Total trade (excluding gold):

1933 936,698,100 1940 2,275,168,311 1941 3,089,246,191 1942 4,029,707,979 1943 4,736,429,169

The expanding volume of Canada's exports is indicated by the following tabulation:

Exports by Main Groups

Fri Cura d	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943
ricultural and restable pro- nots (except maicals, fibres wood).	220.118.056	\$ 218,263,811	\$ 285.708.739	\$ 257,778,304	\$ 483,756,894
and products			ulvilsin pojal	ettis will have	Seems began
Pibres, textiles	131,803,706	164,723,794	201,730,555	256,725,462	289,566,022
Tood	14,427,669	22,695,647	30,819,633	28,931,925	30,620,390
Tron Traber	242,541,043	348,006,396	387,113,232	89,805,396	391,069,658
Non-ferrous metal	00,102,402	127,666,846	239,900,848	467,121,439	716,644,883
Sold)	700 000 707	194,711,984	244,012,336	308,903,239	332,704,960
Cals)	29,332,099	33,754,096	45,172,085	56,580,147	62,191,606
flied products.	24,263,342	31,222,806	58,676,338	77,332,918	86,390,600
aneous	16,447,654	37,909,040	127,869,409	520,594,466	578,530,264
Total	924,926,104	1,178,954,420	1,621,003,175	2,363,773,296	2,971,475,277

The food industry is in many respects Canada's most important industry. It is complementary to agriculture; it is the biggest processing and merchandising business in Canada, and it contributes an important part of Canada's export trade.

Canada has increased its total output of agricultural products by more than 50% in the last four years, but further considerable increases under prevailing conditions seem unlikely. The net value of agricultural production increased from \$826,400,000 in 1939 to \$1,850,000,000 provisional estimate in 1942. This peak production was accomplished despite a reduction in manpower of 23%.