can now with the utmost facility secure the inland coun- 1756. try, and confine us to the very brinks of the ocean --- a free communication is opened between Canada and Louisiana; and all our intercourse with the Indians totally rescinded. The enemy, on the other hand, may, without opposition or restraint, render these innumerable tribes of favages their allies and dependants. The Six Nations are more wavering than ever: and should they no longer think it expedient to preserve their neutrality, the whole continent must inevitably become a field of blood. Whatever may be thought of these colonies, which of The colonies late have been magnified for their numbers and opu-erful as imalence, I do assure your Lordship, that a short war will gined. effectually exhauft them. Their settlements are scattered; their frontiers extensive; the inhabitants but few, generally in very moderate circumftances, and still luxurious, and without resources. The irruption of a few Indians into Pennsylvania, had already occasioned the loss of several hundred fouls, and the desolation of near two thousand farms. The frontiers of the neighbouring colonies are equally defenceless: and the power of the native favages, at present in the French interest, is of itself sufficient, by flow but inevitable means, to reduce us to extreme beggary and diffress.

Thus, my Lord, I have finished the relation of what General Reflections has hitherto been transacted in America. I have not upon the only presented you with a series of the most interesting whole events, but brought your Lordship acquainted with the

So

characters