to be a scheme of systematic theology, let Paul's Epistle to the Romans be the text-book." It is not necessary in this place to descend into particulars; but there is one point which should not be overlooked, and that is, that throughout the whole course of study, the student should be unremitting in his efforts to seek the salvation of souls. In all the work, public and private, in which a pastor can be engaged, they should have a share. Rowland Hill remarked, "Say what you will, preaching should be one part of the education of a student in divinity." The neglect of this is unquestionably one grand source of the failure of existing modes of ministerial training. If a young man were to select the profession of law, he might go to college and graduate; but when he commenced his professional education, he would seek a place in the office of some extensive and eminent practitioner; so with the medical profession: and thus they not only derive the advantage of so much experience, but the whole course of their training receives a thoroughly practical turn. Now, surely, of all avocations, the nature of a pastor's calling is the least likely to be prepared for in the seclusion of the study, and without actual contact with mens' minds. Thus, also another important consideration would be kept in view. The demands of this region are too numerous and urgent to permit of the seclusion of its labourers for years of study alone; and the thing to be sought is, the improvement of the labourer in conjunction with the cultivation of the field.

We ask for these views the earnest and prayerful consideration of ministers and other brethren, and urge them to come up to the Associations prepared for consultation, if not for action, on the subject.

UNION OF BAPTISTS IN CANADA WEST.

It was stated in the outset of this enterprise that one prominent object that we should have in view would be, to accomplish the visible and actual union of the great body of Baptists in Canda West. Now, although a union in any external organization will avail little where there is not union of faith and affection, it is of importance to the consummation of a union of heart that we should take steps towards the accomplishment of the formal organization. We need to be bught in contact with each other; to know each other; to begin to discharge mutual duties; reciprocate the good offices of Christian intercourse; to labour in the accomplishment of common ends; and above all, to pray with and for each other, and for the advancement of the common cause.

It has been a question which we have never lost sight of since settling in this place, On what ocean, and on what grounds, shall we see the great bulk of Baptists united? The specific objects for which we should unite, the form of our organization, has doubtless engaged the attention and anxiety of many of our brethren, and the time approaches when, in our associations, we shall have an opportunity of bringing our thoughts together, in mutual deliberation and counsel.

We have therefore felt called upon to submit to the consideration of our readers, the following outlines of a plan which has been arranged after most earnest entreaty, and some correspondence on both sides of the Atlantic. Any plan of union which we adopt, ought to take into account the occasions of disunion which have prevailed amongst us. First and foremost amongst these is "the apple of scord" which certain parties for their own ends have thrown amongst us.—And any plan of union, to be efficient, must contemplate the rejection of that ground of division, and the future exclusion of it from all entrance amongst us. The experience of the churches in England ought to be a warning to us against tampering with lax principles, and *charitably* admitting compromise of the truth. In order to this, our union should be of such a kind, and for such ends, as none but Baptists indeed, would ever think of connecting themselves with. It should also go to fortify the churches in their principles, and to increase the doctrinal and scriptural intelligence of the body. It should be directed to the advocacy and illustration of our principles, and to the extension of a knowledge of those doctrines and practices which we derived from God's word, in opposition to what we believe to be the prevailing corruptions of the faith and ordinances of the gospel. Nor is this all, to be worthy of our profession, it must aim at the advancement of the spirituality of the church, and the conversion of an ungodly world.

In looking about for the means and mode of an organization which shall embrace these objects, we may profit by the experience of those who have preceded us in the effort. When the few friends of uncorrupted Baptist principles in England, took means to counteract the progress of open and mixed communion, which resulted in the formation of the Strict Baptist convention, they began by the publication of a series of tracts to which we believe was added, chiefly by the effort of one individual, the publication of the *Primitive Church Magazine*. That series of tracts has multiplied and extended—the Society begins to publish volumes whose influence has been widely felt both within and without Baptist churches. The Society is extending its views, and the convention, gathering to itself a strong body of decided adherents, is entering upon the great missionary field of the world.—The plan of union which we desire is here suggested to us. The publications of that Society are already numerous and valuable; to them may be added the larger volumes of the American Baptist Publication Society;—and we have the best means that could be devised for increasing the intelligence, and establishing the principles of our own members, and at the same time of making them known to others. We propose to form a Society, embracing the whole of Canada as its field, whose object shall be to establish a depository of the above publications, and of such other works as might be determined upon, and also to establish a system of colporteurage which should not only disseminate these works, but be the means of carrying the gospel message into many a destitute and neglected corner; paving the way for the more settled labours of the home missionary. We do not, for the present, enter into detail, but hastily submit the following considerations in its favour. In the first place, it is evident from the character of the tracts and other works published by the Strict Baptists of England that none but those who are sound in their principles would join in the effort. In the next place, whilst we should thus have the benefit of a test of the most efficient kind, the whole effort would tend to guard against future dissension. Again, it would furnish a means of improvement which is admirably adapted to the present wants of this Province. We have arrived at the stage when books will be bought, and it is all-important that our people be furnished with the right kind.—Again, it would afford a means of carrying the gospel message into many remote places, which cannot otherwise be reached. And it would afford the most efficient means of laying our views and principles fairly before the public. We may merely hint farther, that in the event of the formation of such a union, the *Evangelical Pioneer* ought to be handed over to it, and become the property of the united denomination. Its publication could be connected with the depository, and its profits might be made available for the expenses of the establishment. In such a union there would be laid the foundation for more extended operations on the whole field of Christian enterprise, domestic and foreign. We shall resume this subject.

GREAT FIRE IN DETROIT.—We have received an imperfect account of an extensive and destructive fire, which has spread over a space of thirty acres, in the city of Detroit, sweeping away the establishments of several large forwarding merchants, a number of stores, and some of the best residences in the city. The fire originated near the Old Ferry, and extended upwards, along Jefferson Avenue, till within one building of the new Congregational chapel. Wales' and the Steamboat Hotel are in ashes. The *Advertiser* office is destroyed. The goods in many of the stores, after being hurriedly removed, were consumed in the streets. We have heard no estimate of the value of property destroyed, but it must be immense; there must have been nearly 300 buildings within its range. We have not heard that any lives were lost.

SPRING ASSIZES.—The assizes were opened here on Thursday afternoon, by the Hon. J. Jones, William Notman, Esq., M.P.P., acting as counsel for the Crown. In his address to the Grand Jury, the Judge remarked on the unusual lightness of the calendar. Yesterday, the Court was mostly occupied with civil cases awaiting the action of the Grand Jury.

☞ A correspondent, some time ago, requested that we should publish the Sheriff's sales in the Western District. As it may be a general accommodation, we publish the list entire.

Gaunt, the murderer of Mrs. Bell, was executed at Niagara, on Saturday last.

The stock for the Rochester and Lockport Railroad, is said to be subscribed for, and operations will speedily be commenced.

Six convicted prisoners, in Hamilton, made a desperate but unsuccessful attempt to break gaol, last Lord's Day.

ARRIVAL OF THE

BRITANNIA.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

NEW-YORK, May 8th
Three o'clock, P.M.

The *Britannia* arrived at Boston at 2 o'clock yesterday. News received here by Government express.

General tone of Corn Trade firmer; supplies from abroad continue limited. Numerous buyers and holders enabled to realize better prices. At Mark Lane Canadian and United States Wheat 43s a 48s Indian, 24s a 27s.

Demand for American Flour, moderate; fair supply. United States 26 a 27s. Same price for Canadian.

At Liverpool the trade firm; value of mostly all articles advanced.

Canadian Wheat 6s 6d a 8s; Flour 27s 6d a 28s for best Western Canal.

Good Exports of Indian Corn for Ireland. Export exceeded import; 8000 qrs. during the last week; white 24 to 28s 6d; yellow 27 a 27s 6d; mixed 25 a 26s.

Beef commands full prices, 70s a 85s, fair inquiry.

Pork, good quality, would realize 60s a 70s. Prospects of higher prices.

Sound Cheese, very limited supply.

Lard again receded.

Breadstuffs will be in good demand for some time. Appearance of crops still encouraging.

Iron trade dull; Scotch Pig 40s a 43s.

Trade in the manufacturing districts continue dull; more working short time; more entirely unemployed.

Last quotations of Consols, 82 5-8 to 83.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

MONTREAL, 8th May.

The following items are from the *Herald Extra*, and came *via* Troy, this evening.

Continued excitement in Ireland.

Revolutionary demonstrations in Egypt. Insurgents hung by order of the Pacha. Outbreak appears certain.

Run on Savings' Banks Continue.

The O'Connells go beyond constitutional limits.

Earl Shrewsbury said to be favourable to Repeal.

The trial of Mitchell, O'Brien, and Meagher, is proceeding.

Thomas Steel has attempted suicide.

A regular armed Chartist force is said to be organized.

The House of Commons has passed the Crown and Government security Bill, with an overwhelming majority.

A Reform meeting has been held in London, at which forty members of Parliament participated. Cobden, was one. Joseph Hume presided.

The Prussian Diet has been dissolved.

Berlin is agitated.

Insurgent Poles have formed entrenchments in Posen. They have an army of 10,000 men, with artillery.

Another report says the Poles number 22,000.

The insurrection does not appear serious.

All Germany is in a state of anarchy.

Insurrection in the north of Saxony, which the Government has not been able to suppress.

Trade at Vienna entirely destroyed.

There is said to be a strong Austrian party waiting an opportunity for revolt.

The Government has ordered the Jesuits to quit Sicily.

Verona has been taken by the Piedmontese army.

The King of Naples has been compelled to issue a proclamation in favour of an Italian Independent Union.

Affairs in France are in great confusion.

A plot was formed to upset the Provisional Government, and assassinate Lamartine, headed by Ledru Rollin.

An immense meeting of workmen took place.

An immense meeting of the workmen came off at the Champ de Mars. 150 men marched to the Hotel de Ville, crying "A bas Lamartine!" "A bas le Gouvernment Provisionelle." The National Guards and the troops of the line turned out in great numbers and overawed the insurgents. No outbreak occurred.

The National Festival to celebrate the fraternization of the Army and National Guard took place on the 20th. The whole under arms, consisting of 300,000 National Guards and Guards Mobiles, and 50,000 troops of the line. They marched round the Boulevards through the city.

The procession took eight hours to pass any given spot. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed and the most kindly feelings manifested toward the troops, the National Guards, and the government. Up to the hour of post the greatest tranquility prevailed.

It is considered that this demonstration will strengthen immensely the power of the moderate members of the Government.

French funds advancing. Large amounts of gold arriving in Paris from England.—Business improving slowly. On some parts of the continent disturbances continue to take place.

Insurrection in Alsace. The whole of the Prussian troops advanced into the Danish Territory.

The Danish war vessels appeared along the South Swinland. Denmark asked England to interfere.—Palmerston declined.

The Croats fired the village of Castel Nuovo, and burned all the inhabitants—2,000 in number.

The Swiss Diet met to deliberate upon the Federal Constitution.

The Neapolitan army was marching to join Charles Albert. Apprehensions were felt of an outbreak in Spain. Spaniards had been in Seville.

Russia is still making preparations for war. 300 pieces Russian cannon were reported arriving in Warsaw.

The troops now in Poland, amounted to 80,000. The Poles have apparently made but little progress.

Berlin is agitated by the labour question.

In Baden the people have risen against the troops.

A formidable revolt at Hesse Cassel.

Another battle in Schleswig, Holstein, in which the Germans gained a slight advantage.

There was said to be a strong Austrian party at Vienna, awaiting an opportunity to make a counter revolution.

There had been fear of the operative burghers at Vienna, but the guard had prevented any demonstration.

The new Austrian Constitution is published. The power to make peace or declare war is in the hands of Parliament. Trials are to take place in open court by jury.

Laws to be proposed must be sanctioned by the Emperor. Parliament to be assembled annually. Freedom of speech, religion, of the press, of petition, and of public meetings, guaranteed.—All classes of people equal before the law. Two Houses of Parliament.

The Austrian Government have ordered the Jesuits to quit Sicily.

The King of Sardinia attacked Pischera, a strong town held by the Austrians.

PROTEST OF THE FRIENDS.—The Society of Friends, at a "meeting for sufferings," lately held in London, addressed a strong appeal to Lord John Russell, on the iniquity of war, and against the military preparations going on or projected.

TROUBLES OF THE BISHOP OF EXETER.—The redoubtable Bishop of Exeter lately sued the editor of the Western Times for libel, for calling His Grace a brawler and a consecrated perverter of truth. The defendant pleaded justification, and bent his lordship. The verdict was received with shouts of applause.

Religious Liberty in Europe.—In Germany the cause of religious liberty is likely to be advanced by political revolution. At Vienna, as in other parts of the fatherland, abolition of differences of creed in respect of political rights was one of the earliest of the popular rallying cries. Thus, about fourscore notables of the city of Augsburg, half Catholics and half Protestants, having met to establish a common understanding respecting the communal elections and administration, resolved to put an end to religious quarrels by an equal divison of functions for the future—a decision which was afterwards officially confirmed.

MARKETS

LONDON, (C. W.) May 6.

Wheat, 2s 3d to 2s 9d for fall, spring Wheat, 2s to 2s 2d per bushel of 60 lbs. Barley, 45 to 50c per bush. Pease, 2s 6d per bush. Potatoes, 2s 10d. Flour farmers' per 100 lbs 7s 6d to 8s 9d. Hay 35s per ton. Timothy Seed per bush. of 60 lbs 6. 10d.

NEW-YORK, May 8, 1848.

Sales Treasury notes 2; Government, 6's 4; Ohio, 9; Norwich, 33 1-2; Long Island, 20 1-2; Hiseldon, 5; Reading, 33½.

The foreign news is considered favourable by all parties.

Money is very plentiful in London, and American stock was in fair demand. Government 6's, 96 to 98.

Flour—good demand, at $6.50 to $6.75; but little in good order to be had under $6.62.

Corn—firm, at 55 to 55 1-2 for yellow; sales 2300 bushels.

Wheat—Genesee wheat is worth $1.36.

Ashes—no change.

Beef—70c to 90c; fair inquiry.

Pork—good qualities, 70c.

Appearances of young crops very encouraging.

MONTREAL, May 8.

The Flour market remains steady at previous rates. Sales are for consumption at Quebec and lower ports.

Wheat—Very little doing; not much in market.

Port Stanley.

ARRIVED,

May 5. sloop Emma, Cleveland.
" 6. steamer London, Buffalo.
" " Experiment, do.
" 7. schooner Princess Royal, Chatham, to finish load. propeller Earl Cathcart, Amherstburgh.
" 10. steamer Experiment, Buffalo. schooner Jane and Eliza, Blair, Kingston.
" 11. steamer London, Buffalo.

SAILED.

May 6. steamer London, for Buffalo.
" 6. " Experiment, do. sloop Emma, Cleveland.
" 9. schooner Princess Royal, Kingston. propeller Earl Cathcart, with pork, lard, ashes, &c for Montreal.
" 11. steamer Experiment, Buffalo.
" London, do

ARRIVALS AT MONTREAL.—The ships *Caledonia* and *Albion* from Glasgow.

The *Montreal* from Liverpool, the *Cambria* from Glasgow, the *Great Britain* from Liverpool, with cargoes for Montreal, arrived at Quebec. Also, the *Lady Falkland* from Greenock for Quebec, in ballast.

Bellona, Sir Richard Jackson, Canada, Mahaica, St. Andrew, Pearl, and *Anne Torrance,* with general cargoes.

The *Parajon* from Liverpool, with a general cargo for this port, arrived in Quebec this morning.

The *Montreal* and *Britannia* from Liverpool, *Cambria* from Glasgow and *Great Britian* from London arrived this P. M. The *Bellona, St. Andrew, Lady Falkland, Pearl* and *Anna* are on the way up.

Died.

At Aylmer, on the 9th inst., at the age of twenty-nine years and seven months, Jared T. Teeple,

Brother Teeple was brought to a knowledge of the Saviour several years ago, and was united with the Methodists until January 1, 1846, when he was received according to the ordinance of Christ into the Baptist church at Aylmer. Since that time he has suffered without intermission under the lingering sickness by which he died. It was remarked by those who knew him that he was more than ordinary a man of prayer, and lived constantly in the near view of death and eternity. When at length death came, it was as an expected and welcome messenger. His last words were "Come, Lord Jesus." He leaves a widow and two children to the care of Him to whom he committed his soul. According to his dying request, a sermon was preached on the occasion of his funeral, by the Rev. W. Wilkinson of Lobo, from Eccles. xii. 7.

SHERIFF'S SALES OF LANDS.

EASTERN DISTRICT, at Cornwall, Saturday, 20th May, at noon, property of *Donald McMillan*, W. 1-2 Lot 18 Con. 6; W. 1-2 Lot 18, Con. 7. E. 1-2 Lot 19, Con. 6 & 7 in Township of Cornwall and Lot 22, N side of 8th street, Town of Cornwall. Also IV 1-2 Lot 3, Con. 1, Roxborough, property of *Donald McIntosh*.

OTTAWA DISTRICT, at L'Original, Tuesday, 9th May, at noon, property of *George Cook, George Cook Jr.*, and *James William Cook*, Lot, 7 Con. 9, Russell, with the Mills erected thereon.

At L'Original, Monday, 5th June, at noon, property of *John McCuaig*, undivided half of Lot 14, Con. 8, East Hawkesbury.

JOHNSTOWN DISTRICT, at Brockville, Monday, 10th July, at noon, property of *David Donaldson*, Lot 23, Con. 5, Elizabethtown.

At Brockville, Monday, 12th June, at noon, property of *James G. Clark deceased*, in the hands of *Patrick Clark, Executor*. Lot 22, Con. 8,—200 acres; rear 1-2 of W 1-2 Lot 23, Con. 8,—50 acres; and Front 1-2 of rear 1-2 Lot 24, Con. 8, Augusta.

BATHURST DISTRICT, at Bytown, on Thursday, 25th May, at noon, property of *Augustus Keefer, Inquire*, Lot 6, Block F, Ottawa Front, Bytown; S 1-2 Lot 5, Con. 2, Gloucester, Rideau Front. Also, broken Lot H in Con. 2, on the Rideau, Nepean; Parts of Lot 40, Con. 1, Nepean, Ottawa Front, Bytown, containing 3 acres 26 perches; and 2 1-10 acres, more or less, according to description.

Also, same time and place, property of *James Johnston*, street, at Bytown, as described.

At Bytown, Thursday, 15th June, at noon, property of *John Burton*, N E 1-2 Lot 15, Con. 8, Goulbourn.

PRINCE EDWARD DISTRICT.—At Picton, on Saturday, 27th May, at noon, property of *William Corrigan*, Lot 8, S E side, carrying Place, Ameliasburgh, 100 acres. Also, property of *Samuel Rathbun*, 1 Lot 15, Con. 4, Ameliasburgh, 100 acres,—at one, P. M. same day and place.

At Picton, Saturday, 15th July, at noon, property of *Sarah Porter*, Lots 5 & 10 in the village of Demorestville, containing ½ acre.

NEWCASTLE DISTRICT.—At Cobourg, Saturday, 6th May, property of *Wm. F. H. Kelly*, N 100 acres, Lot 30, Con. 1, Hamilton.

HOME DISTRICT.—At Hamilton, Wednesday, 28th June, at noon, property of *Elias Brady* and *Ezra Brady, Administrators of Daniel Brady deceased*, Lots E & F Block 4, and Lot D, Block 32, village of Oakville; parts of Lots 13 Township 3, Con. 1, Trafalgar (Exchange Hotel), and dwelling-houses on the lots.

NIAGARA DISTRICT.—At Niagara on Saturday, 8th July, at noon, property of *John Simson*, located in St. Catharines, 23,000 superficial feet, part of Lot 17, Con. 3 Grantham, as described.

LONDON DISTRICT.—At London, on Saturday, 13th May, at noon, property of *Simeon Bullen, Frederick Tuffnay, Gideon Bullen, Robert E. Kraus*, and *Alanson Lund*, N. W. 1-4 Lot 15, Con. 7; S 1-2 Lot 19, Con. 3 of Carradoc, each 100 acres; part Lot 16, first range N of Longwood Road, 77 acres; Lot 4 Con. 1, with broken front Delaware, 200 acres; S 1-2 Lot 16, Con. 9 Dunisk, 100 acres; S 1-2 Lot 5 N of Longwood Road, Mosa, 100 acres;—250 acres Gore A. E., Delaware; also part Lot 1, and Gore, Mosa, as Lot O. E.—300 acres, Lot 1, Con. 2, Delaware; and N W 1-4 Lot 2, Con. 2, Delaware.

At London, Saturday, 24th June, at noon, property of *Jos. O'Flynn*, in the Town of London, Lot 10 S side of Dundas Street; part of Lot 18, N side King Street; 43, 44, and 45, E side of Burlington Street, new survey; 43, 44, and 45, W side of Burlington street, new survey.

At London, Saturday, 6th May, at noon, property of *Samuel B. Park*, W part Lot 10 Con. B., Township of London, 100 acres, with a front of 18 chains, 5 links, on the Concession, running to the River Thames. Lot 24, S of King street, Town of London, half acre.

BRUCE DISTRICT.—At Wooldstock, Friday, 30th June, at noon, property of *Peter Malcolm*, part of lot 1, Con. 13 Bentinck.

Also, at the same time and place, property of *Sandford B. Haggart* of Lot 1, Con. 2, Oakland, half acre.

At Chatham, Monday, 22nd May, at noon, property of *Joseph Youngblood*, E part of Lot 10, Con. 3, Colchester, 78 acres. Also, at same time and place, property of *Alexander Kaep*, Lot 12, Con. 13; Lot 5, Con. 12; Lot 19, Con. 14, all in Dawn. Also, at same time and place, property of *Gary Scott*, Town Lots 34 and 35, and Park Lot E, in South Detroit, Township of Sandwich, on Lot laid out by Joseph McDougal. Also at same time and place, property of *Alfred Moody*, Lots 16, 17, 21, 22, and 23, S side of Egremont Road; and Lots 19, 20, 21, and 24, S side of Moore Street, Warwick, containing 9 acres, more or less.

At Sandwich, Wednesday, 31st May, at noon, property of *Henry Sherwood Larned*, being his title and interest in Lots 3 and 124, in King and Second Streets, and Lot 2, in Block C, in King Street, town of Chatham. Also, same time and place, property of *James Reid*, being his right and interest in the East half of Lot 7, Con. 8, Dawn; Lot 97, South of King Street; Town Lot 2; Lot 9, and part of Lot 10, in King Street; Lot 44; part of Lot 89, in Sixth street; part of Lot 92 in Fourth Street, and houses thereon, all in the Town of Chatham; part of Lots 22 and 23, East Dundas; Lots 6, 7, 8, and 34, in the village of Wallaceburg. Also, same time and place, property of *Joseph Stagg, and Henry Stagg*, being their right and interest in part of Lot 15 in King Street, Town of Chatham. Also, same time and place, property of *David Pratt*, being his right and interest in part of Lot 14, in King Street; part of Lot 2, in Block C, in King Street, Town of Chatham. Also, same time and place, property of *Edwin Lawrell*, being his right and interest in Lot 23, Front Con Tilbury West, 200 acres; also, at same time and place, property of *Robert Reid, Orlando Reid, Charles Reid, and Thomas Reid*, Lot 14, Con 14, Harwich, 40 acres; Lot 11, and S. Dessing; Lot 6, Block C, North Chatham; part of Lots 101, fronting on King Street, and 101, fronting on Second Street; and 50, King Street, Town of Chatham. Also, same time and place, property of *John G. Wilkins*, being his right and interest in Lot 12, Block C, on water's edge, on King Street; Lot 102 on King Street; part Lot 92 on Fourth Street, Chatham.

At Sandwich, Saturday, 15th July, at noon, the property of *John Reid* and *Henry Sherwood Larned*, already advertised.

At Amherstburgh, Saturday 27th May, at noon, property of *John Baby, the second*, parts of Lot 24, Con. 1, Anderdon; W half of lot 30, Con 2, 100 acres; part of lot 76, Con. 7, 100 acres; part of lot 15, Con 9, 50 acres; and part of E half lot 11, Con 1, all in Camden East.

COBOURG DISTRICT.—At Peterboro, Monday 15th May, at noon, sale of property of John Hutcheson.

SHERIFF'S SALE FOR TAXES.

A sale of land for Taxes was announced by the Sheriff of the Colborne District (in virtue of warrants issued by the Clerk of the Peace,) to take place on the second day of the Quarter Sessions, in the present month of April, at Peterboro, when the Sheriff was to offer for sale such portion of the lots and parcels of lots of land, mentioned in the Warrants sent him, at 2s 6d the acre, be necessary to pay arrearages and charges thereon; and it is further mentioned, in the Sheriff's notice, that all the lots and parcels, which after that period shall remain in arrears for want of bidders, *shall on the second day of the Quarter Sessions in July, be offered and sold for what they will bring.* The Townships named in the warrants are Asphodel, Belmont, Bexley, Dummer, Douro, Eldon, Emily, Eumomore, Faraday, Harvey, Mariposa, Otonabee, Ops, Somerville, Smith and Verulam.

CROWN LAND SALES.

WESTERN DISTRICT.—The village lots of Shrewsbury, in the Township of Harwich, C. W., will be open for sale under the general regulations of the Crown Land department, upon application to Patrick McMullen Esq., the resident agent at Sandwich, on and after 10th May next. Plan of the lots is advertised in the *Canada Gazette*, the Government official paper, at Montreal.

NOTICE.

The Meeting-House of the First Baptist Church in Lobo having been enlarged and improved will be re-opened on the Lord's Day, May 28, on which occasion

Sermon will be preached by the Rev. J. Inglis.

At Three o'clock, p. m.

A collection will be made to aid in defraying the expense of the enlargement.

WILLIAM WILKINSON, Pastor.

Lobo, May 13, 1848.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

Discourses on the following subjects, in order, (God willing) be delivered at the Baptist Chapel, Dundas street, on the Lord's-day evenings:

On Universal Depravity.

On the condemnation and helplessness of a fallen world.

On God's free and sovereign love in the gift of his Son.

On the completeness of the Plan of Salvation, as revealed for the justification, sanctification, and ultimate glory of the believer.

On the freeness of the Gospel offer, and the awful guilt of its rejection.

The last of these discourses will be delivered to-morrow evening, May 14.

The hour of public worship is half-past six o'clock.

GREAT WESTERN RAIL-ROAD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a MEETING of the Stockholders in the Great Western Rail-Road Company, will take place at the Court-House, in the City of HAMILTON, on the first Monday, or fifth day of June next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of ELECTING seven persons to be *DIRECTORS* of the said Company, pursuant to the Act of Incorporation.

J. T. GILKISON, *Secretary.*

For the Gt. W. Railroad Co.

Hamilton, 3rd May, 1848. 19

JAMES E. CARTER,

FROM LONDON, ENGLAND.

GOLDSMITH, JEWELLER & ENGRAVER.

King street, Hamilton, between Hughson and James streets.

[CIRCULAR.]

PRINTING TYPES will be sold at BRUCE'S NEW-YORK TYPE-FOUNDRY, after March 15th 1848, at the following low prices, for approved six month, notes:

	Roman.	Title &c.	Shaded.
Pica, per lb.	30 cts.	92 cts.	90 cts.
Small Pica,	32	66	95
Long Primer,	34	60	100
Bourgeois,	37	68	108
Brevier,	42	74	120
Minion,	48	84	132
Nonpareil,	58	100	150
Agate,	72	120	180
Pearl,	108	160	220
Diamond,	160	250	300

The above prices, in consequence of increased facilities for manufacturing, are much reduced from former rates. A liberal discount for cash in hand at the date of the Invoice.

Presses, Chases, Cases, Wood Type, Ink, &c. furnished at the lowest manufacturers' prices, either for cash or credit.

Our specimen book for 1848 is now ready for distribution to Printers who will send for it, and contains many new articles that we have never before exhibited, such as Writing Flourishes, Ornaments, Ornamental Fonts, &c. of which we have an ample stock for the prompt execution of orders.

Printers of newspapers who choose to publish this advertisement three times before the 1st of June, 1848, and send us one of the papers, will be paid for it in Type when they purchase from us, of our own manufactures, selected from our specimens, five times the amount of their bill.

☞ For sale, several good second hand Cylinder and Platen Power-Presses, Standing Presses, Hand Printing Presses, &c.

GEORGE BRUCE & CO.
13 Chambers street, New-York.

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NOTICE.

THE Committee of the *London Branch Bible Society* inform the public that their stock of BIBLES and TESTAMENTS, comprises a great variety of sizes, and styles of binding. The prices will be found *extremely low.*

In addition to Bibles and Testaments, suitable for common and Sabbath Schools, they have on sale the Scriptures in Greek, Welch, German, and French languages.

DEPOSITORY at the Book Store of Mr. T. CRAIG, 25 Dundas street.

London, May 13, 1848.

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

F. B. BEDDOME begs to inform the inhabitants of London and its vicinity, that he has opened the store formerly occupied by Messrs. Shaw & Scott, No. 15 Dundas street, where he hopes, by keeping a constant and well-assorted stock of Books and Stationery, to merit a share of their support. F. B. Beddome has, in connection with his business, a CIRCULATING LIBRARY, to which he would wish to call the attention of the reading public; it consists of a good selection of Theological Works, Travels and the New Novels as they come out.

15 DUNDAS STREET,
London, April 24th, 1848 19-6

TO FARMERS AND SPORTSMEN.

JUST imported and for sale by F. B. Beddome, Bookseller and Stationer:

The Shooter's Preceptor, by F. B. Johnson,
Hawker on Shooting, by Perker, with illustrations,
Youatt on the Dog, by E. G. Lewis, M. D.
The Illustrated Fly-Fisher's Text-Book, by Theoph. South,
The Angler's Souvenir, by J. Fisher, 25 beautiful, illustrations, with illustrations by Beckwith and Topham.
The Horse and his Rider, by Rollo Springfield.
The Field Sports of France, by R. O'Conor, Esq.
The Angler's Guide, illustrated with 90 fine cuts, by F. Salter, Esq.
The American Angler's Guide, with the opinions and practices of the best American anglers.
A Treatise on River-Angling for Salmon and Trout, by John Younger.
A Dictionary of Sports, by Harry Harewood.
Rural Economy, or Chemistry applied to Agriculture, by Boussingault.
A Treatise on Agriculture, by John Armstrong.
The Farmer's Muck Manual.
The Farmer's Instructor, by J. Buel, Esq. 2 vols.
The Farmer's Guide; a Treatise on the Diseases of Horses and Black Cattle, by James Field.
The Farmer's Treasure, by F. Falkner, Esq.
The Farmer's Manual, by the same.
A Treatise on the Theory and Practice of Landscape Gardening adapted to North America, with some remarks on Rural Architecture.
The Canadian Farrier and Cattle-Keeper's Guide.

15 Dundas st. London, April 25th, 1848. 19-6

THE
COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE POLICIES granted by the COLONIAL COMPANY in the *Participating Class of Assurances*, are entitled to the Periodical Division of Profit according to the Company rule, in which they have been issued. At 20th May, 1848, the Book for the present year will be closed, and all persons opening Policies before that date will secure a share of the profits at the investigation in 1854, corresponding to 7 years. The mode of dividing the profits of the Company is a subject of much importance, and the Directors have studied to adopt such a plan as shall conduce on equitable principles, to the interests of all concerned in the institution. *The Bonus*, when declared, can be added to the sum payable at death, or applied in present value towards reduction of the Annual Premium, or partly in the one way and partly in the other. The Company have already assured nearly *Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Pounds Sterling*; and the successful progress of the institution generally, has been very remarkable, showing how great the extension of Life Assurance to the Colonies of Great Britain has been appreciated there.

☞ In order to secure the benefit of the present year's entry, it is necessary that all declarations should be signed on or before 25th May next.

By order of the Directors,
A. DAVIDSON PARKER,
Agent for Canada.

Office—19 Great St. James street, Montreal.

Agent at London—CHARLES MONSARRAT.

London, April 28, 1848. 18

THOMAS NOAKES BEST,
AUCTIONEER
& GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
James Street, opposite to the Market.

Out-Auctions, both in Town and Country, attended to. *Hamilton*, 1848.

TO CAPITALISTS.

THE subscriber offers for sale a number of Village Lots in the Village of Warsaw, Township of Blenheim, Brock District, C. W.

Also, Water Power to drive a Flouring Mill, Saw Mill, and other Machinery, to suit purchasers. The site is surrounded by a country affording extensive support.

Also, a valuable Farm to let for any period from one to five years.

Further particulars on any of the above may be learned by applying to

ENOS WOLVERTON, Paris post-office.

March 29, 1848. 1

EDUCATION.

MRS. BEDDOME receives a select number of YOUNG LADIES to instruct in the usual branches of an English education, with Music, French, Drawing (in pencil and crayon), Oil and Water Colour Painting, and the Rudiments of Latin and German. Having resided for some time in Paris, Mrs. Beddome teaches the French language grammatically.

Private Lessons given in the above accomplishments; also in Astronomy, Botany, and Miniature Painting.

15 Dundas street. 17-6

SAMUEL R. KELLY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
91 *Wall street, New-York.*

PARTICULAR attention will be given to the selection of Teas and other Dry Groceries required for the Canada market; also to the receipt at New-York and forwarding in bond of foreign goods, and the receipt for shipment or sale of Canada produce in bond; with any other business that may be required. 17

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between Levi Fowler and Amos Wood, under the name and style of FOWLER & WOOD, Merchants, at Fingal, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The debts due to and owing by the said firm are to be paid to and discharged by the said Levi Fowler, and the business in future to be carried on in the same place by Amos Wood alone.

LEVI FOWLER,
AMOS WOOD.

21st March, 1848.

George Munro.

BURLINGTON LADIES' ACADEMY,
HAMILTON, C. W.

THE Summer Session of this Institution, consisting of fifteen weeks, will commence on Thursday, the eleventh day of May. The Principal and Preceptress are assisted by eight ladies, eminently qualified to impart instruction in their several departments. The object of this school is to afford young ladies facilities for acquiring an intellectual and moral education in some degree proportionate to those afforded to young gentlemen in our colleges and academies. The Institution has a library of more than 600 volumes; also, a complete set of chemical and philosophical apparatus, microscope, globes, &c. &c.

The Academy building is situate in a pleasant part of the city, and in all its arrangements, and furniture has been fitted up with special reference to the health, comfort and convenience of the pupils.

For full information, attention is invited to the Academy circular which may be obtained at the office of the *Evangelical Pioneer*, or by application to

D. CLEVAN NORMAN, A. M.
Principal.

Hamilton, 21st March, 1848.

JAMES TURVILL, Selborne, near Port Stanley, keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,

And every other article usually kept in country stores; all of which will be sold *Cheap as the Cheapest*, for Cash.

Agent for the sale of the

GENUINE MOFFATT'S, BRANDRETH'S, & LEE'S PILLS,

And most other kinds of Patent Medicines.

A good assortment of LUMBER always on hand.

A superior CARDING MACHINE (made by M'Lachlin & Co. Annandale), *nearly new*, will be sold cheap.

Also for sale, 100 acres of LAND, west half of Lot No. 23, north of Egremont Road, being the graded road from London to Port Sarnia.

Also for sale, a HOUSE and LOT in St. Thomas, on the principal street, being corner of King and Talbot streets, occupied at present as a Tailor's shop.

Also for sale, that well-known Grist and Flouring MILL, on Third Concession, Malahide, belonging to Wm. Turvill.

☞ *All those whose Notes and Accounts are past due will please pay or clear* ——

JAMES TURVILL.

Selborne, Jan. 7, 1848. 2

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES & HARDWARE
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

A Large and Well-Assorted Stock of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS, suitable to the respective Seasons

In GROCERIES, particular attention is paid to the quality of the TEA, Coffees, and the stock generally, which will be sold at Low Prices; also Paints, Oils, Leather, &c.

In HARDWARE—the Assortment of SHELF HARDWARE will be found very complete, both of British and American manufacture. A good stock of Heavy Hardware always to be obtained.

The highest market price paid for WHEAT and other articles of country produce.

☞ TIMOTHY SEED.—WANTED, a Large Quantity of Timothy Seed.

THOMAS HODGE.

St. Thomas, 1848. 1

MACLELLAN & Co., Importers, 33 Dundas street, embrace this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their friends and the public for the very liberal and distinguished patronage they have received since the opening of their establishment. They further beg most respectfully to draw the attention of their numerous customers and intending purchasers to their very extensive importations of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Direct from the manufacturing towns of Great Britain, which, for variety, style, quality and cheapness, cannot be surpassed in Western Canada, and which they are determined to sell at the very lowest remunerating profit for Cash.

N.B.—Wholesale buyers supplied on the most liberal terms

MACLELLAN & CO.

London, Jan. 1, 1848.