"You must rise and call me early, Call me early, wifey, dear."

A Sale That Will Awaken the City Saturday!

Great SALE of PANTS

1,000 Pairs of Genuine Worsted Trousers
Regular Prices from $8.50 to $12

Your Choice $5.50

Some of these pants are already in, but most of them are coming today from our own tailoring shops. All are newly made, of strong, serviceable worsteds, in the newest styles, and at the price offered are a wonderful bargain. The price is FAR BELOW COST. You'll be wise to buy two or three pair.

OVERCOATS

ONLY A FEW LEFT

Regular Prices $28.00 to $35.00

Your Choice for $19.50

All sizes from 35 to 42. Half-belt ulsters and slip-on models. Every coat a genuine bargain.

OAK HALL

337 Danforth Ave. Cor. Yonge & Adelaide Sts.

MESOPOTAMIAN MANDATE CALLS FOR CAUTION

London, Feb. 3.—Great Britain's mandate for Mesopotamia will be submitted to the council of the League of Nations at its meeting at Geneva, Switzerland, Feb. 21, it is said by newspapers of this city. The London Times and The Daily Mail feature the announcement that this action is contemplated, and The Mail, in an editorial, emphasizes its great diplomatic importance, demanding that before Great Britain accepts the mandate the country should be given complete information regarding the matter.

"Once this responsibility is undertaken," the newspaper declares, "Mesopotamia will be firmly tied to our backs, with all the enormous financial liabilities it involves."

Sleeping Sickness Spreading Thruout England and Wales

London, Feb. 3.—Reports of new cases of sleeping sickness have been made by physicians in this city and thruout the country, quite an alarming spread of the disease being shown. There are now more than 100 cases in London, and 321 in England and Wales.

ECZEMA You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Ointment for Eczema and Skin Irritations. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send 2c. stamp for postage. 60c. a box; all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

All Films Depicting Crimes Are Barred From New Zealand

Wellington N. Z., Feb. 3.—The New Zealand government in a proclamation has ordered that no motion picture films depicting thieving robbery, murder or suicide shall be permitted to be shown in the Dominion of New Zealand after May 1 next. The importers of films have been thrown into consternation by the order.

AUSTRALIA MUST PREPARE TO FACE ASIATIC PERIL

Brisbane, Queensland, Feb. 3.—In a speech here today Premier E. G. Theodore declared that anyone who doubted that Australians would soon be called upon to defend their homes against Asiatic invasion were living in a fool's paradise. Asiatic ideals and aspirations, he added, were a menace to the ideals of the Australian Labor party.

GASOLINE IS REDUCED.

New York, Feb. 3.—The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey today announced an additional reduction of one cent a gallon in the price of gasoline in New Jersey, making the wholesale price 26½ cents. The price in Louisiana was reduced two cents a gallon, making the wholesale price 25½ cents.

MRS. HUGH WILKINSON DEAD.

Brockville, Ont., Feb. 3.—Mrs. Hugh Wilkinson, mother of Rev. Fred Wilkinson, rector of St. Peter's Church, Toronto, died here this morning at the age of 81.

WILL FAIL TO FULFIL TREATY OBLIGATIONS

Washington, Feb. 3.—The supreme court is told in a petition for rehearing filed today by counsel for Canadian claimants to Kansas farm lands that its recent decision, if allowed to stand, that a citizen of Canada is not eligible to inherit land in the United States, will place the United States in the position of failing "to keep faith in the fulfilment of its treaty obligations."

The decision the petition says, "most vitally affects the honor of this nation" in that it violates specifically the "most favored nation" clause of treaties with Great Britain. It is stated that not only Great Britain but Canada and the provinces of that dominion have enacted laws permitting citizens of the United States to inherit lands within their borders, thus fulfilling all conditions of the international agreement covering reciprocal rights of the nationals of each country.

Sarah Bernhardt Promoted In the Legion of Honor

Paris, Feb. 3.—Promotion of Sarah Bernhardt, the famous actress, and Gustave Charpentier, the composer, to officers of the legion of honor was announced in the official journal today.

CUT ICE FOR KINGSTON.

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 3.—(Special).—The work of cutting Kingston's ice supply commenced on the lake today.

Find Skeleton of Mastodon And a Seven-Foot Turtle

Bisbee, Ariz., Feb. 3.—Discovery of the skeleton of a mastodon and the remains of a seven-foot sea turtle near Benson, 50 miles northwest of here, was reported today by Dr. Gidley of the Smithsonian Institute, in charge of a party that has for several days been uncovering the bones of pre-historic animals. The tusks of the mastodon skeleton measure more than six feet in length.

FEARFUL SCENES ATTEND RED INVASION OF BAKU

Naples, Feb. 3.—Fortunato Anselmo, a shoemaker, repatriated from Batum, in the Caucasus, says he witnessed horrible scenes when the Bolsheviki invaded Baku. Anselmo was a patient in a hospital which was attacked by the Bolsheviki. The invaders turned the less seriously ill out into the street and stole everything from them. They then opened the prison in order to have the aid of the inmates in the sacking of the city. The bodies of women and children who died of starvation according to Anselmo, were left in the streets.

When Anselmo made his escape he said prices had become fantastic. A pound of bad bread, made from maize and beans, cost one hundred rubles per pound, while sugar was one thousand rubles per pound.

PINS ITS FAITH ON BATTLESHIPS

Naval Board Says Without Them U. S. Cannot Cope With Existing Navies.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The major ship remains the basis of sea power, and those who argue that the airplane and the submarine have supplanted it are asking the United States to "accept hopes for accomplishments," the navy general board says in a report to Secretary of the Navy Daniels made public today.

"The general board, having kept in touch with naval progress along all lines," says the report, "reiterates its belief in the battleships as forming the principal units of the fleet. Without them, the United States cannot hope to cope with existing navies."

Urging that "equality in power be the continuing naval policy of the United States," the board says there is "no thought of instituting international competitive building," and that "no other nation can in reason take exception to such a position."

The report was approved by Secretary Daniels and was transmitted by him to the senate naval committee for its information in considering pending disarmament and "naval policy" resolutions.

Cessation of naval building by Great Britain is attributed by the general board to the great preponderance in her navy of all types of ships and to the present economic situation in that country.

A suspension of work on the naval building program for six months to allow exports to determine, in the light of the lessons of the world war, what types of ships are most useful, as provided in the pending resolution which is sponsored by Senator Borah, "is neither necessary nor advisable," the board asserts.

"The important facts regarding the naval operations of the war are already generally known," the report says.

Every new weapon of offence that has threatened the supremacy of the capital ship has been met by a successful mode of defence," the report declares, citing the development of the torpedo as an illustration of the contention. The report points to the development of the submarine and of aircraft, and added that "invention will provide means for meeting the future development of these weapons, and they, like their dangerous predecessors, will continue to be only adjuncts of the fleet."

FORCED TO CEASE ATTACK ON JUDGE

(Continued From Page 1.)

the government of that day entered into an agreement with the Spanish River Pulp and Paper Company for a continuous supply of wood for the purpose of its business on condition that the company erect a pulp and paper mill as set out in the agreement.

Company Wanted Extensions.

"Shortly after I took charge of the department, the question of wood shortage was brought to my attention, and was the subject of discussion from time to time afterwards. Along about 1917, when the demands for pulp and paper enormously increased, the company informed me that they contemplated extension of their mills involving substantial expenditure, but before definitely deciding upon the matter it was essential that they should know whether the mills could count upon a continuous supply of wood, as contemplated in their original agreement, or must they shut down and scrap the plant with its four million dollar investment, as soon as the present supply was exhausted. I told them that the policy of the investment was to maintain and develop on a sound basis our forestry industry, and assured them that an ample supply of raw material would be available to their plant on proper terms. The effect of the war on the financial situation rendered it impossible for them to go on with their plans at that time. Sometime in the winter or spring of 1919, the company came to me again and said they were now in a position to secure the money to carry out their expansion plans if they could rely upon the raw material sufficient to maintain the industry. I repeated my assurance to them. I pointed out, however, that before anything definite could be decided an area would have to be delimited, and a cruise of the territory and a valuation and a general report would have to be made.

Arranged With Bankers.

"Later in the summer they advised me that they had arranged with their bankers for their financial requirements and asked that the assurance already given them be put in writing. Negotiations had reached a stage where it became necessary that it should be made a matter of record in the department. I directed them to put their application in writing, and I would give them a written reply.

"It will be readily seen by the house and the public that the statement in The Farmers' Sun has not a shadow of foundation, in fact, the negotiations were of an ordinary business character. One of our largest forestry industries found itself with sufficient wood to carry on only for a few years. They asked to be assured that they would be maintained as a cutting concern on fair terms. The department merely reserved an area tributary to this plant, from which, at a later date, after full information had been acquired, territory could be set apart from which cutting rights would be given to this company upon proper terms.

"Extraordinary Circumstance."

"The article in The Sun reads: 'A most extraordinary circumstance was the way Mr. Justice Riddell described the manner in which three letters had been taken from the files of the department of lands forests and mines and later returned. These letters contained the promise of the Hon. Howard Ferguson to give away 5000 square miles of forest to the Spanish Pulp and Paper Company.'

"Again I say this is the vilest kind of slander. There were no letters removed from the files of the department, and no letter contained a promise to give any territory to any company.

"A letter written to Mr. Meade on Oct. 30, after the election, was put into the distribution drawer and evidently was inadvertently carried away with my private files. When my secretary discovered it he immediately took it to the department and left it with his explanation. The contemptible insinuation that there was an attempt to suppress something is almost beneath notice. I would like to draw attention of the public to the postcript in my letter to Mr. Meade, in which I specifically said that I was retaining a copy of Mr. Smith's letter for the official files.

After the Commissioners.

"Ordinarily it would be difficult for one to understand how such gross misstatements of fact could be made in the present instance, however, it can readily be accounted for from the comment and conduct of the commissioners conducting this so-called enquiry, which undoubtedly were made to inflame the public mind for political purposes. Here is a sample. Mr. Justice Latchford without waiting, looking to the merits or getting particulars of this matter says: 'the grant of 5500 miles of timber limit just on the eve of election is a matter that should be promptly investigated.'"

It was at this point that the premier objected and Mr. Ferguson was compelled to resume his seat.

Debate on Address.

R. R. Hall (Liberal, Parry Sound), in resuming the debate upon the address, called for improvements in the present good roads and factories acts, and lodged an objection to the government delegating its duties and responsibilities to commissioners, some 18 of which had been appointed.

As for Hydro radials, Mr. Hall said the position taken by the government regarding them met with his approval as did also the proposal to create a minister of power.

J. R. Cook (Conservative, North Hastings), said he was disappointed that no mention had been made in the speech from the throne of any legislation looking to increasing the revenue of the province. He could look forward to the day when Ontario's budget would amount to $40,000,000 a year.

Rev. Edgar Watson (U.F.O., North Victoria), declared that the provincial Hydro Electric Commission should not arrogate to itself the duties properly devolving on the legislature. It should be subjected to legislative control and supervision.

The timber enquiry and all those connected with it should be above the very suggestion of political bias.

C. F. Swayze (Labor, Niagara Falls), twitted Mr. MacBride for the unique position he occupied in the house—nobody knew where he stood. Continuing, he said there was no doubt that there had been mal administration of natural resources in the province, and if the present government could not put an end to that state of affairs it should be turned out of office.

Reforestation, education and the marketing of fruit were other subjects briefly touched on by Mr. Swayze. Military training in schools should be abolished in favor of athletic training. He would also pay more attention to agricultural education. The eight-hour day would eventually come, he thought.

Far-Reaching Bill.

Sergt.-Major McNamara has given notice of a bill to give workers one full day off a week, excluding Sunday. The only exceptions made will be in the case of janitors, etc., in places where not more than two men were employed, and where Sunday duties did not require more than three hours' work. A penalty of $1,000 for violation of the bill is provided.

City Crown Attorneys.

Attorney-General Raney introduced a bill respecting the office of the crown attorney for the city of Toronto and the county of York. The bill amalgamates the offices and tho the details were not stated it is understood that there will be a special staff and a salary of $7,500 for the crown attorney.

J. W. Curry has a bill the idea of which is to do away with the printing of part 3 of the voters' lists annually in the city of Toronto and other large centres. Part 1, he explained, refers to those entitled to vote in municipal and provincial elections; part 2, municipal elections only, and part 3, those entitled to vote at provincial elections. The printing each year of part 3, he understood, ran into thousands of dollars and was being always used.

For the Unemployed.

Mr. McNamara (Riverdale) has given notice of a resolution "that it is the sense of this house that the honorable the prime minister, or a committee of his majesty's provincial legislature, shall be appointed to confer with the Dominion government upon the imperative necessity for an immediate and comprehensive permanent system of unemployment insurance to cope with any calamitous industrial crisis that may hereafter arise from any such discontinuity of employment as cannot be prevented."

Mr. Tolmie has given notice of the following inquiry: How many timber limits have been offered for sale since December 1, 1919, and where situated? Were they all sold by tender? The date of sale, area and price paid? Were any withdrawn after being advertised, and if so, why? How many tenders were received in each case? The name of the successful tenderer? The amount of bond given in each case by the successful tenderer.

Legislative Committees.

The standing select committee on labor legislation, which will be added to the standing committees of the legislature, consists of Hon. Mr. Drury, Messrs. MacVicar, Webster, Casselman, Biggs, Cameron, Smith, Rollo, Halcrow, Heenan, Swayze, Honsuth, Crockett, Hill, Ireland, Kennedy, Magladery, Dewart, Brackin, Marceau, Cooper (Toronto), MacNamara and MacBride.

All of last year's standing committees were reappointed with the following additions: To private bills, Messrs. Black, Crockett, Halcrow, Johnston (Lanark), MacNamara, Racine and Ross (Kingston); to municipal law, Messrs. Curry, Dewart, Halcrow, Johnston (Lanark), Lewis, Marshall; to agriculture and colonization, Messrs. Freeborn and Johnston (Lanark), Walker; to public accounts, Messrs. Ferguson, Hall, Henry, Oke, Racine, Tooms; to privileges and elections, Mr. Lewis; to fish and game, Messrs. Cooper (Toronto), Cridland, Marceau, Magladery, Tooms; to printing, Mr. Hill.

Representatives of the Ontario Association of Architects waited upon Premier Drury yesterday, asking for a higher status of education for architects and a system of registration, similar to that existing in some of the United States. They also wanted to raise the university course. The prime minister expressed sympathy and asked that a draft bill be prepared.

$1000.00 a Pound

Some fish—Yes—The Vail Tail Telescope fish in the Walker House Aquarium, while in weight only one pound, is valued at $1,000.00. The colorings and markings of this fish defy description.

This is only one of the many marvelous fish in our aquarium. An educational and most interesting hour can be spent examining these fancy fish. It is entirely free.

THE WALKER HOUSE

"The House of Plenty"

Geo. Wright & Co. - Proprietors

ARISTOCRATS TEND STEAMER'S BOILERS

Bring Vessel From Sweden, When Stokehold Crew Strikes.

New York, Feb. 3.—The Swedish liner Gothenberg steamed into New York today under power furnished by the brawn of millionaire clubmen, college professors and the general elite of Sweden. Sigurd Bjorkstrum, port engineer of Gothenberg, and a director of the Swedish-American line which controls the vessel, was the chief engineer, and his 12 stokers were recruited among the aristocracy of Gothenberg when the regular crew of 15 struck for higher wages.

The former chief engineer of the vessel had demanded that his salary of 14,000 kronen a year be doubled. If his demands had been met, steamship officials said, his salary would have exceeded by 3,000 kronen that of the Swedish minister to the United States.

The aristocracy of the boiler room tonight removed their denhams, donned more formal clothing and started out to see New York.

BRAMPTON RESIDENT IS KILLED BY TRAIN

Edward Hayden, Aged Seventy, Retired Contractor — Was One of Town's Pioneers.

Brampton, Ont., Feb. 3.—Edward Hayden, aged 70, a retired contractor, was instantly killed today at noon when struck by a Grand Trunk passenger train. He had a bag of feed on his back and was a little deaf and it is thought he did not hear the passenger train owing to the noise made by a shunting engine. He was a resident of Brampton for 45 years, a member of the Baptist church and highly respected. Prof. Albert Hayden of Chicago, and William J., of the Collegiate Institute, Chatham, are sons, and the following are daughters of the deceased. Mrs. Jones, Orillia; Mrs. Fereday, Mrs. Hunter and Mrs. Smith, all of Brampton.

HANNA DESIRES TIME TO CONSIDER AWARD

D. B. Hanna, president of the Canadian National Railways, who returned to Toronto yesterday, still declines to discuss the award of the recent board of conciliation which found against his "no politics" order and recommended reinstatement of James Higgins, of Toronto, and other C. N. R. employes who lost their positions because of it. Mr. Hanna wished more time to peruse the reports.

Two Kidnapped Children Are Returned to Father

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 3.—(Special).—George and James Richardson, aged eight and ten years, sons of W. G. Richardson, who were kidnapped by their mother about two months ago and taken to Montreal, will be returned to their father immediately as a result of the efforts of the Children's Aid Society.

REOPEN PLANT IN BROCKVILLE.

Brockville, Ont., Feb. 3.—An encouraging aspect was given the local industrial situation this morning with the opening of the new plant of Machinery and Foundries, Limited, on the active manufacture of pumps and coast hardware.

DRIVER AND HORSES DROWN.

Montreal, Feb. 3. — Ferdinand Quevillen 20, was driving a two-horse rig yesterday over the St. Lawrence River between La Tortue and Verdun, when the ice over a recent cut broke, submerging the vehicle and drowning the man and the horses. His body has not yet been recovered.

FT. WILLIAM STRIKE OVER.

Ft. William, Ont., Feb. 3.—The strike at the plant of the Canadian Car and Foundry Company lasted only thru one day, and at half-past ten last night the men voted to accept the reduction of ten per cent. in piece-work rates and to return to their jobs this morning. The car works are operating to full capacity today after only one day's idleness.

DIAMONDS — Cash or Credit, $1, $2, $3 weekly. We trust any honest person. Write or call for catalogue. JACOBS BROS., Diamond Importers, 15 Yonge St. Arcade, cor. Temperance St.