

Winding-Up Meeting

Of the Board of Aldermen for 1898.

The Street Railway Company Get a Raking Over.

Will Be Given Legal Notice to Obey the Bylaw

In Respect of Routes and Schedule—Motion Carried Eleven to Five—The Grievances of the Company's Employees Laid Before the Board—Market Clerk Wilson Retains His Situation—Tax Remissions and Exemptions Deals With—\$46,000 Worth of Debentures Placed.

The "winding-up" meeting of the city council was held last night, and as at many of its predecessors, it was after midnight when the council chamber was deserted. The mayor presided, and all the members but Ald. Graham were present.

The troubles between the council and the street railway company and between the employees and the company, were the chief topics of discussion. As to the former, the ten days' notice, legally requisite, was formally given. On motion of Ald. Carrothers, to secure the enforcement of the bylaw with respect to the routes and time-table.

The men were represented by Messrs. Frank Plant and Joseph T. Marks, while Solicitor Ivey replied for the company. No action on this matter was requested, and none was taken. A large number of citizens were present during the discussion.

TAX REMISSIONS.

Several petitions for the remission of taxes were referred to committee. One from Mr. R. A. Jones, asking a refund of the 1898 taxes paid on St. George's Episcopal Church, Ald. Jolly wished taken up by the council.

Ald. McCallum objected. The usual manner of dealing with these matters was to refer them to the committee, he said. There was no reason in this case for not dealing with it in the usual way. His amendment to the effect was lost, and a motion by Ald. Jolly to grant a refund to the Empress Avenue Church and to St. George's Church, passed.

Ald. Jolly argued that they were as much entitled to a refund as the Kensington Mission was, and that had been granted.

WILL PAY WHEN THROUGH.

Contractor Grant, through his solicitors, Messrs. Gunn & Harvey, applied for the payment of the balance of his account, about \$902.12. It would be a great convenience to him, he said.

The engineer reported that \$905.63 would be due Jan. 12. He deducted waterworks account and the grading of Ridout street.

Ald. Carrothers protested against paying any money before it was due. Mr. Gunn was heard in the matter.

Ald. Greenlees favored paying the account.

Ald. Nutkins contended that it should go to the sewer committee. Ald. Cooper did not see why Ald. Carrothers so suddenly took such objection to the paying of money before it was due. There were times when Ald. Carrothers took no such objection. It had been done before, and in this case this council knew more about the matter than next year's council would. He moved to pay the \$905.63. Ald. Greenlees seconded. Lost.

Ald. Carrothers' motion to file the application passed.

John Grant asked for damages on account of stopping of mill on Adelaide street north by water from an alleged defective culvert. No. 2 committee.

Mr. Foley claimed damages for accident because of alleged imperfect sidewalk. No. 2 committee.

Architects Moore & Henry sent in an account of \$400 for plans for the Victoria Hospital. Ald. Carrothers.

A Baggage Man's Back

A G. T. R. Employee Tells How Doan's Kidney Pills Took Out the Pains and Aches.

A baggage man's lot is none too easy. The heavy lifts strain the back and cramp the kidneys. They cry out in protest.

Make the back pain and ache! Allow the poisonous uric acid which is the kidney's duty to filter out of the blood to be carried back into the system, producing Headaches, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, and in the end Bright's Disease, Dropsy and death!

Help the kidneys to health with the right remedy—the remedy that Mr. Andrew Maxwell, of Galt, Ont., used—Doan's Kidney Pills. This is what he has to say about them:

"I have been a great sufferer from kidney disease. The pain in my back and side was very bad; the urine very high-colored and carrying a heavy sediment."

"I was so bad that it seemed like misery for me to work. I used a great many medicines, but could get no benefit when providentially I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills, and concluded to try them."

"A marvelous change took place after the first few doses, and now I am as well as I ever was. No more pain; the urine is clear, and I am now in the enjoyment of vigorous health."

"I have recommended them to many of my friends, and can say that they are the best remedy for kidney troubles ever put before the public. I say this knowing it to be true from my own experience."

If you are troubled with Backache, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Gravel, Rheumatism, Urinary Troubles, or Bladder Weakness, take Doan's Kidney Pills; they'll cure you—never fail in the worst cases. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c a box, or 3 for \$1.25. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont. Ask for Doan's and refuse all others.

copy of the West London breakwater bylaw, which gives unmistakable evidence of its illegality, and of a ridiculous attempt to mislead the citizens at their own expense. I beg, therefore, to suggest that the council at once abandon it, for the credit of themselves and of the fair fame of the city, and I take the liberty of addressing you this open letter.

This communication was filed.

EMPLOYEES' GRIEVANCES.

Messrs. Frank Plant and Joseph T. Marks were present in the interests of the street railway employees' union. They did not ask the council to take any action, but merely wished to lay the men's story before the council, so that they might know their grievances.

Mr. Plant was the first speaker. He said the agreement between the men and the company had been broken by the latter time and again, and the men were unable to get redress. He gave a few instances. About four weeks ago a man was laid off wrongly, yet he had been unable to obtain his pay for the day lost. Another grievance was that the work was not evenly distributed. For example, a non-union man got 65 hours in one week, while a union man got 20 hours. As for the case of a man laid off a few nights ago for a reported accident, when a passenger jumped off his car and fell, Mr. Plant said the superintendent made out the report which the conductor finally signed, but protesting, because the report blamed the conductor. The latter then looked up the passenger, M. J. McGrady, a medical student who had been sent to get a report against the conductor. Mr. McGrady gave the latter a letter exonerating the conductor from all blame in the accident.

Another complaint was that the union men could break the rules with impunity, but the company was tyrannizing over the union men in every way possible. The object in coming before the council was to show the council that if the men again went on strike, it would be because they were forced to.

Mr. Marks said the men on the cars did not know when they were talking to a decent citizen or a spotter. The conditions under which the men worked were unbearable. As it was, the employees' lives were made miserable. Perhaps they were to expect such treatment. For the company that would not live up to an agreement with the city, could not be expected to live up to an agreement with the men.

"That's right," said Ald. Carrothers. "Solicitor Ivey did not charge the men with willfully mis-stating anything, but there were always two sides to a story. The directorate deplored the friction which existed, and wished to remedy it in a few weeks. But he did not think the offenses, if they were any, were so heinous as to call for a public meeting, and that was what appearing before the council meant. In reference to the man who had just a day or two ago, he said that the facts had just been brought to the management's attention, and tomorrow the employee would receive his pay."

This was greeted with laughter from the audience, which included some of the street car men's men.

Mr. Ivey—This is what we expect from employees who are so desirous of having a fair settlement. You have a fair exhibition of how they treat management. Mr. Ivey went on to say that the complaints made, if the state of things existed as they had been told, he did not know it. He was not there to defend the management. The agreement provides for the men to go to the directorate. So far as he knew, there had never been a word said to any of the directors until today, when Mr. Smallman was waited upon. Mr. Smallman had offered to communicate with the president, but the men told him communication by mail was too slow. If grievances existed the directorate wished to know about them. To the complaint that there was partiality shown, he said the directorate were just as anxious as the men that the same rule should apply to all. He did not propose to defend the management if they dealt with the men in a worse manner than they showed in the past. The closer fire was kept the more easily it could be extinguished, he said. By blazing their troubles abroad, the men were not helping the case. Before the differences were aired publicly, he thought they should have been laid before the directorate.

Mr. Marks, in reply, said the men had to act quickly. Mr. Carr was not on hand when wanted. The men had put up with this petty, inhuman treatment as long as they could, but they went back to work they made a sacrifice. The mayor had said: "Make this sacrifice for the citizens; the citizens have made a sacrifice for you." The men had no charges against the directorate, but if they upheld the inhuman conduct of the management they wanted the citizens to know it.

The deputation withdrew, and the audience left also.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

A statement of the financial standing of No. 3 committee was presented by Chairman Taylor. It showed that the committee's appropriation was \$23,000. The committee had held 23 meetings during the year, and the members attended as follows: Ald. Taylor, 24; Ald. Jolly, 23; Ald. Stevely, 27; Ald. Hunt, 23; Ald. Wilkey, 25; Ald. Gerry, 24; Mayor Wilson, 13.

A report from the board of health on the prevention of the spread of contagious diseases was read and ordered to be printed in the minutes.

No. 2 committee recommended the payment of \$100 in settlement of Mr. F. O'Mara's claim for damages. Mr. F. O'Mara addressed the council in Mr. J. Murphy's interest. It was decided to pay the amount, Ald. Cooper, Draneay and Wilkey voting nay.

The city solicitor's opinion was read with reference to the proposed double system sewer on Waterloo street. Mr. McCallum said the council could not make the petitioners pay for a storm sewer, having petitioned for a common sewer only. Further, he believed the council could not now abandon the storm sewer, having incorporated it under the bylaw. The council must proceed with it over again.

Messrs. Christie and Hannah were willing to have the matter lay over until the council could readvertise for a common sewer only.

The committee held 53 meetings during the year, and the attendance was as follows: Ald. Douglass, 52; Belton, 37; Carrothers, 52; Cooper, 50; Draneay, 49; Greenlees, 43; Mayor Wilson, 26.

The report of No. 1 committee was submitted by Chairman Winnett, and was adopted unchanged.

The tender of the London Life Insurance Company for \$45,000 of the city debentures was accepted, being the highest. There were five other tenders.

Ald. Cooper reported for the sewerage committee, submitting a letter from the city engineer stating a general plan for the city sewers, according to which all sewer construction should be made; and recommending that the map be adopted and that all sewers hereafter constructed be laid in accordance with the line and levels marked in the map, unless it shall be shown by a report of the city engineer that any proposed deviation therefrom will not prejudicially affect the future sewerage of any streets or districts which are now shown by indications on the map as connecting with the sewer whose arrangements it is proposed to change. Further, that a by-law be introduced as recommended therein re city datum. The committee held 27 meetings, and the members attended as follows: Ald. Belton, 17; Douglass, 27; Carrothers, 26; Cooper, 27; Draneay, 23; Greenlees, 24; the mayor, 13.

THE STONE PIECE AGAIN.

Ald. O'Meara moved to give the city's unemployed work breaking stone. They had the stone pile, and to break the stone by hand was as cheap as by the crusher. Ald. Cooper seconded. Carried.

Ald. Douglass moved that the trunk sewer be flushed, so that Contractor Gould might begin work at once on Central avenue.

Ald. Nutkins said this would be unfair to Contractor Brown, and the motion was lost.

The hospital agreement with the county was given three readings.

Bylaws fixing the assessment of the Bennett Furnishing Company at \$25,000, and on the London Foundry at \$25,000, both for ten years, were passed.

A bylaw granting Isaac Sargent total exemption on his proposed planing mill and another bylaw putting through a tile sewer on South street were also passed.

SURPRISE SOAP
MADE OF PURE LARD
GIVES A WHOLE LOT OF SOAP

Pure hard Soap lasts long, lathers freely.

5 cents a cake.

ST. CROIX SOAP MFG. CO., St. Stephen, N.B.

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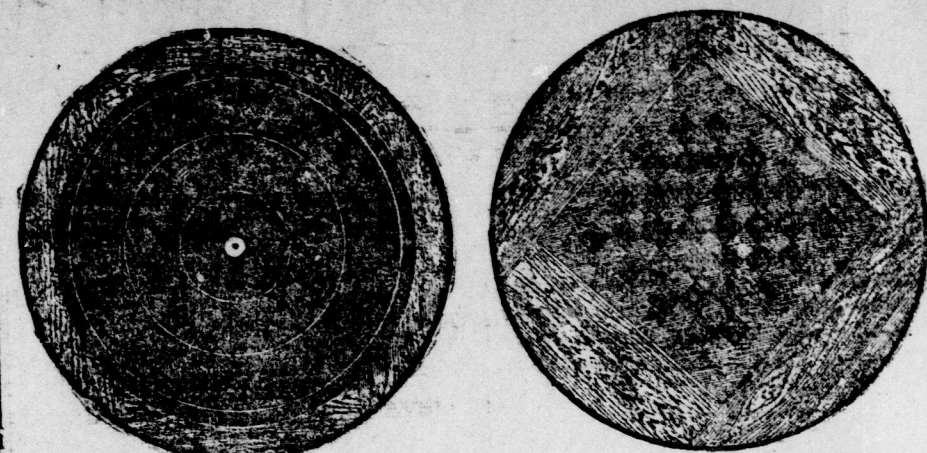
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ACME CROKINOLE.



ACME CROKINOLE—Latest, most durable, best finished. Smoothest men. In nice cardboard box. Checker board on back. NO PRISON LABOR. See patent stamp, "Acme," on back. ASK FOR THE ROUND BOARD and take no other. Sold by leading dealers in Canada and United States. THE BEST—price as low as any. Manufactured solely by

HOARD & COMPANY, LONDON, CANADA

ANOTHER PERMANENT CURE.

THIS TIME OF A RUNNING SORE.

B. B. B. Cures Mr. D. Burch of Renton, Ont., of a Bad Sore on the Leg in 1892.

IT HAS NEVER BROKEN OUT SINCE.

Look around you and see if you can find any other remedy with such a record of permanent cures to its credit as Burdock Blood Bitters.

Not a little patching and mending up of the system to last a short time, but a thorough renovation, whereby disease is uprooted completely and health permanently restored.

Take the case of Chronic Sores of all kinds, which everyone knows are hard to heal with ordinary remedies.

To make a thorough and permanent cure the blood must be cleansed so that pure nutritious blood shall be supplied to the affected part, and supplant the decaying tissues with healthy flesh.

Sores or ulcers, no matter how large or how long standing, heal up readily when Burdock Blood Bitters is applied externally and taken internally according to directions.

The statements of Mr. D. Burch of Renton, Ont., given below, prove this, and again establish the claim made for B. B. B. that it is the greatest remedy in existence for not only giving temporary relief, but making permanent cures.

This is the letter written by him, dated February 8th, 1894:

"In the year 1888 I was taken ill with Typhoid Fever. When I had recovered from the fever I got what the doctors called Phlebitis, which left my ankles a very dusky color, and my leg

was swollen to the knee all the time until the spring of 1892 when it broke out half way between my knee and the ankle joint.

"I went to the doctors and they prescribed for me but to no effect. I quit taking any medicine for a while when I was persuaded by some friends to try Burdock Blood Bitters.

"I had not much faith that it would do me any good, but after using it for three days I could see that my leg had started to heal up.

"I kept on using the B. B. B. until I had taken five bottles in all, when my leg was healed up completely, and as sound as ever it was. If any one wants more particulars let them write to me enclosing a three-cent stamp for return postage and I will gladly answer them."

(Sgd.) D. BURCH.

The following letter, written June 30th, 1898, shows how permanent the cure made in 1892 has been:

"Burdock Blood Bitters made a permanent cure in my case and I have the greatest regard for that remedy. It healed the sore on my leg in 1892 after doctors failed, and there has been no sign of it breaking out since."

"I never fail to recommend B. B. B. to persons suffering from any similar trouble and believe it to be the best remedy for purifying the blood. If there is any way I can be of service in making known the merits of B. B. B. I shall only be too pleased to do so."

(Sgd.) D. BURCH.

"Dar ain' no good o' beln backward in this life," said Uncle Eben. "De parrot ain't a very smaht bird. But it manages purty comfortable, jes' by gittin' on de perch an' holleerin' de little 'bit it knows."

A DINNER PILL—Many persons taken off is like a ball of ad upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment, it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmedee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions and convey the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion.

Every store sells candy; but at Barkwell's drug store Pure Chocolates and Creams are free to every purchaser. 18c

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

Holidays

TO UNITED STATES POINTS.

Round trip tickets will be sold Dec. 23, 24, 25, 26, 30, 31, 1898, and Jan. 1 and 2, 1899, good going only on date of sale, good returning from destination up to and including Jan. 3, 1899, over the Canadian Pacific, London and west to point in Central Passenger Association territory north of Ohio River, including Louisville; east of Chicago, Peoria, Quincy, Keokuk, Hannibal and St. Louis, to Detroit.

C. E. McPHERSON, 1 King street east, Toronto.

THOS. R. PARKER, City Passenger Agent, office 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond.

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING

Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality, and Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in 4 lb tins, labeled JAMES EPPS & CO., Limited, Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA

Mammoth Livery

Hacks, Coupes, Landaus, Buses and Light Livery. Saddle Horses. Sale and Boarding. Stable. Open day and night. Phone

A. G. STROYAN —189—
Dundas St.

THE EUROPEAN SHOULDER BRACES

are the best to expand the chest and lungs.